The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

NO. 243. MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1893. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVI

CELEBRATED TODAY.

Anniversary of the Laying of the Corner Stone of the Capitol.

A NATION'S GREATNESS REVIEWED

Grand Parade and Eloquent Address at Washington. — President Cleveland Cheered.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18. — Another centennial anniversary, that of laying the corner stone of the national Capitol, is commemorated this afternoon. A hundred years ago today George Washington, "the worshipful master of lodge 22, Virginia," with Masonic rites, laid the corner stone of the building which, by slow stages, for 85 years thereafter grew into one of the most magnificent structures in the world. Washington on that occasion wore a rich and apron woven by Lafayette's wife. The city was then a mere village, but escorted by a small band of patriotic citizens and troops of artillery, the father of his country proceeded from the White House along Pennsylvania avenue to the east front of the Capitol, over the same route taken today by President Cleveland and the great parade of military and military. The proceedings were led by Chief Marshal Dowling and staff with a squadron of cavalry acting as escort to the President, followed by the state eighties say, Wm. Wirt Henry, a descendant of Patrick Henry, governors of various states, Chairman Lawrence Gardner and invited guests in carriages; the troops of the District National Guard bringing up the rear as a further escort. Then in the parade proper came a division of civic societies and organizations, then a division composed of the survivors of Cincinnati Sons of the American Revolution, the Aztec club, veterans of the Mexican war, the old guard of the Grand Army of the Republic, Sons of Veterans, and National Rifles, then divisions of the United States regulars, district and visiting militia, and last, Veteran Firemen of the district and similar visiting organizations.

THE EXERCISES.

The streets were thronged with people who cheered the President as he passed. Arrived at the Capitol the parade disbanded and the vast throng witnessed the ceremonies, including members of both houses of congress, judges of the supreme Court, members of the cabinet and other high officials, who occupied places on the stand. The exercises were opened with music by the marine band. Then Bishop Paret, of Maryland, offered prayer and a chorus of 1500 voices sang "Ode to Freedom," after which Chauncey Gardiner delivered a brief address, succinctly sketching the remarkable growth and development of the United States during the past hundred years, and closing by introducing as chairman of the ceremonies the worthy successor of Washington, President of the United States Grover Cleveland.

The President was given a most enthusiastic greeting and delivered a brief characteristic and appropriate address. At the conclusion the President was cheered with redoubled vigor.

THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

While I accept with much satisfaction the part assigned me on this occasion, I cannot escape the sober reflections which these ceremonies suggest. Those who suppose we are simply engaged in commemorating the beginning of a magnificent structure devoted to important public uses, overlook the most useful lesson of the hour. We do indeed celebrate the laying of the corner stone from which has sprung the splendid edifice whose grand proportions have aroused the pride of every American citizen, but our celebration is chiefly valuable and significant because this edifice was designed and planned by great and patriotic men as a place where the principles of a free representative government should be developed in patriotic legislation for the benefit of a free people. If the representatives who here assemble to make laws for their fellow countrymen forget their duty and broad, illuminated patriotism, and legislate in prejudice and passion or in behalf of sectional or selfish interests, the time when the corner stone of our Capitol was laid and the circumstances surrounding it will not be worth commemorating. The sentiment and traditions connected with this structure and its uses belong to all the people of our land, but are most valuable reminders of patriotism in the discharge of public duty and disinterestedness in the many struggles for the public good. They also furnish a standard by which our people may measure the conduct of those chosen to serve them. The favorable application of this standard will always supply the proof to our countrymen who realize the value of free institutions designed and built by those who laid the corner stone of their Capitol, that they appreciate the necessity of constant and zealous watchfulness as a condition indispensable to the preservation of their institutions in purity and integrity. I believe our fellow citizens have no better or purer cause for rejoicing on this centennial than that these lands will watch and guard the sentiment and traditions that Father found the celebration, that in days to come those who shall again celebrate laying the cornerstone of their nation's Capitol will find in the recital of our performance of our public duty no less reason for enthusiasm and congratulation than we find in recalling the mission and virtues of those who founded us.

Then the orator of the day, Wm. Wirt Henry, delivered an address in which he reviewed the growth of the country in territory, industrial strength and influence, and in conclusion called the nations of the world, detailed the growth of the capital building beyond the foundations first laid and the development of the laws which its walls.

The next speaker was Vice President Stevenson, who spoke in behalf of the United States Senate. He was accorded a greeting as hearty as that given the President. He delivered a masterly and eloquent address, in which, in the course of review of the progress of our greatness, he spoke of the mighty name of statesmen who surrounded Washington, when the corner stone was laid a hundred years ago and of those who succeeded them in guiding the nation on its glorious destiny predicted by the fathers of the nation, and declared that in the presence of "this venerable tabernacle of revolutionary greatness, prophecy looks out upon the future and chaos shrinks."

Speaker Crisp followed in behalf of the House. He spoke briefly on the same general theme, the nation's greatness and her promise of continued existence.

A chorus sang "The heavens are telling," and then Justice Henry Billings Brown of the Supreme Court spoke in behalf of the judiciary, who gave a history of the Supreme Court and touched upon some famous cases contested with the war of the nation.

The concluding address was by M. W. Parker of the commissioners of the District of Columbia.

The assembly was dismissed with benediction by Cardinal Gibbons.

PLOT TO MURDER JOSEPH.

The Emperor of Austria Had a Narrow Escape from Death.

A Ominous Plot Accidentally Discovered by a Boy.—Perils of Wearing a Crown.

VIENNA, Sept. 18.—The *Magyarhon*, a newspaper published in Budapest, Hungary, gives details of a plot to assassinate Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria-Hungary. The story is to the effect that a Hungarian boy overheard two men discussing the plot. They were arranging to have a bomb placed on the road over which the emperor was to travel on his way to the army maneuvers, between the Gyor and Komarom. In the confusion the conspirator would kill the emperor and escape. Having heard so much the boy became frightened and ran away and told his parents. After consulting they informed the police and investigations developed the fact that police had recently found a bomb on the road, the road was carefully guarded and inspected throughout, and arrangements were made to send a private engine in advance of the imperial train. The boy and his parents were arrested and held as witnesses.

One theory of the plot is that it was contrived by the anti-Austrian preaching of the lord pope of a village in Transylvania in which the boy and parents reside, and who is one of the leading anti-Austrian agitators opposed by the Magyars. Another theory is that it is the result of the recent agitation of young Czechs who have worked up an anti-German feeling and spread revolutionary ideas. The police are keeping the details secret and the full facts will probably never be known.

Agree to Surrender.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 18.—This morning the receivers of the Northern Pacific appeared in court and agreed to surrender the Wisconsin Central lines to the old management, in view of the loss sustained by the operation of the line and the poor prospect of improvement. The details of the matter are being signed.

THE PERSECUTED POPE.

Leo Said to Contemplate Exile from Rome.

ROME, Sept. 18.—Signor Santa Maria, minister of justice and ecclesiastical affairs, has resigned because he is not in accord with the government's plans for the reopening of a conflict with the Vatican. In view of increasing symptoms of hostility displayed by the government, which are attributed to the pope's friendship towards France, the Vatican is again considering arrangements in regard to the Pope's exile from Rome. He has already applied to Spain on the subject.

Lee to Satolli.

ROME, Sept. 18.—The Pope has sent a letter to Satolli, in which he treats on American religious questions and expresses satisfaction at the action of the American clergy through the efforts of Satolli.

A Bad Joke.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 18.—A bottle containing two slips of thin wood on which was written, "All hands lost. Naturally no time to say more," was found in the Mersey. It is thought this may refer to the lost White Star liner, but it is believed to be an alleged joke.

Cholera in The Hague.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 18.—A case of Asiatic cholera was discovered here today.

THE YELLOW FEVER.

The Situation at Brunswick Very Grave.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—News has been received from Brunswick, Ga., that the yellow fever is dangerously epidemic there. The surgeon general is taking active measures to combat it. A large force of yellow fever experts has been sent there and a plague camp on the mainland near that town has been established. Nine new cases were reported this morning. The situation is very grave.

SER LEGISLATORS.

Stewart Introduces a Silver Amendment.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Stewart, of Nevada, introduced an amendment to the repeal bill authorizing the President to invite the governments of Mexico, Central and South America, Haiti and Santo Domingo to join the United States in a conference in Washington four months after the passage of the act, to secure the adoption of a common silver dollar of not less than 412½ grains, not more than 412.5 grains pure silver, to be issued by each government and to be legal tender in all commercial transactions between all American states, and the holding of the delegates shall be similar to the conference which was thereby, and on an agreement being reached the governments represented shall open their mints to unlimited coinage of silver on the benefit of our people.

Pending resolution of inquiry whether legislation would be necessary to prevent the interruption of interstate traffic by railroads was taken up and was still under consideration when the time expired to take part in the ceremonial rendezvous.

The Seats of the Senate.

DENVER, Sept. 18.—The report sent out from here this morning to the effect that the Pacific Express coming east had been robbed of a large amount grew out of the fact that the company had a money order book stolen on Saturday. Payment was stopped on all amounts in it. The company will lose nothing.

AT THE FAIR.

Exercises on the Anniversary of the Adoption of the Constitution.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—At noon the great Columbian bell at the World's Fair rang out in honor of the anniversary of the adoption by Congress of the constitution, Sept. 17th, 1787. As the ringing bell ceased a gun was fired to hold the exercises today. Exercises on the occasion also included addresses by President Palmer of the exposition, Mr. Bonaparte, Director General Davis and others.

Newark also commemorated the anniversary of its adoption by the Union. A large crowd witnessed the exercises.

DID NOT MATERIALIZE.

The Nevada day exercises advertised for today did not materialize. There is no state building nor there are creditable exhibits on the midway and unfinished buildings. It was expected that governor Colcord and other officials would be here, but as they failed to arrive the exercises were postponed indefinitely.

The Dusty Recovered.

HANCOCK, Mich., Sept. 18.—The circulation of $14,000 secured by the three robbers of the Mineral Range train, on its way to pay off the employes of the Calumet and Hecla mines, has been recovered. After meeting the money the robbers got in a small truck, and sent it by one of their number dressed as a miner to Hancock. He intrusted a baggageman of the Duluth, Southshore and Atlantic to check it through for him for a consideration of fifty cents. It was known to no one but he was aware of the contents. The officers learned of the transaction and took a special train and overhauled it some distance from Hancock and recovered the entire sum. It was become evident that the robbers had confederates among the train men, and two firemen have been arrested at Marquette on suspicion.

THE CHEROKEE BOOMERS.

Fires Raging on the Strip.—Twelve Houses Burned.

ARKANSAS CITY, Sept. 18.—Reports from Chetopa, Kansas, reach here to the effect that the prairie fires are still burning. Seven charred bodies have been discovered. Two had bullet holes in the head. The other had cracked skulls. Disappointed boomers from the strip continues.

Cholera in Hamburg.

HAMBURG, Sept. 18.—The health officers of the city admitted this evening that there had been twelve cases of cholera since the 15th. Five proved fatal. Twelve more were under the doctor's care. Four deaths occurred in the suburb of St. George out one in St. Paul. Cases of cholera are scattered through various parts of the city. The authorities are taking energetic measures to prevent the spread of the disease.

THE TRAIN ROBBERY.

A Discharged Fireman Arrested on Suspicion.

CALUMET, Mich., Sept. 18.—George Liberty, a locomotive fireman, lately discharged from the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic Railway, has been arrested, supposed to be the man who handled the throttle on the engine at the time of the train robbery last Friday. He is claimed to have made a confession, implicating King and his companions, and Express Messenger Hogan. Liberty told the officers that the money was contained in a trunk which he shipped from Houghton to Marquette on Saturday morning. The trunk was taken to the Lake Superior and Ishpeming narrow gauge, alleged to be implicated in the robbery. Soon after the arrest he made a clean breast of the whole affair. He is in Marquette jail.

OTHER ARRESTS.

The entire plot was hatched here. The police have arrested John and Michael Shea, saloon keepers; Moses Longtine, a brakeman on the passenger train; Tom Winter, a baggageman; D. W. Hewitt, an express messenger on the Mineral Range train; Ed Hogan, barkeeper, and Wesley Shoup, a hack driver.

THROWN FROM A WAGON.

A Boy Receives Severe Injuries in a Runaway.

This afternoon there was a lively runaway on Fifth South street, between West Temple and First West streets. The boy who drives T. C. Harper's delivery wagon had stopped the vehicle and was about to get down to the grocery, when the horse became frightened and started to run. When opposite Mr. Ryan's residence the horse took fright and ran down the street, railway track the boy lost his hold and fell in front of the wagon, which ran over him, severely injuring him in the back. He was taken to a house near by and given the necessary attention. The contents of the delivery wagon scattered along the street and the vehicle itself was badly damaged.

GETTING TIRED OF IT

Loofbourow to Resign as President of the Council.

TELLS A "NEWS" REPORTER WHY.

Now the Absorbing Question Will Be, Who Will Succeed Him as Presiding Officer?

Yesterday days past it has been quietly rumored in municipal circles that President Loofbourow contemplated resigning as city councilman. In order to ascertain the correctness of the report a NEWS representative on Saturday attempted to secure an interview with the judge, but was informed until today, when in answer to questions he said:

"The report is wrong. I did not say so I now intend to resign my office as city councilman, but I have contemplated resigning as president of the council. My failure, however, to be present at the last few meetings of the council was due to a two weeks' absence in California on business and the severe illness of my wife since my return.

"The report, as you heard it, probably grew out of a conversation I had with a councilman a few days ago in which I stated that to my opinion the presiding officer of the council should be present at all times at the meetings of that body. That is impossible I find myself unable to do and accordingly concluded that I had better resign and get out of that office. That is all there is to it."

As soon as the matter was made known today there was considerable anxiety in the minds of many of the city officers as to which one of the councilmen is selected to succeed the official genius of the retiring president. When Beth's name was mentioned it was followed up by the statement that he had some days ago, when the report was first circulated, said he would not be a candidate. As to Mr. Barnsley the anti-Mormons are opposed to him and said one councilman: "The proposition will pass Barnsley over by a vote of two compromise." In the event of not being able to agree the council will be compelled to elect a president pro tem each meeting.

TODAY'S COUNTY COURT.

Sandy Precinct Property Owners Send in a Petition.

A Road Superintendent Resigns.—Damage to Land.—Orders for Lumber.—Tax Sale Relief.

The County Court held a session this morning, Probate Judge Blair presiding. Selectmen Cahoon, Bamberger and Morris were also present.

ORDER FOR LUMBER.

The clerk was instructed to give Mr. H. P. Burns, the superintendent of road district No 17, an order on Mason & Co. for 1000 feet of bridge lumber.

RESIGNED.

The petition of James Young concerning a certain "dangerous road" etc., at East Mill Creek, was referred to Selectman Bamberger.

INSUFFICIENT FOR DRAINAGE.

Messrs. Joseph Baumgarten and George M. Cannon wrote calling attention to the condition of land between Tenth and Eleventh South streets and between Second and Sixth West streets. Owing to the ditches being insufficient to provide drainage, the water, they state, is backed up on the land to such a number as to cause considerable damage.

Referred to Selectman Cahoon.

RESIGNATION ACCEPTED.

The resignation of William Hobbs, superintendent of road district No. 36, was presented and accepted, and the application of Joseph H. Milly, soliciting the appointment, was received and filed. Mr. Hobbs recommended him as his successor, and the application was endorsed by ten residents of West Jordan precinct.

SPECIAL SCHOOL TAX.

The matter of the levy of a special school tax in district No. 40 was referred to the county attorney.

COUNTY PHYSICIAN'S STATEMENT.

County Physician Worthington reported that the following county patients were inmates of the hospital during the week ending Sept. 16: Mrs. Ma's, 9; Mr. Mary's, 8; Deseret, 1; total, 18.

THIRD PRECINCT.

A petition was presented signed by thirty-six residents and property holders in Sandy precinct and along the line of roads between sections 32 and 5 and sections 4 and 9, township 2 and 3 s. r. 1 e., proposed to be changed by Stewart Holman and others. Petitioners pay the road not to change said line, on the ground that it would incur great expense and trouble in the removal of trees and fences. The line of road, they say, was surveyed some ten years ago by the county surveyor and has been always considered correct.

The communication was ordered filed.

TAX SALE RELIEF.

The petition of Wm. H. Tremayne asking relief from a certain tax sale against the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 12, township 2, south range 1 west, was returned back to the petitioner for more complete information.

HE WANTS THE JOBS.

George L. Ritz sent in a letter asking to be appointed superintendent of the addition about to be erected at the county infirmary building, "at $3 per day."

The application was filed.

BRIDGE LUMBER.

The clerk was directed to issue an order on Cahoon Bros. for 1000 feet of bridge lumber, for Fred L. Ramsay, road supervisor of District 25.

PLEASE LOOK AT IT AGAIN.

The claim of S. W. Jewell was referred back to be itemized.

FROM THE CITY.

A petition from Salt Lake City, asking that the tax sales against block 117, plat D, and other lands be cancelled by reservoirs to the petitioners, was referred to the county attorney.

SLAIMS ALLOWED.

Claims were allowed amounting in the aggregate to $1188.33, including an item of $250 for the Orphans' Home and Day Nursery.

The board got through the whole of their business by noon and then adjourned till next Monday.

UTAH'S GREAT UNIVERSITY.

Opening Day.—Board of Regents, Faculty and Departments.

The Utah University, the head of the Territory's educational system, opened today with an enrollment of 230 students which number will be increased to 400 next week, when the old students, that have returned, through the courtesy of President Kingsbury, a NEWS reporter was shown through the buildings, and was pleased with the equipment in the different lines of work. The physical and chemical apparatus is excellent, and students sent from this institution have no difficulty in passing themselves by reason of the preparation made. While the operating display is meager, much improvement is expected next year, as under the lease from Mr. Kingsbury orders that an experiment station be established in connection with the institution. This institution was founded in 1850, Robert Campbell, George Q. Cannon and D. H. Wells, whose portraits adorn its walls, having been its original charter members. The normal department is under joint management of the Salt Lake City Board of Education and the Board of Regents of the University. Following are officers of the Board of Regents and Faculty:

Chancellor, Robert Harrison.

Secretary, Jos. Jacobs.

Treasurer, H. C. Cummings.

Faculty—J. T. Kingsbury, M. A., acting president, professor of chemistry and physics, director of chemical laboratory.

W. M. Stewart, M.Did., professor of pedagogy.

W. M. Ater, A.B., professor of Latin and Greek.

Henry Montgomery, M. A., mineralogy and geology, curator of museum.

First Lieutenant W. R. Wright, C. S. A., military science and tactics, assistant professor of mathematics.

W. J. Kerr, B. S., professor of mathematics.

Geo. M. Marshall, Ph. B., English language and literature.

Geo. R. Maeser, A. M., professor German and French.

James E. Talmage, Ph. D., professor of mathematics and biology.

Joseph F. Merrill, B. S., assistant professor of chemistry.

Evan Stephens, instructor in vocal music.

David P. Allen, instructor in mathematics and book keeping, registrar and secretary of faculty.

C. A. Whiting, M. Sc., history and botany, principal of preparatory school.

D. R. Angelbeck, B. P., instructor in drawing.

Joseph P. White, B. S., instructor in physics and mathematics.

Maud M. Babcock, B. E., instructor in elocution and physic culture.

Lyman Cummings, B. A., instructor in Latin and English.

Wm. D. Neal, B. S., instructor in geology and mineralogy.

George G. Gray, librarian.

A detailed report of the excellent institution will appear in the NEWS in the near future. Suffice to say, it is one of which not only the Territory but the West may be proud.

The Utah School for the Deaf is also under the direction of the university board of regents, and numbers at the present time forty. The branches taught comprise a common school course, varied to meet the wants of the deaf children. The first years are devoted to the study of language instruction. Following in the corps of teachers:

Frank W. Metcalf, principal.

Frank M. Driggs, teacher.

Luella Shillinger, articulation teacher.

The officers are:

Frank W. Metcalf, principal.

Mrs. F. C. Metcalf, matron.

C. E. Wilcox, M. D., physician.

F. M. Driggs, foreman of printing.

R. L. Patterson, foreman of carpenter shop.

Fred W. Reynolds, boys' supervisor.

Mrs. F. C. Metcalf, teacher of sewing.

Mrs. Mary McAvoy, teacher of cooking.

EDLER'S EXAMINATION.

It Took Place Before Commissioner Farrell this Afternoon.

AT 2:30 this afternoon the preliminary examination of August Edler on a charge of "burglary" at the home of the Patriotic Order Daughters of America in the Union Block began in Commissioner Norrell's court, after many delays. The prosecution was conducted by Assistant County Attorney Johnson; Attorneys Cannon and Armstrong appeared on behalf of the defendant. Judging by the large number of witnesses in attendance the hearing promises to be a prolonged one.

A single first witness called was George M. Spohn, an architect, who testified to having seen Edler "come flying in a hurry-burry down the stairs" of the Union Block on the night of the alleged burglary. He said witness that he came near being caught while looking in a box for the minutes of the Americus, also that the coin he made has attracted some one to the large room, and that that was the cause of the hasty exit. Pressed cautiously "Where is Josephine (meaning Edler), volunteered the witness that he collected from the room through the window, assisted by Bunn, and stated that he had left a dollar on the box in where he had been endeavoring to pay for what he had stolen!

Hurt in a Runaway.

About 5 o'clock this evening a man and his daughter were riding in a road cart at the corner of Ninth South and Second East streets. A wagon came up from behind and the horse attached to the cart not being used and unused to such became frightened and commenced to run. In turning the corner quickly the occupants were thrown out, the man being severely hurt about the head. He was carried into John Y. Smith's house for temporary treatment after which he was taken home in a carriage.

SHOWELL'S SILENCE.

The First Precinct Politician Refuses to Talk to Newspapers.

PUBLIC RECORDS STILL MISSING.

Absolutely Nothing Has Been Learned Concerning Their Mysterious Disappearance.

No man in the community has, apparently, learned to appreciate the real significance and worth of the old saying, that "silence is golden" to a greater extent than Sanitary Inspector Showell.

A NEWS representative called at that official's office this afternoon for the purpose of requesting him to say something regarding the mysterious disappearance of certain portions of the sanitary records during a shift in which one of his sons-in-law was in charge of the records. It happened that Mr. Showell was "not in" and Mr. Brown, his chief clerk, was asked what he knew concerning the matter. The reply was, "nothing." He, however, politely went to the telephone and "rang up" Mr. Showell and informed him that a NEWS reporter was anxious to interview him.

How emphatically he spoke of matters the reporter could not hear, but Mr. Brown turned from the phone and said, "I might as well tell you what Mr. Showell says. He declares he has no information to give on the question, and that he will talk for the papers or to newspaper men."

The reporter then left the office and soon after met a councilman on the street who said he had talked with Doctor Beatty on the proposition that an investigation of the case must be ordered. In the meantime Mr. Showell might as well prepare for the inevitable.

AMUSEMENTS.

TONIGHT at the Tabernacle the whole town should turn out to welcome back the victorious choir. In addition to the music of the occasion, which will include the 250 singers, each soloists as Weber, Bassett, Mr. Pepper, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. Edwards, Mr. Dougall, Mr. Robertson, Mr. Goodworth, Mr. Daynes and Mr. Pederson, there will be addresses of welcome and congratulation delivered by Governor West on behalf of the Territory, by Mayor Baskin on behalf of the city and by Mr. C. W. Penrose on behalf of the Tabernacle congregation. The prices have been fixed strictly "to suit the times" and will be 50c and 25c.

JANE—Tonight and tomorrow night laughter will reign supreme at the Theater when Jane the queen of comedies will begin an engagement. Miss Jennie Yeamans, the new Jane, is said to have made an immense hit in the title role. She will be ably assisted by members of former Jane casts who have made hits in their respective roles.

Asks for a Receiver.

D. S. Walton & Co. et al have begun proceedings in the Third district court against Timothy E. Sage, assignee of the Deardorff Paper company et al, praying that the assignment made by the Deardorff company be adjudged fraudulent as against the plaintiffs, that a receiver be appointed to take charge of the company's effects and that an accounting for all moneys received by the assignee be had. The plaintiffs also ask that Mr. Sage the assignee, be restrained from paying over any money to persons named as preferred creditors, and that he be ordered or instructed to hold the funds subject to the order of the court.

PHILIP SPEY & SON ASSIGN.

The Liabilities Reach a Total of $2311.53.—List of Creditors.

Philip Spey & Son, carrying on business as tailors on East Temple street, in this city, assigned today to Charles Hanson for the benefit of their creditors.

Following is the list:

Exact [illegible]	[illegible]
Hyrum Spey, Salt Lake City	[illegible]
Frank Spey, do	[illegible]
Philip Spey, do	[illegible]
Philip Spey & Son	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]
Exact [illegible]	[illegible]
Wm. Lee, Rooming & Boarding House	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]
Exact [illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]
Exact [illegible]	[illegible]
Hyrum Spey, Salt Lake City	[illegible]
Frank Spey, do	[illegible]
Philip Spey, do	[illegible]
Philip Spey & Son	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]
Exact [illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]
Exact [illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]
Exact [illegible]