TELEGRAPHIC.

DID NOT MEAN IT.

Emperor William's Stand in the Transvaal Dispute

CAUSE, TEMPORARY IRRITATION.

That is the General Opinion in England at Present—The Danger Not Yet Passed.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—It seems pretty well established in the public mind that Emperor William did not mean to threaten war upon England by his message of sympathy to President Kruger of the Transvaal, and the reports which were circulated a few days ago of a European alliance back of Germany and against England find little further evidence. It seems to be accepted that the German emperor simply intended to express his own feelings of the Jameson raid in that message and the temporary sentiment in the public which it caused him. This is the general feeling, apparently, of the public mind, and those organs of public opinion with which are in touch with the government have unanimously sought to deepen this impression. But enough is still left unexplained the unprecedented assertion that the German government will apply to Portugal for permission to pass matters through Portuguese territory at Delagoa Bay to the Transvaal, not does it explain the sudden preparation of war material and shipping of war ships to Delagoa Bay. It may have been some the argument of some newspapers that the warring vessel of Russia and France was stimulated the German war-lord that the interpretation put upon his message by England was putting him in a humiliating position.

Whether this or some other consideration caused the attention, it is certain the diplomatic agents of all the governments of Europe have been busy in the last few weeks, and it may say in the last few weeks, and it is expected the full results of their labors is not yet in the knowledge of the public. That England has had a vision of the formation of the "balance of power" in Europe, with herself in the opposing scale is certain. Whether this has made other strokes in the history field of diplomacy besides her admirable show of naval force is not known.

The first feeling of assurance over the better situation of the relations with Germany is met by notes of warning that there are still possible seeds for much rumor and danger in the situation in the Transvaal, and that the Venezuelan question is, after all, not yet settled, nor any basis agreed upon for its settlement.

Interest in the great naval preparation, however, continues to absorb the public mind. A report which has emanated to the effect that the government intends to mobilize the volunteers force is denied tonight, but it is certain that appeals from the war office have recently been sent by circular to the commanders of all the volunteer regiments asking them to return the probable number of volunteers that could be mobilized, and to state the arrangements that would be necessary for doing so.

At Woolwich, below London, on the Thames, the great arsenal, covering 112 acres of ground, is receiving constant additions to its great store of naval material, and the activity in all departments there is unabated. The repairs factory is increasing its output and the men in that department are worked many hours overtime. The repairs, as far as they are announced, are dispatched to Portsmouth and Dover, the former the principal naval station of England, with a fine dry harbor that will fit all the whole of the English navy, and the latter the chief port of communication between England and the continent. The government intends, it is announced, to have these well equipped with torpedo boats and with torpedo destroyers.

One feature of the war scare which is much dwelt upon here is the harm it has done to German trade. German import trade houses have announced that there has been a big decrease in their orders since the scare. The orders of one fancy goods firm, it is announced, have decreased 75 per cent. It is feared the quarrel will thus result in a permanent injury to trade.

Outlaws in Abyssinia.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—A dispatch to the Herald from St. Petersburg says: A special dispatch to the Novosti says that King Menelik, of Abyssinia, has entered into an alliance with Goggam.

The Italians who are defending Fort Makalle are short of provisions, and Menelik feels confident of being able to capture the place.

Message in a Bottle.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Jan. 14.—A message from the sea came ashore in a bottle. The message was written with a pencil and states that the ship Charles Stewart was struck in a gale and asked for help. The message was signed "Mate George Hoar."

The ship Charles Stewart is a little thirteen-foot schooner which comes from Galveston, Texas.

TRANSVAAL AND BOERS.

Subject Discussed by a London Times Correspondent.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The New York correspondent of the Times, speaking of the improved relations between Great Britain and the United States, says:

Cecil Rhodes's dispatch to the World will also have a good effect. Americans have pretty generally assumed (without the facts and arguments were on the side of the Boers) that Jameson's raid was nothing more than a reckless attempt to upset the Boer republic and annex its territory to the British crown. Now for reputation at all shades, state and municipal there is in this country a stringent natural sentiment of sympathy. This sympathy is, however, largely based on the supposition that a republican form of government is necessary or legitimate. A republican government should be in the open door and a republic should be in the open door. Rhodes's cable stated that within the Transvaal there were 70,000 men, women and so old population of 14,000 and that the new comers did not have "common civil rights," but are trying to obtain those rights. The effect on American opinion is considerable. He will find many to agree with him in saying statesmanship should give them some rights now." Still more will agree upon learning that half the soil of the Transvaal and nine-tenths of the wealth of the country are owned by men who have no civil rights. When, beyond all that, Americans are made aware that these outlawed property owners are largely Americans, a revolution of American feeling in behalf of the view now so forcibly stated by Cecil Rhodes is certain.

The Times correspondent also says: "The opinion that the new bond issue will be subscribed in full has become general among bankers. The World publishes a list of subscriptions exceeding one hundred million and suggests that they will ultimately reach a thousand millions. These sanguine statements and estimates are received by business men generally with skepticism. The announced subscriptions are in the nature of good intentions, not yet legally binding.

Actual bids cannot be opened before February, and now, if any have been made.

HAVANA ALARMED.

Conflagrations in the Vicinity of the Cuban Capital.

HAVANA, Jan. 13.—There was another alarm here this afternoon. Clouds of smoke were seen arising in the direction of the village of Vegie, near San Francisco de Paula, a small town only about five miles distant. This was followed by a red glare showing that a great fire was in progress in that direction. The alarm was spread throughout the city, and the report was soon circulated that the insurgents were approaching. But this was so nothing to the feeling of terror which came over the more timid portion of the population when a still larger fire was seen to have broken out. This time it was made out that the town of San Francisco de Paula had been set on fire by the insurgents, and the alarm increased, although the authorities professed to sneer at the matter, claiming the fires were only the work of a few banks and retreating insurgents who had been driven to desperation. In spite of these assurances and the statements that Spanish generals have for three days past been aware of the whereabouts of General Maximo Gomez and consequently ignore his presence near Havana, it is claimed the troops must be very thinly supplied elsewhere for the insurgents to be able to burn a town and a village within sight of Havana and yet remain unattacked by the government forces.

Every measure which it is possible to take for the safety of the city and to assist in protect property has been taken. Although the Spanish authorities are seeking the best of the situation, it is known that Captain General Campos is very much disheartened at the reverses his troops have taken during the last six weeks, and rumor reaches here one day by day of his probable retirement from command.

The government is counting all the forces possible, in order to count the Spanish minority, the great advantage of the insurgents being the rapidity with which they have been able to move, on account of their forces being mostly composed of cavalry.

The Five Civilized Tribes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 13.—Secretary Smith today ordered the members of the Dawes Indian commission expected to treat with the five civilized tribes, to report immediately at Washington. They are to confer with the Senate and House committees on Indian affairs regarding their report on their work in the Indian Territory and their recommendations for a change of the form of government and the allotment of lands in severalty. Delegates from the tribes, as well as from the "intruders" on the tribal lands, are now in the city and will present their views to Congress.

Will Investigate the Pastor.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—The Bay Association of Congregational ministers, having jurisdiction over all the churches of that denomination in this vicinity, have decided to investigate the charges made against Rev. C. O. Brown, pastor of the First Congregational church of this city, for alleged immorality with Miss Hattie Overman. The association held its quarterly meeting today, and after a long session behind closed doors decided that some cognizance must be taken of the scandals with which the name of Dr. Brown is associated. Three ministers were named on the committee of investigation: Rev. W. D. Williams, Rev. W. C. Pond and Rev. H. H. Wikoff. They are pastors of Congregational churches in San Francisco.

Transvaal News Quiet.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—The Temps today published an interview with the Transvaal representative, Herr Hickmann, in which he said the situation of affairs concerning the Transvaal is now satisfactory, and that everything will end well. The Transvaal, he said, had fully accepted the convention of 1884 and has not dreamed of denouncing it. The term "British suzerainty" in connection with the Transvaal, he thought, was misapplied, as Great Britain only had the right to veto, within six months, conventions concluded by the Transvaal with other powers which might be regarded as dangerous to British interests.

Economy is something that every body tries or practices, and just a little oversight will sometimes let the most frugal and thrifty family of a year's saving. You want to do as J. P. Hickmann, of Monticello, Ga., did. He writes: "For six years I have kept Simmons Liver Regulator in my house, and used it in my family and have had no need for a doctor. I have five as healthy children as you can find.

NO HELP WANTED.

The Sultan Prohibits the Distribution Among Armenians.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The Turkish legation gave out this afternoon the following official information: The Sultan will not permit any distribution among his subjects in his own territory by any foreign society or individuals, however respectable the same may be (as for instance the Red Cross society, of Geneva) of money collected abroad, since interference on independent government has ever allowed, especially when the collections are made on the strength of appeals addressed in public meetings or irresponsible speeches of the Turkish race and religion and on the basis of false accusations that Turkey repudiates. Besides, the Sublime Porte is mindful of too true interests of its subjects and distinguishing between the real state of things and the calumnies and wild exaggerations of interested or benevolent parties, will, as it has done heretofore, not in its own legitimate channels to alleviate the wants of Turkish subjects, irrespective of creed or race.

RED CROSS HAS NOTHING.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The exhibition made public by the Turkish minister tonight containing an official announcement from the Sublime Porte that the Red Cross society would not be allowed to distribute funds in Armenia, created considerable discussion here. Miss Clara Barton, the president of the Red Cross society, refused to make any statements on the subject, and her private secretary had received no official notice that it would not be permitted to act in Armenia, and that until it did so no statement would be made. If an official announcement regarding the matter was received it would be referred to the executive committee of the association, and he would not predict what course they would pursue.

MORE CRUELTIES.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—The following letter has been received by the American board of foreign missions, dated at Kerpot Sunday, December 8, 1895:

"We have no definite news of Chenkoosh except it is said the destruction was not as great as in Ghermanig. The dead amounted to 1,500 or more. Five hundred women and girls are said to have been carried off by the Kurds.

"A letter which I saw yesterday estimated that 2,000 had been killed. It is said that three-fourths of the Armenian houses have been burned and of all of the sheep only fifteen are left. Thus we have burnt upon burnt and the records will continue through the whole winter.

"Monday, December 23rd, was a sad day. Six hundred were killed in Chenkoosh. The survivors became Moslems. The pastor's family escaped from the burning house and he followed them, to be killed some twelve days later. Chenmog is said to be turned except the region of the chapel.

"The Turks are more cruel than were the early Saracens. With them it was 'Tekeh, tekeh or the sword,' with them it is simply Islam or the sword. The Armenians tell them 'Take all we have, spare our lives and our faith.' They take their property and then the only alternative is Islam or death."

Advices from Honolulu.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—The steamer Australia today brings the following from Honolulu:

January 10th—Minister of Foreign Affairs Cooper is on the island of Hawaii. He will see the leading men of the island regarding a rumor that Hawaii wishes to secede and form its own government.

The legislature will meet next month and the secession movement will be brought up. If the residents of the island decide to form their own government, nothing but outside interference could prevent them. This government would be power enough, as Hawaii is more thinly populated than any other island of the group.

The friends of Liliuokalani would like to see war between the United States and England, believing England would seize these island and restore Liliuokalani.

The remaining political prisoners were released New Year's day. All claim they will support the present government.

The Hawaiian band, stranded in Chicago, will be brought back at the expense of the government.

Believes the Bond Bill Will Pass.

OTTUMWA, Iowa, Jan. 13.—Senator Allison in an interview today stated that he believed the bond bill would pass the Senate with a free coinage amendment, but die in the House. The revenue bill, he thought, would pass both houses but would be vetoed by the President.

He feared Germany and Great Britain would fight.

He was on his way to Des Moines to attend the funeral of Judge Wright and will return to Washington in two weeks.

Allison the Strongest Man.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Mr. James S. Clarkson of Iowa, in an interview when asked concerning the contest for the Republican nomination for President said: "It is going to be a spirited and interesting, but not heroic contest, as in the rivalries between Grant and Blaine. I think it is going to be a deliberate choice."

Mr. Clarkson said he considered Allison the strongest man at all points.

MUNYON'S REMEDIES.

DOCTOR YOURSELF

No Guess Work—No Experimenting—No Harmful Drugs.

A SEPARATE CURE FOR EACH DISEASE.

Ask Your Druggist for Munyon's Guide to Health and Cure Yourself With a 25-Cent Munyon Remedy.

Mr. G. A. Emery, 20 West Second South street, Salt Lake City, Utah, says: "I began to have rheumatism about five years ago, and I have been very bad ever since with pain, lameness and stiffness of the joints. I tried a great many of the leading doctors, but they failed to cure me. I have used the pellets contained in one bottle of Munyon's Rheumatism Cure, and it has done more for me than I want to recommend. Some wonderful remedies to every rheumatic sufferer."

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure never fails to relieve in 1 to 3 hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure is guaranteed to cure all kinds of dyspepsia and stomach troubles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies positively cure. Price 25c each.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins, and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Female Remedies are a boon to all women. Price 25c.

Munyon's Asthma Cure, with Asthma Herbs, $1.00.

Munyon's Nerve Cure stops nervousness and builds up the system. Price 25c.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headaches in three minutes. Price 25c.

Munyon's Pile Ointment positively cures all forms of piles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Blood Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price $1.00.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores the powers to work men. Price $1.00.

A specific cure for each disease at all druggists, mostly at 25c a bottle. Personal advice by Professor Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

IT HAS BEEN INDORSED

By the medical profession that wine, especially in summer, is the most healthy beverage, providing it be obtained in a pure state, and that is what

We Offer You for One Month Only:

CLARET, 20 cents.
ZINFUNDEL, 25 cents.
BURGUNDY, $1.25.
HOCH, very fine vintage, 25 cents.
RIESLING, $1.00.
GUDESEL, $1.25, at

UTAH LIQUOR CO.

167 Main Street.

Ministers Should Use Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.

THERE IS NO PROFESSION, whose laborers are so easily cut by nervous exertion as that of the ministry. The demangements of the nerve centers of the brain of over work, frequently brings on attacks of heart trouble, and nervous prostration.

Rev. J. P. Foster, M. D., Pastor U. B. church, Leaton Mills, Ills., himself a physician, writes Feb. 25, 1895: "Heart affection and nervous prostration had become so severe that I felt that a little more work in the pulpit would so completely prostrate me that it would certain I must relinquish the work of the ministry entirely. Heart palpitation became so bad that any sudden noise would kill me if I did not have heart disease. Last November I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure alternately with Dr. Miles' Nervine and derived the greatest possible benefit. I have preached several times of late, speaking nearly every night and relieve the fatigue. I can work for hours without suffering as I formerly did. Hard working ministers should keep Dr. Miles' Heart remedies at hand."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee. Set bottle will benefit or money refunded.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.....

For sale by all druggists.

ESTRAY POUND NOTICE.

ONE BAY MARE 4 OR EIGHT HAND high.

One little black mare, no brands, both young, has worn halter, make no shoes.

If the above described animals are not claimed and taken away before January 20th, 1896, they will be sold at public auction at my place in North Salt Lake county, precinct 1, at 2 p. m.

M. J. GRIFFITH, Pound Keeper.

ESTRAY POUND NOTICE.

ONE BAY HORSE, ABOUT SIX YEARS old, hind feet white, star in forehead.

One sorrel mare (or bay), about 7 years old, star in forehead, left hind foot white.

One bay horse about 10 years old, white down face.

If the above described animals are not claimed and taken away on or before January 20th, 1896, they will be sold at City Estray Pound at p. m.

JOHN G. MAYNO, Pound-keeper.

ESTRAY POUND NOTICE

ONE BAY HORSE ABOUT THREE YEARS old.

One brown mare about 3 years old.

If the above described animals are not claimed and taken away on or before January 20th, 1896, they will be sold at public auction at p. m.

JOHN G. MAYNO, Pound-keeper.

ESTRAY POUND NOTICE

ONE SORREL HORSE, ABOUT TEN years old, star in forehead, I E C on left thigh.

One bay mare about 7 years old.

One bay horse about 7 years old, star in face, brand like this M Rocky Mtn.

One light bay horse about 7 years old, star in forehead.

One sorrel mare about 7 years old, star in face, brand like this 3.

The above horses about 10 years old, all branded left hip, are in Farmington.

If the above described animals are not claimed and taken away on or before January 20th, 1896, they will be sold at public auction at p. m.

JOHN G. MAYNO, Pound-keeper.

Deseret National Bank

U. S. DEPOSITORY — SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

CAPITAL $500,000. - SURPLUS $500,000.

Directors: L. S. Hills, Pres't. George Romney, James Sharp, Frank W. Jennings, E. R. Eldredge, Moses Thatcher, Vice-Pres't. Jas. T. Little, Henry Dinwoodey, John G. Barnes, Wm. W. Riter, John C. Cutler, D. H. Peery, John R. Winder.

S. H. YOUNG, Cashier.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT

Willard Woodruff, President. Geo. H. Cannon, Cashier.

CASH CAPITAL, - - $200,000
CASH SURPLUS, - - 200,000

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Safety deposit boxes in our burglar proof vault for rent at very low rate.

Open for deposits Saturday night until 8 o'clock.

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STANDARD GAUGE.

CURRENT TIME TABLE — In Effect Nov. 10, 1895.

Leave Salt Lake City.

No. 1—For Ningara, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and all points East ..... 8.00 a. m.
No. 3—For Provo, Grand Junction and all points East ..... 7.40 a. m.
No. 5—For Ogden and intermediate points ..... 5.00 p. m.
No. 7—For Mt. Pleasant, Manti, Salina and all intermediate points ..... 1.00 p. m.
No. 9—For Provo, Provo Junction and all intermediate points ..... 5.00 p. m.
No. 2—For Ogden and the East ..... 11.45 a. m.
No. 4—For Ogden and the East ..... 10.00 p. m.

Arrive Salt Lake City.

No. 1—From Niagara, Buffalo and the East ..... 10.05 p. m.
No. 3—From Provo, Grand Junction and the East ..... 11.00 p. m.
No. 5—From Provo, Junction, Heber, Vernal, Salina and all intermediate points ..... 3.30 p. m.
No. 7—From Ogden and intermediate points ..... 9.00 a. m.
No. 9—From Provo, Provo Junction and intermediate points ..... 1.00 p. m.
No. 2—From Ogden and the West ..... 1.00 a. m.
No. 4—From Ogden and the West ..... 3.30 p. m.

Only line running through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Salt Lake City to San Francisco, also Ogden to Denver, Colorado Springs and Salt Lake City to Kansas City and Chicago.

Through passengers traveling without change to Kansas City, Chicago and Boston, free reclining chair cars Salt Lake to Denver.

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You leave Ogden, or Salt Lake in the evening, and have breakfast in the sumptuous dining cars of the SANTA FE ROUTE, on the third morning, you arrive in Chicago or St. Louis in season to attend to business or amusement with all fast trains for the East. Notice one has said recently that the track of the ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE railroad was in such perfect condition that the long distance run of the "Flyer" from the New York Central could be equaled if not exceeded, by its magnificent trains.

GEO. E. GILMAN General Agent Passenger Department, 10 West Second South Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Great S. L. & Hot Springs Ry.

Time table in effect Jan. 5, 1896.

Leave	Ar. Farmington	Lv. Farmington	Arrive S. L.
*7 00 a. m.	7 10 a. m.	10 00 a. m.	10 10 a. m.
8 15 a. m.	8 25 a. m.	1 00 p. m.	1 10 p. m.
3 00 p. m.	3 10 p. m.	5 15 p. m.	5 25 p. m.
6 00 p. m.	6 10 p. m.	7 45 p. m.	7 55 p. m.

*Performances Sunday only.

Leave S. L. 11 40 a. m. Arr. Fr'ch 12 00 a. m.
Leave Fr'ch 12 30 p. m. Arr. S. L. 1 00 p. m.

Depot, Third South and Temple st. General office, 111 south Main st.

A. S. WELLS, Gen. Manager. ALF. A. HUDT, Gen. Pass. Agent.

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The only line running dining cars and through Pullman sleepers to Chicago and St. Louis without change.

NEW TIME CARD, IN EFFECT DEC. 1, 1895

Leave Arrive and Depart at Salt Lake City Daily, as follows:

ARRIVE

From Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Park City and points ..... 5.10 p. m.
From Ogden, Provo, Portland, San Francisco and Ogden ..... 9.45 a. m.
From San Francisco, Carrie Valley, Ogden and intermediate points ..... 7.20 p. m.
From Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver and Ogden ..... 2.50 a. m.
From Provo, Milford, Pioneer Val., Gr. Junc., Frisco, Milford and Beaver ..... 3.00 p. m.
From Tooele, Tooele and Gold Hill ..... 4.00 p. m.

DEPART

For Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Ogden and Park City ..... 6.10 a. m.
For San Francisco, Ogden, Carrie Valley and intermediate points ..... 8.00 a. m.
For Ogden and intermediate points ..... 4.45 p. m.
For Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Butte, Portland and San Francisco ..... 1.00 p. m.
(Via Eureka, Marion, Provo, Nephi, Thistle Valley, Milford and Frisco) ..... 7.45 a. m.
For Garfield Beach, Tooele and Vernon ..... 7.40 a. m.
(Trains south of Juab run daily except Sunday.
* Run daily except Sunday.

E. L. ZIMLEY, General Agent Passenger Department.

City Ticket Office, 201 Main Street.

Telephone 250.

F. H. H. CLARK, OLIVER W. WOLF, R. KELSEY ANDERSON, JOHN W. DONNELLAN, FREDERICK S. DUDGEON, Receivers.

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The only line running two Through Fast Trains daily to LEADVILLE, ASPEN, PUEBLO, COLORADO SPRINGS AND DENVER.

EFFECTIVE NOV. 25, 1894.

Train No. 2 leaves Ogden 7.00 a.m., Salt Lake 8.00 a.m., arrive at Pueblo 6.15 a.m., Colorado Springs 7.50 a.m., Denver 10.30 a.m.

Train No. 4 leaves Ogden 6.35 p.m., Salt Lake 7.35 p.m., arrive at Pueblo 5.20 p.m., Colorado Springs 6.50 p.m., Denver 9.30 p.m.

Connections made at Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Denver with all lines east. Elegant day coaches, chair cars and Pullman sleepers on all trains. Take the D. & R. G. and have a comfortable trip and enjoy the finest scenery on the continent.

A. S. HUGHES, Traffic Manager. S. K. HOOPER, G. P. & T. A. Denver, Colo.

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New Service.

TAKE R. G. W. RY.

Evening Train, Leaving Salt Lake City, 7.00 p. m. Connecting Daily with

Burlington Route.

Train No. 4 at Denver, for Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago.

Through Pullman Sleepers. Free Reclining Chair Cars, Dining Cars a la carte. Secure Tickets at R. G. W. Ry. Office.

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And a day, and have all the comforts of home.

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HAZARD'S "Sporting Rifle." HAZARD'S "Duck Shooting." HAZARD'S "Duck Shooting." HAZARD'S "Rifle and Sporting." HAZARD'S "Sporting." Sporting Rifle, the most suitable in the market.

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