

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

**LAS VEGAS, June 14.**—A difficulty arose between Mackay Brothers, John Millburn and two Texans named Green and Owens over a fifty cents discrepancy in the settlement of a sale of cattle. Winchester rifles and revolvers were brought into play, and after fifteen shots had been fired and the smoke cleared away it was found that Owen was killed and Green mortally wounded. Millburn and Mackay had their left eye shot out, and John Mackay had a hole through his left arm. Millburn is under arrest.

**BRUSSELS, June 14.**—A dispatch from Lisbon to the *Independence Belge* says: "Advices from the Congo say the Arabs who have arrived at Kinshasa state that Henry M. Stanley was wounded in a fight with the natives and that afterwards half of his escort deserted him. Tippu Tib had not sent the promised convoy to Stanley."

**NEW YORK, June 14.**—In the Diss De Bar trial today several believers in spiritualism testified to the wonderful mediumistic powers of the Madame among them being ex-Judge Nelson Cross, formerly of the court of common pleas of Cincinnati. Witness, in addition to seeing pictures come and receding spirit writings, had been present at seances given by defendant when she caused a shower of natural flowers in the room.

An expert in handwriting testified that the alleged communications from St. Peter and Franklin were written in one hand, and that hand was the one which had penned the Madame's personal letters. Shown some notes he declared they were identical with the others, but Titus Merritt took the stand and testified that he (the witness) and not the Madame, had written them. This ended the testimony.

Arguments will be heard tomorrow.

**SUPERIOR, Wis., June 14.**—Several million feet of logs broke loose from the booms above Cloquet yesterday and swept down to the island where several hundred people live. Two hotels, three saloons, four dwellings, the court house and jail and store were carried away. Thirty or forty buildings are now completely surrounded by water. Most of them have been abandoned. The lumber yards are flooded. The St. Paul and Duluth Railway had to abandon its line to Northern Pacific Junction. The loss thus far is estimated at half a million dollars. No lives lost.

**ST. LOUIS, June 14.**—The trouble between the city authorities and the Bell Telephone Company has been temporarily compromised. At a meeting of the citizens' committee, Major Armstrong and other dignitaries, the telephone company submitted a proposition to replace all the telephones taken out and charge the rental of \$50, complying with the ordinance until the validity of the ordinance is tested.

**HALIFAX, N. S., June 14.**—Forest fires destroyed the gold mining village of East Rawson, Houtz county, yesterday. Twenty dwellings and stores together with the mill, crushing and hoisting gear were destroyed. New Foundland and Gold's Valley has been stripped of its splendid timber and left a wilderness. Mrs. Manning, her two children and John Driscoll were burned. The fire left 200 people homeless.

**LONDON, June 14.**—The Queen and government have received telegrams from Potsdam stating, Emperor Frederick is lying at the point of death and may die at any moment. There is a constant interchange of telegraphic messages between the Prussian and British royal houses in regard to the Emperor's condition.

**VIENNA, June 14.**—The *Neue Freie Presse* says Emperor Frederick's dying agony has commenced.

## CONVULSIVE FITS AND SWOONS.

**POTSDAM, June 14.**—8 p. m.—The Emperor is now suffering from successive convulsive fits and swoons.

**LONDON, June 14.**—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Potsdam at 6:28 p. m. says the Emperor remains in a comatose condition. The whole court is assembled at Friedrichskron Palace.

**POTSDAM, June 14.**—When lying down the Emperor is apathetic. At other times he is fully conscious. Early this morning, while reclining in an arm chair, he wrote a few farewell words to Prince Bismarck. Afterwards he took a sip of food. He thought it was a little cocaine being administered. The doctors believe the death agony will come soon after midnight. The Dowager Empress Augusta and the Grand Duchess of Baden will arrive tomorrow.

## THE POPULACE MOVED.

**BERLIN, June 14.**—The people of Berlin did not realize the extreme gravity of the Emperor's condition until the appearance of the morning extras containing the morning bulletin. The people then felt that thenceforth the worst news could be looked for. The concern was universal and intense anxiety increased as the extras announced the approach of the last agony. Until long after nightfall, crowds gathered in front of the official residence in Wilhelm Strasse, being especially watchful at the Chancellor's residence. Early in the forenoon Count Von Schellendorf visited Prince Bismarck and the two started for Potsdam, where they remained two hours, returning to the Chancellor's together. Several ministers visited Prince Bismarck in the evening, and an informal council was held. Prince Bismarck had a long conference with the Crown Prince at Potsdam after seeing the Emperor.

## STILL CONSCIOUS.

**POTSDAM, June 14.**—Midnight—The whole family spent the evening at the Emperor's bedside. The patient's fever has somewhat abated, but his temperature is still 108. He is fully conscious and makes himself understood by signs. Minister Von Caprivi and Doctors Leydon and Krause returned to Berlin shortly after 8 o'clock. The Empress Augusta has started for Potsdam. Prince and Princess Henry have arrived here. There is an enormous crowd before the castle.

1:20 a. m.—The Emperor is weaker, but perfectly conscious and mindful of the doings around him. The court officials remain in the palace during the night. It is expected the night will pass quietly. The Empress is still at the Emperor's bedside.

## KINGLY SYMPATHY.

**ROME, June 14.**—It is rumored that King Humbert has already started for Berlin.

**BERLIN, June 14.**—The most optimistic doctors are skeptical as to the issue of the next twelve hours. The stimulating inhalation administered in the afternoon caused copious expectoration and some mitigation of the symptoms. It is rumored that food was injected directly into the stomach, but the report is not confirmed. A rigid press censorship over the news from the castle is still kept up.

**CITY OF MEXICO, via Galveston, June 14.**—The governor of the State of Jalisco today issued an order prohibiting the delivery of freight in that State unless a State tax receipt was shown. This is equivalent to the establishment of a State custom house. The merchants of Guadalajara are indignant because of the order. They held a meeting and appointed a committee to wait on the governor and ask a repeal of the decree. Great excitement prevails.

**NEW YORK, June 14.**—At the interstate commerce commission investigation, Pool Commissioner Albert Fink resumed the witness stand, and the question of ocean rates with reference to export grain was taken up. Witness said these rates were nearly every minute.

John S. Wilson, freight traffic agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad, was the next witness. He said his company delivers grain from the cars into the holds of vessels. By shipping directly into the vessels, his company saved 60 cents a hundred. He admitted that during the demoralization of rates the Pennsylvania read allowed the Inman Steamship line 50 percent on through rates. Wilson said that within the past seventy-two hours he had received information that through rates from Chicago by the way of Boston were less than the export rates from Boston. He admitted that this company charged more for carrying the same commodity to New York than it did for shipment to Liverpool.

Mr. McVeagh then laid before the commission his side of the case. They had to compete with all water routes over which the commission had no control. He wished a proportionate rate for export fixed.

## ADJOURNED.

**CHICAGO, June 14.**—Mrs. Clara Gauzeaus, the insane French woman who was sent to the insane department of the county jail a week ago, was committed to the asylum at Jefferson today by Judge Pendergast. Andre Mondehaire, French vice-consul, testified that the unfortunate woman was brought to his house last Thursday night by a cabman who said he had a crazy woman. The lady came here from San Diego and seemed to think every man she met wanted to marry her. She said she was to marry Dr. Cyr, of San Diego, who is now somewhere in Michigan. Mondehaire said Dr. Cyr was a well-known physician in San Diego, but of course no one could tell whether Mrs. Gauzeaus's story was true or a delusion. The woman was evidently demented, and as she was in delicate health and would probably soon become a mother, this condition might have caused her mental trouble. The jury found her insane and not a resident of the county, but she will be cared for at the Jefferson Asylum for the present at least.

**SAN FRANCISCO, June 14.**—The supreme court today affirmed the decision of the lower court in the case of J. Milton Powers, who was convicted on the charge of the murder of his wife two years ago and sentenced to be hanged. This, it will be remembered is the case in which such a great sensation was created several months ago when the body of Henry Benhayon was found in a lodging house with a letter confessing he had murdered his sister. Circumstantial evidence developed later, pointed toward a conspiracy and John Demmig was arrested and tried for the murder of Benhayon. The jury disagreed and Demmig is now in jail awaiting a new trial.

**SALIDA, Col., June 14.**—During a saloon row at Monarch last night a one-legged gambler named Schenck shot and killed George Davis and fatally wounded an unknown man. A mob took Schenck and hanged him to a telegraph pole. Friends of the two men are gathering and more trouble is feared.

**NEW YORK, June 14.**—Anna Ennis, wife of a laborer, sent a portion of a \$20 bill to the Treasury Department at Washington recently for redemption. She said her baby tore the bill, the missing portion of which he chewed into pulp. A day or so after, the alleged chewed up part of the bill was received from a sporting man named John Shea, who accounted for

his piece saying the bill was torn at one of the race tracks, where a man grabbed at it. He put both pieces in his pocket, visited several saloons and in the morning had only a portion. It is said Shea is acquainted with Mrs. Ennis' daughter. Mrs. Ennis was arrested and held in \$500.

**NEW YORK, June 14.**—In the Supreme Court yesterday, the Bank of the Manhattan Company began suit against Mrs. Fannie Roberts for the \$10,000 Teller Scott gave her before he absconded. The suit will not be tried until the Dunn prosecution is finished.

Scott testified in the Dunn case that he first became acquainted with Mrs. Fannie B. Roberts, whom he gave \$10,000 of the stolen money, in May, 1884, at an apartment house on Sixth Avenue, between Fifth and Sixth and Fifty-seventh streets, kept by Nellie Coles. Mrs. Roberts knew who he was and he became one of her constant visitors. His visits were kept up for about a year until he ran away, and he was there often on Sundays. Mrs. Roberts advised him not to be seen in her company or that of any other woman except his wife, because it might hurt his position. When his trouble began he told the woman about them. They went on; "I told her I had made an effort to pay it back. She asked me if she could raise \$10,000 if it would be any good. I told her no and said I had made up my mind if I could not raise the money to run away. If I did go away I would not go empty handed. I told her I was going to leave some money with a friend. I had no doubt of his honesty but I had doubt of his courage and was afraid he might get frightened. I told her in case I ran away I wanted to leave some with her to be used if I got in trouble. She promised to take care of the money and it was to be used in my defense in case I was captured."

**BERLIN, June 15.**—The Emperor died at 11 o'clock this morning.

**POTSDAM, June 15.**—A bulletin issued an hour before the Emperor died said that he had been lying for some time in a light slumber broken by wakeful intervals, during which he showed distinct signs of consciousness. He gave no indication of suffering pain. His pulse and breathing were very weak. There has been no material change in his condition during the night. All the members of the Imperial family remained at the castle until after midnight. The Empress did not leave the castle, and at four o'clock she resumed her watch at the bedside of the Emperor.

## THE FATEFUL HOUR.

**BERLIN, June 15.**—The death of the Emperor has caused an intense excitement in the city. All the members of the royal family and the ministers were present in the death chamber at the Friedrichskron Palace. A ministerial council was held just before the Emperor died. Prince Bismarck who presided at the council was much agitated. The board closed on account of the death of the Emperor.

## A MESSAGE OF CONDOLENCE.

**LONDON, June 15.**—Much sorrow is expressed at the death of the Emperor of Germany, who was very popular here. Flags are flying at half-mast and the blinds of many houses are lowered. Immediately upon the receipt of the intelligence of the Emperor's death, Queen Victoria telegraphed a message of sympathy and sorrow to the Empress Victoria. The Prince of Wales has returned from Ascot Heath and will probably start for Berlin tonight. The stock market is inactive. Foreign securities are a shade firmer, the impression of operators, being that the death of the Emperor of Germany will cause the weakening of Prince Bismarck, and that a peace policy will continue to predominate in Germany.

## SYMPATHETIC EXPRESSIONS.

**BERLIN, June 15.**—The *Reichstag*, an official paper, publishes the following announcement: "The Royal sufferer has ended his earthly career. By God's decree the Emperor King, our most gracious master, passed to his eternal rest shortly after 11 o'clock this morning after long and grievous sufferings, which were borne with admirable fortitude and submission to God's will. The Royal house and the German people have been twice bereaved within a short time. They deeply mourn the all too early decease of our beloved ruler."

(Signed) THE MINISTRY OF STATE.

## THE DETAILS OF THE CASE.

**POTSDAM, June 15.**—During the early hours of the evening the Emperor's condition was comparatively good, and he sat for a half hour in a chair and took some nourishment. At 3 o'clock there was an alarming increase in his Majesty's weakness, and the relatives who had left the palace were telegraphed to return. At 4 o'clock he became restless, and soon after the whole family assembled in the room adjacent to that in which the Emperor lay.

## HOW THE NEWS IS RECEIVED.

**VIENNA, June 15.**—An order has been issued closing the royal theatres on account of the death of Emperor Frederick.

**ROME, June 15.**—Signor Crispi, prime minister, announced the death of Emperor Frederick today. He made a pathetic allusion to the dead ruler. By a unanimous vote the chamber adjourned until Monday out of respect for the late ruler.

**LONDON, June 15.**—W. H. Smith, a government leader, will announce this afternoon in the House of Commons the death of Emperor Frederick. He

will move an address on Monday expressing the sorrow of the English nation.

After ten o'clock this morning all access to the palace was stopped. Count Von Stollberg Werneiger, the court chamberlain was the only minister present at that hour. Chaplains Persins and Regge were also in attendance.

**POTSDAM, June 15.**—At 4 p. m. the ministers had assembled at the Friedrichskron Castle and were awaiting an audience with the new Emperor and Empress, who are now at the castle.

**LONDON, June 15.**—The Paris and Vienna bourses are firm. The German markets have all closed.

**ST. PAUL, June 15.**—Advices from northern Minnesota and Dakota indicate that the storm of Wednesday and yesterday was very destructive. At Forman, Dakota, several buildings were blown down. At Rutland, eight miles southeast, a new opera house was completely demolished and two stores blown down. At Ferns Falls, H. S. Cole's building was demolished and the Grant Hotel seriously damaged.

**AIX LES BAINES, June 15.**—The Emperor of Brazil has completely recovered from his recent illness.

**WICHITA, Kansas, June 15.**—Reports from Stevens County, Kansas, state that the entire population of the towns of Houghton and Woodsdale are under arms. Squads of citizens are patrolling the county night and day and show but little respect for the property of others. Two of these patrolmen met on Monday and a lively fusillade ensued. Three horses were left dead on the field and it is not known whether anybody was killed or not. The situation is very serious.

**STOCKHOLM, June 15.**—Count Michner who was designated to succeed Count Piper as Swedish ambassador at London, committed suicide today.

**PORTLAND, Oregon, June 15.**—A disastrous windstorm and cloud-burst is reported at Arlington, Oregon. Willow Creek became a furious torrent and even buildings at Lexington were wrecked. Mrs. Brooks was fatally injured and her husband of the effects of injuries received. The house and barn belonging to H. A. Perkins were totally wrecked. Perkins was very sick in the house at the time and sustained very serious injuries. His little child received a blow on the head and was killed. Mrs. Perkins and two children were also injured. The schoolhouse containing pupils was partially destroyed and several children injured; two, it is feared are fatally hurt. Several persons were more or less injured in the region of the storm. So far as known considerable property was damaged.

At Rushford, Minn., it has been raining for thirty hours and the streams are rising rapidly. At Atika, Minn., the Mississippi is rising and hundreds of families have been driven from their homes. The water is higher than for fourteen years. Farmers are out on rafts after their cattle. Telegraph wires are down in every direction.

**NEW YORK, June 15.**—The jury in the noted Diss De Bar case came into court this evening and reported they were unable to agree, and they were locked up for the night. It is said they stood eleven for conviction and one for acquittal.

**NEW YORK, June 15.**—The treasury agents have looked up the family history of Bessie Montour. She is one of two sisters. She married a man named Kostich and he provided the furniture for the flat on West Twenty-second street where at night Bessie's singing attracted many admirers. Kostich soon found he had made a mistake and sued for a divorce. Bessie went to a prominent lawyer, who looked into the case and advised her to allow her husband to take a divorce under the New York law. It is said the woman at once agreed, with the proviso that the lawyer should consent to act as a co-respondent. After a time she became convinced that the lawyer was getting a good sum from the other side and dismissed him. She went to two other eminent counsel, one now on the bench, and she has boasted that they each became her slaves. The two sisters went abroad, and Minnie became acquainted with John T. Michan of St. Joseph, Mo., who parted from his wife. With him Bessie returned to this country. In London, Bessie became acquainted with Morris Dusseldorf, the brother of the dressmaker, Mrs. Ludwig, who imported the dresses. He is a man of fifty years with chronic catarrh and generally not very inviting in appearance. After a short stay in London Bessie left her London friend, who is abroad as the promoter and floater of the bonds and stock of the Charles Dickens Silver Mining Company of Idaho, upon the British public. She had suffered by her companionship, and the five trunks full of costumes, which arrived with her the other day, went direct to the Montour flat and there they remain. There are a thousand and one details which go to make Bessie Montour a marked woman of her type. She is said to be very illiterate but is clever and has a most provoking and dangerous habit of boasting of her conquests.

**SHOSHONE, Idaho, June 15.**—Elijah Smith, President of the O. R. & N. road, passed west today on a special train over the Oregon Short Line to attend the annual meeting in Portland. Three years ago he made a trip over this line from New York to Portland, making the fastest time on record from ocean to ocean. The trip today, however, lowered the record of fast time.

west of the Missouri, he having averaged about 55 miles per hour. Granger and Huntington, a distance of 451 miles.

**BERLIN, June 16.**—Count Fretschler has been appointed German minister of the interior to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Herr Von Puttkamer.

## THE FUNERAL WILL BE PRIVATE.

**PARIS, June 16.**—Count Von A. ter, German ambassador, notified minister of foreign affairs the funeral of Emperor Frederick will be private, only the relatives of the deceased and the representatives of reigning houses of Europe being invited. France therefore will not be represented.

## VIEWING THE REMAINS.

From 10 o'clock this morning a ceaseless stream of people passed through Friedrichskron for the purpose of viewing the body of the dead Emperor. Splendid gifts mingled with modest wreaths and bouquets from the poor have been deposited in the chamber. Every admitted. The crowd increases.

## THE ORDER TO THE NAVY.

The following order has been issued to the navy:

I have to inform the navy, with a moved heart, that my beloved father, Emperor of Germany and the King of Prussia, Frederick III., has departed peacefully in the Lord. And I, steeped in the place assigned by God's will, I assume the government of the land to me by hereditary right, and I also the chief command of the navy, indeed a profoundly grave period in my life. I first words to the navy, has only just ceased wearing outward mourning for my ever to be remembered and much beloved grandfather, Emperor William I., who only last year, during his presence at Kiel, expressed in his words a lively satisfaction at and affection for the development of the navy, his glorious government. The day ready lowered for my much beloved, who secretly rejoiced and took so much interest in the growth and progress of the navy. Yet the time of sincere mourning chastens and torments hearts. Thus we shall look on the future, fully preserving in our memory of my grandfather the father. The navy knows it no gives me great joy to to it by an external bond, since my earliest youth I have warm and lively interest in it. With my dear brother, Prince Heinrich united me with the navy. I have appreciated the high sense of honor, faithful fulfillment of duty prevailing in the navy. I know that every member of the navy is prepared joyfully to give his honor to the German flag, when may be. Thus in this and hour I, with all confidence we shall stand firmly and purely for good, in every sunshine, ever remembering the German Fatherland, and ever to shed our heart's blood for the German flag. In this, God will be with us.

(Signed) WILLIAM II.

Dated Friedrichskron.

## PAPAL CONDOLENCE.

**ROME, June 16.**—Cardinal Secretary of State, visited Von Schlozer, German representative at the Vatican, and condoled Emperor's death. The Pope trusted Cardinal Gelimberti, Nuncio at Vienna, with the message of condolence to Emperor William on his succession to the throne.

## THE RUSSIAN PRESS.

**ST. PETERSBURG, June 16.**—*Journal De St. Petersburg* says: "Russian shares in the mourning of Hohenzollerns and the German nation. May Providence, who soverly tried this dynasty, help cover it with his beneficence and admit our neighboring Empire to long years of peace and prosperity under the sceptre of her young emperor."

The *Official Messenger* of St. Petersburg says: "The sincerity, openness and philanthropy of the monarch, have won not only and attachment of his subjects, also the sympathy of all friends of peace. The thought of this, to unite the nations, whatever have been their relations with Germany in a common feeling of hearty sympathy with afflicted Germany, reverence for the memory of the departed."

Novosti says it hopes that Emperor Frederick's brief humanitarian will leave an ineffaceable trace in German people's future and upon many's international policy.

Grashdamm says it believes international difficulties mark's presence at the head will prevent the emperor's withdrawal from gaining the ascendancy of his predecessor's peace abandonment of which the German sovereigns would seriously pose.

## THE ENGLISH COURT.

**LONDON, June 16.**—The Court will go into six weeks mourning and three weeks of public mourning. This period of public mourning is two weeks longer than that of the late Emperor William. It is probable that general public mourning will be ordered.

## THE AUSTRIAN COUNCIL.

**VIENNA, June 16.**—The Council is mourning for a month in respect to the late Emperor.

## THE JOURNAL "SOLE."

**PARIS, June 16.**—*La Sol* France has not waited for the death of Frederick to do his duty. She has taken account of the