

MILLS' REPORT ON CADETS' DISMISSAL

Gives History of the Trouble at
West Point.

BREACHES OF DISCIPLINE.

Those Who Were Dismissed Greatly
Surprised—Their Statement—All
Start for Home.

Washington, May 22.—Following is
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the report of Col. A. L. Mills, superintendent
of the military academy upon the
dismissal of the action of the academy
which was based on the action of the
academy, dismissing five cadets
and suspending six others for a year.

"I have the honor to report that, at
the academy on April 14, 1901,
the superintendent of the academy
dismissed five cadets and suspended
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class men. The other was the determination of the authorities to regulate the conduct of the academy in accordance with what was deemed the best military government, and which would result in the best system of education for the cadets relative to their future duties.

STATEMENT FROM CADETS.

New York, May 22.—The five dismissed West Point cadets came directly to this city and tonight gave out the following statement:

"Having been urged by representatives of the press individually for statements concerning our expulsion from the United States military academy, particularly in response to the published reports from Washington outlining our breach of discipline, which was furnished by the academy authorities, we deem it the part of duty to ourselves and yet in accord with propriety, to make the following statement:

"First—We are surprised at the severe punishment we have received for what we have never considered a very serious offense.

"Second—The manner in which we were summarily dismissed from the academy, after three years of labor was most surprising to us.

"Third—We have not the slightest knowledge of the evidence that has been obtained against us, nor the names of the witnesses for we have not had an open trial such as is known to military custom. We would not feel dissatisfied if it had been by the decision of a court martial.

"Fourth—Further than this we do not care to discuss the affair."

The cadets will leave for Washington tomorrow morning, and it is understood they will bring to bear all the influence that they possibly can in their own behalf before the secretary of war.

LEAVE FOR THEIR HOMES.

West Point, N. Y., May 22.—The five cadets who were today dismissed from the military academy, and those who were suspended, have all departed for their respective homes. There was no demonstration on the part of the other cadets, and all is quiet here tonight.

There is not likely to be an uprising among the comrades of those relegated to civil life, as was anticipated from some sources. There is a distinct feeling of sympathy for the dismissed cadets, and all is quiet here tonight.

There are no words of censure here for the conduct of the academy, but in his effort to maintain discipline.

OPPOSED TO NEGRO RULE.

Gen. Knox States Position of the South on the Problem.

Montgomery, Ala., May 22.—The constitutional convention today elected John B. Knox of Calhoun president. In accepting the gavel Mr. Knox said the white men of the North would not submit to negro rule any more than would those of the South.

"This is our problem," he said, "and we should be left to deal with it with our own sense of responsibility and recognized relations in the conduct of government. We do not hear of any threatened outside interference with any northern state in efforts to provide for purity of government, and there should be none with us. It has not been so much the elevation of the black man as it has been the humiliation of the white man, and has characterized the conduct of the past, but much of it has been motivated by the statesmanlike and wise, conservative course of the present chief executive of the United States, who is President of this country, and not merely of one section.

"We may differ with him politically," said Gen. Knox, "but we must confess that by the policy he has pursued he has been enabled to bring about a united country."

Killed in a Courtroom.

Santa Fe, N. M., May 22.—William Park was shot and killed at Central, Grant county, in the office of Justice of the Peace Joseph Brown, during the preliminary examination of May Edmond, charged with a serious crime. James A. Wiley had given damaging testimony, in which he used Park's name. The witness was just concluding when Park jumped from his chair, drew his gun and commenced firing at Wiley.

Wiley rose, turned half around, pulling his six-shooter as he did so, and fired by both men, as well as others in the room. One of the bullets entered Park's right side, coming out of the left side near the heart. The wounded man died in about twenty-five minutes. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of death at the hands of parties unknown.

Lead and Oil Consolidation.

New York, May 22.—The Journal of Commerce says:

It is reported that the Union Lead & Oil company, which is now planning the acquisition of the American Linseed company, will also acquire a large number of linoleum and oil cloth concerns. The report cannot be confirmed, but it is known that a deal is in progress for the consolidation of the linseed interests. There are intimations that if the consolidation is accomplished it will be closely allied with, if not controlled by the capitalists back of the Union Lead & Oil company.

MOTHERHOOD

Is a natural instinct which shows itself in the girl as soon as she is big enough to play the mother to her doll. Unfortunately the womanly heart does not always keep pace with the motherly instinct, and when real motherhood comes it often comes to mothers who suffer intolerably during maternity and who are unable to nurse the weakling child which frets and moans in their arms.

Motherhood is prepared for and provided for by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures nausea, tranquilizes the nerves, gives healthy appetite and promotes restful sleep. It makes the baby's advent practically painless, and gives the mother abundant strength to nurse her child.

Accept no substitute for "Favorite Prescription." There is nothing "just as good" for weak and sickly women.

"Two years ago I was very sick and began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. H. H. Hackett of Chardon, Georgia, Ga., Ohio. "When my baby boy came he weighed twelve pounds and half. I have had good success in nursing him until about three weeks ago, when weaning my baby, I contracted a heavy cold. As I was taking your Golden Medical Discovery, I am thankful that I was able to nurse a great grand child to regain his health by using Dr. Pierce's medicines."

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MAY BE NO RACE FOR AMERICA'S CUP

Accident to the Shamrock II Makes
This Quite Probable.

LIPTON TO N. Y. YACHT CLUB

Fears It Will Be Impossible to Keep
Engagement on Aug. 20—No Action Will Be Taken Now.

New York, May 22.—Sir Thomas Lipton cabled the New York Yacht club tonight that he was afraid that he would have to ask for a few weeks' grace owing to the accident to Shamrock II today. Secy. Oddie, when asked what action the New York Yacht club would take on the request of Sir Thomas Lipton, answered that all he could do was to point to the cablegram sent by the New York Yacht club to Sir Thomas Lipton. He said that the club would await further advice from Lipton.

When asked if further time would be granted to Sir Thomas Lipton, he said that all that was just, right and sportsmanlike would be done. He intimated that all time in reason that Sir Thomas required would be granted. Following is the telegram received tonight from Sir Thomas Lipton:

"Southampton, May 22, 1901.—Commodore Ledyard, New York Yacht Club.—Dear Ledyard:—I regret that I have had an accident today with my Shamrock, but I am sure that I will be able to keep my engagement on August 20th, but I hope to cable club tomorrow, after consultation with the designer. With kindest regards, Sir Thomas Lipton."

The following answer was sent by Commodore Ledyard:—"We all regret the accident to your Shamrock, but we are glad that you are not injured, and that the yacht is not seriously damaged. We will await further advice from you before any further action."

ACCIDENT TO SHAMROCK II.

Southampton, May 22.—The most dramatic incident in the history of the American cup occurred today, when a sudden squall on the Solent completely wrecked the challenger and endangered the life of King Edward and several distinguished persons, including Sir Thomas Lipton. The result of this disaster, which could scarcely recur without great loss of life, can be judged by the written statement made late tonight by Sir Thomas Lipton to a representative of the Associated Press as follows:

"My deepest regret is that today's accident occurred so near to the mark, and at the appointed hour and compels me to ask the New York Yacht club to grant me an extension of time. If they will be good enough to do that I shall race, even if I have to build a new boat between now and the date agreed upon. I still believe the Shamrock II a boat worthy to be the challenger, and that when this unfortunate chapter of accidents comes to an end, she will stand a good chance of lifting the cup. I have not a single complaint to make against my boat."

"For the many telegrams of sympathy received from America today I am deeply grateful. No one is more thankful than I am that the catastrophe ended without fatality, and I may perhaps say that throughout the trying moments his majesty was as brave as a lion. His first thought was to inquire if anyone was injured."

"(Signed) "THOMAS LIPTON." Circumstances have reduced the Shamrock II to a pitiful splintered wreck. She now lies off Hythe. The story of the catastrophe is best told by Sir Thomas Lipton himself. After seeing his royal guest off to London, Sir Thomas gave the following interview to a representative of the Associated Press:

"We had just begun to make for the starting line when a fierce breeze sprang up. King Edward, Lady Londonderry, Mrs. Jameson, Mr. Watson, Mr. Jameson and myself were on deck, hanging on as best we might, for the challenger was almost at an angle of forty-five degrees."

"The king started to the bow. Just as he did so everything collapsed. A heavy block fell between the two ladies and a wire rope struck me on the head and momentarily stunned me. A sudden squall, an unexpected strain and everything had given away. King Edward was half in and half out of the companion hatchway. What happened, how all the falling spar and a severe concussion, I cannot say. I was on my knees, and I saw the king clambering over the wreckage, trying to discover the extent of the damage and asking: 'Is anyone hurt?'"

The reporter of the Associated Press further learned that Sir Thomas' first utterance on coming to was this ardent ejaculation to Mr. Watson: "Telegraph for more spars. We have got to sail on Aug. 12, and this boat has got to do it."

When the distinguished participants in the mishap had been safely transferred to the Erin, the king's first remark was:

"When shall we sail again, Lipton?" and before his majesty started for London his last words to Sir Thomas were: "When you next sail I am going with you."

In fact, the ruler of the British empire seemed keenly to enjoy the unusual spice of danger into which his love of sport has led him.

Mr. Watson and Mr. Jameson, especially the former, are very doubtful, because Sir Thomas and Mr. Jameson, in spite of everything that has happened, maintained that the new boat was well worth the trouble she had caused.

It may be stated with no little authority that the challenger's true merits have not been displayed with too much vigor, and that there is more in her, according to the views of those most interested, than meets the eye.

Sir Thomas calculates that a delay of three weeks or a month in the date of the contest in American waters will enable him to come to the scratch. He says that he is greatly handicapped by the fact that he has no duplicate masts for the Shamrock II, but by an unlimited expenditure of money and energy, he believes the defects can be remedied in time to provide for an international race this year.

"I was," he said, "terribly cast down when I saw what a terrible wreck that beautiful boat was, but now I think things can be remedied. I have cabled

Mr. Ledyard personally today, and tomorrow I expect to cable the New York Yacht club officially. By then I shall know more than I do now."

Humorful expressions of gratitude for the king's escape are heard on all sides. "Many people say he was foolish to go aboard the challenger, but as Sir Thomas says:

"If I did not think everything was perfectly safe, I could not be sure I would not have invited his majesty."

Within five seconds of the disaster the Shamrock II bore around to render assistance, when she, in turn, was caught by the squall and her staff and topmast spars collapsed, leaving her helplessly crippled.

It appears that the masthead man had providentially been ordered down just before the accident. Many of the crew got a wetting, but otherwise nobody was hurt. King Edward calmly lit another cigar and continued smoking after assuring himself that everybody was safe. Later he steamed around the wrecked vessel and carefully inspected the broken boat.

A conference between Sir Thomas Lipton and Mr. Watson will be held on board the Erin tomorrow to decide upon future measures. The exhibition engagements to race in the exhibition contests on the Clyde have been abandoned.

Rev. Stonehouse's Murderers Confess

Boston, May 22.—Rev. W. S. Amant, D.D., of Pekin, the missionary of the American board in Boston, has received a letter, under date of April 20, from his associate missionary in the North China mission, Rev. George D. Wilder, of Tien Tsin, which gives an account of the massacre of Rev. Jos. Stonehouse, of the London Missionary society, M. S. Wilder says:

"About ten of Mr. Stonehouse's murderers have been arrested and tried. Some of them confessed. One of them helped to kill one of the North China missionaries of the American board and missionaries of the London Missionary society. This whole gang was in the affair of Mr. Stonehouse. We have not heard of any punishment being inflicted."

"DOWN WITH THE JESUITS."

Presentation of "Electra" at Lima, Peru, Causes a Demonstration.

New York, May 22.—A dispatch to the Herald from Lima, Peru, says:

During the presentation of Perez Galdos' play, "Electra," in the theater last night, there was great excitement in the audience. With the third, the crowd was passing the Merced church many stones were thrown, but the police charged into the mob and drove it on. At St. Peter's church the crowd broke out into a riot with stones, but the police again charged and dispersed the stone throwers.

Plan for a Central Labor Body.

Chicago, May 22.—The Chronicle says:

In the course of important conference held between labor leaders of national prominence in this city within the next few days an entirely new plan for a comprehensive central labor body in Chicago will be proposed and urged by National President of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America.

In his interview with President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor Mr. Butler will suggest that a solution of all present matters of labor organization would be provided by the simple plan of having a building trades section added to the Chicago federation of labor.

TROUBLE AT SHOSHONE AGENCY

Request that Troops be Sent from Fort Washakie.

Washington, May 22.—The interior department today received by mail a communication from Indian Agent Nickerson of the Shoshone Agency, Wyoming, reporting that a faction of the Arapahoe Indians in agency territory had been plotting to kill the agent and his family, and that the agent is powerless to prevent them holding a sun dance, in defiance of his orders, and asking the war department for the assistance of the troops at Fort Washakie, Wyoming, to maintain the agent.

Acty. Secy. Ryan later sent a request to the war department to have the troops at Fort Washakie, Wyoming, assist the agent at the Shoshone reservation in meeting any emergency in connection with the threat of the Arapahoes.

GERMAN FORCE IN CHINA.

Will be About 4,000 After Withdrawal of the Troops.

Berlin, May 22.—The German force in China, after the withdrawal of troops of the amount to three or four thousand men exclusive of the guards for the American legation and the detachment between Pekin and the sea. The purpose of this small corps is to watch the enforcement of the stipulations between China and the powers.

Negro Murderer Confesses.

Chicago, May 22.—A special to the Chronicle from Jacksonville, Ill., says: William W. Ferguson, the negro who is held by the police here in connection with the poisoning of Dr. Joseph L. Barker, today made a confession in which he admitted to the authorities that he had taken a box of poisoned candy to the patient and fed it to him. His statement clears the mystery which surrounded the case, and the widow of the dead doctor will likely be released. She is a professional nurse and was recently arrested at Edina, Mo., and brought here on the charge of being accessory before the fact.

Serious Riots in Russia.

St. Petersburg, May 22.—Delayed in transmission—The Obshchikoff, an official Ordinance works a government institution midway between St. Petersburg and Schlusselbourg, was the scene of a riotous demonstration and severe fighting between soldiers, mounted gendarmes and strikers today. Workmen numbering several thousand men struck Monday. The windows of the factory on the Schlusselbourg road were smashed, and the gendarmes fired on the strikers, killing several and wounding many, according to information given by local witnesses to a correspondent of the Associated Press. The soldiers were patrolling the districts in couples when the scene was visited this afternoon. The chase was lined for long distances by idle workmen. The eight-hour movement is apparently spreading rapidly.

KIRKE STANLEY ARRAIGNED.

Examination Set for May 31 with Bail at \$5,000.

New York, May 22.—Dr. Kirke Stanley, the masseur arrested in connection with the death of Father Phillips, has been arraigned before Coroner Bausch and his examination set for May 31. The bail has been fixed at \$5,000. Stanley was taken back to the Tombs in default of bail.

At the hearing before the coroner, Policeman Reimond told of finding the priest's body decomposed. The coroner's inquest will be held on May 31. After the subsequent arrest of Stanley, Dist. Atty. Garvan asked for an adjournment of the case until a report on the chemical analysis of the stomach and intestines of the dead man could be received.

Abraham Levy, counsel for Stanley, protested against an adjournment declaring the case was absolutely nothing but a criminal charge against Stanley.

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It's a spring medicine; and the chances are you need a bottle or two of it. You want something that acts directly on the blood, takes out all impurities from the system, braces up the nerves, and makes you in tune with the time of year.

It's a spring medicine—Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

There are fifteen remedies. Nature's own remedies, in this grand old family medicine. If you are feeling all run down this spring, are dragging around in a miserable condition, and go about your work in a lifeless kind of a way, try a bottle or two of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. You will be wonderfully pleased with the result.

"I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla every spring and fall for a great many years. I am sure it keeps me free from boils and other signs of impure blood. It is just the medicine one needs to meet the pronounced changes of the seasons."—Geo. R. Thompson, Rupert, Vt.

One dollar a bottle. All druggists. Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. The probability is he has prescribed it a great many times and knows just what it will do. Then ask him if he does not think it is precisely the medicine you need this spring. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

him" said the lawyer, "and it is a

hardship to hold a man on mere suspicion. I don't care for any indiscretion he may have been guilty of, in not reporting the death of the man to the police. That is a matter with which the court has nothing to do. We all know that Dr. Wittman, the chemist, is not active in furnishing an analysis in such cases. I ask that you proceed with the examination or discharge the defendant."

Coroner Bausch granted the adjournment and in doing so said:

"I will make an agreement that the professor who makes the analysis shall furnish a report within seven days. A longer time will not be tolerated by me. I see nothing of a damaging character against the defendant other than his folly in failing to report the case. I do not believe that Stanley was cognizant of the death of the priest."

When Coroner Bausch reached his office today he found it had been broken into, the roller top desk in which the coroner kept his papers had been riddled with bullets and the papers had been ransacked. The coroner believes this was done by persons wishing to learn the real name of the woman known as Mrs. Stanley.

Royalty from Klondike Placer Mines

Seattle, Wash., May 22.—An official statement received at Dawson from Ottawa, shows that up to the first of this year the total royalty collected from the Klondike placer mines by the Canadian government amounts to \$2,000,000.

The statement also contains the information that the total revenues received by the Canadian government from Yukon territory since 1896 amounts to \$4,375,623.16. This includes receipts from royalties, customs, public works, fisheries, fees in various departments, land sales, rentals, timber dues, placer grants, sales of miners' certificates and the like.

The excess of receipts over expenditures of the consolidated fund for the entire period since 1896 until the first of this year is \$679,382. With the public works capital added to the expenditures the excess of receipts over expenditures is \$128,569.

POPULATION OF SCOTLAND.

It is 4,471,957 and Exceeds that of Ireland.

Edinburgh, May 22.—The census of Scotland, just completed, shows a total population of 4,471,957, an increase of 463,210 since the last census, taken ten years ago. For the first time Scotland's population exceeds Ireland's.

The population of Glasgow is 769,425, or an increase of 143,231, and that of Edinburgh 216,479, or an increase of 61,683.

Crocker Buys Bonita Belle.

New York, May 22.—Mrs. Chaffee, wife of Gen. Chaffee, and her daughter, Miss Helen, have left here for San Francisco. They will sail from there for Manila on a government transport.

Mrs. Chaffee Leaves for San Francisco

Chicago, May 22.—A special to the Tribune from Lexington, Ky., says:

Richard Crocker has bought of Col. W. S. Barnes Melbourne stud here the noted thoroughbred brood mare Bonita Belle, 16 years old, by Painesville, dam Bonita by Lexington, and her yearling colt Beau Imperial, by Jim Gore, which has been largely entered in the English stakes. The price, it is said, was \$18,000 for the two, \$6,500 being for the colt. The colt will be shipped direct to England, while the mare will be kept at Melbourne stud.