DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XIV. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 1, 1881. NO. 82.

THE
EVENING NEWS.
Published every evening except Sunday.
One copy, one year, with Postage $10.00
" " six months, " 5.25
" " three months, " 2.65

THE
DESERET NEWS:
SEMI-WEEKLY.
Published every Tuesday and Saturday.
One copy, one year, with Postage, ... $4.00
" " six months, " 2.00
" " three months, " 1.00

DESERET NEWS:
WEEKLY.
Published every Wednesday.
One copy, one year, with Postage $3.00
" " six months, " 1.75
" " three months, " 00

TERMS IN ADVANCE.

OFFICE—Corner of South and East Temple Streets.

THE NEWS BOOK AND JOB PRINTING OFFICE
Has superior facilities for the execution of All Kinds of
Book and Job Printing.
BOOK-BINDING & PAPER RULING

ST. LOUIS TRADE.

Leggett & Myers Tobacco Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
STAG RANGER, COMMERCE, CLIPPER, AMBER,
AND OTHER BRANDS OF
TOBACCO.
On sale by Z.C.M.I. and Branch Stores. dly

BARSTOW & WHITELAW,
617 North Second Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.,
— DEALERS IN —
OILS, PAINTS, NAVAL STORES, HEAVY DRUGS
AND WINDOW GLASS.
Manufacturers of Varnishes, Soap Makers,' Tanners' and Woolen Mill Supplies a Specialty. doom ly

L. M. RUMSEY & CO.,
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
PUMPS AND FIRE ENGINES,
Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Gas Pipe, Plumbers' and Steam Fitters' Brass Goods, Belting, Hose and Packing,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
Fence Wire, Barbed Wire, Fencing, Etc., Etc.
810 NORTH SECOND ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.

GRAND CHARTER OAK STOVES AND RANGES
THE BEST
—IS—
Always Cheapest!
MADE ONLY BY
EXCELSIOR M'F'G CO.,
ST. LOUIS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES
METALS, STAMPED WARE,
TINNERS' STOCK & TOOLS
FOR SALE BY
Z. C. M. I.,
Sole Agents in SALT LAKE CITY.
d9m

WM. CALTON, WELL DIGGER,
WISHES TO INFORM THE PUBLIC that now is the time for well-digging, and he is prepared to execute all orders in a satisfactory manner. He has on hand a choice lot of well bricks, made by Braby & Son. For further particulars enquire of Wm. Calton, First Ward, or leave orders at Philadelphia Restaurant, or with J. Kirkman, Tithing Office. dlm

SECOND-HAND WAGONS, BUGGIES, ETC.
ALL KINDS OF SECOND-HAND SPRING Wagons, Carriages and Buggies bought and sold, by JOHN MALQUIST.
Vehicles of every kind repaired. Spring mending and Horseshoeing a specialty.
Workshop on Commercial Street, north of Faiseo Bath House. dd8 tf

WANTED!
EVERY PARENT SHOULD KNOW A FEW of the common symptoms that indicate the presence of
WORMS,
Which are: Changeable Appetite, Offensive Breath, Pains in the Stomach and Head, Grinding of the Teeth during Sleep, Pale Face with Hollow Sunken Eyes, Itching of the Nose and Fundament, Irregularity of the Bowels, a Short Dry Cough, Loss of Spirits, Feverishness and Disturbed Sleep, Rising in the Throat causing sickness, Etc.
DR. E. L. PLANT,
HERBALIST, SALT LAKE CITY.
d tf

NEW YORK TRADE.
BENEDICT, HALL & CO.,
BOOTS & SHOES
Nos. 134 AND 136 GRAND STREET, Corner Crosby,
dtf NEW YORK.

THOS. M. ARGALL & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
MEN'S & BOYS'
CLOTHING!
330 BROADWAY,
JNO. E. COWLES, NEW YORK.

BRINCKERHOFF, TURNER & CO.,
199 Duane Street, New York,
Importers of and Dealers in COTTON DUCKS, "Raven," "Stark," "Duck" Mills, "Polhemus" and other favorite brands, all numbers—Hard, Medium and Soft.
DUCK FOR OVERALLS, BLUE, BROWN, OR IN THE GRAY
COTTON CANVASS of all numbers—14 to 120 inches wide, for Deck—Car—Trunk—and Wagon Covering. Machine Aprons and other purposes, constantly in store and made to order. Agents for
U. S. Bunting Co., U. S. Standard" & "Eagle" by the Case or less quantity. dly
These Goods can be obtained at Z. C. M. I

USE
CLARK'S TRADE O.N.T. MARK SPOOL COTTON.
GEORGE A. CLARK,
SOLE AGENT.
The BEST and MOST POPULAR Sewing Thread of Modern Times.
BEWARE of IMITATIONS.
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT
FOR SALE BY
Z. C. M. I.,
Branches and Dealers Everywhere.

WEEKS SCALE WORKS.

Manufacturers of WEEKS' PATENT
COMBINATION BEAM SCALES,
562 Washington St., BUFFALO, N.Y.
Price of 3-ton, platform 7x14 ft. $55.00
" 4 " " 8x16 " 65.00
Other sizes proportionately low in price.
Agents Wanted. WEEKS & BAY, Proprietors.

PHILADELPHIA TRADE.
SAPONIFIER
Is the "Original" Concentrated Lye and Reliable Family Soap Maker. Directions accompany each can for making Hard, Soft and Toilet Soap quickly. It is full weight and strength. Can be obtained at Z. C. M. I. and its Branch Stores.
PENN'A SALT MANUF'G CO.
dly PHILADELPHIA.

CHICAGO TRADE.
JAQUES'
Flavoring Extracts
JAQUES' LEMON ESSENCE JAMAICA GINGER, MADRAS' LIQUID AUNDRY BLUE, JAQUES' LEMON SUGAR, ATWOODS' VERBENA AND DAISY TOILET SOAPS.
MANUFACTURED BY
Durant, Jaques & Atwood,
CHICAGO. dly

W. & B. DOUGLAS,
Manufacturers of
PUMPS,
Hydraulic Ram, Garden and Fire Engines,
Pump Chain and Fixtures, Iron Cylinders, Etc. Middletown, Conn. Branch Warehouses: 35 and 37 John St., New York and 107 Lake St., Chicago, Ill. Works founded in 1832. Highest medal awarded them by the Universal Exposition at Paris, France, in 1867; Vienna, in 1873; Philadelphia in 1876, also at Paris in 1878. dly

CHAS. EMMERICH & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers Exclusively in
FEATHERS,
235-237 Madison St., Near Bridge, Chicago.
Our goods are kept by all Leading Houses in the Territory. dly

KEITH BROTHERS,
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS OF
Hats, Caps,
FURS,
AND
STRAW GOODS,
—ALSO—
MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
BUCK GOODS, ETC.
246, 248, 250 & 252 Madison Street, Chicago.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 28.—The credentials of Mahoney, senator-elect, was presented and filed.

The isthmus canal question was referred to in connection with a statement by Windom that he would ask to submit some remarks upon it to-morrow, and Eaton gave notice that he would then press the resolution to vote.

Conkling reported favorably the House bill to authorize the registration of trade marks. The Senate bill on the subject was indefinitely postponed.

Davis submitted the conference report on the legislative appropriation bill. Adopted.

The sundry civil appropriation bill was received from the House and referred.

The conference reports on the post-office and Indian appropriation bills were adopted.

The Japanese indemnity fund bill was taken up, and after discussion upon the order of business, in which Cockrill stated that the present Congress had passed fewer bills than any of its predecessors, Windom was given the floor, and spoke upon the resolution declaring that the government of the United States will insist that its consent is a necessary condition to the construction of an isthmus thoroughfare, and requiring that we should not only prevent foreign encroachments, but do all in our power to prevent the needs for such encroachments. Windom detailed the advantages of the Tehauntepec ship railway, Eads' route, over the other routes and methods.

Hour moved to amend the resolution by inserting the declaration that commercial and other interests of the people of the United States create a demand for one or more transit ways without further delay; and that it is the duty of government to take immediate steps for securing the same.

Random, Farley and McMillan were appointed conferees on the river and harbor bill.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 28.—The House met in continuation of Saturday's session.

The portrait of Fred. A. Mulenberg, Speaker of the First and Third Congress, was presented to the House and accepted.

The House proceeded upon the amendments to the sundry civil appropriation bill. The amendment appropriating $200,000 to enable the Secretary of the Navy to establish a naval coaling station on the Isthmus of Panama, was agreed to; yeas 114, nays 85. The bulk of the affirmative votes came from republicans, and the bulk of negatives from democrats. The House then adjourned and the session of Monday commenced.

Consideration of the civil sundry bill was resumed. An amendment instructing the commissioners on the part of the United States to the international monetary conference to agree to no adjustment which does not recognize silver coin as part of the money system of the governments joining in such conference was rejected and stricken from the bill.

Republicans called for the reading of bills introduced for the purpose presumably of postponing consideration of the funding bill, which was expected to be called up.

Wells presented the conference report on the Indian appropriation bill. Agreed to. The agreement restores the Indian commission, but strikes out the appropriation of $10,000 for expenses of the commission. The bill finally passed—yeas 189, nays 38.

Blackburn presented the conference report on the post office appropriation bill. Agreed to.

A joint resolution passed for the printing of 300,000 copies of the agricultural report.

Reagan reported a motion for the suspension of the rules and nonconcurrence in the Senate amendments to the river and harbor bill, and the appointment of a conference committee. Agreed to—yeas 179, nays 66, and the Speaker announced Reagan, Kenna and Hawley as House conferees.

The conference report on the legislative, judicial and executive appropriation bill was agreed to.

Tucker, at 4.15, moved that the House proceed to the consideration of business on the Speaker's table, for the purpose of taking up the funding bill.

Price raised the point of order that this motion was not in order until unfinished business, the appropriation bill, was disposed of.

Carlisle said if the point of order was well taken, he would raise the question of consideration. The Speaker said the appropriation bill could hardly be held in the light of unfinished business, having regard to what had been done in reference to that bill, and he would recognize the gentleman from Kentucky to raise the question of consideration.

Conger stated that the committee to confer upon the appropriation bill had not come to any understanding and instructed him as chairman to so inform the House; the committee was *functus officio* and therefore the appropriation bill was just where it had been yesterday morning.

Carlisle then raised the question of consideration and was recognized by the Speaker.

Kiefer raised the point that this question was not in order, against a measure upon which the main question had been ordered.

The Speaker ruled that in view of the condition of the appropriation bill, the question of consideration could be raised. Kiefer appealed, which offer was laid on the table—yeas 121, nays 98. This was a strict party vote, the greenbackers voting with the democrats in the affirmative.

Conger then moved, at 3:30 that the House take a recess until 8 for the purpose of proceeding with the memorial services of Fernando Wood. Rejected—Yeas 82, nays 104. The House then took a recess until 8 o'clock. The evening session is to be for memorial services in honor of Fernando Wood, and no business to be transacted.

AMERICAN.

GARFIELD'S TRIUMPHAL JOURNEY.

Immense Enthusiasm All Along the Route.

MENTOR, Ohio, 28.—There was a flurry of snow during the forenoon, but at 12:30, the time fixed for the departure of the train with General Garfield for Washington, the air was crisp and clear and almost the entire population of Mentor and neighboring villages, with many visitors from the neighboring towns, friends of the family from distant cities and newspaper men, were on hand to bid God speed to the President-elect. A large excursion from Ashtabula and Painsville was at the depot. The train is a special one and made up and manned by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, E. E. Ely, conductor. Although it was understood that the party was to consist only of the immediate family of the President-elect, so great was the pressure from newspapers that a considerable number of representatives of the press were allowed to take passage. Outside of this, the party of the train was as follows: Gen. Garfield and wife; his mother, Mrs. Eliza Garfield; his two sons, Irvine and Abraham; and daughter, Miss Mollie, with four servants; General D. G. Swain, Col. L. A. Sheldon and wife; Captain J. E. Henry, O. L. Judd, and J. D. Brown, secretary. The party will stop in Washington at the Riggs House. There was no display at the house as General Garfield drove off in an unpretentious close carriage, they merely waving a pleasant goodbye to the few who remained. As the carriage containing General Garfield drove up to the platform, a shout went from 3,000 throats, and the bands playing lively, added to the excitement of the appreciative crowds. After assisting the ladies to their car, Gen. Garfield returned to the platform, where Hon. O. L. Tucker, of Painsville, delivered a farewell address, to which Gen. Garfield, with head uncovered, responded as follows:

Fellow Citizens and Neighbors of Lake County:—I thank you for your cordial and kindly greeting and farewell. You have come from your homes, than which no happier are known in this country, from this beautiful lake side full of all that makes country life happy, to give me your blessing and farewell. You do not know how much I leave behind of friendship and confidence, and home-like happiness; but I know I am indebted to this whole people for acts of kindness, of neighborly friendship, of political confidence, of public support, that few men have ever enjoyed at the hands of any people. You are a part of this great community of northern Ohio, which, for so many years, has had no political aspirations but the good of your country; no wish, but the promotion of liberty and justice; have had no choice, but the building up of all that was worthy and true in our republic. If I were to search all over the world, I could not find a better model of political spirit, of aspirations for truth and right, than I have found in this community. During the present occasion people have honored me with their confidence. I thank the citizens of this county for their kindness, and especially my neighborhood of Mentor, who have done so much to make my home a refuge and joy; whose acts I cannot now speak of, but I shall carry to the discharge of the duties that lie before me, and in which I may merit a sense of your confidence and your love, which will always be answered by my gratitude. Neighbors, friends and constituents, farewell.

At 1 o'clock, the train moved off and the crowd dispersed, first giving three rousing cheers.

Ashtabula, O., 28.—The first stop of General Garfield's train was made at this point, where there was a large turnout at the depot, and his arrival was signaled by a salute from two heavy pieces of ordnance. S. A. Pettibone, prosecuting attorney for the district, on behalf of the people of Garfield's old Ashtabula district, wished him a God speed upon his departure to fill the higher office to which he had been called. Gen. Garfield had but a short time for reply, in which, referring to the planting of the great tree of the republican party, he said: "If, in the future, I can help to garner the harvest that you have helped to plant, I shall feel that I have done something toward discharging the debt of gratitude which I owe for your confidence and love." Amid the cheering which followed Gen. Garfield's thanks and good-bye, the train moved off at the rate of 40 to 50 miles an hour

Youngstown, O., 28.—Dinner was finished by Gen. Garfield and his party just before the special train reached Warren It is a significant fact that no wine was served at the table. The stop at Warren was very brief, but the sight-seers were more numerous than at any other point along the route, and the constituents of the President-elect stood on tiptoe to get a sight of his well-known face and to hear his words. Between Warren and Youngstown the flying train was greeted at frequent intervals by villagers, who had gathered in groups in the hope of seeing Gen. Garfield. A few rods south of Warren the train ran through a sheet of water, which completely covered the track, and caused some alarm among the ladies, but no inconvenience was experienced. At Warren, where the ceremony of an introduction was considered superfluous, Gen Garfield said:

Fellow Citizens of Warren—I want to say one thing. I shall carry away from this place one very definite picture in my mind. It is of a group of men, and I see some of their faces in this audience, who, during my long term of public services, have never given a sign to me that they had any personal wish to gratify except to see right principles prevail and good government maintained (Applause). I say some of these men, in the most private conversation have never intimated to me that they had any personal wish in the way of public office; but they have shown that they had the deepest personal anxiety in having a good, honest government, and to have high and worthy principles of public liberty prevail. Now, if that company of men, whose headquarters have been in several places of this district, but notably in Warren, could be reinforced all over this country, that would be the glory of men on whose shoulders and in whose hearts I would find such reliance and such confidence as would make me feel it impossible to get through. (Applause). (A voice—"You will get through;") and I thank you that you have brought the memory to me, now by your presence, as I am about to leave you. I bid you farewell.

Pittsburg, 28.—At Youngstown, stepping to the rear of the train Gen. Garfield said:

Fellow Citizens of Youngstown—I am about to take leave of this old congressional district. I have spent the length of and I shall say good-bye to it. When I say good-bye to you, I say good-bye to a strong, earnest body of [illegible]

national government. The strength of your position and patriotism has contributed largely to the strength of this district, and therefore to my strength and I hope, whatever fortune befall me, that I shall still enjoy the confidence and friendship of the good people of this town and district. I thank you for this greeting and bid you good-bye. (Great cheers).

Pittsburg was reached about 7.30. No speeches.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Carpenter's Burial—Another Message—Cabinet Speculations, Etc.

WASHINGTON, 27.—The funeral of Senator Carpenter took place this afternoon. The services were announced at 2.30, but long before that hour the avenue on which he resided was crowded with people. The large house was filled by personal friends, including members of the cabinet and both houses of Congress, judges of the Supreme Court, officials of the army and a large number of prominent citizens, with families. The Wisconsin State Republican Association formed a double line on either side of the porch of the house and carriages. Rev. Dr. Parct read the burial service, and the coffin was delivered to the bearers—eight Capital police. The pall-bearers were Senators Logan, Conkling, Cameron (Wisconsin) and Cockrell, and Representatives Tucker, Lapham, Page and Hazelton. The coffin was almost covered with flowers, and at the foot was a pillow of white blossoms upon which was the word "Rest." Mrs. Carpenter, son and daughter, were escorted to their carriage by Gen. Sherman, and following them was the aged mother of the dead senator and her son Edward. The remains were laid temporarily in Oak Hill cemetery.

The case of Charles J. Folger, chief justice of the New York court of appeals, and prominently mentioned for Secretary of the Treasury, to collect from Government $185,296.68, as commissions for the sales of revenue stamps, was to-day decided against Folger in the United States Supreme Court. Folger was, in 1869 and 1870, assistant United States treasurer at New York. He claimed the sale of revenue stamps was was not one of the duties imposed on him by the act creating his office; that the revenue commissioner had imposed an extra duty on him, and he asked for 5 per cent. commission on the sales he made of revenue stamps, and 10 per cent. on the sales of over $3,000,000 property stamps. The court affirmed the former decision of the court of appeals adversely to Folger. This decision finally disposes of the case, which has been used as an argument against Folger's appointment as Secretary of the Treasury.

The President sent the following message to Congress to-day:

To the Senate and House of Representatives.

I transmit herewith a copy of a letter addressed to the chairman of the Civil Service Commission, on the 3d of December last, requesting to be furnished with the report upon the results in the postoffice and custom house of New York on the application of civil service rules requiring open competitive examination for appointment and promotion, together with a report of Dorman B. Eaton, chairman of the committee. In response the report presents a very gratifying statement of the results of the application of the rules referred to in two of the largest and most important local offices in the civil service government. The subject is one of great importance to the people of the whole country. I commend the suggestions and recommendations of the chairman of the committee to the careful consideration of Congress.

(Signed) R. B. HAYES.

Executive Mansion, Feb. 28, 1881.

Secretary Sherman said to-day, to some republican congressmen who asked him his advice about the funding bill, that it ought to pass, though not just what he wanted and he did like it as it was but the banks have mis-construed it and he hoped to see the bill pass.

The fact that Blaine has not yet resigned his seat in the Senate is construed to mean that he will not go into the cabinet, not of his own liking. A good deal of sentiment has been wasted in this connection, on Frye, who has been regarded as certain of a senatorship. Frye needs no sympathy and wants none. It will be much better for his party, it is thought, if he remains in the House, for no one could oppose him for the speakership and that place would be of far more advantage to him than Blaine's seat; besides, he will be sure of the seat whenever it may be vacated.

Garfield will go to the Riggs House on Tuesday and hold a consultation with the leaders of his party. The puzzle is now the disposition to be made of the post office department, and the representation of New York. Blaine and Allison are to have the State and Treasury portfolios, if the heavens do not fall. Garfield is reported to have been considering Judge Gresham, of Indiana, as Secretary of the Interior and Wayne MacVeagh, as Attorney-General. Minister White desires to return from Berlin, and Minister Noyes is sure of recall from Paris. John Jacob Astor is the only applicant for one of these places. Friends of Garfield say General Beaver, of Pennsylvania, may be called to the cabinet to represent the Union army.

Representative Hurd, of Ohio, a leading spirit of the new free trade organization, says the purpose is to push forward vigorously and organize democratic free trade clubs all through Ohio, for the State election this year. Hurd says free trade will be the democratic cry in Ohio, supplemented by opposition to the concentrated power of national banks. He predicts that the next Congress will be democratic, elected on the trade issue.

A Political Theologian.

NEW YORK, 28.—Rev. J. Hyatt Smith, in his sermon at Brooklyn yesterday said, I have been ridiculed for moving my church to Washington. This is no place to reply to such attacks. I am going to Washington and shall preach there, exchanging with Mr. Chittenden, God bless him. I do not speak as a politician, but as a citizen, clergyman and congressman. I have never spoken of my election here before, but now I will say that I was not elected by a party but by the people and I shall cast my votes regardless of party ties for or against each bill according to the dictates of my conscience.

I did not make a pilgrimage to Mentor recently, as has been stated. I went there upon the invitation of Garfield. In my interview with him, I told him I believed he was going to be President of the whole country, not of a section or a party, or a fraction of a party, but of the whole people. His large eyes looked into my face like two republics, as he replied: "While I am superintendent of this national farm, I shall allow no man to interfere with me, and by the grace of God it will grow the largest crop of prosperity, peace, and happiness the country has ever known." I told him I had no favors to ask, and was too small to extend any. I had simply come to say that while he was President and I was a Congressman, if I could serve him in any way, I should be proud to do so. I have been ridiculed for saying this. I do not say it as a partizan, and I hold that what aid I can extend the President as a congressman, I shall extend, and it is due him that I should so long as he is President—not of a party, but of the whole country. When he ceases to be that, he should be dismissed, and is unworthy of the support of anyone. I expect to preach here nearly every Sunday, and if I find congressional work interferes with my duties as a minister, I will resign my seat. Another man will do my pastoral work for me.

'Grant Talking Again.'

The *Herald* has the following: Grant, being interviewed, said: I am not going to Washington. I had a very cordial letter from Hayes, asking me to dine at the White House on March 2d, with the Cabinet, to meet General and Mrs. Garfield. I should be glad to unite in any courtesy to our new President, but I sent a regret. A visit to Washington at this time would be very trying, such a crowd, such a multitude of friends, that I would not have a moment to myself. I shrink from the ordeal. I shall leave here about the 7th, stop at Chicago to see my son and at St. Louis to see some friends, then to Galveston and be in Mexico shortly after.

I am anxious to do all I can to forward the development and especially the railroad development of Mexico. We have a great work in strengthening and developing that republic. I have long had this at heart; I have had a deep interest in Mexico ever since I was there as a young officer during the Mexican war. The only interest I have in Mexico is a national one; a desire to do the best for the two republics. If I went to Washington at all, continued Grant, it would be to ask Congress to do an act of justice to Japan, and to remove a stain from the honor of the United States. I should esteem it as a favor on the part of the editor of the *Herald* if it allowed me to say, in a public manner, how strongly I feel on this subject. I mean the return to Japan of the indemnity we exacted in what is called the Simonoseki affair.

Gould on the Mexican Market.

A *Herald* correspondent has interviewed Jay Gould: In my opinion the principal theatre of railroad development and activity is in the southwest. We are now converging on two points, El Paso and Laredo. At El Paso we connect with the New Mexican Central.

When will these lines be finished?

In the fall. What we want now is foreign markets, especially Mexican markets. These lines will open them up to us, and in the course of a few years I look for an immense industrial development in that section. Mexico is a very great country. It has 9,000,000 of population, and it will be folly not to cultivate the most friendly and intimate relations with them. They want the calicoes of our New England States. As soon as the Mexican railroad system is developed, a great impulse will be given to mining.

Are not most of the Mexican mines worked out?

By no means. They are not worked now because the Mexicans have not our new and approved mining machinery. Mexican mining industry is at a stand still today, because in the absence of machinery they cannot be worked at a profit, but the treasure is still there, and it needs only courage, opportunity and contrivance to get it out. Look to Mexico, not to Nevada, for the bonanza of the future.

Another Walk.

Five thousand persons, including Rowell and Vaughan and their trainers, witnessed the start of the six-day contest for the O'Leary belt, now held by Hart. The contestants now number 19. The first to cover a mile was Burns, the "Wheelbarrow Boy," in 6 minutes and 8 seconds. Hart, Burns and Hughes were running abreast at the end of the second mile, which was covered in 12 minutes 38 seconds. They passed the scorer in a bunch at 12.32.48, having completed five miles.

Madison Square Gardens, 11 a.m.—Hughes 68 miles, Burns 66, Krohne 65, Panchot 64, Sullivan 65, Hart 60, Howard 53, Allen 55, Ennice 51, Tyman 51, Curran 52, Lacouse 56, Bendigo 47, Campana 47.

Hart retired from the walking in consequence of a cold contracted through overheating, which has affected his lungs.

NOTICE.
TO THE TAX PAYERS OF THE NINTH Ward School District. There will be a meeting of the legal voters of said district in the district school house, Monday, March 7th, 1881, at 7 o'clock p.m. to consider the propriety of making a division of the school house lot and buildings.
P. PUGSLEY,
H. ARNOLD,
GEO. NEBEKER,
Trustees for the 19th School District.
February 28, 1881.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.
THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between Malquist Brothers and King, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. R. W. King is authorized to settle all claims against and collect all indebtedness to the said firm.
JOHN MALQUIST,
EDWIN MALQUIST,
R. W. KING.
Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 28th, 1881.
479 3t

FOR SALE.
A HOUSE AND LOT, SITUATED ON the corner of Sixth East and Eighth South Streets, in the Second Ward. The house contains four good rooms and pantry; a good well of water on the premises, outhouses, good convenient corral, stable, etc. There is a splendid orchard of choice varieties of fruits; nice assortment of shrubbery; roses and flowers; half an acre in lucern and the same quantity of land in vegetables; a good garden under cultivation; fence in front and two sides. Also an elegant row of shade locust trees on two sides; also have a horse team, harness, wagon, plastering cart, etc. The property will all be sold cheap for cash. Apply on the premises to
JAMES T. WILSON,
Second Ward.

45 Years before the Public.
THE GENUINE
DR. C. McLANE'S
LIVER PILLS
are not recommended as a remedy "for all the ills that flesh is heir to," but in affections of the Liver, and in all Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia, and Sick Headache, or diseases of that character, they stand without a rival.
ACUE AND FEVER.
No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking quinine. As a simple purgative they are unequaled.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
The genuine are never sugar-coated. Each box has a red-wax seal on the lid, with the impression, McLANE'S LIVER PILLS. Each wrapper bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. Insist upon having the genuine Dr. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name McLane, spelled differently, but same pronunciation.

U. S. DEPOSITORY.
DESERET NATIONAL BANK,
SALT LAKE CITY.
PAID UP CAPITAL, - $200,000
SURPLUS - - $65,000.
(WM. H. HOOPER, President,
H. S. ELDREDGE, Vice-Prest.,
WM. JENNINGS,
FERAMORZ LITTLE,
JOHN SHARP,
NICHOLAS GROSSBECK,
L. S. HILLS, Cashier. } DIRECTORS.
RECEIVES DEPOSITS PAYABLE ON DEMAND.
Buys and sells exchange on New York, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, London, and principal continental Cities.
Makes Collections, Remitting Proceeds Promptly

London Bank of Utah,
(LIMITED.)
26 Austin Friars, London,
—AND—
Salt Lake City, Utah.
Authorized Capital, £160,000, at par value, $778,640.
Subscribed Capital, £49,600, at par value, $241,378.
Buy and Sell Sterling Exchange.
Buy and Sell Drafts on the Cities of the United States.
Interest Allowed on Deposits, Subject to Notice of Withdrawal.
COLLECTIONS MADE AT LOWEST RATES.
Accounts kept on the most favorable terms.
PRINCIPAL CORRESPONDENTS:
London, London Bank of Utah, (Limited.)
" Martin & Co.
New York, Morton Bliss & Co.
Chicago, First National Bank.
Omaha, Omaha National Bank.
San Francisco, Bank of California.
E. AUSTEN, Manager.

CHOICE MEATS!
FRESH AND JUICY. THE BEST THE market affords, always on hand at the Family Meat Market, just west of Idaho Store corner.
JAS. WILLIAMSON, Proprietor.

W. L. PRICE,
DEALER IN
Fish, Poultry & Game,
FRUIT, VEGETABLES & GROCERIES,
—ALSO—
FLOUR, GRAIN, HAY & SEEDS.
First South Street, opposite Kimball Block, Salt Lake City, No. 1257.
Goods delivered punctually in all parts of the city. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

WATSON BROS.,
STONECUTTERS AND BUILDERS
TOMBSTONES, MONUMENTS, MARBLE MANTLES, IRON MANTLES, GRATES, & HEARTH-STONES.
South Side of South Temple Street, a little East of Eagle Gate.

OVERLAND HOUSE,
Three Doors South of Walker House,
MAIN ST., SALT LAKE CITY,
Better Accommodations at Less Rates than any other Second-Class House in the City. Terms $1.00 to $1.25 per Day.
SINGLE MEALS 25 CENTS.
W. A. PITT, Proprietor.
Street Cars pass to and from Depot.

A Useful Book for Teachers, Scholars and Sunday Schools, and Highly Recommended as the
Bible Almanac, for the Year of Our Lord, 1881
A Useful Book for Teachers, Scholars and Sunday Schools, and Highly Recommended as the Bible Almanac, for the Year of Our Lord, 1881
Price 15 Cts. PER COPY. ASK FOR IT AT THE BOOKSTORES.
Published by J. H. HEMAN, Salt Lake City, Utah Territory.
SENT BY MAIL, POSTPAID.
A Liberal Discount will be Allowed to Canvassers.

BENJ. F. GRAFTON, STORY B. LADD
HALBERT E. PAYNE,
Late Commissioner of Patents.
PATENTS.
PAINE, GRAFTON & LADD,
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents.
432 FIFTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C.
Practice patent law in all its branches in the Patent Office, and in the Supreme and Circuit Courts of the United States. Pamphlet sent free on receipt of stamp for postage.

"NE VILE FANO"
IS THE MOTTO OF THE
BUSINESS
SAMPLE ROOMS
OPPOSITE THE
POST OFFICE.
JAKE HEUSSER,
HAS
REMOVED TO No. 139
MAIN STREET,
Where he will continue to keep a Full Stock of
Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle
—AND—
CUTLERY
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
ALSO DEALER IN
CIGARS & TOBACCO
139 MAIN ST., S. L. CITY.

DAVID JAMES,
—LICENSED—
PLUMBER, TINNER,
STEAM AND GAS FITTER.
WATER PIPES
LAID ON SHORT NOTICE.
A large amount of Plumbers' Goods kept in Stock, including Iron and Lead Pipe, Hose, Iron and Brass Fittings, Marble Ware and Sheet Lead.
Sole Agent for Utah Territory for the popular Fire on the Hearth, Parlor, School Rooms and Lecture Hall STOVES; also, Fire on the Hearth, Grate Heaters and Mantles.
These justly celebrated STOVES are patronized and highly recommended by the Faculty of the Deseret University, for Public School Rooms, and by the Medical fraternity generally, as the best Heating and Ventilating Stoves ever invented.
For particulars and Prices, enquire at Office and Workshops, West Temple Street, Opposite City Market. P. O. Box, 306.

T. LATIMER, G. ROMNEY,
G. H. TAYLOR, F. ARMSTRONG.
LUMBER YARD
—AND—
PLANING MILL!
Reduction in Prices!
Utah Red and White Pine of all kinds, Eastern Finishing Lumber, California Red Wood, Utah, Bear River, White Cedar and Red Wood
SHINGLES.
Red and White Rustic, Ceiling, Siding, Lath, Pickets, Flooring,
SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,
—AND—
Mouldings in Great Variety.
Frames of all Kinds Made to Order Very Cheap!
WINDOW GLASS.
Using large quantities ourselves, and dealing directly with the Manufactories in CAR LOAD LOTS, we intend keeping a Large Stock on hand, of the various sizes, for the Public to select from at Very Low Rates.
WOOD TURNING OF ALL KINDS.
LATIMER, TAYLOR & CO.,
ONE BLOCK EAST OF DEPOT.

DESERET
Carriage and Wagon
COMPANY,
SECOND SOUTH STREET,
One and a half Blocks East of Main Street,
BUILD ALL SIZES OF
FARM AND SPRING WAGONS
Fully Warranted for ONE YEAR.
Repairing in Woodwork, Blacksmithing, Painting, and Trimming.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
PRICES REASONABLE.
J. WALKER, Manager.