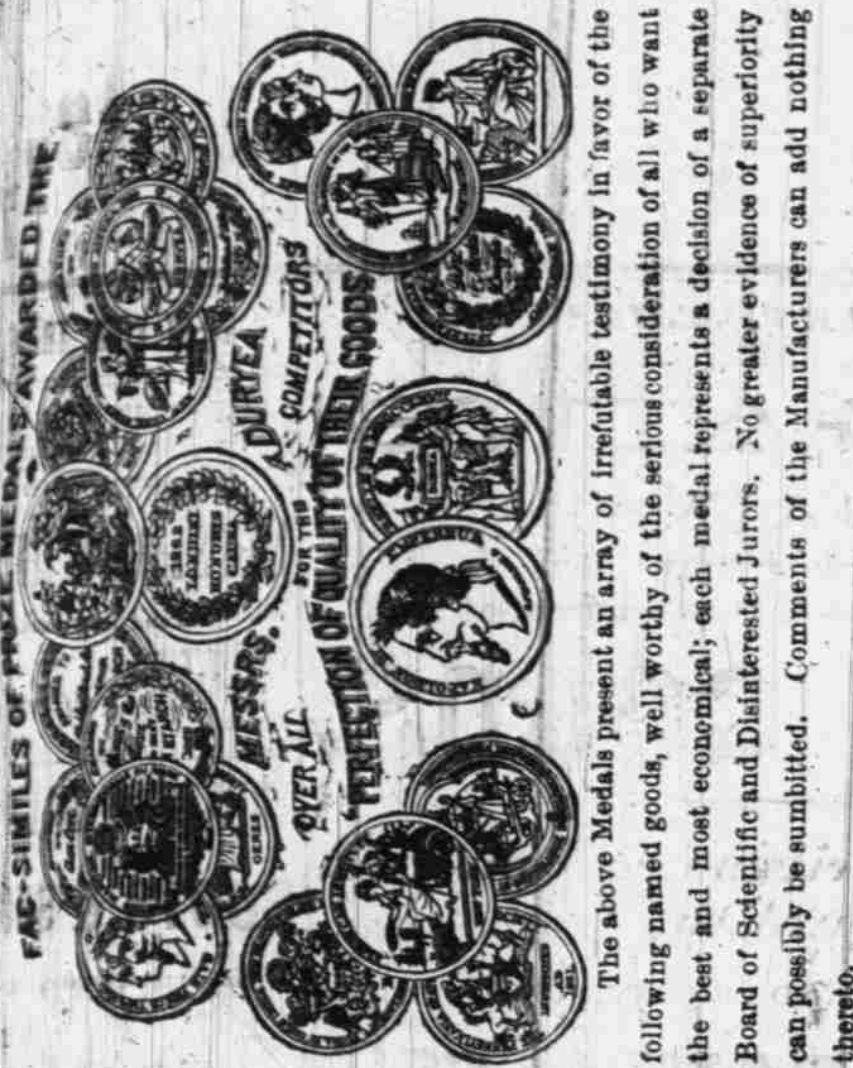


# DESERET NEWS.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 2, 1877.

## CALENDAR.

1877.						
Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31



**DURYS' SATIN GLOSS STARCH,**  
In six pound boxes and one pound papers.  
It gives a beautiful white and glossy finish, besides renders the fabric durable. No other starch so easily used, or so economical.  
**USE IT ONCE AND YOU WILL USE NO OTHER.**  
**DURYS' IMPROVED CORN STARCH,**  
Manufactured by a greatly improved process, from the best selected Indian Corn, and warranted perfectly pure.  
Pronounced by JUBOBS of the "GLOBE" of "QUALITY." A trial will insure its popularity every where. None equal without "Durys" on every package.  
FOR SALE BY GROCERS GENERALLY.  
**BE SURE "DURYS" IS ON EVERY PACKAGE.**  
SALT LAKE CITY, 29, 31 & 33, PARK PLACE, N. Y.

All kinds of **PRINTING** executed in the **Highest Style** of the Art, at **Bed Rock Prices**, at the **Deseret News Office**.

## NEW BOOKS

Four Hundred Pages  
OF  
"CORRESPONDENCE"  
OF  
**PALESTINE TOURISTS!**  
Containing a collection of letters written by President Geo. A. Smith and members of his party while traveling in Europe, Asia and Africa in 1872 and 1873.  
In 1872 and 1873.  
JUST PUBLISHED  
For sale at the Deseret News Office, Dwyer's Book Store, and at the office of Professor Thomas, East Temple Gate, at the following prices:  
Morocco Clit, Embossed, \$3.00  
Morocco, Embossed, 2.50  
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**THE CELEBRATED DOUBLE ELASTIC**  
**SPONGE AND STEEL PENS.**  
Are sold by all dealers in Salt Lake City.  
For the convenience of those who may wish to try them, the Deseret News Office will send by mail a pair of the pens to any subscriber for the paper.  
Irvine, Blakeman, Taylor & Co.  
126 & 128 Grand St., New York.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Keep Them Before the Public.

**F. Auerbach & Bro.**  
Selling dry goods, fancy goods, millinery, clothing, boots and shoes, hats and caps, notions, etc.  
**Joe. Barker**  
Sharpening saws, repairing stoves, and doing all outlying, look and gunsmith work.  
**Caldwell & Co.**  
Selling Mason & Hamlin and other organs, pianos, fancy goods, holiday presents, and all kinds of musical instruments and novelties, and take second-hand pianos and organs in exchange.  
**Dr. A. W. Calder.**  
Practicing in dentistry.  
**G. F. Culmer & Co.**  
Selling family groceries, window glass, and home-made sashes.  
**Davis, Howe & Co.**  
Do all kinds of millinery and sewing machine work, and make and repair all descriptions of iron and brass work of all descriptions.  
**Day & Co.**  
Selling dry goods, boots and shoes, hats and caps, family groceries, flour, feed and grain, double-barreled shotguns and general merchandise, and buy dried fruit.  
**Deseret National Bank**  
Does various banking business and receives savings on interest.  
**Deseret Carriage and Wagon Co.**  
(Walker, Knight, and Obid) Make and repair all kinds of vehicles to order, wagons and carriages, mining cars, etc., and do all kinds of blacksmithing and carriage painting and trimming.  
**Dinwoodie**  
Sells the very best live geese, turkeys, wauke, turkeys and baby wagons.  
**O. L. Ellison**  
Is a practical clock and watchmaker.  
**Geo. C. Ferguson**  
Does all kinds of watch and clock making, repairing and cleaning.  
**James Ferguson & Bro.**  
(Successors to J. H. Hargis), deal in guns, pistols, ammunition and fishing tackle, and do practical gunsmithing.  
**David James**  
Does anything in the tin, sheet iron and copper-smith line, also in the painting line.  
**Leimster, Taylor & Co.**  
Selling stoves, ranges, and all kinds of household and building line.  
**James McHale**  
Sells all kinds of Washoe woolen mill, home-made cloth, and buy wool.  
**W. H. Miles**  
Makes brushes to order.  
**A. Miles**  
Does business as attorney and counselor at-law.  
**Morris & Evans**  
Deal in mantles and granite and stone works.  
**Morris & Evans**  
Sell wines and liquors, wholesale and retail.  
**Howard Seeborg**  
Sells the Bain, Wood, Mower and Reaper, Paddock, Sulky, Rake, Oliver, Chilled Plow, Coopers' and other farm implements, cultivators, wagons, etc.  
**Sterner Nevada Lumber Association.**  
Sells saw, mouldings, shingles, doors, blinds, lath, wood, and water pipe, cheap, at wholesale and retail.  
**A. Gould**  
Is agent for the Red Canyon and Rock Springs Coal.  
**C. W. Stagner**  
Attorney and notary public, secures patents and caveats for inventors, and gives information concerning the same.  
**Taylor & Cutler**  
Sells all kinds of general merchandise.  
**S. F. Teasdale**  
Sells family groceries, paraffin, kerosene, and all kinds of household goods, and does all kinds of general merchandise.  
**James Thompson**  
Keeps the Townhouse Hotel.  
**Walker Bros.**  
Sell dry goods, groceries, hardware, glass and crockery, and do all kinds of general merchandise, wholesale and retail.  
**Workmen's Co-operative**  
Makes and sells first-class boots and shoes, repair boots and shoes, etc.  
**W. H. Wood**  
Sells dry goods, groceries, carpets, hardware, crockery and glassware, boots and shoes, and all kinds of general merchandise, wholesale and retail.  
**Woods' Savings Bank and Trust Co.**  
Does a general banking business, and receives deposits in sums as low as one dollar.

## By Telegraph.

Loss of the Dispatches.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

### SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 1.—At 10:50 a message was received from the House, announcing that the bill for the amendment to the act for the relief of the President of the United States, and the Senate immediately repaired to the hall of the House.

Upon returning the President announced that the bill for the relief of the President of the United States, and the Senate immediately repaired to the hall of the House.

The Secretary read the objection.

Cameron, of Wisconsin, submitted the following:

Resolved, That the vote of Daniel D. Downs, an elector of the State of Wisconsin, be counted, together with the other nine electoral votes of that State, the objections to the contrary notwithstanding.

The resolution was agreed to without debate, and without roll call; though three or four senators on the democratic side voted no, the secretary was directed to notify the House.

### HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 1.—O'Brien moved a call of the House, but the Speaker, counting, said there was no quorum.

Walling demanded a call.

The Chair said he considered that a dilatory motion, but was bound to submit. He said while it was not under the rule, it was not under the law.

Wood wanted to offer a resolution, but Walling insisted on his motion.

Hankins said if a call could be demanded any time during the proceedings, further business was impossible. Nobody had a right to claim that there was no quorum if the Chair has ascertained there is.

Walling disclaimed any reflection on the Chair in not accepting his statement, and demanded the yeas and nays, which resulted—yeas 85, nays 139, and a call of the House was refused.

This proceeding consumed an hour and a quarter, and was followed by a motion to reconsider, which the Speaker entertained, notwithstanding Wood's protest.

The Speaker contended that he had never ruled or decided or inferred that a motion to reconsider was dilatory.

The motion to reconsider was tabled—174 to 65.

Wood, Poppleton, Caulfield, and Mills struggled for a recognition, and the Speaker called on Wood, the highest privilege to submit. It seemed that the Speaker had recognized Wood before the motion for the call of the House, and Poppleton presented a motion to reconsider the certificate from Vermont, consequently the Speaker arranged with these gentlemen that Poppleton should offer Wood's resolution, and the Speaker should entertain the question. Meantime Caulfield, who was not recognized, handed Poppleton a resolution which Poppleton sent to the clerk's desk.

The Speaker suggested that this was a question of precedence, and the agreement made, but Poppleton insisting on reading it, it recites that the Hewitt package of votes from Vermont was a duplicate of the one which was sent to the President of the Senate; that such package had been made part of the objections to the certificate of Vermont, and still remained unopened, and that the objections contained in the package were not considered until such package is opened according to law; that such package is retained by the President of the Senate, and the President of the Senate is requested to open such package in the presence of the two houses as a violation of law and the privilege of the House, and the counting of the vote cannot proceed until such vote is counted and the Senate be requested to meet the House in joint session that the package may be opened.

The Speaker then announced the new legislative day.

There was a brief pause during the prayer, but the reading of the Journal was interrupted by a question of order, and he demanded that the detailed statement of the papers, votes, etc., be not omitted.

The Speaker stated that it was impossible as the details were in the Journal, and he refused to entertain any question until the reading was completed.

Whereupon the reading was resumed, and the Speaker moved that the Journal be corrected, and that the paper submitted on the Coolidge question be inserted.

Wood moved to suspend the reading of the Journal, and the yeas and nays resulted—yeas 175, nays 55.

Wood then raised a point of order that the House must consider the Vermont objection, and that Poppleton's proposition was out of order.

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