TELEGRAPHIC.

TOWNS SWEPT AWAY

The Destructive Work of the Cyclone in Florida.

FIFTY PEOPLE REPORTED KILLED.

And the Probability is that the Number Will Be Larger When the Details are Known.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 30.—A special to the Commercial-Appeal from Jacksonville, Fla., says: It is a conservative estimate to say that fifty people have lost their lives from yesterday's hurricane and the number may run much higher.

The hurricane struck Florida at Cedar Keys, and it passed in its path of destruction over twenty towns and villages, and reports show that between fifty and forty people have certainly been killed.

Cedar Keys is about 100 miles southwest of Jacksonville. The hurricane which had been churning the waters of the gulf for days struck this place, a village of 1,500 inhabitants. The only report which has come concerning Cedar Keys is that the town has been swept away and many lives have been lost. This report comes from Gainesville, which is fifty miles away. Nobody has been able to get anything definite from Cedar Keys. Moving northeastwardly the storm struck Williston, a small town, at which seven houses were blown down, several persons killed and several badly injured that they will die.

Near here was a large turpentine farm, at which state convicts are employed. The convicts were huddled together in a cabin. A heavy tree was blown across the cabin and six of the convicts were crushed to death.

In Alachua county the storm did frightful work. In Gainesville the Methodist church and about twenty residences and business houses were destroyed and quite a number of persons were hurt, but no fatalities are reported.

At Lochloosa fifteen buildings were destroyed. Rev. W. A. Hart and Mrs. E. McBrush and her baby are reported dead. Nine more are injured, who were in a cabin at a turpentine farm, were crushed by falling trees.

Newnans is totally wrecked. C. J. Kelley, Mrs. Nancy Moss, Frank Osmond and David Jones were killed.

At High Springs, Melissa Harren, James Morris and Hattie Nobles, colored women, are reported killed. At one place a number of people took refuge in a box-car which was in the path of the cyclone. It was blown from the track and then wrecked, and every person in it was badly injured. Dave Simons and George Johnson have died since.

At Gracy, a small place, twelve houses were blown down, a woman was killed, but a baby at her breast was unhurt, although it had been carried some distance by the force of the wind.

At Lake Butler, Bradford county, Mr. C. H. Hersey, Mrs. J. M. Folch and her infant were fatally hurt. Many buildings were blown down. At this place the wind blew to pieces two cars loaded with brick, and Henry Sullivan, a negro, who was 300 yards away, was killed by being struck by one of the flying bricks.

On Judge Richards's turpentine farm the convicts were killed by falling trees.

In Baker county four towns were almost totally destroyed. They are McDonald, Gardenen, Glen St. Mary and Quincy. No one was killed outright in these towns, but many were injured, among which was Mrs. C. S. Richardson, James McAlpin and Butts Weinlster, all of whom will die.

At Live Oak the destruction is complete, but no loss of life is reported.

Near Wellborne, the house of Amos Weiss was destroyed and two of his children were killed.

At Lake City eight business houses and thirteen residences were destroyed. Mr. Sarah Fletcher and two boys were killed and Dora Jennings, Samuel Holmes and Jesse Mayney were fatally injured.

Six persons are reported killed at Fort White in Columbia county, but no names are given.

The hurricane passed over Duval county, striking the edge of Jacksonville, doing very little damage. There was no loss of life here. Just north of here, however, in Nassau county, considerable destruction is reported. Five children were killed in the wreck of a school house. The teacher, Mrs. Stuart, has her arm broken. Lou Hale, a 12-year-old girl, was killed at her home, her mother being fatally injured. Harry Johnson was also killed. At Hickory another school house was wrecked and four children killed. At King's Ferry Andy Johnson, Moses Lucier, Silas Hardesan, May Jones and a child were killed. Mrs. Fisher was nursing a sick child and the child died as the house fell. The mother was hurt but will recover.

Three children were killed on a steamer that was loading lumber at King's Ferry. Across the line in Georgia the devastation was continued.

At Folsom, which is near the Okefenokee swamp, a school house was wrecked and six children killed. Several casualties are reported in Camden county, Ga.

The storm then continued on its way to Brunswick and Savannah. There is no way to estimate the property loss in Florida. The loss may seem heavier now than they will when more nearly estimated, but talk with insurance men in Cent. Florida these will not up to millions. This seems, however, an excessive estimate.

STAUNTON ENGULFED.

RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 30.—The city of Staunton in the Shenandoah valley was visited by a terrible flood today. Many lives were lost and great damage done to property. The great storm yesterday caused the lake to rise and flood the city. All the water-courses in the valley became raging torrents and swept over their banks, carrying destruction in their paths. The water invaded the lower portion of the city, rising so rapidly that many were unable to escape in time and were engulfed. Others barely escaped with their lives, leaving their property to the mercy of the water. Houses were swept from their foundations. In several cases persons were with difficulty rescued from the roofs and upper stories.

It is impossible at this hour to ascertain the extent of the loss of life or the extent of the property damage. The latter will exceed half a million dollars.

Heroic attempts are being made to rescue those in danger. The flood came so suddenly and unexpectedly that all were unnerved for some time before they realized the extent of the calamity. Telegraph poles are down and the wires hopelessly entangled, thereby adding to the confusion and many are anxiously seeking to ascertain the whereabouts and safety of their friends or are making fearful search for the bodies of those they know have perished.

AT LEADVILLE.

Miners Hold a Secret Meeting—Armed Bodies Stationed.

LEADVILLE, Colo., Sept. 30.—The Miners' union held a secret session tonight, and as yet nothing is known of its proceedings beyond the fact that a resolution was before the meeting to declare the strike off and withdraw the condition that none but union men should be employed, if the managers would raise the scale to $3. Many of the members were severe in tone, saying it would have no result, but it was strongly seconded by Secretary Dewar and others whose influence is very strong.

A grand jury has been called by the district court to meet Saturday next, and it will take up the Coronado and Kismet affairs.

General Brooks has been notified that quite a body of armed men, who had apparently left an incoming train at Arkansas Junction, passed the government fish hatchery, six miles west of the city, Monday, and stopped to inquire the way to Leadville. They refused to answer questions and left hurriedly. On Tuesday another armed party appeared at the hatchery and asked the same question. As General Brooks believes such bodies of armed men can have no good object in coming here, he will place guards in such a way as to intercept any similar parties.

The Missouri miners who arrived here last week and were put at work in the Kismet mine have been very well treated. Many of them came with ready cutting, and the mine managers at once supplied them with heavy underwear and plenty of bedding. They were willing and eager to go to work, and are willing their families shall be more than satisfied with their treatment and the work. They are making from $4 to $5.50 more a day than they were receiving in Missouri, and have no fears but that they will be well protected.

COLORADO REPUBLICANS.

They Declare for Free Silver and the St. Louis Platform.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Sept. 30.—Seven hundred delegates were in attendance when Chairman Hodges called the Republican state convention to order. The convention was harmonious, and the state ticket was nominated throughout by a unanimous vote.

The report of the committee on resolutions, which was unanimously adopted, after declaring for a judicious restriction of immigration and the passage of a law authorizing the creation of a state board of arbitration to settle strikes and labor questions, says:

Resolved, That our people, irrespective of party affiliations, favor the free coinage of silver and believe that our mints could be safely opened to free coinage under an administration in which the people have confidence. We regret that the national convention at St. Louis did not view this question as we view it. We accept, however, the sentiments of the party that its efforts will be devoted to the securing of an international agreement for the unlimited coinage of silver, as a sacred pledge. We believe that the pledge will be fulfilled, and we are firmly of the faith that the remonetization of silver, by so much the widest reform of this and all other civilized countries, will be accomplished through the efforts of our senators and representatives in the direction of the Republican party of this country and through no other.

Except upon the silver question, we heartily and cordially endorse the platform of the party at St. Louis, and we declare our unalterable and unwavering belief in the great doctrine of protection of American labor and American industries, and also in reciprocity, as enunciated in the national platform.

Continuing, the resolution reads:

We favor free silver, but we value free government more and while the success of the Democratic party upon the Chicago platform might bring silver monometallism it would afford no hope for bimetallism in this country.

Nominations for the various state offices were made as follows:

Governor, Judge George W. Allen of Denver; lieutenant-governor, ex-Congressman Owen Tousey of Silver Cliff; secretary of state, Edwin Price of Grand Junction; state treasurer, James H. Barlow of Colorado Springs; auditor, George H. Adams; attorney-general, Alexander Gunnison; superintendent of public instruction, Mrs. Lulu Hanna.

Four presidential electors were chosen as follows: S. F. Humphrey, Fred Wabro, C. C. Godkin and W. A. Hamill.

THE ANACONDA SALE.

The Rothschilds After the Remaining Stock.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The Evening Wotes says: Private cable dispatches say Hamilton Smith, agent of the exploration company of London, which has within eighteen months paid $10,500,000 for 500,000 shares of the Anaconda Copper company, whose properties are in Montana, is on the way to this country again. Mr. Smith's mission is said to be to close a deal whereby the Exploration company (really the Rothschilds) is to acquire the remaining stock, 500,000 shares, of Anaconda company, upon which there was given an option for the net sum of $18,000,000. Marcus Daly, managing director of the Anaconda company, is expected to reach New York tomorrow.

Dr. Hamilton May Resign.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—Secretary Carlisle has asked Dr. Hamilton, surgeon at the Marine hospital, he will not interfere in the order exchanging Dr. Hamilton with Dr. John Guiney of San Francisco. The order for transfer named today as the time for leaving Chicago. Some of Dr. Hamilton's friends say they would not be surprised if he resigns. His salary, with emoluments, in San Francisco amounts to $4,500, while his salaries as editor of the American Medical Journal and professor of Rush Medical college amount that sum, while in addition he has an income from his private practice.

Failed on Breckenridge.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 30.—The Republican committee at the Seventh congressional district today adopted a resolution against making any nomination for Congress. This is due to a division between the Republicans and the gold Democrats to unite in supporting Col. W. C. P. Breckenridge for Congress. Judge George Denny, the Republican candidate two years ago, who came so near election that he contested the seat of Congressman Owens, was an active candidate for nomination, and opposed personally in vain to the committee to call a convention.

CHAMBERLAIN IN DANGER.

Dynamiters Said to Have Laid a Plot against His Life.

SALEM, Mass., Sept. 30.—The Salem News this afternoon publishes a story with reference to the visit of Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of the colonies of Great Britain, which has created a sensation.

It is said Mr. Chamberlain's visit to this country was largely due to the discovery by the Scotland Yard detectives of the dynamite plot to which Tynan, Ivory and others are alleged to be implicated. It will be remembered the announcement of the police of their discovery was made after Secretary Chamberlain left England. The News states that a few days after Secretary Chamberlain's arrival at Dublin, detectives began duty at the home of Mrs. Endicott, secretary Chamberlain's mother-in-law, guarding the premises day and night, and accompanying Mr. Chamberlain wherever he went. It was said that this was the result of the discovery that a mine had been prowling about the house of Endicott, the family, in conversation with a reporter, says the detectives showed up to where the mission were sent, applied by the United States secret service department, and were sent to Dublin on instructions received at headquarters in Washington.

Storm in China.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 30.—The Pacific Mail steamship Coptic arrived today from Hong Kong and Yokohama two days ahead of time, breasting the trans-Pacific record between Yokohama and San Francisco and covering the remainder of the last steamship time between San Francisco and Honolulu two hours. The run to Honolulu from Yokohama was made in 9 days, 10 hours and 11 minutes, the Coptic cutting the time down to 7 days, 9 hours, 19 minutes, two hours under the record.

The latest advices from the Orient by the Coptic report that hot or severe storms have occurred in the southern and western portions, in which the entire part of Kiang suffered severely.

Great embankments have been broken down, thousands of houses demolished, bridges washed away, roads destroyed and growing crops devastated. The full extent of damage or loss of life have yet to be reported, but it will amount to something enormous.

Hon. G. J. Connelly, the United States consul at Kiaochow, was a passenger on the Coptic from Yokohama and Hong Kong. He gave a full account of the terrible havoc wrought by the floods. The splendid roads are things of the past, while the houses of the town by in ruins and reeking with the smell of decay. Many of the bodies of victims drowned were still lying unburied amid the ruins and wrack when he left.

ATHLETIC MEET.

The First of the U. S. Army Ever Held in the West.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 1.—Friday and Saturday of this week will see the first department athletic meet of the United States army, which has ever been held in the West. Ever since Fort Logan was established near Denver the department meet has been talked about as means of making the army attractive to a better class of men and to make it one to the service more in accord with the citizens. As a sport to the gallery, we also to serve as a counter attraction against the pool saloon. In 1895 games both of infantry and mounted men were given by the men at Fort Logan and proved very popular. The games were revived last spring and Captains R. H. Hatch and C. B. Hoppe and Lieutenants T. Langhorne saw an opportunity time for inaugurating the department games on a seminally making it an annual affair for the entire country. The post commander's consent was obtained and General Wesley Merritt, commander of the department readily added his consent and saw that the officers higher in authority also agreed. The games will occupy two full days.

Detachments of athletes from Fort Apache, Grant, Huachuca and Whipple barracks in Arizona, Fort Bayard and Wingate in New Mexico, Fort Douglas, in Utah, and Fort Logan in Colorado, are now camped in the Denver Athletic club's field. There are twenty-eight events in the two days' meet, comprising all the usual track and field athletics, hammer throwing and leaping over mounted in athletic meets with obstacle races and soldiers' athletics of many kinds mixing with mounted wrestling, running and leaping for the cavalry. The camp within the athletic club's fence has been an object of interest since its establishment and hundreds of people have visited it merely to see how soldiers camp out. The men on the detachments have won places through preliminary contests held during the summer.

Frontier Boys a Newspaper.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 1.—A business venture commenced today by which A. Hoehle, chairman of the state Populist committee, assumes control of the Southwest News, a sixteen inch newspaper of Greenfield, Mo., which will operate its policy. The paper was started by a stock company and Mr. Hoehle gains possession by a purchase of a majority of the stock.

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SALT LAKE CITY, September 30, 1896.

Today's Temperature at 1 p. m.—72.
Tomorrow, fair.

Let's Talk About

SHOES.

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for shoes. We have shoes for men from $1.50 up, shoes for ladies from $1.50 up, shoes for children from $1.00 up and all shoes for the boys at $1.00. Everything is new up to date in the shoes, and there is always your money back if we can't suit you. Let us fit you this week.

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DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS are safe, sure, positive. Not injurious, because they act directly on the nerve centers, by first restoring the flow of blood, and then regulating the action of the heart. Not injurious, because they are entirely free from all opiates and narcotics and alcohol in any form. In certain cases Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are shown by experience to be more valuable than any other remedy. Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold on a guarantee that the first package will benefit. Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.....

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