HIS STORY OF SHAME.

(Continued from Page One.)

mous chagrin and surprise. The daughter then said, Kelsey came in the presence of her mother, that there was no present of marriage. Her mother asked the plaintiff why he had done such a thing; and the reply was that she was tired of living in the bad home, and "she is the same, and might as well have her own gone." Kelsey then said Mrs. Bergland asked him if he would do so, and he said he would not marry her, but would contribute to support her till she could get one, and then to support the child. He agreed to give $50 on account for her, and then the $50 was for the child. After that the plaintiff offered to take $100 in full settlement, and to go away. He said he could not do that, but he would furnish $100 for them to go away with, and some to support them. This was afterwards agreed upon, and they went away. The mother said that if he would not marry her daughter she could not stay here with the disgrace, and talked to the arrangement to go away.

Starting in their Colorado excursion, Mr. Kelsey said he saw plaintiff in the May following their departure from this city. He visited her house the day he arrived in Denver, after registering at the Mt. James hotel. He then got her $250. He remained in Denver from the morning of May to the evening of May 2. He did not stay at plaintiff's and was not introduced as her husband, nor did he introduce her as his wife. He had business in Denver in August, 1893, which he did not remember; called on the plaintiff; always called on the plaintiff when in Denver, and gave her money. In August, 1893, he had been told of the birth of the child, and went to Denver after receipt of the news; gave the plaintiff $200 then; was next in Denver in April 1894, on his way to Chicago; stopped there again on his return from Chicago. Denied being introduced as the plaintiff's husband under any of these occasions. He did not saw the defendant in Colorado in August, 1891, at Manitou Springs. He registered at the Barker house, and made inquiries for the Rickerty, as he wished to see the plaintiff. He found her and gave her money. Then he secured a room at the Rickerty and stayed there. He next went to Colorado Springs, and then to Denver. Did not occupy the room at the Rickerty with the plaintiff at his wife. He went to Manitou Springs to see the plaintiff, knowing she was there. He had sent a telegram to her, addressing her as Mrs. Walter Kelsey, at her request, made in a letter to him from her.

The letter was identified, as were others to which the plaintiff requested him to address her as Mrs. S. Kelsey. Kelsey stated that he knew the plaintiff's signature, as he had seen it about his house. He had two or three hundred letters from her.

Continuing, Mr. Kelsey said he went to Manitou August 14 or 15th, and left Denver on the 20th or 21st. He resided living with the plaintiff then. He did not see her again in Denver till 1895. This was the last time he saw her there. He went to raise money for the boulevard. Then he went to Colorado Springs and to Reno. Called on the plaintiff and gave her money. They did not live together as husband and wife.

In Salt Lake City, he met the plaintiff in July, 1895, when she came from Denver. She stopped at the Walker House, but he did not know that she registered as Mrs. Kelsey. He never saw a night there. Saw her in this city again in 1892, at the Walker. Never knew she registered anywhere as Mrs. Kelsey; had never authorized her to do so; had never introduced her to anybody.

The $450 certificate of deposit and a lot of drafts, showing money given to the plaintiff, were identified and placed in evidence.

Mr. Kelsey further testified that he never saw Dr. Cook, of Denver, and was not introduced to him. He knew Mrs. Powers and her daughter. Remembered having seen Mrs. Powers at Manitou, and also a little girl, but could not say it was the same one who testified here. He denied having been introduced to her at Manitou as the husband of the plaintiff. She had introduced him to Mr. Rogers there. The last money Kelsey gave the plaintiff was June 20, 1895. He ceased giving her money because he had learned that in 1892 she had visited Attorney Baldwin in this city for the purpose of planting a suit against him, and he had been told by John D. Kinney that "an old man had said my wife"—here the defendant caught himself—"that Mrs. Kelsey was going to sue for his votes. I thought it was about time to quit, as these things might further complicate me."

Kelsey said this was the first time he knew plaintiff was claiming to be his wife. He never gave her authority to use his name. A letter addressed "My Dear Lewis," from the plaintiff, was read, in which she told of getting a cheaper hotel than the Walker, and saying that while he did not wish to come and see her he might do so without it being known to others. Kelsey then said he had a conversation in 1895 with Mr. Hansen, reporter of the News, regarding an article published in a Denver paper. To the reporter Mr. Kelsey had stated the story was a mere fabrication, and if the News published it, witness would institute a suit for libel. The witness then went to see the editor-in-chief. Mr. Kelsey denied saying to Mr. Hansen that the plaintiff had been his wife but was not now. Mr. J. K. Gillespie heard the conversation and took part in it. The witness also denied having told the plaintiff she was not his wife. Never conversed with her on the subject; and never told her mother they were married, nor did he say to the mother that if he married anybody it would be her daughter Sadie.

Other letters of the plaintiff to the defendant were offered in evidence. They were of a pleading, pitiful character, telling the almost breaking of a young mother's heart because, as she said, the father of her child had changed, and had ceased to love her. In one letter the plaintiff pleaded for the defendant to give proper care to her child if she should die.

On cross-examination Mr. Kelsey said he had lived in Salt Lake only sixteen years. He was 57 years of age, and was not a married man. Had been married. His wife was not dead. He married Virginia Young, and was divorced from her. Had married by that marriage. Did not know when it was born, only it was in 1851. He never lived with his wife, nor did he cohabit with her after the marriage. She said he did not live, where he met Miss Bergland, that she was only a girl less than 16. She was introduced to her by Simon Shaw, and asked him to call. The second time she met him she asked for a buggy ride, and he took her. This was in 1887. After that he called several times, but not often, because he understood she had a sweetheart, and he was not a lover. Her having a sweetheart did not stop his calling. He sent him notes. She had told him she was engaged to be married. He called to see what she wanted. He supposed from her actions what the part was. Their social relations began in September, 1888, in the house her mother rented from himself and partner. That was a year after the marriage. He made no promises; did not remember making her a present of a gold watch. He might have done. Of how the watch was presented, he decided giving her it. He called at her house 6 or 8 times before the relations ceased in 1890. He did not think she was more attached to him. He was not attentive to her, and was not affectionate with her. He knew she was an orphan, and thought she was about 20 instead of 16.

Kelsey then told of the intimate relations continued between the two in 1894, and continued till March, 1895, in a manner the News retains from publishing. He did not deny that he was father of the plaintiff's child. His testimony was to the effect that he considered her a girl of bad repute, and as such associated with her.

Pending the cross-examination the court this afternoon took a recess for an hour and a half.

Upon resuming after recess, Mr. Kelsey said the understanding was that when the plaintiff went away that she to end the relations with him, except that he was to care for his child. Did not remember sending any telegrams to the plaintiff from Ogden, or of sending telegrams to Mrs. Bergland, the plaintiff's mother. Most of the telegrams to plaintiff were in relation to money.

Mr. Varian presented a telegram from Ogden, signed R., about going to Denver, but Mr. Kelsey refused to say he sent it.

Continuing, the witness, Kelsey, said that when he saw plaintiff after the child was born she was in bed, but he saw no doctor there. If the doctor thought he saw him he was mistaken. Witness did not regard the affectionate letters he received from plaintiff as indicating that she was attached to him. Kelsey denied having seen the doctor's bill, which plaintiff said she sent to him and received back with the note so illegible it could be defended to an oath. Said he never went to Denver purposely to see plaintiff, but had business there.

Mr. Varian presented several letters signed R., and one signed Lewis, some referring to his having sent her some money, sending money; but Mr. Kelsey refused to say he sent them.

The witness then told of the plaintiff's visit here in 1890. He admitted going to Brighton, Big Cottonwood, with her, and staying there a few days. He did not pay her bill, but gave her money to do so. Might have gone to the Warm Springs, but would not say. He received many letters, perhaps 300 from her, asking for money. He sent money to enable her to live. Did not remember the lady being ill. He went to Manitou to see the plaintiff and child.

The witness did not answer all questions direct, but after some pressure of inquiry on the part of Mr. Varian.

Mr. Kelsey said that at Manitou he gave plaintiff $100 to pay the board bill. He would not say that he went into meals with her. He went out walking with her and the baby.

Q—Did the baby call you papa?

A—I don't know.

Q—Didn't it always call you papa since it could talk?

A—It never called me papa until lately. It calls me papa now, I believe.

Other business in the district court was as follows:

Arthur Cruxford, a native of England, was admitted to citizenship.

In the case of Thomas J. Parker vs Martin Malmrin et al, a Tooele county water case, the demurrer to the complaint was sustained, and twenty days allowed to amend.

Frank Mattson vs Alex Rogers et al, same court.

INDICTMENTS FOUND.

Grand Jury Presents a Big List—Some May be in the County Business.

About after the opening of court yesterday afternoon the grand jury filed in and reported that they had found eleven indictments, all under the laws of the Territory. As a number of witnesses in the county scandal testified before the jury, it is presumed several of the indictments are of persons connected with that affair. The names of indicted persons will be given out as soon as warrants are served.

Gone to Its Mother.

It is only a few weeks since the News chronicled the death of Sister Mary Ellen Morris, wife of Orvin Morris, and daughter of Brother and Sister Robert Patrick, of the Eighteenth ward. Now it becomes necessary to announce the demise of the infant son of Sister Morris, which survived her but a few weeks. The sad event occurred on Saturday, Sept. 21st. The little one was born Aug. 13th. The funeral was conducted on Sunday at the family residence, Bishop Whitney presiding. A large number of relatives and immediate friends were present. Consoling and instructive remarks were made by Elders O. F. Whitney, John Nicholson and Elias Morris. The musical exercises, which were very beautiful, were rendered by the Eighteenth ward quartette, led by H. G. Whitney.

Much sympathy is felt for the doubly bereaved father and other relatives of the deceased.

WILL WORK FOR SALT LAKE.

D. F. Burley Thinks the Traveling Passenger Agents Association Should Meet Here Next Year.

Mr. D. F. Burley, of the Union Pacific, is of the opinion that the Traveling Passenger Agents association which convenes in annual session at Dallas next month should be induced to come here a year hence.

This opinion is shared by all Salt Lake railway and business men and actively they should see to it that when the convention adjourns it is to meet here. In speaking of the matter yesterday Mr. Burley said, "It is one of the most important conventions that we have in the country on account of the great amount of advertising it will give. In case I attend in this year and I am strongly of the opinion I will then I shall work to have it come to Salt Lake next time. Last year it met at Detroit, Michigan, and this year Dallas is the place and October 8th the time. The association comprises all the traveling passenger agents in the United States and Canada, and is altogether a very important organization."

In a letter received today the mayor of Dallas says that the people of that place will melt the keys of the city and have them converted into a bronze statue, to be suspended over the gates of the municipality and that a general western welcome will await the passenger agents and their friends.

Journals for the Blind.

The News is in receipt of one issue of Kenner's magazine in raised print, published for the benefit of blind persons. The number at hand contains a record of current events in a condensed form and articles of general letters, prose and poetry.

Two periodicals in raised print, for the blind, are published in Philadelphia, viz: Kenner's Philadelphia Magazine for the Blind (vol. 19, 24 year, 1895), and The Point Print Standard (in its 3rd year), which were established and have been maintained through private enterprise. Besides the paying subscribers, there is a list of many blind persons, too poor to subscribe, whose subscriptions are paid by some benevolent society or state, and the blind readers send ample testimonials of their appreciation. The publishers express the hope that the benevolently inclined will see the worthiness of this object and that many new subscriptions will be received within the next few months. They state that when the selections of the recipient is left to the publisher, the selections of the party selected will be furnished the subscriber.

AMUSEMENTS.

The performance of Trilby at the Theater on Friday and Saturday nights is an event of more than usual interest to theatergoers. Anyone who has read the novel of George Du Maurier, or who has seen the dramatization of the novel will perceive the difficulty of faithfully representing him on the stage, but Wilton Lackaye performs this remarkable feat. According to the critics, Mr. Lackaye's "interpretation of the picturesque villain of the novel, yet does not neglect to let us see within the shabby coat and the dirty envelope of bad morals and manners, the frame of genius which makes up now and again and means more for a work of fiction than the crouton, vile as he is. There is much amusing in Mr. Lackaye's performance, moreover, an abundant repose in the right place."

The death scene with its awful pathos of inarticulate rage, is said to be the greatest piece of acting Mr. Lackaye does.

It is worth saying that he is throughout well supported by all the members of the company.

CONFIDENCE ATTRACTION.

Oscar Eliason has been engaged for two performances at the theater, on Friday and Saturday, Oct. 4 and 5th. Some of Mr. Eliason's best tricks and illusions will be presented during these days.

AT THE GRAND.

The attractions at this popular place during the present week are Johnson's Night Key and Broken Ties. The first society as a curtain raiser. Broken Ties is a pathetic play. Miss Mallotte, Messrs. Ingersoll, Ward and Edwards have been given principal roles.

FORMAL OPENING TONIGHT.

The Democracy Begins Its Bombardment in Logan, Park City Provo and Price.

The Utah Democracy will formally open its campaign tonight in Logan, Park City and Price. The speakers at Cache county's capital will be S. R. Roberts and John T. Caine. Those at Park City, J. L. Rawlins and David Evans, while Governor West, Father Harris and Colonel Webber will entertain an audience at Price. The speakers at Price will be J. R. Letcher and L. R. Rhodes.

BRIEF MENTION.

The Tuesday society will meet in Democratic headquarters at the Continental Market hall, on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

A meeting of the Scandinavian Democrats will be held in the Social Hall this evening at 8 o'clock. Speeches will be made by C. M. Nelson and F. S. Eriksen.

The Democrats of the Third precinct will hold a mass meeting tomorrow evening in the Seventeenth ward meeting house. The object of the meeting will be to select delegates to conventions and to transact such other business as may come before it.

The First precinct Women's Republican club will meet in the house in the Ninth ward meeting house at 8 o'clock this evening. Mrs. Lina L. Smith, Mrs. Blanche P. Taylor and Mrs. J. H. Smith will be the speakers, and an invitation to the present is extended to both sexes.

There was a meeting of the ladies campaign committee of 100 at Democratic headquarters this afternoon.

A meeting will be held in Independence Hall, under the auspices of the women's Republican club of the Third precinct, Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. The following are the speakers: Hon. J. M. Bowman, Hon. J. H. Harris and others.

COUNTY COURT.

Transaction of Regular Routine Business This Afternoon.

The county court met this afternoon with all members present and transacted the following routine business:

O. S. Hardy and W. J. Morehead asked for a franchise to construct and operate an electric plant in Bingham Canyon for generating light railroad motive power. Referred to attorney.

J. G. Reilly and other citizens of Bingham asked that the franchise be granted.

A communication was received from the county recorder asking authority to employ clerks to do copy work. Referred to attorney with power to act.

Franklin Webb, road supervisor of district 25, notified the court of the unsatisfactory condition of the road between canyon by the R. C. Power company. Referred to road commissioner and superintendent of roads.

Justice W. H. Reile filed a requisition for a new civil docket. Referred to attorney and attorney.

James M. Wardop asked relief from illegal tax sale. Referred to attorney.

Frumid S. Derrick asked relief from payment of this year's taxes. Denied.

R. C. Sweeney petitioned the court for redemption from tax sale. Referred to attorney.

A petition and endorsement of Aurene Young for appointment as engineer of the joint building was referred to the joint building committee.

Isaac Hatlen was appointed a special peace officer of Murray with a salary of $75 per month, when Attorney Pierce appeared in behalf of Sheriff Hardy and asked that the motion be reconsidered as it was against the law, and also an injustice to Sheriff Hardy who was performing the duties of the office satisfactorily. The matter was being considered when the News went to press.

Seriously Ill.

It was learned this afternoon that Patriarch Wm. J. Smith is lying at the residence of Harold W. Hanchett, No. 817 south Eighth East street, in a critical condition having been stricken down on Friday night last with another attack of la grippe.

National Guard Will Get It.

This afternoon the D. A. & M. Society sub-committee of President John R. Winder, Frank Jennings and E. W. Sears, met at the Exposition grounds with Adjutant General John C. Cahlstrom and agreed to recommend to the executive committee that the National Guard, beginning Oct. 10th, be allowed the use of the main part of the building and the east half of the grounds for armory and drill purposes.

Personal Paragraphs.

C. P. Watson, of this city, is a Walker guest.

T. J. Bliss, of Eureka, stops at the Knutsford.

L. M. Green is in from Price and is stopping at the Cullen.

J. P. Gardner, a resident of this city, is registered at the Knutsford.

F. W. Beneke, a visitor from St. Louis, is stopping at the Walker.

F. J. Schwartz, of Weehawkin, N. Y., is among the guests at the Knutsford.

G. D. Jordan, of St. Louis, is in town, and puts up at the Cullen.

C. E. Craig, of Washington, D. C., partners of the Templeton hospitalities.

John J. Mayers and S. Goldberg, San Francisco, are guests at the Walker.

Three people of the Cullen are: Hon. S. H. Thurman, Judge W. H. King and L. J. Jones.

PROVO.

PROVO, UTAH, SEPT. 23, 1895.

Notes.

Information has been received from Smithville, Arkansas, of the killing of Eugene Hallaway by John Hunt. Both men were well known here and white here were good friends. Hallaway has relatives in this city and near Laplata. Hunt came from Kentucky about two years ago, and more than has lived in Utah and Arizona. The quarrel which resulted in the killing was occasioned through Hallaway kicking a dog belonging to Hunt. Hunt struck Hallaway one for latter started to pick up a rock, whereupon Hunt pulled his pistol and shot and killed Hallaway. Hunt was placed in jail in default of $5,000 bonds. Hallaway leaves a wife and three children.

This evening there will be surprises with sleepiness. Congressman Bryan of Nebraska, will deliver his silver lecture under the auspices of the Geological society of the Brigham Young Academy, and the usual West, Fisher S. Harris and A. J. Weiler will talk Democracy in the Opera house.

Tomorrow Judge J. D. Jones and family leave for Ann Arbor, Michigan. The Judge will take a few course in the University of Michigan. Miss Ida Jones will study music and Miss Jones goes along to make a home for them during their stay. Grant C. Dayley also goes to the U. Dayley of Michigan University, he will take a course in the law department.

Ralph Ackersmith was swinging on a gate last evening when a companion closed the gate with such force that Ralph's wind which was caught between the gate and the gate post, was fractured. Ralph is a boy about 12 years of age and met with a severe accident the summer by being caught on a hay fork, which made a severe wound in his throat.

The trouble between Will Knight and Prof. J. Vis of the Brigham Young academy has been amicably settled and will not be taken before the courts.

COMMERCIAL.

SALT LAKE CLEARING HOUSE.

Today's clearing house exchanges amounted to $285,780; same day last year, $165,179.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS.

New York.—Silver, 66¾; lead, $3.25

London.—Silver, 30¼.

ORE AND BULLION.

Wells, Fargo & Co. received today: Per express: bullion, $3,073.

W. S. McCornick & Co. received to-day: Silver ore (net) ctrs, $2,603; Base ore (net) ctrs, $2,603; Base bullion, $2,873; Cyanide, $3,509. Total, $11,175.

STOCKS AND MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Stocks market opened [illegible] and either advanced from the opening to a appreciation of more or less [illegible] Pacific Mail was raised 1 at 14 B. & O. was down ¼ per cent.

Interest market after the opening closed, the market being attributed to morning news. Funds still made a better showing of ease.

Money, Silver, Lead.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Money on call 1¼ to 2 per cent. Other unchanged. Silver 66¾. Lead 3.25.

SPOKE LIVE STOCK.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 23.

Special Dispatch to the News.

Cattle receipts, 2,500; market active, strongly [illegible]

Hogs receipts, [illegible]; market steady.

Sheep receipts, [illegible]; market steady.

[illegible] in stocks.

Lambs, [illegible].

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, Sept. 23.

Wheat—September, [illegible]; December, [illegible]

Corn—September, [illegible]; October, [illegible]; December, [illegible]

Oats—September, [illegible]; October, [illegible]; December, [illegible]

Pork—September, [illegible]; October, [illegible]

Lard—September, [illegible]; October, [illegible]

Ribs—September, [illegible]; October, [illegible]

Pork—[illegible]

Lard—[illegible]

Ribs—[illegible]

Cash quotations were [illegible]

Flaxseed, [illegible].

Have YOU Tried Cuticura the great SKIN CURE?

For cases of scalding, suffering, humiliating diseases are the most wonderful and speedy remedies.

Sold throughout the world. British Depot: Newbery & Sons, 1 Edward Square, London. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

RESULTS

ARE WHAT COUNT.

PRICES ARE WHAT TELL.

Three Great Specials!

FOR THIS WEEK.

Special One.

LADIES' LAUNDRIED WAISTS.

Waists, 50c Waists.

Waists, 75c Waists.

Waists, $1.00 Waists.

These Waists were made to sell for $1.75 and $2.00. They are new goods. The very latest styles.

We don't want to carry them over, hence the above unprecedented reductions.

Special Two.

LADIES' WRAPPERS.

Three Lots.

One lot of about 75, made from Pongee, dark grounds with colored figures, worth $1.50, for

90 Cents.

One lot of about 50, made from handsome striped Outings, in brown and gray effects, wide ruffle, a splendid thing, worth $2.00, will sell them at

$1.00.

A third lot of about 100, made from Satine, black grounds with colored figures, full ruffle, ribbon trimmed. You can't afford to be without one, at

$1.95.

Special Three.

CHILDREN'S EIDERDOWN COATS.

Do the dear children need coats this fall?
Then buy them now, while and where

Dollars Do Double Duty.

We have just opened and will place on sale this week the best values ever offered in this line of goods.

The prices will range from $1.50 to $3.50.

DON'T MISS THESE THREE GREAT SPECIALS.

When you see them you'll wonder how we do it. But you don't care how we do it as long as you get a $2.00 Waist for $1.00; a $1.50 Wrapper for 90 cents; or a fine Eiderdown Coat, trimmed with long silky Angora, worth $7.50 for $3.50.

RESULTS ARE WHAT COUNT

R. K. THOMAS.