

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, are
Good Days to Advertise in the West
Columns of the "News." Other Good
Days are Thursday, Friday, Saturday.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION

A SUB-COMMITTEE SURELY COMING.

Chairman Burrows Directed to
Present Resolution to Senate
Authorizing it to Sit.

THATCHER ON UTAH POLITICS.

Known of No Case Where Consent Had
Been Given or Refused a
Mormon Candidate.

RELATED HIS OWN EXPERIENCES.

Discussed His Defeat and Spoke of the
Popularity of Former United
States Senator Rawlins.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., April 26.—The senate committee on privileges and elections held a short executive session shortly before noon and before adjourning directed the chairman to present a resolution to the senate authorizing the committee to sit during recess. That action means that it has been formally decided to proceed with the hearings in the case of Senator Smoot in Utah. The sub-committee will go to Salt Lake for that purpose some time in July, probably about the 29th. But the personnel of the sub-committee has not yet been made up. This much is known, however, Burrows will go and so will McComas. The chairman has suggested to several others his desire that they should go, but there is no indication that the senators are falling over each other in their eagerness to respond to the suggestion.

This brief session today was devoted directly to cross-examination of Moses Thatcher. It was expected to show by the witness that the Church absolutely dominates the political actions of all of its officials and members. But Mr. Thatcher swore that he had absolutely no knowledge that the Church authorities ever refused authority to any one to run for office. Asked whether he meant by this that the First Presidency and High Council or individuals among them, he said: "All or any." Nothing, he declared, has come to his knowledge to show that the Church imposed its will upon people who wished to run for office. He declared it as his belief that his own defeat for the senate was due to the popularity of Joseph Rawlins as well as to the fact that he was out of harmony with the Church. Every high official of the Church who has been examined thus far has been asked questions concerning the ceremony of passing through the endowment house. Mr. Thatcher was no exception. He was asked the usual questions, and asked to be excused from answering on the grounds that he believes himself under obligation not to reveal the nature of the ceremonies. This is substantially the same answer received in every instance and apparently just the answer expected. There is evidently some purpose behind those questions which will perhaps be revealed when the sub-committee reaches Salt Lake.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, April 26.—The Smoot investigation before the senate committee on privileges and elections was speeded today by Atty. Taylor for the prosecution calling upon Moses Thatcher to resume the stand. This was for the identification of a pamphlet issued by Calvin Tresson, purporting to be an accurate account of the Thatcher episode. The document was put in the record and the witness was examined in the defense for cross-examination.

Mr. Van Cott interrogated Mr. Thatcher in regard to his views on Church interference on politics. The witness said he had no fault to find with the political rule, but in answer to a question of Senator Dubois as to the result of a "Mormon" official running for a political office in opposition to the wishes of the Church authorities, he said:

"It might result as in my case, out of a free American citizen has the right to retire from his Church office and I believe every man who loves his country would resign such office under these circumstances."

Mr. Fisher defended the Church, however, that his views had been modified in regard to Church interference, but insisted that he knew of no instance where Church consent had been given or refused a "Mormon" candidate for political office.

Mr. Thatcher stated that at the time he was removed from the apostolate he was in line for the presidency of the Church. He said he was called from the ranks in April, 1896, and formal action was taken by his quorum in November, 1896. Continuing, he said: "I suppose I am the only man of my name in the 'Mormon' Church who is no Priesthood."

"And you were denied the right to enter the temple?"

He said he was denied entrance to the temple by the doorkeeper, at the order of the first presidency and had never made application since and he added:

"And I am glad to say that I am a free American citizen."

"Since you were deposed as an Apostle," Chairman Burrows asked.

Mr. Thatcher discussed his defeat in politics, speaking frankly of the popularity of former United States Senator Rawlins and also of the Church opposition to his candidacy. All questions were answered with the exception of several by Chairman Burrows in relation to the ceremony which is performed in the endowment house.

"I think I should be excused in regard to that," replied the witness. "Why?"

LEADER AT EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

TUESDAY, APRIL 26, 1904. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

You are in Good Company When You
Place Your Name on These Pages.
The Leading Firms of the City are
All Here.

FIFTY-FOURTH YEAR.

CZAR RECEIVES THREE 'OFFICIAL' DISPATCHES.

St. Petersburg, April 26, 7:20 p.m.—The emperor has received three official dispatches, two of which are understood to relate to fighting on the Yalu river. Their contents will be given out tonight.

St. Petersburg, April 26, 5:39 p.m.—The authorities here have no news to confirm the reported bombardment of Newchwang last night.

St. Petersburg, April 26.—The naval staff has no confirmation of the reports from Tokio and Seoul of the destruction of a Japanese merchantman by Russian torpedo boat destroyers at Wonsan or the appearance there of three Russian cruisers belonging to the Vladivostok squadron. Whether Captain Essen, commander of the Vladivostok squadron, has taken the squadron on a raiding expedition down the coast is a secret which, naturally, would not be divulged. If true, doubtless it was for the purpose of demoralizing the people on the coast and in the hope of playing havoc with the Japanese transport fleet, but no official news of the result of such a raid could reach St. Petersburg until Captain Essen returns to port.

"Slot Machine" Men Call on Mayor Morris

City Executive Says He Will Permit the "Trade" Machines to Run Under a License Of \$3 Per Month Each, But That the "Money" or "Chance" Affairs Must Go—Chief of Police So Instructed.

A delegation of slot machine owners called upon Mayor Morris this morning at his office and had a lengthy consultation with him in regard to the operation of machines in this city. Those present were owners of cigar and trade machines, which are operated in saloons and cigar stands. It was stated that only a fair profit was realized from the machines, which pay in

drinks or cigars, and that the customer generally gets value received. The gentlemen present requested that these machines be licensed at \$2 per month and that they be regulated by the police department, the license to be collected by the chief of police. This request was granted by the mayor, and he instructed the chief of police to take charge of the work of regulating the machines and collecting the license.

which the owners of machines agree to pay at the police station each month. No money machines of any character whatever will be allowed to operate and the chief is instructed to prohibit the use of any machine which is loaded or unfair. The legitimate trade machines, such as gum, peanut, music and shoe string machines, will be allowed to run the same as usual under a license of \$3 per annum, as they are held to be perfectly legal by the city attorney.

RUSSIAN NAVY FREELY CRITICISED

The Novoe Vremya Says Makarov's Death Should be Signal to Destroy Old Order of Things.

SYSTEM OF PROMOTION IS BAD.

Baltic Fleet Will Not Leave for the Far East Thursday—Sinking of the Goyo Maru.

St. Petersburg, April 26.—11:55 a.m.—The Novoe Vremya today contains a remarkable free criticism of the Russian navy, which reads as follows:

"It would be well to put an obelisk in front of the admiralty inscribed 'Remember Makarov.' His death should be the signal to destroy the old order of things of which he fell a victim after heroically doing his best with the defective weapons at his disposal. Makarov's death marks a new era for the Russian navy. The old days marked by a middle of carelessness and inefficiency are over and we have learned our lessons."

"The nation understands them just as well and learns from the first lesson the necessity of a reform of the personnel of the navy. The present system of promoting officers according to the number of nautical miles sailed work well in a highly efficient navy, but it is absurdly dangerous for ours, where the capacities of officers fluctuate. As a result many of our best officers are discouraged into retirement."

"The present war is unlike any previous war in that the whole nation is following its phases with breathless anxiety. Our nerves are strained much as those of the defenders of Port Arthur. We weep over our reverses and rejoice at the slightest success. Like the English in the Boer war, we are one of the greatest of the world powers fighting a smaller one and the sentiment of patriotism overwhelms all other considerations."

THE BALTIC FLEET.

St. Petersburg, April 26.—3:55 p.m.—The report that the Baltic fleet is to leave Libau Thursday for the far east is incorrect. Some of the ships are just going into commission and those being completed cannot be finished before July. The report may be attributed to the fact that some school ships are going out to train the naval reserves. The Borodino (battleship) left the admiralty works today for Cronstadt, to receive her armor and heavy guns.

The admiralty is giving earnest consideration to all questions in connection with the dispatch in July of the Baltic fleet to the far east. Vice Admiral Rojestvensky, who will command it, and Rear Admiral Wierow have been in consultation. All idea of following the northern route has been abandoned. Indeed, it never was seriously considered. Admiral Rojestvensky originally favored the Cape of Good Hope route, but it is more probable now that colliers and supply ships well protected, will go by that route and battleships and torpedo boats will pass through the Suez canal. The two divisions will rendezvous on the Indian coast. For the entire fleet to proceed by way of the Cape of Good Hope would involve too much time, the expenditure of a large quantity of coal and the fouling of the boilers and bottoms of the fighting ships which it is necessary to avoid on account of the lack of facilities at Port Arthur.

It is understood that the admiralty now entertains no fears regarding the restrictions imposed by the Suez canal regulations, although Admiral Wierow complained of the strictness with which the neutrality of the canal was enforced.

There is evidence of a more friendly disposition on the part of the British. It was suggested to the Russian consul that trans-shipment could take place at Liverpool and the authorities even placed a barge at the consul's disposal.

FORECAST FOR TOMORROW'S NEWS.

Baseball at Walker's. Aid between the Salt Lake and Boise teams. Continuation of Masonic reunion at Unitarian church. Trial of striking coal miners at Price. Resumption of the Smoot hearing at Washington.

"anti-trust" law in connection with the merger decision. The resolutions were adopted without discussion or division.

Canada Protecting Her Customs.

Ottawa, Ont., April 26.—Minister of Customs Patterson has announced that the government intends strengthening its staff of inspectors in the United States and will inform Canadian custom officers of the home value of goods exported to Canada.

At present it is said there are many United States firms involving their goods at a special price and in this way escaping payment of the proper duty.

LOUBET REVIEWS TROOPS IN ROME.

Rome, April 26.—President Loubet today drove to the Piazza d'Armi with Queen Helena and reviewed 20,000 troops. M. Loubet and the queen were accompanied by King Victor Emmanuel and the royal princes and followed by several hundred staff officers and the foreign military attaches. The Prince of Salaparuta, the Janiculum and Monte Mario, surrounding the Piazza d'Armi, were occupied by several hundred thousand people, cheering and shouting, while military bands played the "Marseillaise."

The president expressed to King Victor Emmanuel the highest satisfaction with the efficiency and martial bearing of the troops, especially admiring the Bersaglio, who with their quick step and waving cock's feathers in their hats marched past in their most choice manner.

Returning to the quieral through the city, the president and the royal party passed through the Piazza di Spagna, where the historic steps of the church of the Trinita d'Monti were entirely covered with flowers, producing a gorgeous effect.

MASSACHUSETTS DEMOCRATS Will Hold Conventions in Fourteen Congressional Districts.

Boston, April 26.—Democratic conventions will be held in all the 14 congressional districts of this state today to elect two delegates from each district to the national convention. Ten of the delegates are to be called to order in the afternoon, while the remainder, those in the Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh districts, are arranged for this evening. The friends of Richard Olney say that the delegates chosen must vote for Mr. Olney at St. Louis for the presidential nomination, inasmuch as the state convention passed resolutions making this obligatory.

On the other hand the advocates of William R. Hearst, led by George Fred Williams, declare that the action of the state convention is binding in no way upon the district conventions. The Hearst men have predicted that a majority of their delegates would be elected today. The friends of Mr. Olney make a similar claim.

PREMIER MAURA OF SPAIN IS FIRED UPON.

Madrid, April 26.—Premier Maura, who arrived here this morning, was shot at but not wounded while on his way here from the Bolear islands. When between Alicante and San Vicente a bullet whizzed through the roof of his car. The accident created great alarm, but on one was injured. The official report of the incident given out says:

"As the train was running between Alicante and San Vincent some persons fired and others threw stones. The premier accompanying the train returned the fire. No one was hurt. Two arrests were made."

Gold for Europe.

New York, April 26.—Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. today engaged \$200,000 in gold for shipment to Paris on Thursday's steamer.

CANAL CONCESSIONS.

Payment for Them Will be Made in a Very Few Days.

Washington, April 26.—Payment by the United States for the Panama canal concessions and property will be made in a few days, perhaps before the end of this month. The matter was discussed at today's meeting of the cabinet. At the request of Atty-Gen. Knox, the war department will designate a suitable person on the isthmus to receive the property there for the United States.

It was expected that the payment for the canal property would be made to the new Panama Canal company, but it has been decided that the payments shall be made in Paris. A syndicate of French bankers will advance the \$40,000,000 necessary to liquidate the indebtedness of the United States to the canal company. The money will be handed to the company by Asst. Atty-Gen. Day and Rusk, who are in Paris. The syndicate then will draw directly on the United States treasury for the full amount it has advanced. This plan was agreed as the simplest and most feasible proposed for the transfer of the money.

Mrs. Botkin Without Counsel.

San Francisco, April 26.—When the examination of the Delahaven witnesses in the case of Mrs. Cordelia Botkin, accused of the murder of Dr. Josiah Doane, was concluded in the police court last week, the defendant's attorney moved for a dismissal of the case and Judge Corday took the matter under advisement until today. Mrs. Botkin came into court today without counsel, and the judge postponed the matter until tomorrow, reserving his decision and stating that, if necessary, he would appoint counsel to represent her.

Gen. Jos. Dickinson Dead.

Washington, April 26.—Brig-Gen. Jos. Dickinson, the last of the adjutants general of the Army of the Potomac and chief of staff under Generals Hooker and Mead during the Civil war, died today after an illness of three months, aged 75 years.

ADVICE TO STRIKERS.

Advisers received from Carbon county today are to the effect that the strikers have been notified from headquarters of the Western Federation of Miners that it would be good policy to discontinue holding meetings and keep quiet for the present.

A request on the Rio Grande to allow No. 2 to stop at Colton this afternoon in order to pick up some mail and get on his way back to the west. Clear Creek to Carbon County is taken to mean that the Utah Fuel company is negotiating with the trouble with the Italian in the vicinity of Helper.

MOTHER JONES BREAKS OUT AGAIN.

Carbon County Agitator Evades
Quarantine Guards and Drives
Into Price This Morning.

ESCORTED BY 20 ITALIANS.

Marches on Implement Shed Where
Strikers are Locked Up but is
Heeded Off.

ARRESTED AND THROWN INTO JAIL.

She Was Escorted to the Prison by
Two Strikers Who Will Also
Be Arrested.

(Special to the "News.")

Price, Utah, April 26.—"Mother" Jones came down to Price this morning from the half way house, arriving here at about 10 o'clock having broken quarantine. She came in a big wagon with some 15 or 20 Italian women and children. She first went to the Rio Grande Western depot where she was seeing about some trunks, which she said belonged to my boys, meaning the strikers. For some reason the trunks were not delivered to her. Then she started through the principal street of the town, accompanied by a couple of sympathizers from Helper and marched toward the implement shed where the 120 men arrested Sunday morning are being detained as prisoners by the sheriff's guard.

THROWN IN JAIL.

Mother Jones did not reach her destination for Deputy Sheriff Wood headed her off and marched her to the county jail, where she was confined in the small compartment reserved for women prisoners. She made no resistance to arrest, but stated that she was aware the officers and the law must be respected.

SHE WILL BE HELD.

County Atty. Frick states that it was at her own instance Mother Jones was quarantined at the half way house, and if she is not content to remain there the officers will see that she is kept in a place where they know she will not bother anyone or spread the smallpox.

TWO MYSTERIOUS STRIKERS.

Mother Jones was accompanied to the jail by two strikers, one of whom has taken up his abode in Price and the other at Helper. It is possible these men will be taken in during the afternoon as they are going back and forth, carrying news from camp to jail and from jail to the 120 under guard at the place of detention.

SHE BROKE HER WORD.

Mother Jones solemnly promised not only the local quarantine officer at Helper but also the sheriff at Price that she would remain in quarantine at Helper, but she also gave her word in person to Gen. Cannon and State Health Officer Beatty, when the latter visited her camp, that she would be governed by their suggestions and also their directions.

SITUATION IN CARBON.

Attorney Bruffett Says it is Serious But Well in Hand.

Attorney M. F. Bruffett and Dr. A. J. Hyland came in from Carbon county late last evening for a little rest after the strenuous times of the past week in the strike section.

Of the general condition, Mr. Bruffett spoke as follows: "The situation is serious, but we have it fairly well in hand. We have about 120 of the most desperate rascals under armed guard and while it will cost Carbon county plenty of money, every one of them must be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. The county must be rid of these people. We can prosecute them, first for resisting an officer, punishable by one year's imprisonment and \$1,000 fine; second, for rioting, in which they indulged when releasing 'Mother' Jones from quarantine; and we have charges of vagrancy against many of them. Sylvester Tedsko will be prosecuted for flourishing a deadly weapon in a threatening manner and for disturbing the peace."

"In other words, we will prosecute every last one of them for felony and for high misdemeanor, charges upon which they will have to face a committing magistrate."

"One night H. G. Williams and myself found strikers prowling around the halls of the hotel, evidently trying to locate our rooms, with the intention of shooting through the windows from the outside. We have evidence to this effect sufficiently strong to have caused us to abandon all thought of sleep and finding a safer locality."

"When I was held up by Tedsko it was an hour or more after midnight. I was going to my hotel when I saw a man jump back of a railroad tank. His intention was to either shoot or stab me. I knew that. But a train coming in three such a strong headlight on the tank that they let me go in peace. As I came back, however, which was contrary to their expectations, Tedsko, backed up by four or five others, called to me: 'Bruffett, stop.' I stopped. With a great flourish, or several of them, of this rifle, he went on to inform me that the strikers were going to have revenge for what I had done, and if I turned my hand another time, I would be assassinated. I walked away, expecting a shot in the back at any moment. But I did not get it. For the men had been seen by friends of mine laying in wait for me. This circumstance and the headlight, I believe, saved my life."

The people of Carbon county are terrified. We must get rid of these men. There was scarcely a law-abiding citizen who dared take a hand in the capture of the strikers, for fear that he would be killed."

Attorney Bruffett leaves tonight for Helper.