

Americans. Rev. T. A. Fulton and Miss Mary Fulton, M. D., all of the American Presbyterian Mission in China, established a mission hospital and station at Kevai Ping, about 400 miles southwest from Canton. When they had expended a considerable sum in putting up buildings, placards appeared on the walls declaring that the

"FOREIGN DEVILS" MUST GO
In three days and their buildings would be destroyed. The literate as usual were at the bottom of the disturbance. A crowd gathered near the hospital and Fulton set out to procure the protection of the militia. He was stoned on his way and not permitted to return and no soldiers were sent to protect the mission. On May 6th they piled straw and faggots against the building occupied by Mrs. and Miss Fulton and a little daughter of the former, upon which the inmates fled and the house was looted and burned. The ladies sought refuge on boats, but the mob threatened to destroy any boat that should receive them and after some delay they reached a point where Fulton had been compelled to remain. Two days later they were put on boats and conveyed to Canton. The value of the property destroyed is about \$5,000, and Consul Seymour is pressing a demand for the payment of this amount in damages.

THE SECOND CASE
Is of still more recent date. On Sunday, June 6th, in the absence of all gentlemen connected with the Methodist Episcopal mission hospital at Chun King, and while only one lady was present, a mob collected, broke down the gates, threw stones at the lady, one of which cut open her index finger its entire length, while she was otherwise injured about the head and arms. Complaint was made to the officials, but the matter was treated lightly. "This is a serious case," writes Denby, and may be a test case. It grew, as all our evils in China do, out of the troubles in the United States."

Still later, July 19th, a mob attacked the mission property at Chun King, and destroyed it. Mr. Denby filed a protest.

CHARLESTON, S. C., 17.—Mayor Courtney to-day issued the following proclamation:

CITY OF CHARLESTON,
Executive Department,
September 17th, 1888.

To the Public:

The City Council of Charleston, at its last regular meeting, on the 14th instant, took the following action:

Whereas, A terrible calamity has befallen Charleston, vast and widespread in the loss it inflicts, far greater in effect than was at first realized, and

Whereas, It is evident that liberal and spontaneous assistance which has come to us from all parts of this country and from England, and which is deeply appreciated and gratefully acknowledged by our people, will be wholly insufficient to meet our unexpected exigencies,

Be it Resolved, That the Mayor be requested to prepare and issue an address to the public, setting forth our condition and invoking additional aid for this stricken city. In making known to the general public this deliberation of the municipal government is to the condition of our city at this time, it seems to me unnecessary that I should add any words of my own. The unfortunate facts are before the country by statements of disinterested visitors from different parts of the land after personal observation, and unknown here and deeply felt. I ask the press of the United States to give its proclamation the benefit of its far-reaching circulation.

(Signed) WILLIAM A. COURTNEY.

ANACONDA, M. T., 17.—Patrick Gibbons, a barber, who has been here for a year past, committed suicide at 3 o'clock this afternoon by taking morphine. The rash act was the outcome of a long spree, during which he had become involved in a difficulty with the authorities. About two weeks ago he was placed under arrest for disturbing the peace and resisting an officer, but friends secured his release under bonds. He promised to sober up, instead of which he resumed drinking. To-day while at home he sent a small boy to a drug store for two ounces of morphine, and, on its being brought to the house, his wife took possession of it. He forced it from her, drove her from the room and then took the contents of the bottle. On her return he was dead. No inquest has been held as yet. He leaves a family.

DENVER, Col., 17.—Two special trains, one of 12, the other 17 sleepers, arrived here this afternoon, over the Union Pacific, bringing the California Knights Templar triennial convocation to St. Louis. The visitors were met at the depot by members of the Denver lodge and were escorted through the city in carriages. After remaining here four hours, they resumed the journey east over the Kansas Pacific. Four hundred Colorado Knights leave over the same road to-morrow night in a special train of twelve Pullman coaches.

GALVESTON, Tex., 17.—A special to the News from Laredo, Texas, says: A telegram has been received here stating that the famous rebel chief El Coyote, with his lieutenants named Vela and Pena and six followers were killed in an engagement with the national troops under Col. Valdez near Santa Domingo ranch, a short distance from Laredo, Mexico, yesterday.

Denver, Col., 17.—An El Paso special says: Captain Duggal, of the Tenth Infantry, who has been operating in

the field against the Apaches all summer, and who was promoted in the field from lieutenant to captain for bravery and efficient service, has been ordered with his command to Fort Bliss, from where he will go shortly to Fort Union, New Mexico. This removal shows that the military authorities consider the Indian troubles over and that the presence of troops on that account is no longer needed in New Mexico and Arizona. Any future reports about the Indian raids in that country may be set down as sensational and unfounded.

WASHINGTON, 17.—Special Agent Tingle, of the Treasury Department, has returned to this city from the Island of Alaska. He left Alaska shortly after the seizure of the foreign sealers had been made by Captain Albee. In the case of the British vessel *Onward*, Tingle says, that the master of this vessel admitted having killed his catch of seals along the shores of the Seal Islands. The predatory sealers, he says, make a practice of stealing ashore under cover of fogs and clabbing seals, which are then tossed into boats and conveyed on board the ship to be skinned. Large numbers of seals are also shot in the sea and this practice is particularly destructive from the fact that three of every four animals shot sink and cannot be recovered. Notwithstanding these losses, the agent says seal life is increasing with great rapidity. The agent was not inclined to discuss the legality of the seizures already made, but stated a law officer had been sent from San Francisco to assist in procuring the cases before the Sitka Court.

About \$250,000 of the bonds embraced in the 1424 call issued on the 15th inst., have already been redeemed at the Treasury Department. It is believed that most of these bonds were forwarded under the terms of the circular, offering to redeem any uncalled 3 per cent. bonds, but were called before they had been received at the Department.

SAN FRANCISCO, 17.—Julius Baum & Co., wholesale clothiers, No. 9 Sansome Street, assigned to Solomon Sweet to-day for the benefit of his creditors.

The firm is one of the oldest and largest in the city. It consists of Julius Baum, Henry Schrier, who resides here, and Morris Schrier, of New York. The failure was totally unexpected, and has caused much surprise among business men. Liabilities are estimated all the way from three-quarters to \$1,000,000. No accurate information on this head is yet obtainable, as the assignee says he has not had any opportunity to arrive at anything like a correct estimate and the resident members of the firm positive refuse to say anything. It is generally believed, however, that the assets are quite equal to the liabilities, and that the firm will be able to pay dollar for dollar.

THE CAUSE OF THE FAILURE

Is even a greater mystery than the amount of indebtedness; even those persons most intimately acquainted with the firm are utterly unable to assign any reasonable cause for it. Mr. Baum, the senior member, has for many years been considered a very wealthy man, his private means being estimated as high as \$500,000. He occupies a handsome residence on Van Ness Avenue, and owns real estate valued at \$400,000. Ten months ago the firm's balance sheet showed a surplus of assets over liabilities of \$600,000. Their business since then has apparently been prosperous. It is, therefore, believed that some heavy speculations not connected with the business of the house must have caused the assignment. It is stated that Mr. Baum has of late been

A HEAVY BORROWER

at the bank, but to what use the money has been applied is not known. The principal creditors in this city are London, Paris & American bank, Daniel Meyer, Bank of California and Sather & Co., private bankers. All of these banks are, however, said to be well secured, and their losses, if any, will be light. The record of real estate transactions to-day shows a conveyance by the gift of Julius Baum to Sadie Bauer, of a lot on Van Ness Avenue south of Bush Street, and the sale of some property by Sadie Bauer and her husband to Louis Sloss. It is explained that Sadie Bauer is Mr. Baum's daughter, and the property was given to her a year ago, and subsequently sold by her and her husband to Louis Sloss, but the transactions were not placed on record at the time. Several days must elapse before a statement of assets and liabilities can be given.

WASHINGTON, 17.—Some manufacturers of oleomargarine have protested to the Treasury Department against the construction placed by the Internal Revenue bureau on the second section of the act regulating the manufacture of that compound. The law imposes on "oleo oil," neutral and other articles of a like nature, a tax of the same amount as is imposed on oleomargarine. It appears that there are a number of firms engaged in the manufacture of oleomargarine, whose business is to purchase and combine the various ingredients into the marketable article, and if the component articles are subject to tax, as has been held by the revenue bureau, the result will be to compel these manufacturers to

PAY A DOUBLE TAX,

as they are also required by law to place stamps on the finished articles when compounded. It is also stated

that certain firms are making large quantities of what is known as "oleo oil," which is sold and used solely as a lubricant for machinery. If the strict construction already given to the law by the department is adhered to, this material will also be subjected to the tax imposed on oleomargarine. The matter is now under consideration by the Internal Revenue Bureau, and it is believed that when Commissioner Miller returns, the construction that has been placed on the second section of the act will be modified so as to relieve the material of the tax. Circulars have been sent to all collectors requesting information as to the number of oleomargarine factories in each district, average production and other information, with a view to adjusting the clerical force of the bureau to meet the demands of business when the act shall go into operation.

SAN FRANCISCO, 17.—Henry Schultz and Charles M. Coleman, celebrated eastern cracksmen, having engaged on a systematic safe cracking tour from Washington Territory down to San Diego, Cal., their latest exploits being the robbery of the post offices at Redwood and Los Gatos, this State. They have been captured in this city. Schultz has served several terms in the Penitentiary at San Quentin, Cal., and also at Albany, N. Y. At the latter place in an attempt to escape he shot two officers and at another time set fire to a bed in his cell with the intention of destroying the penitentiary. Coleman has an unenviable record in St. Louis.

HALIFAX, 17.—Testimony was taken to-day in the case of the American schooner *David Adams*, seized last May for violation of the fishing laws.

At the opening of the court, Meagher, counsel for the United States, protested against the presence of reporters, but the commissioner declared that he had no authority to remove them. As they were leaving the room at the close of the session, they were all served with subpoenas in the case, the intention being to exclude them for the remainder of the session under the laws preventing witnesses from hearing the testimony of other witnesses in the same case. The reporters have employed counsel and will make a fight to prevent their exclusion to-morrow morning. Meagher says he will exclude reporters or break up the meeting. The matter created a sensation.

Among the witnesses sworn to-day was one who testified that Capt. Kenner, of the *Adams*, bought four barrels of bait and four tons of ice, and bargained for his next morning's catch of bait, saying he wanted 20 barrels. The bait and ice were delivered on board the *Adams*. The vessel had a piece of canvas hanging over the stern, which concealed part of the name, exposing only David. This evidence was corroborated.

WASHINGTON, 17.—The *Evening Star* prints a statement to the effect that Secretary Manning will go to Austria as United States Minister instead of returning to the Treasury Department. It says that a hint as to his appointment is said to have been made to Austria, and it was received with great favor, and also says that the President has decided to make the appointment. Governor Porter, First Assistant Secretary of State, says, however, that he has never heard of such an appointment being contemplated.

MASON, Ga., 17.—Rev. Jesse Cook, colored, was hanged to-day in Butler for Co. the murder of his wife, last April. The crowd at the execution was estimated at 8,000. Cook made a full confession.

CHARLESTON, 17.—There was a slight shock of an earthquake at 2:25 this morning.

PITTSBURG, 18.—John L. Sullivan and Frank Herald arrived on the early morning train from the east and were at once driven to their hotels. Sullivan was accompanied by Sheedy, the latter by Mallahan and Jones. Arthur Chambers, Joe Coburn, Harry Hill and John McCormick also arrived at the same time. All arrangements have been completed for the meeting and no interference from the authorities is expected.

St. Louis, 18.—All arrangements for the reception and entertainment of the Knights Templar who will attend the triennial convocation in this city have been completed. Quarters have been prepared for all the visiting commanderies and the Knights will suffer no inconvenience for want of room unless many come who have not notified the committee. To-day a reception committee of 50 from the various local commanderies went into camp near the Union depot, until the last of the visitors arrive, giving the Knights a reception and furnishing each company with a band which will escort them to their headquarters. Yesterday there left in a special car a delegation from Ivanhoe commandery and other delegations for Kansas City, where they will meet Sir Knight Robert E. Withers, Right Eminent Grand Master of the United States, and the California delegations, and escort them to this city arriving here to-morrow morning. The convocation opens to-day.

NEWPORT, R. I., 18.—The yacht race for the citizens' cup, in which the *Mayflower*, *Puritan* and *Galatea* are entered, is the event of to-day in these waters. There are four prizes, one each for the schooners, for sloops and cutters over 55 and under 71 feet, and for sloops and schooners under 55 feet. The race is sailed under the rules of the New York Yacht Club. Following is the list of competitors: Schooners—*Gitana*, *Montauk*, *Sachem*, *Miranda*; first-class sloops—*Mayflower*, *Galatea*, *Puritan*; second-class sloops—*Bedouin*,

Stranger, *Thetis*; third-class sloops—*Cinderella*, *Clara*, *Bertie*.

The course of to-day's race was changed this morning to the following: From a line drawn between the buoy off Beaver Tail and the flag ship anchored to the southward of it, to and around the Hen and Chickens lightship, leaving it on the starboard hand; thence to and around Pig's lightship, leaving it on the starboard hand, thence to Brenton's Reef lightship, passing to the southward of it and between the lightship and the flag. At 10:40 the yachts crossed the line in the following order: *Clara*, *Miranda*, *Galatea*, *Thetis*, *Sachem*, *Mayflower* and *Puritan*. The *Mayflower* was half a mile behind at the start.

Newport, R. I., 18.—After crossing the line, the *Galatea* set her spinnaker. The sloops were all carrying the club topsail, balloon jibs and spinnaker, with their sheets well off, running decidedly before the wind. At 11:25 the *Galatea* was in the lead, the *Puritan* second, a little to the windward, and the *Mayflower* third in a southerly direction. The yachts passed Point Judith lifesaving station as follows: *Mayflower*, 11:16; *Miranda*, 11:09; *Galatea*, 11:09, but gaining on the *Miranda*; *Puritan*, 11:16. The wind is fresh and from the northwest.

Newport, 12:25 p. m.—No change has taken place in the position of the yachts. The *Puritan* is farthest to the windward, the *Mayflower* next and the *Galatea* last.

12:40 p. m.—The *Puritan* is gaining on the *Galatea*, but the latter has a good lead. The *Mayflower* does not seem to be gaining.

Part of the yachts have turned the stake boat. A large sloop, which cannot be distinguished, is in the lead and the wind is getting very light, and the race cannot be finished unless it freshens.

WASHINGTON, 18.—Wm. H. Parker, minister to Corea, reports to the Secretary of State under date of August 2d, that cholera is still raging throughout Corea.

No reliable statistics are kept, but it is estimated 500 die daily inside the walls of Seoul, and that so far 12,000 have died. In Chemulpho about 20 deaths occur daily. The disease is said to be worse in the country than in Seoul.

The following report has just been received at the State Department:

LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES,
Peking, July 16th.

To Bayard, Secretary of State:

I have the honor to report that on the 12th inst. I received from Consul Seymour, at Canton, the following dispatch:

Canton, July 11.

Minister Denby, Peking:

Stone and pile work renewed vigorously to ruin the South Channel. Frater and myself remonstrated against the unfriendly act. Joint action of the legations and consulates is desirable.

SEYMOUR, Consul.

I SENT A COPY

of this telegram to Sir John Walsbam, H. B. M. Minister. He had already received a similar one from Her Majesty's Consul. He furnished me a copy of his protest, which is herewith enclosed. I also addressed to Yamen a dispatch, of which I enclose a copy. This question has been repeatedly fully presented by all the ministers, myself included. Yamen seems determined to adhere to the suicidal policy. I did not anticipate such action in Canton as has been taken.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

CHARLES DENBY.

The following is a copy of Denby's communication to the Chinese Foreign office, dated July 19th:

"The United States Minister has the honor to state that he has been placed in receipt of a telegraphic communication from the United States consul at Canton to the effect that many stones have been sunk and preparations been made for driving piles at Shalee—a barrier between the port and Whampoa. During his recent visit at Canton the United States Minister removed at a cost not exceeding \$1,000. It is a serious detriment to commerce and of no use as a means of defense. It would not stand a moment in the way of an attacking force. It cannot be conceded that under the treaties any country has the

RIGHT TO DESTROY ACCESS

to its ports. In a time of war they may be blockaded, but under international law obstructions must be removed when war ceases. If one port can be thus closed to large vessels, all can, and commerce would come to an end and treaties become worthless. I do not elaborate these arguments for the want of time, and for the further reason that I understand that the British Minister has presented similar views to Your Highness and Your Excellencies to believe that in making this protest against putting obstructions in the Canton River, I am governed as much by friendly feeling toward China as by public duty."

NEW YORK, 18.—J. Hubbell, a Brooklyn man, returned from his business at 5 p. m. to-day. He found his house locked up. Alarmed at this he forced an entrance. He found that his wife, Aunie, 35 years old, had drowned her little six-year-old daughter, Ethel, in a bath tub, and then hanged herself to the bath room door. The physician who was called said both had been dead six hours. The husband is frantic with grief. He says his wife never showed any symptoms of insanity.

CLEVELAND, 18.—A special from Mansfield, Ohio, says: John C. Larwell, of Loudonville, has made an assignment to Paul Oliver, also of Loudonville. The assignment is the best made in Mansfield for many years, as Larwell is variously estimated to be worth from \$300,000 to \$700,000. He assigns his residence and building block in Loudonville.

St. Johns, N. F., 18.—All that has been ascertained of the wrecked steamship in Belle Isle Strait, is that cattle, oak grained paneling and doors, spars, bedding and cabin furniture have been driven ashore. The ship has not yet been identified. There is no telegraphic communication with Belle Isle Strait.

QUEBEC, 18.—A young emigrant was arrested at the railway station in South Quebec and subsequently fined \$5 and costs for singing "God Save the Queen." The policeman who made the arrest fancied that the prisoner was singing an immoral song.

Boston, 18.—The grand jury in the United States District Court reported to-day an indictment against Richmond J. Lane, recently President of the Abington National Bank. The arraignment contains 65 counts charging embezzlement of the bank's funds in various amounts at various times, and allowing false entries, and drawing from the bank's funds in Boston without authorization and with intent to defraud.

PROSPECT HOUSE, N. Y., 19.—To-day, the last Sunday spent by the President's party in the Adirondacks, has been anything but agreeable. It rained from early morning till night and there was nothing for them to do but to remain within doors. Tuesday they will start for home.

CHARLESTON, 19.—This has been a different day from last Sunday, by reason of the condition of the work of reopening the thoroughfares, which a week ago were in full blast. Communications are now pretty well restored. The telegraph lines are in operation and the telephone exchange is working nearly everywhere. The worst feature of the day was a heavy rain this morning which injured considerably the contents of exposed dwellings, and made the remaining campers out particularly uncomfortable. But the discomfort and loss were nothing in comparison with what would have been the effect of the downpour ten days ago. The feature of the day, as last Sunday, was open-air worship. The Marine's Church had services on one of the ships in the harbor; the Presbyterian and Huguenot church services were on the Battery; the congregation of Grace Church worshipped in their Sunday school building; the Second Presbyterian congregation in the residence of Mr. J. S. Riggs.

Newport, R. I., 18.—Many yachts have left the harbor and will go to-morrow. Yachtsmen are disgusted at Saturday's race and seem anxious to get home. The result of yesterday's drifting race is as yet unknown.

LATER.—By the time of the finish, without regard to foils, time allowances or handicaps, the winners are the *Gitana*, *Mayflower*, *Stranger* and *Cinderella* in their respective classes. It was nearly midnight when the *Mayflower* and *Galatea*, the last boats in, dropped anchor in the harbor. All big yachts remain except the *Puritan*, which sailed to-day. The *Sachem* went out this afternoon a few hours to try the wind. There will be a general departure to-morrow, and the yachts will hasten home and go out of commission, with the last race of a brilliant season a most decided fizzle.

PITTSBURG, 19.—Sullivan-Heard fight last night was the principal topic of conversation in sporting circles to-day. It was the general opinion that Sullivan had the "wonder" whipped before a blow had been struck. No matter how confident Heard had been before the fight, he lost heart as soon as he faced the champion and was virtually defeated. Heard intended to wind his man, but Sullivan had made up his mind to knock him out before the police could interfere, and he nearly succeeded in doing so. Another round would have settled Heard beyond the shadow of a doubt. The champion left for the east this morning to complete his arrangements for his trip to the Pacific Slope. Heard will remain in this city until after his battle with Bradburn, of Chicago, at Geneva Park, next Saturday.

Boston, 20.—The annual session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. opened in Odd Fellows' Hall this morning. The proceedings are secret. It is understood that to-day the action of the Grand Lodge will comprise routine work such as the amendment of committees and arranging the general order of business of the convention.

St. Louis, 20.—Martin Irons, leader of the Knights of Labor strike on the Missouri Pacific Railway last spring, was arrested in Kansas City last night and will be brought to this city to answer the charges found against him on an indictment for complicity in tapping private telegraph wires running into Vice-President Hoxie's residence. His bondsman has withdrawn from his bond and he will be kept under arrest until his case is tried.

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