

SCHLEY'S REQUEST IS NOT GRANTED

Admiral Howison Will Not Be Asked to Explain.

IT WOULD BE IRREGULAR.

Department at This Stage Will Not Undertake to Determine Competency of Court of Inquiry Members.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The navy department this afternoon gave out the correspondence with Admiral Schley, relative to opinions said to have been expressed by Admiral Howison, a member of the court of inquiry. The secretary of the acting secretary of the navy states that it would be irregular for the navy department to determine questions affecting the competency of members of the court of inquiry.

Admiral Schley has been asked to advise Admiral Howison of the question of Admiral Howison's competency to be left to the court of inquiry.

The correspondence follows: Washington, Aug. 21.—The secretary of the navy, sir:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 19th inst. in relation to the question of Admiral Howison's competency to be left to the court of inquiry.

It is respectfully requested that a copy of this letter with this inclosure be forwarded to Rear-Admiral Howison for his consideration; and I would further request that I may be favored with a copy of his answer.

Very respectfully,
"W. S. SCHLEY,
"Rear-Admiral, U. S. N."

Very Department, Washington, Aug. 21.—Rear-Admiral W. S. Schley:—The letter of the 19th inst. in relation to the question of Admiral Howison's competency to be left to the court of inquiry, was received this morning.

After receipt of your letter, Capt. James H. Howison, one of your counsel, called at the department and stated that he intended to go to Boston on Saturday to make further investigation in the matter, and wished that no steps be taken by the department until the result of his visit could be communicated to the department.

It is respectfully requested that you would be pleased to learn immediately if it be your desire that action be withheld at present. Respectfully,
"F. W. HACKETT,
"Acting Secretary."

The Arlington, Washington, August 21.—In reply to the department's letter of this date, referring to the availability in case the department should require his services, Rear-Admiral Henry L. Howison, I said that I believe that the action requested should not be withheld, as a purpose is to avoid any delay in the department's session had begun, and therefore, that the request of my letter yesterday be communicated to Admiral Howison. Very respectfully,
"W. S. SCHLEY,
"Rear-Admiral, U. S. N."

Washington, Aug. 20.—Sir:—In reply to your letter of the 19th inst. in relation to the question of Admiral Howison's competency to be left to the court of inquiry, the department has been advised to send it to the court of inquiry, with a copy of your letter, you are informed that the court of inquiry has accepted only after taking great pains to insure absolute impartiality in the official session. To a question unofficially put as to the availability in case the department should require his services, Rear-Admiral Howison replied:

"I know of no reason why I should not be available for such duty should the department so desire. I have made available attendance relative to such duty, and I have seen none of the official questions and papers bearing upon the question to be decided by the court."

Your counsel, Capt. Parker, before the appointment had been announced, declined to the acting secretary the names of certain rear-admirals, any of whom, he said, would be perfectly satisfactory to the court of inquiry. One of the names so mentioned was that of Rear-Admiral Howison. It may be added that of four names mentioned in the department, the names of three were upon the list mentioned by your counsel.

This much has been detailed in order to remind you of the fact that a distinguished officer of excellent reputation and unblemished character has been found in the person of Rear-Admiral Howison, who, at the date of the appointment, appears to have enjoyed the confidence of both the department and yourself.

Your request is based on a newspaper clipping that purports to contain statements in regard to the truth of which you do not yourself express an opinion.

You ask the department to lay before Rear-Admiral Howison a statement, which is unsubstantiated, that appears to have been made by some person, unknown at a time and place whose name is unknown.

The department is unable to view the request in any other light than that of a preliminary challenge of the competency of Rear-Admiral Howison to be a member of the court. It will be treated as is usual in cases of such inquiries.

The established practice in the military as well as in the naval service has been the method in which the right of inquiry should be exercised.

The department, having constituted the court, should not, at this stage of the proceedings, undertake to hear and determine the questions that may arise relative to the competency of its members. Such a proceeding would be irregular, and all questions would be referred to the determination of the court.

This correspondence will be transmitted to the president of the court for his information. Respectfully,
"F. W. HACKETT,
"Acting Secretary."

"Rear-Admiral Schley, U. S. Navy."

Establish New Steamship Lines.

New York, Aug. 22.—In the interests of the Merchants Ship Canal company of England, Herbert M. Gibson, chief engineer, and Mr. J. M. Gibson, chief superintendent of the company, who were accompanied by Mr. R. L. Dawkins, representative of the canal company of the northern states, Mr. Gibson is of the opinion that the canal is only touched at yet the fringe of the work which it will eventually secure.

A SERIOUS SUMMER COLD.

A NEW YORK ALDERMAN'S LETTER CONCERNING PERUNA.



LOUIS F. CARDANI.

Hon. Louis F. Cardani, Alderman 29th District, New York City, writes from 267 Sixth avenue, as follows:

"I know of no medicine that I would rather recommend to the public nor use in my own family than Peruna. I have never heard anything but praise from those who have used it, and I believe that it fully deserves it."

"I contracted a serious cold last summer which persisted in staying with me and nothing would drive it away until I

took Peruna. In four days I felt much better, and at the end of the week all unpleasant symptoms had disappeared and I was well again. I am not in the habit of giving testimonials, but I make an exception in your case with much pleasure."—LOUIS F. CARDANI.

To catch a severe cold in the summer is often a much more grave affair than to catch cold in the winter. The depressing heat of summer is quite apt to cause the cold to settle in some internal organ. Summer colds have led to more cases of kidney disease, bladder disease, liver trouble than winter colds.

The experience of Hon. Cardani, Alderman of New York City, is an illustration of these statements. He had a summer cold which persisted. Nothing would drive it away. In four days Peruna began the cure and in a week he was well again.

What other medicine could have done this? Surely Peruna deserves the praise that so many million people are giving it. It is a medicine that ought to be used in every family.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

He is convinced that when new lines of steamers are started from American ports the owners will not be dissatisfied with the results.

Mr. Gibson has been commissioned by the directors of the company to visit the United States and Canada for the purpose of negotiating for the establishment of new lines of steamers between Atlantic ports and Manchuria and of inviting the directors of the existing steamship lines. Arrangements have been made for new lines both in this country and Canada.

California Stage Held Up.

Ashland, Or., Aug. 21.—Word reached here that the stage on the Agassiz-Klamath Falls route was held up by highwaymen ten miles east of Ashland, Cal., this morning, and that after securing the Wells Fargo & Co. express treasure box and the United States mail, the highwaymen made good their escape. The location of the hold-up was a flat country and in a neighborhood not heretofore infested with the stage robbers who have so frequently operated along this line.

Stage Struck by Lightning.

Prescott, Ariz., Aug. 21.—Word has been received here that the stage between Camp Verde and Dewey was struck by lightning. One horse was instantly killed, and the driver, badly burned by the bolt, his shoes and stockings being torn from his feet. All the passengers were more or less shocked, but none fatally injured.

Census Mortality Statistics.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The census bureau today issued a bulletin giving the mortality statistics during the census year in the states and territories and the principal registration cities. The total number of deaths reported for the year was 1,029,044, as against 1,414,119 for 1890. Perhaps the most important feature of the results presented is found in the decrease in the general death rate in the registration area of 1.5 per 1,000 of population, a decrease of nearly 10 per cent. The average age at death in 1890 was 31.1 years; in 1900 it was 35.2 years.

Mrs. Susan Field Critically Ill.

Oakland, Cal., Aug. 22.—Mrs. Susan Field, widow of the late Justice Stephen J. Field of the United States Supreme Court is critically ill. Her sister, Mrs. Condit Smith, is hurrying across the continent from Washington to see her and several physicians have been in consultation in an endeavor to save her life. Mrs. Field is a sufferer from heart trouble and other complications. She is over seventy years old.

Heavy Storm in Oklahoma.

Armadarko, Okla., Aug. 22.—Further details of the tornado which struck this city last night indicate that the storm was severe in the country districts where several persons were killed and injured and many buildings destroyed. The loss in crops and livestock will be heavy. One report says that four persons were killed at a farm house a few miles distant.

Edward and Czar to Meet.

New York, Aug. 22.—The report that King Edward and the czar will meet at Copenhagen, says the London correspondent of the Tribune, indicates a disposition on their part to establish in the same friendly relations between the sovereigns of the two countries which existed when Victoria was living. The relations between the German and English royal families are already a close one, and it may be added that of four names mentioned in the department, the names of three were upon the list mentioned by your counsel.

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"F. W. HACKETT,
"Acting Secretary."

"Rear-Admiral Schley, U. S. Navy."

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A JAPANESE CABINET CRISIS.

There Are Plenty of Signs of an Early Breakup.

IT IS DESTINED TO DEFEAT.

Native Press Insists That Peace Negotiations Concerning Manchuria Will Prove a Sham.

Yokohama, Aug. 3, via San Francisco.

Aug. 22.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Signs are rife of an early break up of the present cabinet. That it is destined to defeat as soon as parliament convenes has long been a foregone conclusion, but it is now confidently predicted that before it comes to that rock it will perish from internal dissension. When the diet meets interesting developments may be expected in the attitude of the house of peers. It has ambitions very different from those of upper houses in the old world parliaments, being by no means content to be considered a merely legislative body, but to maintain a merely conservative dignity. It proposes to be a vital and active factor in Japanese politics. It was largely because Marquis Ito ignored this fact that his cabinet went to pieces. He thought because he had a strong party behind him in the lower house that he was secure. But the peers asserted their power with telling effect and his only resource was to invoke the mandate of the sovereign in order to carry his measures. The fact that the most conservative part of the government is becoming intensely radical and aggressive excites much interest and comment.

The native press is still dwelling upon the failure of the council of the powers to bring the Manchurian question to a definite settlement and strongly insists that all the peace negotiations will prove a sham until such settlement is made. Russia is recognized as the only winner in the whole campaign of Chinese trouble, and that she has carried all points in the peace arrangements is universally conceded.

The veto of the Korean government upon the export of opium from that country seems destined to make trouble with Japan inasmuch as it not only seriously affects her extensive trade with the peninsula, but it is also claimed to be in violation of the treaties between the two countries. It is alleged also that the drought in Korea is a mere local affair, and will not in the least affect the total outcome of the year's crop. This question is being long between the source of friction between the two governments.

The money market is showing a decided improvement and stocks are on the rise in a fashion which may mean a genuine revival in business. The change is attributed to the fine weather which has put the rice crop out of danger. Silk is also looking up and there is a promising inflow of specie.

IDEA OF WAR RIDICULED.

French Consul in New York Tells of Trouble with Turkey.

New York, Aug. 22.—Edward Bruwart, the French consul general in this city, ridiculed the possibility of a war between his country and Turkey. "The trouble arises," he said, "over the wharves there. They were to charge vessels for docking privileges and the Turkish government guaranteed the income from the wharves annually. If the income from the wharves did not reach that amount the Turkish government was to make up the difference. The income did not reach the sum fixed and the company wants Turkey to make up the difference."

"There comes in another question. You know France has a postoffice of her own in Constantinople. Turkey does not like that. She says it interferes with her own postoffice. Turkey will not consent to do away with her postoffice. Then Turkey tries to force France. She says, 'Very well. You keep your postoffice and we will keep the money belonging to your wharf company.' When you abolish the postoffice we will pay the wharf company. Now France intends to have both the postoffice and the wharf company's money. She has seen the success your country has had in collecting money from the Sultan and she is going to collect the money due her."

"But war. No. This is what you call a bluff. It is like two children. One says, 'I will not play with you,' and the other, 'I will not play with you,' and they both cry. When you abolish the postoffice until one apologizes or a friend makes it up between France and Turkey. You may think of war when France sends Munir Bey, Turkey's ambassador in Paris, his passport. France will not give that passport. Munir Bey is not very well liked in Paris."

Mehmet Webb, the Turkish consul general in this city, also said that he did not think there was a possibility of war between France and Turkey.

Attempt at Lynching in New York.

New York, Aug. 22.—A determined effort was made by a mob last night to lynch Julius Seibel, a motorman, because his car had killed Julia Emory, 2 years old, on Madison avenue. The car was coming down a steep grade when the child tried to cross, became frightened and hesitated, standing in the middle of the track. The motorman threw on the brake but the child was killed. The little girl was thrown under the wheels and her head was crushed. People immediately swarmed to the place, women and children shrieking. The cry "Lynch him!" was raised by the mob and a concentrated attack was made on the motorman. He was bruised and badly beaten before a squad of police rescued him, beating the crowd back with their clubs. Seibel was arrested.

Woman at Head of Burglar Gang.

New York, Aug. 22.—It is believed that a woman is at the head of a gang of burglars committing depredations in Westchester county recently. Burglars were committed in three towns in the county on Tuesday night. In each case there is evidence that a woman was concerned. At Mount Vernon \$5,000 worth of valuables were taken from the home of Charles Barry. At this place the burglars cooked a meal before leaving, and in addition to the fact that the prints of a woman's shoe were found under the window where the burglar entered, the manner of the cooking gave evidence of a woman's skill.

ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION.

President Issues Proclamation Inviting Nations to Participate.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The state department today issued the following proclamation:

"Louisiana Purchase Exposition. By the President of the United States of America: A Proclamation.—Whereas Notice has been given me by the Louisiana Purchase Exposition commission, in accordance with the provisions of section 7 of the act of Congress, approved March 3, 1901, entitled 'An act to provide for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, 1904,' and whereas the said commission has requested me to issue a proclamation inviting nations to participate in the said exposition, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby invite all nations to participate in the said exposition, to be held at St. Louis, Missouri, in the year 1904."

one hundredth anniversary of the purchase of the Louisiana territory by the United States by holding an international exhibition of arts, industries, manufactures and products of the soil, mines, forests and sea in the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri; that provision has been adopted for grounds and buildings for the uses provided for in the said act of Congress.

"Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, President of the United States, by virtue of the authority vested in me by said act, do hereby declare and proclaim that such international exhibition will be opened in the city of St. Louis, the 1st day of May, 1903, and will be closed not later than the 1st day of December thereafter. And in the name of the government and of the people of the United States, I do hereby invite all the nations of the earth to take part in the commemoration of the purchase of the Louisiana territory, an event of great interest to the United States and abiding effect on their developments, by sending such exhibits to the Louisiana Purchase exposition as will most fully and fully illustrate their resources, their industries and their progress in civilization."

"In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington this 20th day of August, 1901, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-sixth."

"WILLIAM MCKINLEY,
"By the President:
"John Hay, secretary of State."

WANT GERMAN WARSHIP SENT.

Government Urged to Send One to Coast of Venezuela.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 22.—The Novoye Vremya says: "The fact must not be lost sight of that the German press is already beginning to urge the dispatch of German warships to the coasts of Venezuela and Colombia, on the ground that it is difficult to foresee the outcome of the conflict between these republics."

"Should the German government follow these counsels a German-American conflict may easily be raised upon the dispute between Colombia and Venezuela. The United States remain a stout supporter of the Monroe doctrine of 'America for the Americans.'"

21-23-25-27 W. So. Temple, Salt Lake City.

WALKER'S STORE.

THESE SPECIALS AS

Friday and Saturday Interest Makers.

50c Neckties for Men—25c.

(SEE WINDOW.)

PRECIOUS LITTLE NEED WE SAY ABOUT THESE TIES—THAT IS TO PRAISE THEM—YOU'LL DO ALL THE PRAISING WHEN YOU SEE THEM. JUST TAKE A PEEP AT THOSE IN THE WINDOW AND YOU HAVE THE WHOLE STORY WITHOUT WORDS. SOME MEN OF COURSE ARE TOO BUSY TO LOOK ABOUT MUCH BEFORE THEY COME TO BUY, SO FOR SUCH MEN A BRIEF SUMMING UP. THEY ARE BRAN NEW STOCK BOUGHT AT A SNAP AND THE BEST SNAP WE'VE SEEN; STYLES ARE CORRECT, PATTERNS THE LATEST, QUALITIES DOUBLE THE PRICE; THE SOLID COLORS HAVE THE DISTINCTIVE FEATURE OF BEING EXACTLY RIGHT IN SHADE, WHILE THE DOUBLE AND TRIPLE TONE COMBINATIONS HOLD THEIR OWN WITH THE BEST TRADE WINNERS FOR TALL. THEY ARE OF SATIN, GROSSGRAIN, OTTOMAN, PEAU DE SOLE AND OTHER SUBSTANTIAL WEAVES IN CROSS OR VERTICAL STRIPES, FANCY DESIGNS AND JACQUARDS. NO PROBABILITY OF SUCH VALUES COMING TO LIGHT AGAIN THIS YEAR, SO BETTER BUY TWO OR THREE AT LEAST.

CROCHET COTTON, 15c A BOX.

(10 BALLS.) Saturday, 2:30 to 9:30 p.m.

WE CAN CITE NO SINGLE INSTANCE IN THE HISTORY OF OUR BUSINESS WHERE A GOOD CROCHET COTTON HAS BEEN SOLD FOR SO LOW A FIGURE. MOST EVERY ONE KNOWS THE VICTOR TO BE A MOST RELIABLE ARTICLE AND WHEN BUT 15c IS ASKED FOR A 5c PROOF THERE CAN BE NO DOUBT AS TO WHAT PEOPLE WILL DO—THEY'LL BUY IT. SHOWN IN CLOTH ONLY FOR THE SELF-COLORS, BUT VARIETIES SHADINGS ALMOST WITHOUT ENDING: 200 YARD SPOOLS, 10 SPOOLS TO THE BOX.

15c Toilet Soap—8c.

SATURDAY, 2:30 TO 9:30 P. M.

LAVENDER BELL GLYCERINE SOAP—Pleasant to use, pleasant to buy. Cleanses the skin leaving it soft, smooth and free from irritation. We sell a box of 3 cakes for 15c, but Saturday afternoon you'll need pay but 8c.

A Half-Price Sale of Women's and Children's Outer Garments.

Not a mere price trimming or marking down or part sacrifice of profit, but a line drawn squarely through the middle entirely cutting out profit and taking a goodly slice from cost itself. If you are apt to have need of any of these items the great saving outweighs all objections urged against buying at the season's end. These are examples:

WOMEN'S COSTUMES

Of Venetian, Albatross and Cheviotte, properly designed, properly made and properly priced at HALF PRICE \$27.00 to \$40.00.

WOMEN'S BRILLIANTINE SUITS.

Nine suits in this lot in colors blue, black and grey, sizes 34, 36, 38, 40. Good things for the dust of country drives or railway travel. Their only faulting—they never know when to wear out. Regular values \$17.50 to \$25.00, now HALF PRICE.

SUMMER CAPES AND LIGHT JACKETS.

The whole bunch of them thrown in with the rest; may as well, and make a clean job of it. Don't forget those cool evenings ahead whose coming calls for a light protection. These might serve you well till your winter garments are needed. All we have of the many styles HALF PRICE and kinds.

WOMEN'S DRESSING SACQUES.

You'll find these in white or colors, made of lawns, organdies, percales and dimities. As well have a couple of these at this price, you'll need them sometime and thank fortune fashion never discards these comfort giving negligees. The regular prices are \$1.00 to HALF PRICE \$4.00, this sale.

INFANTS' REEFER JACKETS.

Of Bedford cord trimmed with silk cord and lace, at the usual selling value of 95c, these two days, 65c.

CHILDREN'S JACKETS.

A broken lot of light-weight jackets in red, tan, green, light blue and navy blue, modestly trimmed with braids and ribbons, worth \$2.00 to \$5.00, regular HALF PRICE now.

WALKER BROTHERS DRY GOODS CO.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE OF UTAH

LOGAN, UTAH.

The Scientific Technical College of the State. Provides Liberal, Thorough, and Practical Education.

The Agricultural College of Utah offers thorough courses in Agriculture, Domestic Science, Commerce, Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, General Science, Manual Training in Mechanic Arts and in Domestic Arts; also a Preparatory Course.

The equipment comprises 16 buildings, with modern class rooms; chemical, biological, mineralogical, physical, and soil-physics laboratories; department museums; dairy; carpenter, forge, and machine shops; kitchen sewing rooms; library and reading rooms; thoroughly equipped commercial rooms; and such additional apparatus, instruments, and machinery as are required for thorough and efficient work throughout all departments. The faculty numbers 37. The fall term opens September 17, 1901. For illustrated catalogue and other information address, AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, LOGAN, UTAH.

ELIAS MORRIS & SONS COMPANY.

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