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Leaves Salt Lake daily for Juab, and Intermediate Stations, at 7 a. m.; connects with B. C. R. R. W., & J. V. R. R., S. L. & Western Railway, Utah and Pleasant Valley R. R., and Sanpete Valley Railway; arrives in Juab at 12.05 p. m.

Leaves Juab at 1.20 p. m.; Nephi, 2.00; Provo, 4.00; Lehi Junction, 5.00; Sandy, 5.45; Junction, 5.50; Germania, 6.02; Francklyn, 6.05; arrives in Salt Lake at 6.30 p. m.

REGULAR PASSENGER TRAIN leaves Salt Lake at at 2 p. m. for Frisco, Milford and Intermediate Stations; connects with Stage at Milford for Southern Utah, Nevada and Arizona.

Leaves Frisco at 4.00 p. m.; Milford, 6.10 p. m.; Juab; 4.30 a. m.; Nephi, 5.08; Provo, 7.25; Pleasant Grove, 7.55; American Fork, 8.07; Lehi, 8.19; Draper, 9.00; Sandy, 9.15; Junction, 9.19; Lovendahl's, 9.27; Germania, 9.32; Francklyn, 9.35; arrives in Salt Lake at 10 a. m.

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WILL ISSUE APRIL 4th. 1882.

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Yours truly,

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EVENING NEWS.

Friday, June 2, 1882.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 1.—The bill to reimburse the Indian Creek orphan fund was taken up.

The amendment made in the committee on the whole, to require money to be deposited in the Treasury, and only interest thereon be paid, was retained, yeas 25, nays 26.

McMillan offered and advocated amendment to the effect which was to charge the general fund of the Creek Nation with a total of two payments made from the funds, thus securing the Government credit for the amount; carried, 26 yeas and 24 nays.

The bill then passed without objections.

Allison then reported from the finance committee with sundry amendments the House bill extending the National bank charter, which with the amendments intended to be proposed by Beck, Allison and Sherman, was ordered printed.

Logan called up the army appropriation bill and the committees amendments for a compulsory retirement clause was read and agreed to.

The clause makes a retirement officer who has served forty years discretionary with himself, but obligatory as to one who is 62 years of age.

Bayard said this rule must throw out of the army many men who are the glory and pride of the service, and who are to day more fit than almost in any period of their lives for a high and important command.

Logan, in charge of the bill, said the compulsory retirement at the age of 62, would prevent the abuses under the present law, which vests the power of retirement at that age solely in the discretion of present officers in service to-day, who are over 70 years of age and have remained there, while those of a less age have been retired.

Bayard suggested that mental or physical disability and many other causes were preferable as reasons for retirement at that age.

Logan replied that disqualification from disease or wounds was sufficient cause for retirement under the law as at present, and other countries had adopted regulations such as are proposed, and actual experience had demonstrated the impractibility of imposing the hardships and fatigue of the camp and field upon a man of mature years. The fact that not an officer who had attained the age of 62 years who had had important commands in either the Union or Confederate service of the war of the rebellion was cited by the speaker.

Bayard mentioned the name of Von Moltke.

Logan said that he was not an army commander, but an organizer of troops and an adviser.

Bayard said he mentioned Von Moltke as a man equal of the Prussian army and its campaign, and was surprised to hear any statement to the contrary.

Logan said he had reference not to the brains alone, but to all the essential requisites of a commander, and cited Napoleon and other military leaders, including Grant, Sherman and Sheridan, all of whom, he argued, achieved greatness while they were comparatively young men.

Logan incidentally observed that Gen. Sherman is now about 62 years old, and Lieutenant General Sheridan 50. He said the House provision is compulsory, retiring an officer after forty years service, and would rule out of active service before reaching 62 years, men who entered the army at an early age. The committee had changed this so as to make retirement upon sixty years service, and before reaching 62 years, optional with the officer himself.

The appropriation committee in acting upon this provision, agreed that Gen. Sherman being ready be retired now and having said publicly that he was in favor of retirement, should be retired on full pay but that no action should be taken as to Lieutenant-General as he had ten years to run.

Cameron (Pa.) said, is it fair to repeat here what Gen. Sherman said that he is too brave and too good a man to ask any favors of the government that it would not give him of its own accord. It is my belief, with my knowledge of law, that you cannot take his place away from him and I propose to move an amendment that will apply to his case.

Butler gave notice of an amendment excepting from the compulsory retirement provisions Generals Sherman, Sheridan, Hancock and Howard. His reason for this, it is said, is that each of these officers had received the thanks of Congress.

Hawley suggested the list would not be complete without the name of Gen. Terry.

Logan objected to this as savoring of favoritism, and unjust to the other equally meritorious generals whose gallantry and worth had been more conspicuous than in the cases of those named.

After further discussion the executive session adjourned without action.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 1.—Kelley asked the unanimous consent of the House to submit a report from the committee on ways and means.

Page, of the committee on commerce, desired to report back the river and harbor appropriation bill, but Randall interposed an objection.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the contested election case of Bisbee against Finley, in the second congressional district of Florida.

Ranney, stating he would demand the previous question at five o'clock this afternoon, made an argument in support of the claims of the contestee.

Beltzhoover, of Pennsylvania, spoke for two hours in advocacy of the claims of sitting the member and was followed by Jones, of Texas, upon the same side.

At the conclusion of Jones' speech the previous question was ordered without a division.

After a brief speech by McMillan of Tennessee in opposition to the report of the majority, Brisbee took the floor in his own behalf but before concluding five o'clock arrived and the House took a recess.

After recess Brisbee concluded his speech, and a resolution declaring him entitled to a seat was adopted—yeas 131, nays 9.

Brisbee then appeared at the bar of the House and qualified as a member.

Hazelton (Wis.) called up the contested election case of Lowe vs. Wezeler, of the Eighth Alabama District.

Against this Kenna (W. Va.) raised a question of consideration.

After considerable talk the House decided by a vote of 140 to 4 to take up the election case.

Hazelton took the floor and reiterated his statement that the contestee had had full and ample opportunity to be heard, and that his counsel be heard as long as desired, and that the gentleman has been able at any moment to get a report here.

Mansing, of Mississippi, stated that he had gone to the document room this morning and had been informed that the report had not yet been received.

Kenna and Cox, of New York, rose respectively to a parliamentary inquiry and a point of order and a stormy scene ensued, which continued for some time.

Cox insisted that he had a motion to adjourn, Hazelton having yielded to him for that purpose, which he had never withdrawn, and (to the Speaker) you know it.

Page, of California, rose excitedly and demanded that the member from New York should be respectful to the Chair. (Derisive laughter and shouts of "Oh, oh," on the democratic side.)

Reed then moved to adjourn and the Speaker put the question notwithstanding Cox's efforts to be heard.

Well, said Cox, that is what I call brute force, mere brute force. It was not replied to by the Speaker. Adjourned.

AMERICAN.

Guiteau.

WASHINGTON, 1.—The *Critic* has the following sensational story:

Guiteau realizes that every succeeding day hastens him nearer to that time when the sentence of the law will be fully executed. The cheerful demeanor and hopeful expressions which characterized him throughout have vanished. The familiar accent and bravado is gone and in its stead an ashen hue of terror has appeared. Reading and writing, once favorite occupations, are not now resorted to by him. His earnest ponderings are only relieved when occasionally he paces the stone floor of his cell, unmindful of the death watch whose eyes are ever on him; wringing his hands and talking in a most incoherent manner. A few nights ago he repaired to his cot at out 10 o'clock and in less than half an hour awoke in a startled manner and looking wildly around him exclaimed, "I see horrible fantasms before me, what shall I do. My poor brain reels. Oh, why did I assassinate him." It took some time to pacify him and when he became still he quietly said, "I was dreaming, we all dream at times. I am no coward, nor am I afraid to die," but he continued "it is not possible that President Arthur is going to permit them to hang me, after what I did for the republican party. I do not believe he will. If he reprieves me or commutes my sentence, the hoodlums will howl, but the respectable element of society will stand by him and endorse his action." Having relieved his mind on that score, Guiteau again retired to his cot, but only to find troubled rest.

A gentleman who recently visited Guiteau spoke of the near approach of hanging, beseeching him to make his peace with God. Turning with a half frightened look, the latter said: "If man fails in this matter, if Charley Reed does not succeed and President Arthur does not stretch out his hand to save me, there is another one above who prompted me to take one life for the country's good and who protected me from the bullets of Mason and Jones, that will still protect me. The first hand that is laid upon me for the purpose of doing violence will be instantly withered. I fear not man's power, I am God's man and He will protect me."

Postal Changes.

Postmaster General Howe has returned from the west. He says with regard to increasing the mail facilities, that while no definite understanding was arrived at, the expectations of the railroad companies were perhaps extravagant as compared with the ability of the department to meet them. The Postmaster General anticipated trouble in arriving at an equitable and satisfactory arrangement.

Mr. Schmit, imperial chief director for Bremen, Germany, had a conference with the Postmaster General to-day. Among the subjects discussed was the establishment of a parcel post between Germany and the United States.

Contested Cases.

There is a boom in the contested election cases just at present. Mackey, of South Carolina, was seated yesterday; Bisbee, of Florida, was seated in place of Finley to-night, and Lowe, the contestant of the seat occupied by Gen. Joe Wheeler, of the eighth Alabama district, expects to get his seat before the end of the week. There was as great a contrast as could be imagined between the spirit in which the House considered the Bisbee-Finley case to-day and the Mackey-O'Connor case yesterday. Partisan spirit was aroused to the highest pitch over the latter case, and not a movement was made without manifestations of extreme excitement and intense feeling. The democrats were worsted at every point; they failed even to put a censure upon the Speaker for his arbitrary rulings by which filibustering was prevented. There were many kickers, but the republican dashboard was too high to be reached.

This morning a spirit of peace and goodwill prevailed on both sides. The democrats were reconciled to defeat, and the republicans, at 9 o'clock seated Bisbee by a vote of 141—9 majority, the democrats not voting.

The Big Ditch

Senator Farley presented in the Senate to-day a memorial of the boards of trade of San Francisco and Portland, and Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, providing the passage of the Nicaraguan canal bill. Miller introduced a similar petition yesterday.

Public Debt.

The public debt statement shows a decrease of the debt during May of $10,375,441; cash in the Treasury, $242,102,768; gold certificates outstanding, $5,055,420; silver certificates, $68,736,220; certificates of deposit, $12,330,000; refunding certificates, $476,550; legal-tenders, $346,681,016; fractional currency, $7,074,504; cash balance available, $141,441,876.

The Stars.

The grand jury was adjourned this evening till June 12th. It is reported that they had Gen. Thos. J. Brady for indictment in two of the Star route cases, and J. B. Price and A. H. Brown for indictment in another. A rumor is prevalent to-night that two other persons, one a member of the House, and the other a United States Senator, both from the South, had been presented for indictment, but the District Attorney and the counsel for the government say they have no information on the subject.

Railroad Building.

CHICAGO, 1.—The *Railway Age* says: An impression prevails that the building of railroads has fallen of this year, from the enormous total of last year, which was between 9,000 and 10,000 miles. The fact is that during the first five months of 1882, there has been built on 120 lines of railroad, 3,480 miles of track. Considering that only 1,500 miles of track had been built at this time last year, and that the building increases rapidly the latter half of the year, it would be a logical conclusion that the total of this year's building operation would be 23,000 miles, but of course this figure will not be reached. Track has been laid in 36 States and Territories this year, the largest amount being in Texas, 734 miles, and the smallest in New Mexico, six miles. We believe it safe to say that there are at least 350 miles covering at a moderate estimate, a total of 25,000 miles, upon which work is either in progress, or is proposed to be commenced during the present year.

Annual Railroad Meeting.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad was held here to-day. The terms of six directors expired and they were re-elected for three years. The board was then organized by re-electing the old officers. Dividends of 3 on common and 2 on preferred stock was declared. The President stated the gross earnings for the year ending May 31, 1882, were approximately $23,500,000; an increase of $425,000 over 1881. The seven proprietory roads then met and re-elected the former officers and directors with a few unimportant exceptions.

Sentenced.

SANTA FE, 1.—Milton Yarberg, a member of Billy the Kid's gang, is sentenced to be hung on the 16th of June, for the murder of Charles Campbell, a year ago. Yarberg has killed five men, one being Henry Brown, of Nashville, Tenn. The others were drivers, freighters and travelers. Campbell was a stranger and was killed for money.

Changing Base.

ST. LOUIS, 1.—The gamblers have virtually thrown up the sponge by trying to get up a petition filed for the continuance of their indictments until they shall leave town, as they promise to do. The criminal court would not receive the petition. They say now, however, that they intend to carry the contest to the United States Supreme Court.

Steamships.

NEW YORK, 1.—John Roach is President of the United States and Brazil mail steamship line, with American built iron ships and sailing under the United States flag, organized by prominent merchants of New York, Philadelphia and Richmond, for the purpose of running a semi-monthly line of passenger steamships between the United States and South American ports.

Strikes.

ST. LOUIS, 1.—The Laclede rolling mill, Helmbacker's forge and Harrison's wire works, in this city, will shut down to day.

Cincinnati, 1.—Three of the five iron mills in Newport, Ky., will shut down to-day.

Pittsburg, Pa., 1.—The date set by the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers for a great strike has arrived, and to-day will see fires out in thirty-six mills in this vicinity; 18,500 men are thrown out of employment.

Wheeling, W. Va., 1.—The iron and nail mills of this city and vicinity shut down last evening for an indefinite period, the proprietors having refused to sign the new scale of wages for employees, which would take effect to-day. The Whitaker sheet iron mill signed the scale last evening, and will be the only mill in operation to day. By this stoppage 5,000 men will be thrown out of employment.

Erie, Pa., 1.—Two hundred and fifty puddlers of the Mount Hickory rolling mills strike to-day for an advance to fifty cents per ton. The Youngertown scale was presented to all the mills of Mahoning Valley yesterday, and all refused to sign it, and no work will be done at any of them to-day.

Youngtown, O., 1.—The opinion seems to be that the strike here may be long, as neither side shows any signs of yielding.

Detroit, 1.—The members of the Amalgamated Steel and Iron Association, employed at Bough's steam forge of this city, and the Eureka Iron Works, of Wyandotte, held a meeting and decided to postpone their strike ten days. There are 200 men employed at Bough's forge who belong to the Union. Bough declared if a strike takes place, he will continue the business just the same. It is probable that if the employees of the Eureka decide to strike, the works will be shut down. There are 60 men working at this establishment.

Cleveland, 1.—The threatened strike will probably not change affairs in this city. The Cleveland Rolling Mill Company's Works have shut down for some time, but are expected to resume before long as now the Union Works, and the Forest City Iron Company employs 100 men and the Union Rolling Mill Company, having 260 men who have signed the scale and are running as usual. Other iron and steel works here that employ non-union men are not affected.

Minneapolis, Min., 1.—To-day 105 man employed by Youmans Bros., and Hodgin's saw mills struck for an increase of wages. A general strike among the workmen in the saw mills is expected to-day for an advance of 25 cents.

The bricklayers on the C. M. & St. Paul car shops, 60 in number, struck for an advance of fifty cents.

Louisville, 1.—Two hundred and fifty men in the Central Rolling Mill have struck.

Shamokin, Pa., 1.—The miners at the Buckridge colliery struck for an advance of 10 cents a car.

Failure.

BOSTON, 1.—Chas. B. Darling & Co., wholesale liquor dealers, have failed. Liabilities, $118,000; assets, 300 barrels of whisky in bond and a quantity of shares in stock companies.

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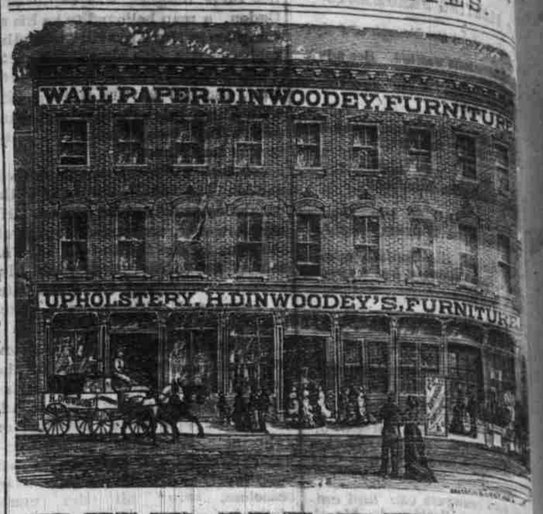

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This Fine Horse will stand this season, commencing April 10 and ending July 10, at my Farm,

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Breeders and Farmers are invited to call and see this horse and judge for themselves. I am prepared to pasture mares on Reasonable Terms.

d194 ALMA PRATT.