MORGAN CITY AND COUNTY.

They are Defended by a Citizen of Enterprise.

Editor Deseret News:

A gentleman of the medical profession from Salt Lake city, at a public meeting recently held in Farmington, made the following statements concerning Morgan. He told the people of Davis county assembled there "that Morgan was a dirty little town; that most of them, although a good and kind people, did not know enough to keep clean, and round their dwellings you find filth; that the accumulation of mild center was the cause of the cases of diphtheria; that they had every year the small pox; that their dwellings were in reality with the seepage of filth cesspools, and that a white man going once into some of their outhouses would not want to go in again."

Now, there may be a few instances of the character, and while I do not claim that Morgan city is a paragon of cleanliness, yet I maintain that it is (and the whole of the county) as clean and healthy as any farming district in the country, or as any that the gentleman has visited, with the exception of Ogden, his station to the contrary notwithstanding. The feeling of the people that I have spoken to about this is that Morgan has been unjustly singled out and made to appear worse than it really is. I am not a resident of Morgan City, but I reside in the county of Morgan and often visit the county seat, being well posted as regards sanitary condition, and can say sincerely that it is not behind other rural districts in cleanliness. The gentleman's statements in regard to diphtheria are not correct. The few cases they have had were contracted by some of the people visiting in localities infected with the disease and by strangers and friends coming amongst them, bringing the disease in its incipient stage, but fully developed after being there a few days. It is the little town where I reside there has never been a case of diphtheria. Some of the people feel indignant, and wonder why Morgan should have been spoken of so disparagingly in a public meeting, yet with any intent to injure the people, they suppose, but the effect produced, has a tendency that way. The people have long struggled under very adverse circumstances, perhaps more so than those of any other county in Utah, and are still laboring to build up and beautify this little valley. They have long raised the stock which produced the milk, and are now in earnest as regards the honey, and they only need encouragement instead of unwise statements respecting them to make the valley a veritable "Land of milk and honey." God has blessed them in their labors.

The land now yields more abundantly, the climate has become more temperate, the mountain streams have increased, and they acknowledge His hand in all these things, and by His help, they will yet raise this lovely little valley, in the estimation of those, who as has apparently been case in more pleasant places, and who in times past have spoken of it very indifferently as only one of the "black valleys." But a change has come over it; palace cars run through and the Union Pacific Railroad company bring thousands from Salt Lake and Ogden, on pleasure bent, to enjoy themselves in the groves and resorts, and on the banks of the Weber river that so beautifully traces its winding way by fields, rich with golden grain, the reward of the husbandman's toil. The valley looks lovely at this time, showing signs of the autumn season, and the near approach of winter, when it will again put on its mantle of snow and be lovely even in its sternest aspect.

I remember visiting a friend in Davis County about fifteen years ago and amongst the good things with which I was regaled were strawberries. The lady at the house said to me, "They will be quite a treat to you, I have no doubt, for you cannot raise fruit of that kind in your valley." But the most people of Morgan now raise strawberries, and fine ones, too; also apples, pears, plums, quinces, currants, and other products of that character. This at one time was thought impossible, and of such a nature, we have visitors from all parts of the country, and the name of the law never can be heard as you pass along, some portions of the town. I do not think the municipal authorities will neglect to enforce sanitary measures necessary for the welfare of the busiest city, and cleanse the town from impurities as much as in their power lies.

I hope this letter will be considered a temperate and respectful reply to the statement about Morgan and its people, as "Nothing extenuate, nor ought set down in malice." CREDENTIA.

DEVONSHIRE, Morgan Co., Sept. 14.

BUGGY ACCIDENT.

Mrs. Woods of the Tenth Ward Hurt, But Not Seriously.

Mrs. Woods, wife of one of the Bishop's counselors of the Tenth Ward and who resides on Fifth South between Eighth and Ninth East, met with an unfortunate accident about three o'clock yesterday afternoon. She had been to the city cemetery to visit her son's grave, and was returning home in a buggy, accompanied by her grandson, a boy of 14, named Willie Oakley. On coming down N. Street one of the shafts of the vehicle snapped in two, whereupon the horse bolted. Mrs. Woods was pitched from the cloth, alighting upon her head, and her grandson, who was driving, followed a moment afterwards. The lady was stunned, but soon recovered sufficiently to say, though greatly frightened, escaped with no important shaking. Several persons who were near at the time rendered all the help they could, and a messenger was dispatched for Mr. Woods. His wife was taken home in a conveyance, and afterwards met by Dr. Ewing, who found that the injuries sustained by Mrs. Woods were not serious, and gave hope of her speedy recovery. The horse continued in its runaway course after the mishap, but was caught before proceeding very far.

Miss Sadie Shotwell of Chicago, sister of Mrs. A. G. Riley of the city attorney's office, arrived in the city yesterday after visiting friends in Denver since the Knights Templar conclave. Miss Shotwell intends to remain a few weeks before returning home.

TUSCARORA POWERS

Again Chosen Chairman of the "Liberal" City Committee.

The "Liberal" Committee of Two Hundred met in the G. A. R. Hall last night. Tuscarora Powers presided and Jo Lippman acted as the life of service. The former broached high sense of his old-time anti-Mormon offensive, the odor of which evidently filled the hall and was sweetened with a relish by the Edmunds act's last hope. On motion of Dr. Knight it was decided to constitute a "Liberal" executive to delegate to Congress and put up a "Liberal" ticket in every town and county in the Territory.

Editor gave the "correct lie" and encouraged such action.

Powers begged for campaign money with such naivety and sense that $100 was subscribed in a few minutes. The contribution was liberally to be used only in Ogden.

D. P. Tarpey, "Gentlemen" Allen, Moses, Powers and Lowrence made speeches and felt sure of "Liberal" victory in November in the county elections at least.

Powers was again chosen chairman of the "Liberal" City Committee and the meeting adjourned.

Personal.

J. B. Jones, Provo, is at the Cullen.

Louis Norman, Chicago, is at the Cullen.

A. L. Rees, Bode, Noah, is a guest of the Templeton.

C. F. Harwood is among the New Yorkers at the Cullen.

Mrs. William Sim, Indianapolis, Ind., is at the Knutsford.

W. Fuller, Granite Mountain, is a guest of the Knutsford.

L. D. Davis and wife, Portland, Or., are a guest of the Cullen.

T. O. Morris, representing a dry goods house, is at the Continental.

Dr. A. S. Gustafson, Dingham, came into the city yesterday to attend the Mile meeting.

J. F. Warner, Henry Mountain, came into the city yesterday. He is staying at the Cullen.

E. A. McMillan, representing a school furniture concern, has returned to the Continental.

Miss Lizie Snyder left this morning for New York, where she will take up a course of musical study.

The Templeton is entertaining the traveling men and also has Harry Coburn, W. C. Adkin and J. H. Stevens, George Young, Jack Ward, George H. White and A. L. Johnson.

Otto Statmann, formerly the chief engineer of the Alameda mines, is in the Templeton with his family. He will remove to this city a few days before going to Durango, Colo., to take charge of a large mine there.

The Knutsford is entertaining J. Wesley Hill, Spokane; F. C. Crosby, Chicago; F. K. Merriman, Boston; James S. Fuller and wife, New Haven, Conn.; Harry S. Morris, New York; Miss H. Garrison, Chicago; Jas. Sibley, Dresser, Eng.; Jas. Hall, W. H. Watson, Milwaukee; L. A. A. Hoffmann, Chicago.

A NATIONAL SONG.

Why It Is Not the United States or Without a National Anthem.

One of the commonest of proverbial expressions assumes that a song is the compeer of all things; yet the richest country on earth is without a national song. Thirty years ago it offered itself for one; but the song was not forthcoming, though the condition of affairs in our country seemed calculated to call forth all the lyric energy that any poet possessed. And indeed a few fine poems were produced, but no song that fairly claimed the prize.

We have the "Star Spangled Banner," and sometimes we sing it and makes ourselves think we are enthusiastic, but the least critical of us feels that it is too clumsy to be a good song or a good poem, and I suspect it has a fatal even more radical defect, and perhaps the greatest of all in the matter of art to make a picture of a picture or to symbolize a symbol. To illustrate this hold up side by side a photograph from an old painting and one from life.

Though the America flag is to our eyes the most beautiful of all ensigns, and in a forest of shipping in any great seaport, and though it represents the finest country and the most progressive people on earth, and though your heart sometimes comes to your throat when you think what has been achieved under it, still it is only a picture and a symbol. No star spangled rhymes or allegorical representations of freedom tearing the sky into strips of bunting will ever make an effective and enduring national song. When the song arrives we shall find that it somehow deals directly with the national power and destiny, not with any conventional symbol or picture of it.

"Yankee Doodle" has its uses as a tune, but its words that are not dogged have ever been set to it, and it is doubtful if any can be. Samuel Francis Smith wrote a respectable hymn, beginning "My Country, 'Tis of Thee." But its meter for the place of national song is killed at the outset by the fact that it is set to the tune of another nation's hymn. Then, too, how should we all sing some millions of our citizens to sing "Land where my fathers died," when they left their fathers' bones in various parts of Europe—or how expect union around an "Land of the pilgrim's pride" from the throats of those who have no pride in the pilgrims?—Rossiter Johnson in St. Nicholas.

Sesostris Nestor, the king of Syria, used to give a fair in land tracts of tame tigers, and the Nabob of Oude had a pet she tiger that which was taken along on his journeys, and had been taught to mount an elephant without making one of her formidable claws.—San Francisco Chronicle.

HISTORY OF THE BANNOCK STAKE

The History of the Bannock Stake, compiled by Andrew Jenson, and published in the DESERET WEEKLY, has been bound in pamphlet form, and can now be had at the DESERET NEWS Office at 25 cents per copy.

Where Mississippi Forests Thrive.

Mesquitoes is a kind of alfalfa. It is composed of magnesia and flint, with sometimes the one of iron and other minerals. All of it comes from the province of Estremadura in Asiatic Turkey. It has been dug out of the ground there for centuries and the manner of preparing it is to me an extremely possibility. The mesquitoes found in lumps of all sizes and shapes and sizes. The lumps are subdivided into a dozen or thirty feet, and are sawed and kept dry in sawdust. There are two different qualities of the mesquitoes.

The discovery of the usefulness of the process of boiling it was made by accident. Indelible lower schools is manufactured from chips left over from the carving. They are ground into a pulp, treated chemically and finally pressed into the shapes desired. Every one knows that pipes made out of the meerschaum will not color.—Exchange.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court of and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of Sam Harry, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT [illegible] Administrator of the estate of said deceased, has filed his final account of his administration of said estate, and petition for distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons entitled thereto, and that the hearing of said account and said petition has been fixed by the order of this Court, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m. of Tuesday, the 20th day of September, A.D. 1892, at the Court Room of said Court, in the County Court House, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be allowed and said petition granted.

Dated August 25, 1892. C. E. ALLEN, Clerk of the Probate Court. By CALVIN BROWN, Jr., Deputy.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court of the County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate and Guardianship of Annie O. Wentworth and Mary A. Wentworth, Minors.

Order to show cause why money on hand or real estate should not be invested.

A. PRATT, H. HOUGHTON, THE GUARDIAN of the person and estate of said minors, filed a petition herein, praying for an order of sale of the real estate of said minors, and the proceeds of sale of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be invested in other real estate, or loaned on mortgage on unencumbered real estate, as in said petition more fully appears, and said petition has been set for hearing before this court on the 19th day of September, A.D. 1892, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m. of said day, at the Court Room of said Court, in the County Court House, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, at which time and place any person interested may appear and show cause, if any there be, why said petition should not be granted.

Dated August 25, 1892. C. E. ALLEN, Clerk of the Probate Court. By CALVIN BROWN, Jr., Deputy.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court of and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of Thomas Hollis, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Henry Clayton, administrator of the estate of Thos. Hollis, deceased, has filed his settlement and final account of said estate, and petition for distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons entitled thereto, and that the hearing of said account and said petition has been fixed by the order of this Court, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m. of Tuesday, the 20th day of September, A.D. 1892, at the Court Room of said Court, in the County Court House, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be allowed and said petition granted.

Dated August 25, 1892. C. E. ALLEN, Clerk of the Probate Court. By CALVIN BROWN, Jr., Deputy.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court of and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of Rosa Lowe, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT [illegible] executor of said estate, has filed his final account of said estate, and petition for distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons entitled thereto, and that the hearing of said account and said petition has been fixed by the order of this Court, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m. of Tuesday, the 20th day of September, A.D. 1892, at the Court Room of said Court, in the County Court House, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be allowed and said petition granted.

Dated August 25, 1892. C. E. ALLEN, Clerk of the Probate Court. By CALVIN BROWN, Jr., Deputy.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court of and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of Rosa Lowe, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT [illegible] executor of said estate, has filed his final account of said estate, and petition for distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons entitled thereto, and that the hearing of said account and said petition has been fixed by the order of this Court, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m. of Tuesday, the 20th day of September, A.D. 1892, at the Court Room of said Court, in the County Court House, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be allowed and said petition granted.

Dated August 25, 1892. C. E. ALLEN, Clerk of the Probate Court. By CALVIN BROWN, Jr., Deputy.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

UNDER AUTHORITY OF AN ORDER of sale granted by the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, dated August 19th, 1892, I will sell at private sale the following described real estate, to wit: Commencing at a point one rod north of the southeast corner of lot 1, block 3, Plat "A" Salt Lake City Survey, and running thence north four rods; thence west one rod; thence south four rods; thence east one rod to the place of beginning. Also a right of way over one 12 rod lot and which is a strip of land of a uniform width extending from the above described lot