

## THE NEW CUBAN GOVERNMENT.

Plans for its Inauguration Are Completed.

WILL BE INSTALLED MAY 20

Secretary Root Issues His Order to Gov. Wood—President-Elect Palma Expresses Gratitude.

Washington, March 25.—The Cuban question occupied nearly the entire time of the cabinet meeting today, the details of the transfer of the island to the new government being considered at great length. It is the desire of the administration to provide as fully as possible for the absolute and complete turning over to the government as soon as the Cuban flag is raised. Considerable time was taken up in reading in full the instructions given Gen. Wood for the withdrawal of United States sovereignty.

This government is anxious to maintain the million dollar drydock at Havana, establish and maintain one naval station, to continue the system of weather stations which already have proved of great efficiency in giving advance warning of storms and hurricanes, and other important meteorological work, but these details while fully discussed, are matters subject to negotiation and discussion between the representatives of this government and the Cuban representatives.

The postal service is one important branch which transition into absolute control of the Cubans will occasion no difficulty. The chain of postoffices now in operation are in public buildings belonging to Cuba, and the postal service of this government has no property worth mentioning on the island. The postmasters, except possibly at Santiago, are natives and there will therefore be no occasion for changes from the personnel unless the new Cuban government has reasons for not now anticipated.

May 20, 1902, is the date fixed for turning over the island of Cuba to its people. The change of date was made, if not at the suggestion, then with the full approval of President-elect Palma and his advisers. Seniors Tamayo and Guadalupe, who were with him at the war department today. It has been determined that President Palma shall be inaugurated on the same day that American control of the island ceases.

Gen. Wood immediately upon his return to Cuba, will issue a call convening the first Cuban congress in May 20, next, in order that the body might employ the ten days following the date in supplying any legislation necessary to the assumption of full powers in the island.

### SECY. ROOT'S ORDERS.

Secy. Root this evening made public his order to Gen. Wood, directing him to turn over the government and control of Cuba to its people on May 20, next. The order requires the Cuban government to assume all treaty obligations, to maintain the island in a state of peace, to leave the island entirely defenseless until the Cuban government shall have opportunity to organize its own forces. Gen. Wood also is directed to convene the Cuban congress before May 20. He also is directed to consult with President-elect Palma and substitute his orders as he shall desire for those now holding official positions in Cuba. The text of the order follows:

### TEXT OF THE ORDER.

"War Department, Washington, March 24, 1902.—Sir: You are authorized to provide for the inauguration on the 20th of May next of the government elected by the people of Cuba, and upon the establishment of said government to leave the government and control of the island of Cuba to its people, pursuant to the provisions of the act of Congress approved March 2, 1901, and the appropriation for the army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, approved March 2, 1901.

"Upon the transfer of government and control of the island to the Cuban government, you are to advise them that such transfer is upon the express understanding and condition that the new government does thereupon and by the acceptance thereof, pursuant to the provisions of the appendix to the constitution of Cuba, adopted by the constitutional convention on the 12th of June, 1895, assume and undertake all and several the obligations assumed by the United States of America, and her majesty, the queen regent of Spain, signed at Paris on the 10th day of December, 1898.

"It is the purpose of the United States

## MARCH THE MOST TRYING MONTH IN THE YEAR.

After the long, tedious strain of winter, the severe March weather is very trying to the run-down system. Be particular to keep your blood rich, your circulation in perfect condition, and your entire system fortified against disease and the changeable climate. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, the world's famous medicine, is a gentle, invigorating stimulant and tonic, which builds new tissue, tones up the heart, aids digestion, stimulates and enriches the blood, invigorates the brain and kills disease germs. A tablespoonful in half a glass of milk or water three times a day will keep the body strong and vigorous and free from all disease. It prevents the shedding of the skin, keeps the entire constitution in a normal and healthy condition. Local treatment for any of these diseases is of no value. Build up the system and you will drive out disease.

### WELL AND HEARTY AT 86.

Gentlemen—I have used considerable of your Malt Whiskey, and find that it placed me up in my old age and infirmities and keeps me well and hearty. (I am nearing my 86th year.) W. S. NEWMAN, Canton, Pa., Dec. 8th, 1901.

### INVALUABLE TONIC.

Sirs—I have used your Whiskey for

## DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is the only whiskey recognized by the government as a medicine; this is a guarantee. See that "The Chemist's Head" is on the label, and that it is in our own patent bottle, with the name "Duffy's Malt Whiskey Co." blown in the bottle. This is the only way the genuine is sold. If offered in bulk or in flasks it is a fraud. The genuine is sold by druggists and grocers or direct at \$1.00 a bottle.

FREE—Two game counters for whist, checkers, etc., on receipt of 4 cents in stamps in every postage. DUFFY'S MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N. Y. Valuable medical booklet free.

Selden-Judson Drug Co., Salt Lake City, Wholesale Agents

## Schoolgirls Know Its Worth.

## PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Gives Them Energy, Snap, and Full Life.

It Enables Them to Attain the Blessings and Vigor of True Womanhood.

Women and girls in every station of life who have used Paine's Celery Compound know that it is a blessing that sick and run-down females cannot afford to be without.

Modjeska, the peerless queen of actresses, voices the sentiments of thousands of women and girls who have tested the strength making and life giving virtues of Paine's Celery Compound when she says: "I have found Paine's Celery Compound the best of all remedies for the nervous exhaustion consequent upon the arduous work of my profession." Overworked women in the home, and weak, languid schoolgirls have found in Paine's Celery Compound the health and vigor it so strongly guarantees.

Ida Mallory, of Allentown, Ill., with the view of benefiting young girls suffering with what the doctors called nervous disease and neuritis, and three or four doctors treated me all last summer without doing me any good. My father started to travel with me, and in our travels a friend told me to try a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound. My father bought a bottle of it, and it helped me so I took two bottles more which entirely cured me. My father has nervous headaches and he has been taking Paine's Celery Compound, and says it has done him a hundred dollars worth of good. We are using the fourth bottle in our family, and we consider Paine's Celery Compound worth its weight in gold for nervous and other troubles.

EASTON EGGS should be colored with Diamond Dyes. Four colors for faster, better results.

government, forthwith upon the inauguration of the new government of Cuba, to terminate the occupancy of the island by the United States and to withdraw from the island all military forces now in occupancy thereof, but for the preservation and care of the coast defenses of the island, and to avoid leaving the island entirely defenseless against external attack, you may leave in the coast fortifications such small number of artillerymen as may be necessary, for such reasonable time as may be required to enable the new government to organize and substitute therefor an adequate military force of its own; by which time it is anticipated that the naval stations referred to in the appendix to the constitution of Cuba, adopted by the constitutional convention on the 12th day of June, 1895, will have been agreed upon and the said artillerymen may be transferred therefor.

"You will convene the congress elected by the people of Cuba in joint session at such reasonable time before the 20th of May as shall be necessary therefor, for the purpose of performing the duties of counting and ratifying the electoral vote for president and vice president under the fifth article of the Cuban constitution. At the same time you will publish and certify to the people of Cuba the instrument adopted as the constitution of Cuba by the constitutional convention on the 12th day of June, 1895, and the forming a part thereof, adopted by the said convention on the 12th day of June, 1901.

"It is the understanding of the government of the United States that the government of the island will pass to the new president and congress of Cuba as a governing concern, all the laws promulgated by the government of occupation continuing in force and effect, and all the judicial and subordinate executive and administrative officials continuing in the lawful discharge of their present functions until changed by the constitutional officers of the new government. At the same time the responsibility of the United States for the collection and expenditure of revenues and for the proper performance of the insular government will end and the responsibility of the new government of Cuba will therefore commence.

"In order to avoid any embarrassment to the new president which might arise from his assuming executive responsibilities with subordinates whom he does not know, or in whom he has no confidence, and to avoid any delay in the new government, the following steps will be taken for the drafting of a treaty between the two governments embodying the features outlined in the Platt amendment, which has been made an appendix to our constitution. This will include a provision for a naval station, probably at Guantanamo, although this is not settled, and probably the establishment of coal stations to be mutually agreed upon.

"The orders given to Gen. Wood contemplate the retention of about 500 artillerymen at various coast batteries. A time was suggested to Gen. Palma.

"Those artillerymen are to be kept at the batteries with the consent of the Cuban government," responded Gen. Palma. "They are not to interfere in any way with Cuban affairs. They will be retained until the Cuban government is ready to replace them with a force of its own. The latter now has about 200 men who have been drilled in artillery practice and to these it is contemplated adding about 100 more. As soon as they are sufficiently familiar with the duties that will devolve upon them, they will take the places of the Americans. The Americans then will presumably be sent to the coaling station provided for in the treaty to be ratified between the two governments. The United States government will thus avert the necessity of shipping the troops to the United States and back to Cuba.

"Of course should the remotest possibility of an attack on Cuba by a foreign force demonstrate the necessity of the assistance of the artillerymen in the coast batteries, they no doubt will be available for that purpose, but such a contingency is not likely, as Cuba has no foe which could do her harm."

Gen. Palma in closing paid this tribute to the United States government: "The government of the United States has shown a most beautiful example of good faith in dealing with a weak government which it undertook to rescue from its oppressors. It has demonstrated its generosity and patriotism and by the shedding its own blood has helped Cuba to break the chain which united it with Spain. Some countries would have sought some pretext for some technicality for their own aggrandizement, but the contrary spirit has been manifested by the United States and it has given to the world an evidence of good will seldom found. The people of the United States have remembered their own Declaration of Independence and have fulfilled a duty to mankind."

President Palma has a wife and a

four years as a tonic, and find it invaluable. J. BELL, 248 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 15, 1901.

### TONIC AND FOOD.

Duffy Malt Whiskey Co.—We always have Duffy's Malt Whiskey in our house since the doctor's advice to use it as a tonic and tonic and food. W. M. H. BLEW, 1210 Fidelity St., Reading, Pa., December 19, 1901.

ABSOLUTELY PURE & UNADULTERATED

TRADE MARK

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

## CATARRH THIRTY YEARS.

A Remarkable Experience of a Prominent Statesman.

Congressman Meekison Gives Peruna a High Endorsement.



CONGRESSMAN MEEKISON OF OHIO.

Hon. David Meekison is well known, not only in his own State, but throughout America. He began his political career by serving four consecutive terms as Mayor of the town in which he lives, during which time he became widely known as the founder of the Meekison Bank of Napoleon, Ohio. He was elected to the Fifty-first Congress by a very large majority, and is the acknowledged leader of his party in his section of the State.

Only one flaw marred the otherwise complete success of this rising statesman. Catarrh with its insidious approach and tenacious grasp, was his only unconquered foe. For thirty years he waged unsuccessful warfare against this personal enemy. At last Peruna came to the rescue, and he dictated the following letter to Dr. Hartman as the result:

"I have used several bottles of Peruna and I feel greatly benefited thereby from my catarrh of the head. I feel encouraged to believe that if I use it a short time longer I will be fully able to eradicate the disease of thirty years' standing."—David Meekison, Member of Congress.

The season of catching cold is upon us. The cough and the sneeze and the nasal twang are to be heard on every hand. The origin of chronic catarrh, the most common and dreadful of diseases, is a cold.

This is the way the chronic catarrh generally begins. A person catches cold, which hangs on longer than usual. The cold generally starts in the head and throat. Then follows sensitiveness of the air passages which incline one to catch cold very easily. At last the person has a cold all the while seemingly, more or less discharge from the nose, hawking, spitting, frequent clearing of the throat, nostrils stopped up, full feeling in the head, and sore, inflamed throat.

The best time to treat catarrh is at the very beginning. A bottle of Peruna properly used, never fails to cure a common cold, thus preventing chronic catarrh.

Miss Alice O'Neill, 812 Adams street, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"I cannot say too much in favor of Peruna. About a year ago I was completely worn out. I had a cold and a hard cough which seemed to be in danger of affecting my lungs. If my system had been in a stranger condition it would have been much easier to throw off this cold, but I could not seem to get any relief until I took Peruna, and I must say that it did the work thoroughly. Within a week I could see a wonderful improvement and I took Peruna four weeks and am in perfect health now."

ALICE O'NEILL.

Miss Alice M. Walsh, 2709 Cedar street, Seattle, Wash., writes:

"Last winter I caught a very heavy cold which settled on my lungs, and I could not get rid of it also brought on a disagreeable catarrh of the head. I had read so much of the wonderful results from using Peruna that I bought a bottle to see what the result would be with me. I noticed a change for the better before the week was over, so I continued taking it for a month with the result that my lungs were healed, and I no longer have that nasty tasting discharge from my head and throat. I am most pleased with my recovery."

MRS. A. SNEDEKER, Cartersville, Ga., writes:

"I saw that your catarrh remedy, Peruna, was doing others so much good that I thought I would try it and see what it would do for me. My case is an old one and I have none of the acute symptoms now, because I have had the disease so long that I have none of the aches and pains, but a general run-down condition of the whole body—sore nose and throat and stomach. I had a good appetite, but my food did not nourish my system. I had come down from 130 to about 75 pounds in weight. I now feel that I am well of all my troubles."

MRS. A. SNEDEKER.

While many people have been cured of chronic catarrh by a single bottle of Peruna, yet, as a rule, when the catarrh becomes thoroughly fixed more than one bottle is necessary to complete a cure. Peruna has cured cases of chronic catarrh of twenty years' standing. It is the best, if not the only internal remedy for chronic catarrh in existence.

But prevention is far better than cure. Every person subject to catching cold should take Peruna at once at the slightest symptom of cold or sore throat at this season of the year and thus prevent what is almost certain to end in chronic catarrh.

Send for free book on catarrh, entitled "Winter Catarrh," by Dr. Hartman. "Health and Beauty" sent free to women only.

family of six children. Two of the oldest boys will remain in the United States at the school which they are now attending. Mrs. Palma and the four children will join the general prior to the inauguration at Havana.

### FOOT LOCKING IN A TREATY.

Washington, N. C., March 25.—The body of James Wilkie, the 19-year-old negro who poisoned the whole family of Dr. David T. Taylor upon the state board of medical examiners, was found hanging from a limb of a gum tree on the Greenville road, just outside of the town limits of Washington, N. C.

The increase in trade between the two countries has been remarkable. The prospects are that the trade will continue to grow very fast. Naturally I hope that these relations will be marked by reciprocity. The establishment of the Great Northern line between America and my country will be strong proof of the importance of the trade between the United States and Japan.

As the empire starts new industries, the need of machinery will be greater and greater. America will supply the larger portion of the demand. From here the party will go to St. Paul, thence to Chicago and from Chicago to Niagara Falls. The next stopping place will be New York. From New York the party will go to Boston and then to England.

The Sherman Going into Dry Dock. San Francisco, Cal., March 25.—The United States transport Sherman, for months past undergoing repairs and alterations at the Union Iron Works will go into dry dock on Saturday preparatory to making her place on the Manila route, under command of Capt. Fraser. As reconstructed the Sherman is said to be the first vessel in the transport service.

St. Louis Fair Work Progressing. St. Louis, Mo., March 25.—The work on the world's fair has progressed so far that it is possible for a casual visitor to make out roughly the main features of the picture which is to be painted on the site with buildings, lawns, trees and avenues.

On next Saturday plans and specifications will be ready for the machinery building, designed by Widman, Walsh & Boisselier. The estimated cost of

the building is \$600,000. The department of works has prepared plans for the building which will convert the St. Louis Athletic club house on the world's fair site into a temporary hospital. The large increase in the number of men employed on the site makes some provision for emergency aid to the injured necessary.

F. J. W. Hart, architect of the Arkansas world's fair building, has arrived in St. Louis to make final surveys and preparations for the erection of the building.

F. W. Taylor, chief of the department of agriculture and acting chief of the department of horticulture, and Charles M. Reeves, secretary of the joint committee on legislation and state affairs, are expected to leave today on a tour of exploration. Their first stop will be at Albuquerque, N. M., and from there they will visit in order Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Boise City, Salt Lake, Cheyenne and Denver. Their itinerary may also include Carson City. They expect to be away about three weeks.

Famous Linoges Enamels Sold.

New York, March 25.—Information from Madrid has just reached London an effort to the effect that the famous "Linoges" collection of Linoges enamels has just been bought, says a London dispatch to the Herald by a London agent, for \$200,000.

This collection is one of the most valuable in the world and comprises some of the finest and most important pieces of this ware known. It is made up of trays, caskets, cups, dishes and plates.

Miss Harriman as a Broncho Buster. Chicago, March 25.—The visit to Phoenix, Ariz., of E. I. Harriman, president of the Southern Pacific railroad, and party, was a marked event which came near being a tragedy. Mr. Harriman's party started for a horseback ride about the city, when Miss Mary Harriman, the young daughter of the financier, became engaged in a fierce battle with the broncho horse she was riding, says a special to the Tribune.

Miss Harriman was no sooner in the saddle than the horse began to buck. With great cleverness the girl kept her seat, as the vicious horse reared and side-leaped. Mr. Harriman and half a hundred other men rushed to the rescue, but could not get near the plunging animal. Miss Harriman sat like a veteran "broncho buster" until the horse slipped and rolled over her. She escaped with an injured ankle, but it was considered a miracle that she was not crushed to death.

Miss Harriman, who is a noted equestrienne and a familiar figure on the avenues of New York and San Francisco, was warned against the horse, but refused to entertain any fear of the animal. She showed less anxiety during the fight with the horse than the spectators.

Col. Joseph A. Lubliner Dead.

Chicago, March 25.—Col. Joseph A. Lubliner is dead at Sterling, Ill. He has been served in the staff of Gen. Kossuth, with the rank of colonel, was taken prisoner by the Russians and sentenced to 25 years' service in the Russian army, and after some time stationed at Moscow, and afterward detailed as imperial guard to Czar Nicholas. Aided by friends and disguised as a peasant, he escaped to Hamburg, and afterward to Liverpool. At the latter place he rejoined Gen. Kossuth and came with him to America. In 1862 he went to California and for two years served as a member of the pioneer guards and as captain of the Vigilance committee, which restored law and order. In 1864 he landed in Sterling, where he had since resided.

Damage Suits Against N. Y. Central.

New York, March 25.—Six new suits for damages, aggregating \$25,000, for the loss of life and property, were filed today in the New York Central railway company in the supreme court at White Plains.

The largest suit for damages is brought by Walter C. Coffin, of 46 Lafayette street, New Rochelle, who sues for \$500,000 for injuries received by his son, Everett Coffin. Everett, who is 15 years old, is still in Flower hospital, and it is claimed will be a cripple for life.

With the other suits for injuries and deaths previously filed the total demand for damages amounts to nearly \$2,800,000.

Pest Drying Process Experiments.

Ann Arbor, Mich., March 25.—Professor Charles and Butler and Moore, Allen and Anderson, of the engineering department, University of Michigan, are conducting experiments on a new pest-drying process with the probability of great success. The process, it is expected, will enable them to produce pest-free fuel products at considerably less than the price of hard coal.

One round of dry fuel saves the same amount of heat as three quarters of a pound of coal, and there are no cinders or refuse except ashes. The machinery consists of rollers by which the fuel is squeezed out. The pest is then dried and pressed into solid blocks of the density of bituminous coal.

There are millions of acres of pest bogs in this country.

Mind Ruined by Overstudy.

New York, March 25.—Overstudy is believed by the physicians to have completely ruined the mind of Wm. Schultze, chief chemist of the General Chemical company of Jersey City, Passaic and Bayonne. The physicians ordered his removal from his home to a sanatorium.

Schultze is 35 years old and unmarried. He came to this country from Berlin fourteen years ago. Starting as a clerk in the Raynolds plant, he was advanced step by step. His knowledge of chemistry came to him by hard study. All his spare time was spent over his books. At night when he returned home from the works he would look himself in his room and seek the knowledge he so much desired. Daylight would find him still poring over the volumes.

A few hours sleep seemed to satisfy him. The strain, however, was so great that his mind gave way.

London's Anglo-American Club.

New York, March 25.—A most interesting subject in club land continues to be the new club founded by Anglo-American millionaires, says the London correspondent of the Herald. As already announced it will be called the Columbia, and it is further said it will be the most elaborate, the most extensive and the most expensive club in Europe.

The entrance fee, which is to be fifty guineas (\$325) with an annual subscription of fifteen guineas (\$75), is much higher than any sums ever exacted in any London club.

Negotiations are in progress for the purchase of the building in Dover street and Piccadilly. The syndicate offered to pay \$250,000 for the property, and it is expected the purchase will be completed in a few days.

The membership, which is limited to 1,000, is said to be filled up already.

Divorced from Elizabeth B. Dale.

Chicago, March 25.—Harvey S. Dale has been granted a divorce from Mrs. Elizabeth B. Dale on statutory grounds. Mrs. Dale came into national notoriety several months ago when she was arrested in New York on a charge of murdering her infant daughter, Emma, by means of poisoned candy. She was cleared of the charge by a coroner's jury. A continuing denial of the charges was filed by Mrs. Dale's attorney, but at the last moment Mrs. Dale decided not to defend the case.

## Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful and pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of Mother's Friend so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers. The Bradford Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

## Mother's Friend

SHOES

That give the most

SATISFACTION

For the least

MONEY

Are made by

ROBINSON BROS. CO.,

124 MAIN STREET.

TRUNKS, BAGS, LEATHER GOODS, BICYCLES.

OLIVER R. MEREDITH,

155-157 MAIN ST.

TRUNKS REPAIRED. BICYCLES REPAIRED.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST

GOLD DUST