TELEGRAPHIC.

CONGRESS PROGRAM.

Utah Admission Bill May Pass the House this Week.

HAWAIIAN MATTERS PENDING.

The Federal Election Laws Repeal Bill.—Ready to Defend the President's Policy.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—The land bill will not come up in the House before a week from tomorrow at the earliest. The majority bill will be filed Wednesday, but it will be some days later before the Republicans have their report prepared.

The Utah admission bill will come up during the morning hour tomorrow. The Republicans will probably continue filibustering, and this will relate the bill to its place back on the calendar. Kilgore expects that before Saturday night the bill will have been passed by the House and sent to the Senate.

It is not impossible that Hawaiian matters may come up in the House before the end of the week. It is not thought the Democrats will resist consideration of the resolutions today.

Hill's bill for repeal of the Federal election law will be vigorously fought in the Senate by the Republicans, who don't expect to prevent its passage, but hope to gain party advantage by putting their views on record. Hear will endeavor to send the bill to the committee on elections, and should he succeed, final action will be considerably postponed.

Morrill is expected to make a set speech this week on those portions of the President's message relating to the tariff and internal revenue.

The chances are that the Hawaiian question will come up in the Senate in connection with the President's special message. A large number of Democratic senators stand ready to defend Cleveland's policy.

New Markup Explains.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—The London correspondent of the *World* cables I am requested by Mrs. Markup to state that certain statements in the account of Princess Colonna's suit are incorrect. She never visited the Colonnas at their Naples palace, but on the contrary they spent much of their married life in her house at Paris, and we can say we know of no cause of the difference between them. The princess herself initiated the proceedings for separation, life with her husband having become unendurable. The dispute between Mrs. Markup and the prince was on account of his extravagance and debts.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORMS.

The Majority Report of the Commission for This Year.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—The Majority report of the civil service commission for the present year is a document of about 15,000 words. It condemns the salary limits to the service in the custom houses, and recommends classification by grade. In support of this view the satisfactory results of classification in the railway mail service are cited.

The report says in the unclassified service, taken as a whole, the governmental methods of the United States are so utterly indefensible, from the standpoint of decency and morality, that it is difficult for a man of ordinary intelligence, who wishes well to his country, to discuss the arguments advanced in their favor with anything like patience. The report likens our system to those employed in Morocco and Turkey.

The number of persons connected with the civil service in the United States is about 250,000.

The minority report of Commissioner Jaquess opposes the extension of the classified service to the free delivery postoffices as ill-advised, unjust and harmful to the cause of civil service reform.

Banking House to Be Dissolved.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—The World tomorrow will state that the old and well-known banking house of Eugene Kelly & Co. will be dissolved in the spring. The firm consists of Mr. Kelly, its head, his two sons Edward and Eugene, and Joseph A. Donohue of San Francisco, the head of the Donohue-Kelly Banking Company of that city. Eugene Kelly's fortune is estimated at $10,000,000. His benefactions to the Roman Catholic Church have earned him the distinction of being considered the leading layman of that faith in this city, while his devotion to the Irish home rule movement, as well as all Irish interests and affairs, have been no less renowned. In appreciation of what he has done for the church the Pope last year appointed him a Chamberlain of the Cape and Sword, an honorary office of the household of the holy father.

A NOVEL RACE.

Linty Will Back His Locomotive Against Any American Engine.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—Another international race is in prospect. Not one of yachts this time, but of railroad locomotives. The engineer is Fred Charles Linty of Brighton, who arrived here on the steamer New York yesterday. He is the inventor of the famous locomotive "James Toleman," which was exhibited at the World's Fair, and which he is now willing to back for a considerable amount against No. 999 of the New York Central, or any other American locomotive.

Linty leaves for Chicago tomorrow with his party, including a fireman and engineer. No formal challenge has been given, but an English-American locomotive race, possibly between Chicago and New York, is not unlikely.

FIRE AT ANTWERP.

A Historical Landmark Destroyed by the Flames.

ANTWERP, Dec. 10.—Last night there was an immense fire in this city. A giant warehouse called the Entrepôt House Lines, covering 30,000 square metres of ground, was completely destroyed. The ships in the docks in the vicinity were removed before the flames reached them. The damage in grain destroyed is 3,000,000 francs, and the loss on the building is estimated at 1,000,000 francs.

The Bonsecours House, destroyed by fire this morning, was one of the historical landmarks of the city. The building was erected in 1504 and was occupied in 1568 from plans by Corneliss Vriendt.

At midnight two men were seen to leave the warehouse and run along the quay. It is believed that they were incendiaries. The fire broke out immediately after. The docks were flooded with shipping. The sources, soldiers and police made strenuous but unsuccessful efforts to rescue the flames. The tower and roof collapsed at 1 o'clock. At 11:30 tonight the walls fell and buried policemen and wounded many persons.

The warehouse belonged to the city and was insured for a million and a quarter francs. It contained eleven million kilograms of grain and two hundred thousand kilograms of linseed. One firm which occupied a portion of the building claim that its loss of grain amounts to a million francs.

The Spaniards in Africa.

MADRID, Dec. 10.—The latest news from Melilla is to the effect that a friendly native who visited the Kabyles says the Kabyles declared they would not yield if Canovas landed upon their laying down their arms. They announced, however, that they would consent to one Moorish chief, provided the Spaniards would promise not to enter their territory.

Jews Expelled.

ALGIERS, Dec. 9.—Two hundred Moorish Jews, expelled from Melilla recently by order of the Spanish general, have arrived at Nemours, Province Oran, in a destitute condition. As a result another was issued today, ordering Moorish Jews landing in Algeria.

A Route To Denver.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 10.—At noon today the last rail of the first division of the Midland Terminal railway was laid. The line is a route to Denver from the gold mines of Cripple Creek district, reaching the main line of the Santa Fe at the divide. With only half the road built it will be possible to operate many miles at Cripple Creek now closed on account of the high tariff rates.

The Lehigh Strike.

BUFFALO, Dec. 10.—The Lehigh strike may again be opened all along the line. A new schedule is issued, amounting to a reduction of wages in some instances, but not in others. It does not affect the men who did not go out on the strike last month. It only affects the men who did go out on the strike and the brotherhood men who have recently returned to work. There is some prospect that the brotherhood men will present this and insist on the strike being renewed. The strike is estimated to have cost from $200,000 to $1,000,000.

Hundreds of Tramps.

TOPEKA, Dec. 10.—Governor Lewelling's recent plea in behalf of tramps for leaving unpleasant fruit. During the past two days hundreds of tramps have flocked into Kansas, and the people in many towns and cities are recommending that the sheriffs and other peace officers not subject to the governor's orders afford them protection against the idle and begging hordes.

Collection of Bibles.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—Henry Southeran & Co., London booksellers, have sold to the General Theological Seminary in New York, the valuable collection of Bibles belonging to Dr. Cronauer, professor of law in Victoria University. This collection is the largest in the world and consists of 545 Bibles published at various times, beginning with the fifteenth century and extending down to the present time.

Symptoms of Poisoning.

WILLIAMSPORT, Dec. 10.—G. W. Carey, a non-union telegraph operator, died at the hospital last night with symptoms of arsenical poisoning. Last Thursday he ate a veal cutlet at a restaurant and a short time afterwards was taken ill. An autopsy showed distinct traces of poisoning.

Flung a Robber from the Car.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Dec. 10.—An attempt to rob the express car on an Erie train was made last night. At the moment the train stopped the door of the express car was smashed and a robber entered. Messenger Weekly was unarmed, and in the struggle worsted the robber and flung him from the car just as the train moved on.

Fire in a Chicago Hotel.

CHICAGO, Dec. 14.—A fire in the wooden-lined dutch walter of the first Northern hotel early this morning caused great excitement among the guests. The flames raced furiously the whole length of the shaft, fourteen stories from bottom to top, but besides burning the wooden lining did no other damage.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The funeral of Professor Tyndall took place at Hadleigh today and was attended by many notable people.

A royal decree is published, charging Signor Crispi with the formation of a new ministry for Italy.

Mrs. Adolph Sutro, wife of Adolph Sutro, the famous capitalist and philanthropist, died today in San Francisco, aged 60.

The World's special dispatch from Panama says war between Ecuador and Peru over the boundary dispute is now absolutely certain.

"Tom King," the notorious female horse thief, has escaped from jail at El Reno, O.T. Bloodhounds have been put on her trail, but it is not likely she will be captured.

Collector John J. Brown and posse returned this evening bringing eighteen of the twenty-four smuggled Chinamen who were landed. The other six seem to have gotten into town somehow.

Postoffice Inspector Nichols has notified Chief Inspector Wheeler of the street at Mount Pleasant, Utah, of Web Green, L. J. Jordan and G. Ralph for violating the postal laws. These men are charged with violating the lottery law in sending fraudulent notes through the mails.

Jerry Gray, 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, capsized in a driver's suit, disembarked to the deck of the schooner Pelican, about thirty-five feet under water, and broke a cylinder in the wrestlegang. At 8 o'clock this morning he was released, dead. He died from fright.

A WARSAW NIHILIST PLOT.

Another Bomb Outrage Planned Against the Czar.

Confession Extorted from Several Prisoners by the Application of Torture.

BERLIN, Dec. 9.—The local Anzeiger publishes the details of a Warsaw nihilist plot, showing that it extended to St. Petersburg, Cherkoff, Kiev and Odessa. On the night of the 5th it appears the police stopped a boat on the Neva and seized three small cases of dynamite, and the student to whom the cases were addressed was subsequently arrested at St. Petersburg. Altogether fifty steady were found, in spite of many efforts and some guns. The police assert they have evidence that a bomb outrage against the czar was planned, and it was stated the application of the knout elicited full confession from the fellow-conspirators. The others arrested were also subjected to terrible torture and the knout.

THE PARIS BOMB-THROWER.

Why He Attempted the Concert Outrage—The Confession.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—After a good day of vacillation following the explosion of his bomb in the common of Meyerine the authorities have established that they have the author in custody. The prisoner is named Matrual. He is an anarchist and has been a hill confessor. He soon fell under the suspicion of the authorities, and present by the protest of police moves for confession, giving as the motive for his crime.

Matrual is 25 years of age and has spent several years in Buenos Ayres. He left on returning to Paris and matrual and now has two children. He soon became his wife. Since 1891 he has been identified with the extremist branch of the anarchists. He made himself prominent by his incendiary course and eventually became a member of the committee of the revolutionary socialist group, eighteen arrondissement of Paris.

THE VILLAIN CONFESSES.

Early in the day, L. Lepine, prefect of police, the police prosecutor and examining magistrate visited the Hotel Dieu and had a long interview with Harmel or Vaillant, who at first pretended his innocence and was quite indignant at the questions put to him. Finally the police prosecutor said: "Your name is Vaillant, and not Marcual, as you claimed when you came to the hospital."

After a moment's vacillation the suspect admitted his identity and confessed that he had thrown the bomb. When questioned as to his reasons for attempting to take the lives of so many people, Vaillant replied deliberately:

"I wished to deal a thoroughly Christian blow at the bourgeoisie of the country and wished to cause a great sensation. I succeeded in all the bomb at M. Dupuy. I glory in the act, and I only regret that my bomb wanted and that the bomb did not explode near the mark."

Vaillant said that the bomb he used was a little less energetic than the bomb he bought at the tabac near the Hotel de Ville.

"The saucepan, when loaded, continued," he said, "a number of nails, which you found on the floor of the chamber. Inside the saucepan was a tube with a compressed center. In the tube were picric acid and prussiate of potassium, being separated at the point where the tube was compressed by a small ball of cotton saturated with sulphuric acid. This ball allowed the picric acid prussiate to mix and cause an explosion."

The anarchist then described a variety of objects which he said would be found in his lodgings, "Oui," he added, "if you are going to search my room you had better be careful in disturbing things, unless you want to be blown to pieces."

Among the persons in custody is a man named Chanel and a boy who gave his name as Gaillaire, whose child has been imprisoned and who will certainly be released for further investigation.

At the Hotel Dieu Vaillant has been placed in a separate room, where he is watched by several detectives night and day.

A CRITICAL COUNCIL.

A cabinet council was held today and the ministers discussed the law of 1893 dealing with dynamite outrages, and recommended additional and stringent provisions in regard to the use of all explosives. The sentiment of the council was in favor of additional laws to regulate press utterances, and for severely punishing any defense of crimes or any incitement to crime.

At a meeting of the anarchists today at the house of a wine merchant at Levallois-Perret, a suburb of the city, several speakers warmly commended the action of Vaillant, and all spoke and wrote to the explosion of yesterday. One of the speakers at the meeting said the Bourgeoisie will certainly see more of such deeds.

LATEST FROM HAWAII.

The ex-Queen Asks the Provisional Government for Protection.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 9.—Honolulu, Nov. 22, per Inter-Island S. S. Co.—Since the arrival by the schooner Transit, which sailed three days ago, the ex-queen has applied to the provisional government for protection, claiming that the late violence to her by the police residence. The government at once granted her request, and a guard of six police was at once ordered by the marshal.

In an interview with Attorney-General Smith it was learned that the government does not anticipate any present disturbances nor trouble of any kind until the United States is heard from on the "contingency" mentioned by Minister Willis. Given that, the attorney-general said, trouble was not anticipated.

The Associated Press learned yesterday, chiefly from Washington people, that the ex-queen daily entertains the danger to come the United States would return her to power, and that she confided to Minister Willis during her visit to their cottage that she would have to resign cottaging, unless it was granted her under armed protection by the United States.

The Honolulu Star recently reprinted from a San Francisco paper an article charging an alliance between ex-royalists, and with having improper relations with the queen. Thereupon Wilson entered the street of Walter G. Smith, an American, editor of the Star, for libel. That day, in reporting the arrest, Smith reiterated the charges, and announced that when he was come to trial he would put the coupon on the witness stand. The statement caused great excitement, the rumors saying that they would even before they would allow Lillinoulani to be brought into court. Smith was arrested a second time, but in his cell he renewed the charge. When then threatened, in the presence of the marshal, to assassinate the minister, in the meantime, the annexation party raised a large sum for the ex-queen's defense. Smith has been arrested and released three times more, but will continue the charges against Wilson.

Spanish Anarchists.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—The police force in Trafalgar square today was larger than usual, in view of the report that the anarchists intended to hold another meeting, but another frightened by the police demonstration, and using as the customary cracker by the Poles throwing, only a few persons appeared.

The police extended a cordon around Nelson's monument, and as soon as Anarchist Nichols arrived the crowd began jostling and hooting Nichols. Nichols fled with the police with the most cheerfully protected him from violence.

Four Italian anarchists shortly after made a movement as though to hold a meeting in the square, but were obliged to run away owing to the hostility of the crowd.

There was great excitement for a moment when the police started "sing" to a man carrying a square, ugly looking bundle. The man fled, followed by part of the crowd, but escaped. The square was cleared at 4:30 p.m. There was no trouble of a serious nature.

A dispatch to the *Standard* from Vienna says A. Vaillant, publication which in London recently, was several anarchists, and was informed that a new plan had been drawn up providing for future explosions.

Spanish Anarchists.

BARCELONA, Dec. 10.—A special gendarmerie has been formed to combat anarchism. The outbreak has been revived the discussion in Spanish political circles. Spain, it is said, will propose to the other countries anarchist measures.

Ladies as Socialists.

MADRID, Dec. 10.—Under the auspices of the Women's Suffrage association a meeting was held at the old Town hall tonight in favor of universal suffrage. One thousand men were present.

Pilaiela Pifuert, the vice president, declared the Bourgeoisie, liberal, conservative and republican, refused to operate with the socialists. Pilaiela D'Vergah, the well known socialist, pleased the Bourgeoisie before their determination and proceeded to make a socialistic speech. She was warmly applauded.

The voice of Dr. Rosly, who warned the women present against joining the socialists, was drowned by protests. After the exciting episode the meeting resolved to petition parliament in favor of universal suffrage.

An Old Settler

Tells an Interesting Story—Fifteen Years of Suffering; the Relief Was Found at Last—Words of Praise from the Sufferer.

A story of much interest to those who are in the local vicinity, relating to the life and experiences of Mrs. Ann Jones, of Ogden, Utah, was related to the Deseret Evening News by the lady herself. The facts stated in the story are so remarkable that we felt it our duty to investigate them, and we find that the story is in every respect true. Mrs. Jones is well known in Ogden, and her statement is endorsed by her neighbors and by the leading citizens of the city, who know her well. The story is as follows:

ELIZA R. WOODWARD, SOLE OWNER.

"For the last fifteen years I have suffered from that most painful complaint, piles. I have tried many remedies and have spent much money in the search for a cure, but I failed to find any relief. I was so bad that I could not walk a mile without resting, and I could not do my housework without frequent rests. I was also troubled with a very bad cough, and I was so weak that I could not do my work. My sister-in-law, who had been a sufferer from the same complaint, had tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and she said they had cured her. She urged me to try them, and I decided to do so. I sent to the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and received a box of the Pink Pills. I began taking them, and they seemed to do me good from the start. I kept on taking them, and they cured me. I want to say that I have not had any return of the trouble since, and I believe I never will. I feel as well as any woman of my age, and I can do my housework without any trouble. I can also walk a mile without resting. I feel that I owe my life to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and I do not hesitate to say so. I am 60 years of age, and I am well and hearty. I shall always have a good word for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and I shall always take them when I need a tonic, and I shall always recommend them to my friends and acquaintances who need a tonic. They are the best medicine I know of. I have taken other medicines, but they did me no good. I am now in good health, and I owe it all to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I hope that my testimony may be of some benefit to others who are suffering as I did."

All dealers sell it, or it will be sent by mail, postpaid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50. Not a cent's worth will be accepted. Circulars free. Medicine free.

Let it be Remembered

That the Wonderful and Famous Bald Head and Gray Medicine, Known as the Skookum Root Hair Grower, Is Now Sold Everywhere, and Has Been Sold for Many Years, and Not One Bottle Has Ever Been Returned, Nor Has Any Harm Been Done by It to Any Person, Young or Old, Male or Female, Married or Single, Under Any Circumstances, Or Any Disease Arising from Its Use, Which Proves Its Wonderful Merits. Not Only Does It Stop the Hair Coming Out, Cure Dandruff and Scalp Diseases, but It Will Grow Hair on Bald Heads, Unless the Owner Is Over Ninety Years of Age, Or Has Been Bald Ten Years. It Will Not Fail to Restore Gray Hair to Its Original Color, Giving It the Same Beauty and Luxuriance as in Youth. It Is Not a Dye, Nor Does It Contain Any Poisonous Or Injurious Drugs. It Is Elegant, Healthy and Delightful. Ladies Find It Invaluable for Their Toilet. Gentlemen Find It Most Agreeable for Shaving. Children Like It for Its Cleanliness and Its Power to Cure Scalp Diseases. Mothers Find It Invaluable for Their Children. Physicians Find It Invaluable in Their Practice. Clergymen Find It Invaluable in Their Families. Druggists Find It Invaluable to Their Customers. Everybody Who Has Used It Once Will Use It Always. Everybody Who Has Used It Once Will Recommend It to Their Friends. Everybody Who Has Used It Once Will Never Be Without It. Everybody Who Has Used It Once Will Say It Is Wonderful. Everybody Who Has Used It Once Will Say It Is Delightful. Everybody Who Has Used It Once Will Say It Is Invaluable. Everybody Who Has Used It Once Will Say It Is Perfection. Everybody Who Has Used It Once Will Say It Is Not Dangerous. Everybody Who Has Used It Once Will Say It Is Not Sticky. Everybody Who Has Used It Once Will Say It Is Not Greasy. Everybody Who Has Used It Once Will Say It Is Not Injurious. Everybody Who Has Used It Once Will Say It Is Not Poisonous