DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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THE EVENING NEWS

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WEEKLY.

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ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the estate of GEORGE MCKEAR, deceased.

To the Creditors of said deceased:

ALL PERSONS having claims against the said deceased are hereby required to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to me, the undersigned, at my residence in the 9th Ward, Salt Lake City.

JAMES A. WOODS,
Administrator of said estate.
Nov. 16, 1878. 4 202

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R. MATTHEWS & CO.,
CHEMICAL MANUF'RS,
P.O. 1084, Salt Lake City,
Ess. Jamaica Ginger,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath-Sand Tablets,
Scouring Soap,
Superior Writing Fluid,
Boot Blacking, Etc.
For Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Throat and Liver Complaints, Affections of the Kidneys, etc., use
BARFOOT'S
Balsam of Indian Root,
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For Sale at Z. C. M. I. and Utah Commission House.

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Cleaning and Repairing.—Satisfaction Guaranteed.
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DAVID JAMES,
LICENSED
PLUMBER, TINNER,
Steam and Gas Fitter.
Has certainly announced that he has secured the agency for this Territory of W. S. Warner's low pressure
Steam Warming Apparatus,
Manufactured under S. J. Gold's patents. Also Gold's
HOT AIR FURNACES.
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PATENTS

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INVENTORS may send a model or sketch of their invention for our opinion as to patentability free of charge. All correspondence strictly confidential. Prices reasonable, and NO CHARGE UNLESS PATENT IS SECURED.
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Last Night's Dispatches.

FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 14.—The Senate bill authorizing the issuing of duplicates of registered bonds stolen from the Manhattan Savings Institution, New York, passed.

The Senate bill to regulate presidential elections was taken from the Speaker's table and referred to the committee on the subject.

Spark's, from the committee on appropriations, reported the Indian bill which was made the special order for Wednesday next.

Durham, from the same committee, reported the military academy appropriation bill with the Senate amendments, which, with a trivial exception, were nonconcurred in.

Phillip's submitted a resolution resitting the late raids in Kansas and Nebraska, and the capture of marauders, and calling on the Secretary of the Interior for information as to why he had not surrendered the guilty responsible parties of such Indian bands to the authorities of Kansas and Nebraska. Adopted.

Consideration was resumed of the bill for the distribution of the Geneva award.

The House adjourned without action on the Geneva award bill, the subject to come up next Tuesday, when the debate will be continued and possibly action taken.

EASTERN.

Edison's Electric Light.

NEW YORK, 14.—Edison, resting confidently in the conviction that his subdivision of the electric light is an accomplished fact, is experimenting to obtain a better generating machine. He has more than doubled the capacity of any generators previously known. He claims that he can get more than six lights per horse power, that a 100-horse power engine and proper generators would cost $5,000, and that the light would not cost more than one-eighth of gas at the present New York prices.

Wesley W. Gary, of Boston, whose electric motor has recently attracted attention, claims to have solved all the difficulties in the way of a general use of the electric light. He makes no secret of his discoveries or inventions. His latest claim is that he has successfully applied his iron electric motor, to the production of the necessary power for generating electricity for lighting purposes. The principle on which his motor is based is claimed to be the discovery of the existence of the neutral line at the point in the magnetic field where its polarity changes. This principle is antagonistic to the heretofore accepted theory that magnetism is a static force. Gary claims that he generates electricity at absolutely no expense, save the machine itself.

Miss Hosmer, writing privately to a friend, flatly denies Chapman's claim to a share in the invention of her new motor, which also is said to produce power at little or no cost.

Financial Economy.

The authority for the statement that the recent monetary conference of the Latin Union took action which practically bars out further silver coinage for six years, was a French correspondent of the London *Economist*.

Edward Atkinson, the Boston expert in finance and political economy, had sent an elaborate statement to Congressman Hewitt's committee on labor. He summarizes the results of his researches into industrial statistics by saying that, of the entire annual product of industry in Massachusetts, 95 to 98 per cent. is distributed to labor and all the remainder, except 1 per cent. goes to the maintenance and replacement of capital; that is to say, to the repairing or rebuilding of machinery of mills and other similar waste or wear. He holds that the earnings of labor can be increased only through an increase in the efficiency of production, which new mechanical inventions are continually promoting. He anticipates a prosperous future for American industry, and dislikes to think of the dull miles in store for British industry, and the distress soon to overtake the poorer class of the British people. He looks, within a few years, for such immigration from Great Britain to this country, as followed the Irish famine of 1846.

Affairs in Indian Territory.

The *Tribune's* St. Louis special says: I. S. Parker, United States district judge of the Western district of Arkansas, now here, makes an interesting statement of affairs in Indian Territory. When he went on the bench, May, 1875, crime was very prevalent in the territory. During the preceding years several hundred men were murdered in his jurisdiction. In one section of the territory, between May and August, 1875, sixty-five men were murdered. Of 18 cases pending he immediately sentenced eight, of whom seven was subsequently hanged on one gallows at Fort Smith. Five were sent to the penitentiary. Since May, 1875, there have been over 700 criminal trials; 83 men have been found guilty and sentenced to death, and of these nine have been committed, six to life imprisonment; the rest have suffered. The victims were whites, negroes and Indians. Crime has greatly decreased in the Territory owing to the vigorous enforcement of the law, and affairs are prosperous and thriving, chiefly owing to the red ribbon revival, which has largely abolished intoxicants, the bane of the Indian race.

Bogus Commission Merchants.

BOSTON, 14.—The *Herald* says: There are several gangs of bogus commission merchants here, under an organized leader who supplies all [illegible]. They obtain consignments on credit by means of circulars quoting high prices, and dispose of goods in New York at low rates. More than $100,000 have been realized, and as the law does not reach them, the business still thrives.

The Army Bill.

WASHINGTON, 14.—Attention is called to the fact that, while the pending army reorganization bill reduces the active list of officers by 338, it repeals the present limitation of the retired list to 300, and thus simply opens a door for the transfer to the latter of all officers dropped from the active list.

Tobacco Tax.

The eastern tobacco manufacturers, who, last year, opposed the growers' proposition of reducing the tobacco tax from 24 to 16 cents per pound, now unite with the growers in favoring a reduction to 20 cents. The chances are that this compromise will be adopted if any legislation is had.

The Potter Committee.

It has been determined, informally but positively, by the democratic members of the Potter committee, that they will not undertake an investigation of the cipher telegrams unless ordered to do so by the House of Representatives. Republicans will doubtless treat this as a confession of judgment against the so-called Tilden co-partners, and will let the matter rest until the time comes to bring it up in the next presidential campaign.

Compensation for Loss of Slaves.

An extraordinary petition has been presented to the House of Representatives in behalf of one Seth Minor, of Washington, claiming $2,847, as compensation for his loss of seven slaves emancipated in the District of Columbia. The commission appointed under the emancipation act of 1862 awarded that amount, but it being afterwards discovered that he was a citizen of Virginia when that State seceded, and that he had voted for the ordinances of secession, thereby debarring himself from the benefits of the act of 1862, the payment was withheld. He now states in his petition that he voted for the secession ordinances in a moment of weakness, and that he has been loyal ever since. He thinks he should be paid the amount which the commission awarded him. The papers were referred to the committee on claims, where they will sleep with others of a like character which have preceded them.

Edmunds' Electoral Bill.

Edmunds' electoral bill, which passed the Senate yesterday, will certainly be defeated in the House unless materially amended. Prominent democratic representatives generally believe that it was designed to give the republicans some advantage in the next presidential election, and even if they failed to detect any such purpose they mistrust Judge Edmunds' advocacy of any measure bearing on the presidential contest, and are *a priori* inclined to vote against it because it was solidly supported by all republican senators. They assign the specific reason, however, as follows: The republicans now control the legislatures of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut, three States which it is claimed are likely to be democratic in the next election, but under the Edmunds bill the present legislatures would provide the machinery for closing the presidential electors and for the adjustment of any controversies that might arise from the presidential election, and this power might be so used as to assist the republicans very materially. The democrats also argue that as they will have control of both houses in the next Congress, there is no danger of any conflict between the two branches on electoral questions, and for the future beyond the next Congress, provision can be made at their leisure.

Rights of Merchants.

The committee of the New York Chamber of Commerce, with counsel, to-day, before the committee of ways and means, advocated the bill introduced last session, giving merchants the same rights claimed by government as regards subsequent adjustments and the correction of errors in the imposition and collection of customs duties. The bill provides that duties wrongfully or erroneously collected shall be recoverable by the importer any time within ten years. Representatives of the Treasury department opposed the measure, and an animated discussion followed. These officers will furnish the committee with written opinions.

Negroes Hung.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., 14.—At Mount Carrie, a short time ago, four negroes attempted to burn a mill, and later beat the miller and his wife and compelled her to give up $100. The negroes were arrested, but the jail at Lake City, where they were confined, was burned down, and they were lodged in the court house. A band of masked men early this morning, overpowered the guard, took the prisoners in front of the Baptist Church, shot two dead, and mortally wounded a third. The fourth escaped, but finally surrendered to the authorities.

Wrestling Match.

CHICAGO, 14.—The second wrestling match between McLaughlin, of Detroit, and McMahon of California, for the championship belt recently won by McMahon, and for $1,000 a side, occurred, to-night, at McCormick Hall. McLaughlin winning the first and third fall in 21 minutes and 12 seconds, respectively, and McMahon the second in 13 minutes. McLaughlin had come down in weight from 246 to 228, and McMahon from 204 to 202. There was some suspicion of crookedness as the pool selling was largely against the champion from the start, and the feeling was strong that he would win the second fall as he did.

Not Guilty.

MEMPHIS, 14.—To-night the jury in the case of Robert Drury, who killed his uncle, Albert Gibson, deputy United States marshal, in this city, two years ago, returned a verdict of not guilty. This was the third trial.

An Embezzler.

PHILADELPHIA, 14.—George W. Huntzinger, ex-president of the Philadelphia Coal Company, was discharged this morning from the charge of misapplying the money of the company, but immediately taken before a magistrate upon the criminal charge of embezzling $82,000 belonging to the Philadelphia Coal Company in 1876 and 1877. He was held in $15,000 bail.

The Hawaiian Reciprocity Treaty.

The joint resolution introduced in the House, yesterday, by Representative Gibson, of Louisiana, proposes to direct the President to give notice of his intention to terminate the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty in accordance with the terms of the treaty. These terms are contained in the fifth article, as follows: "The convention shall remain in force for seven years from the date at which it may come into operation, and further, until the expiration of 12 months after either of the high contracting parties shall give notice to the others of its wish to terminate the same, each of the high contracting parties being at liberty to give such notice to the other at the end of said term of seven years or at any time thereafter. The convention was signed January 30, 1875, and the act of Congress to carry it into effect was approved August 15, 1876, and on the 9th of September, 1876, President Grant, by proclamation, declared the treaty to be in operation. It thus appears that the treaty has nearly six more assured years to run, and that by its terms no notice of intention to terminate can be given by either government before the 10th of September, 1883. It is also evident that General Gibson intends, by this movement, nothing more than to gratify his Louisiana constituents with a display of zeal for their best interests several years in advance of any possibility of effective action on the subject, and the San Francisco merchants, who have been telegraphing to Washington, to-day, spirited remonstrances against the abrogation of this treaty, may, with entire safety, quiet their apprehensions so far as the Congress is concerned.

Negroes Executed.

GALVESTON, 14.—The *News* Bastrop special says: Fryer Jones and Smith Jackson (colored) were executed to-day, in the presence of 3,000 persons, principally negroes, both were firm to the end and died in five minutes after the drop.

WESTERN.

Counterfeiter Arrested.

SAN FRANCISCO, 14.—United States Detective Finnegass, to-day, arrested Wm. W. Davis, a confederate of the counterfeiter McDonald, captured yesterday. The parties carried on the manufacture of spurious coin at a house in Folsom street.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Censure Proposition.

LONDON, 14.—The rejection, by the House of Commons, of the proposition to censure government for its Afghanistan policy, was a foregone conclusion; but the considerable reduction of government's majority and the defection of such men as Newdegate and the son of the Earl of Aberdeen, are significant of grave doubts by thoughtful observers. "Nothing, however, is so successful as success." Military energy has already substantially accomplished all that was expected of a winter campaign, and the speedy conquest of the Ameer's territory seems assured. This tends to dazzle and blind the people to the injustice of the war and its pretext. The ultimate costs and consequences will not be considered before Disraeli's policy is established and its responsibilities begin to press as popular burdens. The reckoning will come when these will bear heavily as factors in the general industrial depression and distress are rapidly plunging the working class into misery.

HUNGARY.

Occupation Expenses.

PESTH, 14.—After three days stormy debate, wherein Apponyi severely criticised the policy of the government, the Hungarian delegation voted, by a large majority, 30,000,000 florins for the occupation expenses of 1879.

LONDON BANK OF UTAH,
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Capital, £150,000, for $800,000
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Exchange Drawn on all the Principal Cities of the United States and Europe.
PRINCIPAL CORRESPONDENTS:
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IN NEW YORK.—Messrs. Morton, Bliss & Company.
IN CHICAGO.—The First National Bank.
IN SAN FRANCISCO.—The Bank of California.
IN OMAHA.—Omaha National Bank.
ANTHONY GODBE,
MANAGER.
4 197

PASSPORTS.

PERSONS going to Europe can obtain Passports by applying to CHAS. W. BANCROFT, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, who, besides attending to Land matters, has all the necessary instructions from the Secretary of State, respecting Passports, and is provided with the needed blanks for application. Passports forwarded when received, to the president of the European Mission.
Office North of Salt Lake *Herald*, Salt Lake City.

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LATEST IMPROVED.
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HOLIDAY
PRESENTS!
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Worsted Dress Patterns,
Furs and Knit Goods,
Shawls and Cloaks,
Neckties and Handkerchiefs,
Clothing and Hats,
Boots and Shoes,
Fancy French Baskets,
China Dinner Sets,
Crockery and Glass Sets,
Guns and Pistols,
Stoves and Ranges,
Electro Plated Ware and Tea Sets,
AND A THOUSAND AND ONE OTHER THINGS THAT ARE
USEFUL PRESENTS!!
READY CLEANED
CURRANTS AND RAISINS.
LEMON & CITRON PEEL,
CANDY, NUTS AND FIGS, &C., &C.
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1879.
WM. JENNINGS & SONS,
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