

tection from the hostiles, who have camped among them.

Announcement is made of the death at Fort Riley of Lieutenant Mann, Seventh Cavalry, wounded in the fight at the mission, December 30th.

This afternoon the Brules abandoned the proposed camp near Red Cloud's house and pitched their tepees with the Ogallalas, forming a camp nearly a mile and a half in length, connecting with the friendlies south of the agency. The main part of the camp extends westward from White Clay creek up the bluffs, on the summit of which the Indians have posted pickets to guard against surprise.

Since the surrender by Big Road of the nine guns today nothing has been heard or received from the hostiles at the agency. To-night the military pickets are

WATCHING THE HOSTILE CAMP

as vigilantly as ever. To-morrow it is expected the other chiefs will turn over to Agent Pierce the arms of their followers, but it is doubted whether the surrender will be any more complete than that of Big Road's band today.

Big Road's band had acted in this matter just the same as did the warriors of Big Foot. A searching of the tepees of the latter was followed by the Wounded Knee massacre. Doubt is expressed that General Miles will order a search. It is also quite certain that he will not search for the hidden weapons in the Bad Lands or near the camp sites which the hostiles have abandoned. Such being the case the Indians will hardly miss the weapons they have surrendered, knowing that they may at any time regain possession of those they have stored away.

The settlement of the matter without disarming the Indians will be one of great interest, though many people hold that the Indian, even with arms, is not to be feared if his rights under the contracts are observed.

This afternoon General Brooke visited the agency and later returned to his camp, which is now but a short distance outside of the northern breastworks. All the other detachments have moved up and a military cordon still surrounds the hostiles.

An Associated Press correspondent made an attempt to enter the hostile camp, but was prevented by some friendly Indians. The latter say the hostiles, especially the younger ones, are in a very bad humor. They are suspicious of the intent of the military.

At a late hour tonight no lights were visible among the tepees, and it appeared as if the ghost dance, which was indulged in by some of the young men, had been discontinued.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The commissioner of Indian Affairs has received from Goodale, the supervisor of education at Pine Ridge, a report of the battle at Wounded Knee. She says her information is chiefly from Indian prisoners engaged in it and from persons who afterward visited the scene. The survivors of Big Foot's band are unanimous in the statement that the Indians did not deliberately plan any resistance. It was not a war party. Many of them were unarmed, intending to visit the agency at the invitation of Red Cloud. When they met the troops they anticipated no trouble. There was constant friendly inter-

course between the soldiers and the Indians, even women shaking hands with the officers and the men. The demand for their arms was a surprise to the Indians, but a great majority chose to submit quietly. The tepees had already been searched and a large number of guns and knives and hatchets confiscated, when the searching of the persons of men began. The women say they too were searched, and their knives (which they always carry for domestic purposes) taken from them. A number of men surrendered their rifles and cartridge belts, when one young man, described by the Indians as a good-for-nothing young fellow, fired a single shot. This called forth a volley from the troops and the firing and confusion became general.

I do not credit the statement made by some, that the women carried arms and participated actively in the fight. Testimony is overwhelmingly against this supposition. There has been one or two isolated cases of this kind, but there is no doubt that a great majority of women and children, as well as many unarmed men and youths, had no thought of anything but flight. They were pursued up to the ravines and shot down indiscriminately by the soldiers.

The party who visited the battlefield on January 1st. report that nearly all the bodies of the men were lying close to Big Foot's body, while the women and children were scattered along a distance of two miles from the scene of encounter.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, Jan. 18.—More guns were turned in to Agent Pierce today by the hostiles. They told him a systematic search was being made in the tepees and that all weapons found were turned over. The custodian said today that 500 guns had been surrendered and at headquarters it is claimed the arms turned over exceed in number those received in any other campaign.

Last night several shots were fired in the hostile camp, but nobody hurt. Today the Indians were gloomy and sullen. The friendlies informed a correspondent that a number of troublesome young men still had bad hearts and cannot be converted.

General Miles is meeting with some opposition in his plan of segregating the several Indian tribes. Notwithstanding the Cheyennes have started for Tongue River, the tribe is still detained outside the breastworks, awaiting command from the Interior Department to move. The General proposes to send back to their respective agencies all Indians not belonging to this place. Another council was held today, but nothing important transpired. General Miles tonight issued a

CONGRATULATORY ADDRESS

to the soldiers. General Miles will probably leave for the East early next week and General Brooke resume command of the forces in the field.

This afternoon the wife of Few Tails arrived here badly wounded, having been the victim of white men's malice. Four weeks ago she, with her husband and several other Indians, left the agency with a pass from General Brooke to hunt for eagle feathers. When near Bear Butte they were set upon by some white men and Few Tails was killed and his wife badly

wounded. The others of the party scattered and have not been heard from since. For nine days past the woman has been walking to the agency, covering a distance of 150 miles. She reached the camp of the Sixth cavalry this morning and was brought to the hospital in an ambulance.

General Miles, in his address, takes pleasure in announcing the satisfactory termination of hostilities. The dissatisfaction among the Indians, he says, was widespread, involving many different tribes. The purpose of the conspiracy was to produce a general uprising of all the Indians in the coming spring. The hostile element of the Sioux nation precipitated the movement by leaving their agency, defying the authorities of the government and destroying property given them for the purposes of civilization.

General Miles then goes on to trace the insurrection, beginning with the arrest and killing of Sitting Bull in the revolt which he headed after apparently submitting to the police. He tells of the concentration of various bodies of troops and the gradual closing in; how everything was moving smoothly towards the completion of the plan of campaign, when the unfortunate revolt of Big Foot's band, "incited to hostility by the harangues of their false prophets," resulted in the awful tragedy of Wounded Knee. The attack on Pine Ridge Mission the next day was mentioned, and the story of the closing up of the military cordon, the subsequent skirmishing and forcing in of the hostiles to where they are now, under the command and control of the military.

While the service has sustained the loss of such gallant officers and patriots as Captain Wallace, Lieutenants Casey, Macey and Brace, and the non-commissioned officers and soldiers who have given their lives in the cause of good government, the most gratifying results have been obtained by the endurance, patience and fortitude of both officers and men. The work of disarming the hostiles has in a large measure been accomplished, but will be continued by a portion of the command now in the field and by the agency of the officials.

As soon as practicable the troops will return to their stations, and will take with them the assurance that their services have been of great value to the country in suppressing one of the most threatening Indian outbreaks, and that they have been enabled to keep between the hostile Indians and the unprotected settlements to the extent that not a citizen's life has been lost beyond the boundaries of the Indian reservation.

In announcing these facts, the division commander desired to express his thanks and highest appreciation of the loyal and efficient service that had been rendered. Mention of individual names of either officers or soldiers for meritorious conduct will be deferred until sufficient time is given to ascertain each heroic act, in order that it may be properly recognized and duly rewarded.

THE CITY COUNCIL CASES.

The case of the People ex rel. vs. Louis Cohn et al., which involves the legality of the election to the City Council of Messrs. Cohn, Noble and Hall, of the Fourth Election Precinct,