

AMERICA'S POLICY MUST BE CHANGED

At Least That is What the Agrarian Leader in the German Reichstag Says.

PROTECTIVE TARIFF NOT LIKED.

If No Treaty is Concluded American Goods Must be Tariffed Differentially.

Berlin, April 15. In the reichstag today Count von Kanitz, the Agrarian leader, referring to the report of Foreign Secretary von Richthofen, on the progress of the commercial treaty negotiations, asked how matters stand with the United States. The latter, he added, had a heavy active balance of trade, which substantially is to the detriment of Germany. The greatest wealth is accumulated in the United States at the cost of the entire world. If new commercial treaties must be made, then let it be with the United States above all. This was in agreement, Count von Kanitz claimed, with what Chancellor von Bülow formerly said. Nevertheless, nothing whatever had been heard indicating that treaty negotiations with the United States had been commenced. Von Kanitz expressed special pleasure at the fact that the commercial classes were beginning to see that the present status of trade relations with the United States cannot be continued. He cited the yearly report of the Hamburg chamber of commerce, proposing that if the United States does not conclude a tariff treaty with Germany, American goods must be tariffed differentially. Continuing, Count von Kanitz said:

"We must at least try to conclude a reciprocity arrangement, mutually advantageous with the United States. America's reckless protective tariff policy must be radically changed."

A BAD MAN.

One Near Denver Kills One Man And Wounds Another.

Denver, Colo., April 15.—An unknown man shot and killed a man named Schowitz, and seriously wounded Dr. Baughman and another man near Rollinsville, a station on the Moatt road, west of this city. Dr. Baughman had been called to attend Schowitz and with several others later started in pursuit of Schowitz's assailant. As they came upon him the fugitive opened fire upon them. He was captured and placed in jail. Schowitz expired before the pursuing party returned. Threats of lynching the murderer are heard.

Plan to Pension Employees.

New York, April 15.—A proposition by the Interborough Rapid Transit company, lessee of the Manhattan elevated lines to found a pension system for its employees, has been rejected by the men. The following unions voted separately against the plan: Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen; and the Amalgamated Street Railways Employees' association branch, composed of conductors, guards, yard and track men and others. All these men maintain relief and death benefits funds and the employees criticize the pension scheme on the ground that they would be called upon to pay all the money into the fund from which their benefits were to be paid. This would reach \$120,000 yearly and in case of a strike all might be discharged and the entire fund lost. There are nearly 4,000 employees on the elevated lines.

Finally Identified.

Washington, April 15.—The following announcements were made today at the navy department concerning victims of the battleship Missouri disaster:

"The B. J. Mulligan, named in the dispatches of April 13, whose name could not be found on the records of the bureau, has been identified as John Mulligan, landman, Providence, Rhode Island, R. I.; next of kin, James W. Mulligan, father, Providence.

"The W. J. Bongard named in the dispatches of April 13, whose name could not be found on the records, has been identified as William James Bongard; residence, Brooklyn; next of kin, James Bongard, Brooklyn. This man was blown overboard and the body has not been recovered."

CHANCES IN PHILIPPINES.

They Are Great for College Bred Men.

Chicago, April 15.—Speaking on "The United States in European Eyes," Mr. Poulton Bigelow of New York has told the Twentieth Century club of the opportunities afforded for especially trained college men in the administration of the Philippines.

"Secretary Taft in his report on the Philippines proves that we need in the islands Americans who shall not go there merely to make money or for short terms, but young men who intend making a life work of the business," said Mr. Bigelow.

"It is a splendid career calculated to stimulate the ambition of our students, provided we give these young men a chance for promotion and a reasonable certainty that they will not be dismissed excepting for business reasons."

"Our administration in the Philippine Islands is today the most expensive imaginable for the mere reason that generally incompetent men accept office under present conditions, whereas under a system similar to that of our military schools we may expect a correspondingly high standard. It is only as a government official that the American's hand appears to rule and his moral seems to become blunt."

Mr. Bigelow announced that he had accepted the chair of foreign relations and colonial administration at the Boston university.

A THOUSAND A YEAR.

A Chemical Nat'l Bank Employee Stole \$22,538.97 in 22 Years.

New York, April 15.—Reports of a defalcation by an employee of the Chemical National bank, one of the largest financial institutions here, have been cleared up by a statement from Cashier Francis Halpin. It is to the effect that a trusted man whom he names, disappeared ten days ago after faithfully serving the bank for 22 years and that investigation of his accounts discloses that they are "out of proof" to the extent of \$22,538.97.

The missing man was a clerk in the check department.

The case contains some peculiar features, inasmuch as he did not handle any money or securities, but was employed only in the department mentioned. His duties were, with others, to take the checks brought in from the morning's clearances, etc., verify them, and enter them in day books, from which the amounts were entered in the ledgers.

WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH THE U. S. NAVY?

German Naval Expert Makes Some Pertinent Remarks On Missouri Accident.

THERE WAS SOMETHING WRONG

Keeping Several Charges of Powder in The Turret Room Against the Regulations.

Remarkable Gun Practice.

San Francisco, April 15.—The gunboat Petrel, under command of Capt. Tappan, has arrived in port from Panama. While there the Petrel had target practice, making a record of 1.34 hits per gun per minute on a target with her old style 6-inch, or gravity return guns, the showing being probably the best in the navy, considering the guns.

On her way up the coast the Petrel discovered a shoal some miles northwest of Magdalena bay, showing a depth of only 10 fathoms where more than 300 fathoms are shown on the hydrographic charts.

As a brief stay here the Petrel will proceed to the far northern coast for a summer's cruise in the Arctic.

New Russian Naval Commander.

New York, April 15.—If there was one in Russia eminently fitted to succeed Makaroff he was Admiral Skrydloff, known as the "bull dog" of the Russian navy," cables the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Herald. The new commander is himself fearless and although a rough man, the correspondent adds, is just the kind sailors like to fight under.

An order of \$1,000,000 has just been given to the Cruiser factory for light artillery.

NORDICA'S DIVORCE.

Decree is Now Alleged to Have Been Secured by Fraud.

New York, April 15.—Counsel for Zoltan Doeme, the tenor, from whom Madame Lillian Nordica, the prima donna, secured an interlocutory decree of absolute divorce from Judge Blechoff on Jan. 29 last, made an application to Justice Davis, at the supreme court today, to set aside the decree on the ground that it was obtained by collusion and fraud. The application was opposed by counsel for Madame Nordica.

VICE IN PORTLAND, OR.

Ministers Meet to Organize a Campaign Against It.

Portland, Or., April 15.—Meetings were held in the Presbyterian churches of this city last night for the purpose of inaugurating a campaign to purge this city of the vice which the workers in the cause assert is rampant.

The principal subject under discussion was the immorality existing among boys and girls of tender years. Witnesses, including special officers, told of degrading sights seen on the streets and in places of ill-repute involving the sons and daughters of respected parents.

Gambling and other features of the vice of the city were taken up and discussed, and the administration of the city was severely condemned for its alleged laxity in the enforcement of the laws of the municipality.

Meetings will be held on Thursday evening next for the purpose of further discussing the question and resolutions expressing the feeling of the people in the matter will be presented to the various congregations for adoption.

AGITATOR EXPLODED.

Results in Destruction by Fire Oil Refining Works.

Beaumont, Texas, April 15.—The explosion of an agitator at the No. 3 refinery of the Gulf Refining company at Port Arthur has resulted in the almost total destruction by fire of the refinery with a loss of nearly \$900,000. Three men were injured, one fatally, while fighting flames. That portion of the refinery where the higher grades of oil are refined was destroyed.

The fire is still burning and at no time has it been under control. The efforts of the fire fighters are centered in an attempt to save a 3,500 barrel tank, filled with kerosene and in grave danger of exploding.

When the agitator exploded the top was blown over 100 feet in the air, burning oil being scattered over about 10 acres of land, buildings and machinery. Instantly, the entire area seemed to burst into flames, which have been burning steadily ever since. Three 5,000 barrel tanks have blown their tops off and are burning. Flames from them shoot into the air 200 feet.

The injured are:

John Bonless, fatally suffocated.

Two negroes, hit on the head by falling pipes.

The No. 3 refinery of the Gulf Refining company is said to be the largest independent refinery in the world and the largest of any character in Texas. It is capitalized at \$1,000,000. The control of the company is in the hands of eastern capitalists.

AMBASSADOR McCORMICK.

He Was Not Instructed About Anti-Jewish Demonstrations.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—(7 p. m.)—The statement printed abroad that United States Ambassador McCormick had been instructed to make representations to the government of Russia concerning anti-Jewish demonstrations at Easter time is incorrect. The ambassador received no instructions and made no representations. Exaggerated reports of possible outbreaks, printed abroad, however, did cause numerous inquiries here, but the apprehensions seem to have been groundless, not a single anti-Semitic demonstration having been reported since the holidays began.

The foreign office has furnished Mr. McCormick with a list of the Japanese in Siberia. They will be given facilities to communicate with the United States embassy in the event that they desire to leave. Many of them have asked to remain in consequence of Russia's guarantee of protection.

Household Washing.

The new term and new system of house laundering by the piece. We have added capacity in every department for properly handling this class of work. The buildings, new equipment, with expert employees and superintendence enables us to insure all patrons of unexcelled work and service. We iron bed and table linen, starch all children's and ladies' pieces, clean and press pieces with care in the process. Telephone for particulars.

TROY LAUNDRY,
Telephone 192 and 193, 169 Main St.

Berlin, April 15.—Count von Reventlow, the Tageblatt's naval special correspondent, discussing the accident on board the United States battleship Missouri, says:

"This is the third accident within a few months on board of the American vessels, and it is a most serious symptom. It must raise the question of what the Americans are to think of their navy's readiness for action and fighting value, as well as ordnance technique. Such defects cannot be remedied in a short time, unless new guns are hastily ordered abroad, perhaps in Germany."

WERE REGULATIONS VIOLATED?

Washington, April 15.—Searching investigation will be made by the court of inquiry on the Missouri accident regarding the statement that four charges of ammunition were in the handling room of the after turret of the Missouri at the time the explosion occurred. This fact has been reported to the newspaper dispatches from Pensacola and seems to be borne out by the statement of a number of officers, and that it has been thought necessary, in order to fire as rapidly as our ships have been firing, to keep several charges in the turret room, even though it is not in time may be lost in bringing the charges from the magazine. If such be the case it can be stated that this condition of affairs will be promptly remedied. It is pointed out today at the navy department by an official that the custom prevailed on board the other ships of the navy of keeping several extra charges in the handling room during the target practice, and it was said that if this was so no one on the Missouri should be held responsible.

Notwithstanding the mystery which still surrounds the cause of the Missouri's accident the announcement was made at the navy department today that there would be no suspension of target practice at Pensacola, but that the other ships which have not yet fired will go on the range at the regular time.

It was learned tonight that the navy department is considering the appointment of a board of distinguished naval officers to take up the whole question of target practice in the navy, pass upon the efficiency of the precautions at present in practice and make a report to the secretary showing, among other things, whether the present system of target practice should be modified. The name of Admiral Dewey has been unofficially mentioned as the president of the board, but this has not been decided on. It was said that the appointment of such a board necessarily will depend upon the findings of the court of inquiry.

A telegram received today at the navy department announces the appointment of Lieut. M. L. Bristol as judge advocate of the court of inquiry. Lieut. Bristol is one of the ordnance experts of the navy and an officer of marked ability.

EYEWITNESS GIVES AN ACCOUNT.

Pensacola, Fla., April 15.—The master of an ocean tug gives the best account yet given of the explosion in the Missouri, which occurred Tuesday, killing 22 men. The tug was 100 yards distant from the Missouri when the explosion occurred, and the master was watching the firing when he saw a puff of smoke shoot through the top of the turret. For two or three minutes this continued, when there was a dull thud, and the smoke became blacker and thicker, followed by flames, which burst through the turret and spread 50 feet into the air. Just before the bursting out of the flames he saw a man's body shoot up through the turret and fall on the starboard side of the Missouri.

The master of the tug started his vessel toward the explosion, when he suddenly turned and started toward shore at full speed, signaling the tug to follow. The big battleship went at full speed for nearly three miles toward the beach, hoisting signals to the Texas, Scorpion and one or two other vessels, all of which were following closely. The tug was almost run down by the Missouri. The latter continued at full speed, with the smoke pouring out of the turret, within a hundred yards of the beach, when the battleship was brought to a standstill. The tug was close behind the big ship, and Capt. Cowles could be seen on the bridge giving instructions to his men. Streams of water were being shot on the beach, just before the ship reached the beach, the tugboat men saw Capt. Cowles turn from his work of directing the fighting of the fire, and observe the ship. He immediately gave orders and the big ship came to a stop so close to the beach that the men on the tugboat and other ships thought she was ashore.

The last of the 32 bodies were shipped to their respective homes tonight. Twelve went out today at noon, and the train carrying the bodies was decorated from end to end in mourning.

A "Nobleman" Goes to Jail.

Milwaukee, Wis., April 15.—Fritz Idle von Glingheim, who claims to be a son of one of the oldest and noblest families in Germany and himself heir to immense estates, and a noble title, son of a cabinet official under Emperor William I, was sentenced to three years and six months in state's prison today for forgery. Von Glingheim attributes his downfall to gambling and intoxicants.

SAVED THE JEWS.

Church Influence in Bessarabia Prevented Trouble.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—It has just developed that the powerful influence of the church was used in Bessarabia to prevent trouble between Christians and Jews. For the first time, so far as known, the church stepped in to avert another Kishineff affair.

Before Easter the governor of Bessarabia, Prince Guruskoff, ordered the attention of Bishop Yarkoff of Kishineff to the malicious reports spread among the people that the Jews were collecting and sending money to aid the Japanese. The governor declared the rumors to be absurd.

From the beginning of the war the Jews in Bessarabia, like the rest of the population, had shown their readiness to serve their fatherland, which was expressed in their declarations of loyalty to the throne and their donations to the sick and wounded. This was pointed out by the governor, who urged the bishop to direct his clergy to communicate the

facts to the people. The bishop immediately instructed all the priests of his diocese to explain on every convenient occasion the loyalty and patriotism of the Jews and to point out that reports to the contrary were false, adding that he should be informed of all cases where enmity was displayed toward the Jews.

In St. Petersburg this order is regarded as an extraordinary precaution, is bound to influence the future relations of the Christians and the Jews.

Germans Killed in Africa.

Berlin, April 15.—According to a dispatch from Windhoek, German Southwest Africa, a captain, a first lieutenant and six men were killed, and a lieutenant and seven men severely and five men slightly wounded, in a battle with the Hereros on April 13 at Okatumba, five miles southwest of Katapa. No other details have been received.

The enemy's right flank retired to Okatumba after the battle of Onganjira, April 9.

MOYER ILL TREATED.

So Alleged in a Petition for Writ Of Habeas Corpus.

Denver, April 15.—Atty. E. F. Richardson, representing the Western Federation of Miners, today filed in the state supreme court an application for a writ of habeas corpus for Charles H. Moyer, president of the federation, who has been held as a prisoner by the military authorities at Telluride nearly three weeks. The petition recites the refusal of Adj.-Gen. Sherman M. Bell to obey the writ of the district court.

The petition alleges that the incarceration of Mr. Moyer by the military is arbitrary, wicked and unlawful; that it is a violation of the fourth amendment to the constitution of the United States and violation of the state laws.

Assertions are made that Mr. Moyer has been subjected to the grossest indignities for the purpose of causing him to show some trifling act of disobedience so his captors may slay him.

Stuart Forbes, secretary of the Telluride Miners' union, arrived here today with his family. It was reported that he had left Telluride permanently.

"There isn't a word of truth in that report," said Mr. Forbes. "I am going back to Telluride, and every man who was sent from here will go back. No rule can take a man's home from him and keep him out of a place where he keeps the peace. I consider, however, that Telluride at the present time is no place for the wives and children of the men who have been driven out of here."

Forbes says that President Moyer of the federation is in dangerous condition. Before he left Denver he was under medical treatment. It is said that this has been denied him in jail.

Mrs. Tom Fitch Dead.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 15.—Mrs. Anna Marzba Fitch, wife of former Congressman Thomas H. Fitch, and an authoress of considerable fame three decades ago, died at her home in this city tonight.

SYRUP OF FIGS



To sweeten,
To refresh,
To cleanse the
system,
Effectually
and Gently;

Dispels colds and
headaches when
bilious or constipated;
For men, women
and children;

There is only
one Genuine
Syrup of Figs;
to get its beneficial effects

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The genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale by all first-class druggists. The full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co.—is always printed on the front of every package. Price Fifty Cents per bottle.

Unusual Dress Goods Sale!

Extra Tables Make Possible an Elaborate Display. Extra Help Provided for the Week.
The Original Loss Having Fallen Upon the New York Jobber, Warrants the Big Cuts.

MONDAY Morning at 9 o'clock will be inaugurated a sale of 1000 pieces of DRESS GOODS ENDS, bought advantageously of a big New York jobbing house, noted for the high character of its output. The ends are from lengths left over from Spring filling of orders.

The most desirable styles and colors—Blacks, Novelties—every conceivable weave shown this season: Voiles, Etamines, Crepe de Paris, Crepe de Flandres, Batiste, Challies, Nun's Veilings, Melanges, Knickerbockers Suitings, Homespuns, Heather Mixtures, Checks and Plaids. To be sold by the length and not by the yard. Number of yards and price marked on each piece. Lengths for waists—skirts and full dresses.

Prices Are Not Quoted, Because No Two Lengths Are Alike; However, Many Will Be Sold at Half Prices and Less.

Saturday Evening Special for Men.

6:30 to 9:30.

25c Williams Luxury Shaving Soap, 20c.

25c Tooth Powder, 17c.

25c Tooth Brushes, 15c.

The "Real" Safety Razor, regular at \$2.50, for \$2.00.

These are all fine goods, known everywhere.

DAINTY NEW NECKWEAR

As a Special Today.

We are making a first showing of a beautiful line of illusion collars, applied in dainty shades of blue, pink, Persian and Hungarian silk, the very neatest conceptions for the sheer summer waists.

A Saturday special offers this line for 45c each. See window and be convinced of the values and exquisite styles.

IMPORTANT SPECIAL!

For Saturday night only, 6 to 9:30, Children's School Hats, large assortment, \$1.50 and \$1.00 values, for—

75 cts.

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