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THE POLICY WE MAY EXPECT.

It becomes necessary to refer once more to the endeavors of the Salt Lake Tribune to place the authorities of the "Mormon" Church in a false light before the public. 'The "News" has published, by direction of the First Presidency, a denial of the statements of the Tribune that George H. Crosby, Jr., had received a "call" to go from Utah to Arizona to practice law; that he had been "set apart" for this purpose during the recent conference; and that a number of young lawyers were to follow, selected by the Church authorities to go into that territory to control

Notwithstanding these official denials,

the Tribune continues its false asser-

tions, day after day, and now tries to

throw the onus for its statements upon

Crosby, and further intimates that the

Deseret News "denounces him as a liar

and falsifier of the aims and purposes

of the Mormon Church." 'The "News"

has not done anything of the sort, but

If the Tribune will substitute its own

name for that of Crosby the denuncia-

tion may stand. We do not believe that

Crosby claimed to have been "called"

and "set apart" to go to Arizona, or that

he told the Tribune or its reporter that

it was the policy of the Church to send

young attorneys, or old attorgeys, to

that territory, to figure in political af-

fairs. In fact, he has emphatically

its politics.



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We said that if he did make such statements as those attributed to him by the Tribune, he uttered a shameful falsehood. We say so again. But this does not charge him with that offence, it simply recoils upon the shameless

denied doing so.

statements of the Deseret News are tough." Thas is one of the essential differences to those of our morning contemporary, which are so thin and soft and without texture as to be readily rent to pieces. Its whole theory of "transference" of young attorneys is based on a positive falsehood. No young lawyers has beeen "called" or "set apart" to be transferred from Utah to Arizons, and the Tribune may look to other sources for material wherewith to cook up further diatribes and the "Mormon" Church, which are to form a feature of a lying enterprise

THE POINT IN DISPUTE.

and a hopeless cause.

. 2.00

It is very significant of the spirit of hostility to fairness and a legal test of the dispute between members of the City Council, that the minority opposed the proposition to engage special counsel in the case to be tried in the District court. The City Attorney is to have competent legal aid, why should not the Attorney-General have similar assistance? A very important point has to be settled judicially, apart from the quarrel over the appointment of the Chief of Police. It ought to be thor. oughly ventilated and decided on its merits and both sides ought to be fully presented to the court.

If the argument is good that the learned officer who brought the sult is able to argue it alone, then it should apply with equal force to the City Attorney 'who has to defend the action of the minority of the council. If he is entitled to special help, so is the official on the side of the majority.

Let the case go on and the whole matter be fully contested, that we may know whether, as the law stands, five members of a legislative body of fifteen constitutes the City Council and may act as the majority on affairs of vital importance to the municipality. That really is the turning point in the whole controversy. The action of the majority on Monday night was undoubtedly right.

# HAPPY PORTO RICO.

It is gratifying to learn that Porto

Ricans are elated on account of the progress made of their island under the American flag. And they have cause for satisfaction. For Porto Rico now is out of debt and has a surplus of \$500,000, and it shares in the general prosperity of the Republic. The Porto Ricans are peace-loving, patriotic and contented. Among the blessings they have received under the new regime are good roads, numerous schools, and new enterprises of various kinds. They recognize that the war was a benefit to them.

Attorney-General Harlan of Porto Rico explains that the Porto Ricans enjoy a status different from other Americans. Their government is neither state nor territorial, nor colonial, paper that concocted the attack on the The island does not contribute to the "Mormon" Church out of some answers | national treasury in the way of taxation, although it is true that the socalled Dingley tariff act is in force in the island, and from that source officers appointed by the Federal government collect large amounts of revenue. But every dollar so collected goes into the Insular treasury instead of into the national treasury. The status of Porto Rico is the best proof of the benevolence and unselfishness of the American government in its dealings with those dependent upon it. It should be an object lesson to the intelligent Filipinos. It should teach the leaders among them, the fearful mistake they made, when they used their influence for the stirring up of strife instead of pacification, as they could have done. The trouble in the Philippines was artificial, and would not have occurred, but for the demagogues. Porto Rico today should be a rebuke to them. It should indicate to them the road to prosperity, contentment, happiness, and freedom.

### DESERET EVENING NEWS: TUESDAY, APRIL 14, 1903.

#### WHERE THE MONEY IS.

According to an article in the current number of Gunton's Magazine, conributed by Eugene Parsons, the total wealth of the world is now estimated at 400 billion dollars. And of this the United States is supposed to possess 100 billion dollars, or just one-fourth. Great Britain is the wealthlest coun. try in Europe. In American money (at 34.80-pound sterling), Great Britain's wealth in 1895 was \$56,668,800,000. A recent estimate makes it \$59,000,000,000, or \$1,442 per capita (in 1901). The annual income of England's population is said to be \$5,600,000,000, while the yearly saving are \$1,948,000,000. It should be remembered that a large amount of British capital is also invested in the colonies of the empire and in foreign lands France comes next to Great Britain. A recent estimate of France's wealth makes it \$48,000,000,000, or \$1,257 per capita (1901). According to Multhall, Germany's wealth in 1895 was £\$8,052,-000,000, or £156 per capita. Prussia's share was more than half (£4,940,000,000); Bavaria's £949,000,000; Saxony's £456,000, 000; Wurtemberg's, £370,000,000; while the smaller German states had £1,337,-000,000. According to a more recent estimate, Germany's wealth is \$40,000,-000,000, or \$709 per capita (1901). German money loaned or invested abroad amounts to \$8,000,000,000 or more. Russia's wealth in 1895, as Mullhall estimated it, amounted to £6,425,000,000, or £61 per capita.

A recent estimate places Russia's wealth at \$32,000,000,000, or about \$296 per capita (estimating the population in 1901 at 108,000,000). The other ten countries of Europe are named in the order of their financial importance: Austria-Hungary, whose wealth was estimated by Mullhall in 1895, at \$21,649,600.000; Italy, \$15,168,000,000; Spain, \$11,424,000,-000; Scandinavia, \$6,220,800,000; the Danublan states, \$4,924,800,000; Belgium, \$4. 742,400,000: Holland, \$4,224,000.000; Switzerland, \$2,361,600,000; Portugal, \$1,-978,800,000; Greece, \$1,065,600,000.

The English appear the best off people financially, if the per capita wealth is considered. The Scotch come next. Other countries follow in this order Australia, France, the United States, and Denmark. The figures in 1895 were: England, \$1,584; Scotland, \$1,257; Australla, \$1,228; France, \$1,210; United States, \$1,123; Denmark, \$1,104 per capi-

The figures are, of course, only approximately correct, but they give some idea of the distribution of the wealth of this world.

Why don't the chimneys give a smoker?

The mornings have an eager and a nipping air.

What a privilege it is to pay school axes and tuition!

Out of funds is not out of mind with the Board of Education.

Is Buffalo ambitious to be known a headquarters for crime?

drews, who was compelled to resign the presidency of Brown university because of his radical differences with those who controlled it on the money question. It was an almost unparalleled slece of bigotry and was in the face of all university traditions of freedom of teaching. In view of these facts Mr. Rockefeller's contribution is all the more worthy.

### IT IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

New York Evening Sun.

It has been decided by the supreme ourt of Indiana that the law of 1901, providing that the compensation for all work done for counties, cities and towns shall not be less than 20 cents an our is unconstitutional. It is pointed out that this measure deprives public bodies of freedom of contract, which they ought to enjoy to the same extent as private individuals. The question ises-if it be illegal to fix a minimum a maximum rate of wages, how can legal to restrict the hours of la-Freedom of contract is involved as much in one case as the other.

#### New York Evening Post.

If the legislature can fix a minimum wage, says the court, it can fix a max-imum. It holds, moreover, that this is imum. It holds, moreover, that this is class legislation, fixing, perhaps, high-er pay for laborers in public employ-ment than for persons doing the same work for private persons. It is quite conceivable that two men might be at work side by side building roads, one for the county at 20 cents per hour, and the other for a county or the first for the second secon the other for a trolley company at half the price. The theory of the promot-ers of the law is that if they can com-pel the county to pay 20 cents, the men who are working for private parties will refuse to work for less, and thus the whole scale of wages will be raised.

But it is clear that they will have to work on some other plan than this.

# THE MARVELOUS RADIUM.

### New York World.

William Crookes still believes that the amount of energy in the universe is a constant quantity, and he thinks that in some way not yet ex-plained the radium replenishes its energy from the movements of the mole-cules of air surrounding it. If a drop of water were magnified to the size of the earth its atoms would be about the size of walnuts. And these atoms are so vast compared with the electrons, which are supposed to give radiant energy, that the electrons whirl about in the immense space of this atom like planets in a solar system.

#### Baltimore Sun.

What is equally remarkable, radium maintains its own temperature at a point 2.7 degrees Fahrenheit above its surroundings! The quantity of heat evolved is such that a pure radium salt evolves every hour heat enough to melt evolves every hour heat enough to melt more than its own weight of ice. To put it differently, half a pound of the radium salt would evolve as much heat as would be produced by the burning of one-third of a cubic foot of hydro-gen. And this output of heat goes on continuously for an indefinite period, leaving the salt at the end of months of the same weight and power as at the beginning. This looks like perpet-ual motion. ual motion.

St. Louis World. There are only two pounds of radium n the world and it is worth \$3,720,000 a pound. Which leads one to reflect upon the dogmatism of science. We have been taught to believe that in the laws of natural science, if in anything, there is certitude. Phenomena have been generalized into principles or laws and the dicta of the scientists ccepted. And every once in a while omething is found out which knocks come of these principles into smither-ens. And now woman-woman who has so frequently spolled masculin easoning-in the person of Mme. Curie wife of a French "scientist," has ad something that again contravenes the teaching of men.



propounded to Croshy which that paper magnified, distorted and colored to suit its own purpose, after its well known fashion of old. That organ of no party and of no creed says now of Crosby's "call:"

"The Tribune has said nothing whatover regarding that mission, and there has been no assumption of any sort."

Yet in the same article it speaks of Mr. Crosby as "the missionary who was called." On Friday last it announc. ed in big headlines:

"IS SET APART TO PREPARE FOR ARIZONA FOLITICS. "UPON RECOMMENDATION OF STARE PRESIDENT, YOUNG UTAH ATTORNEY GETS CALL TO ST. JOHN'S, ARIZONA."

It comemneed its article with a pretace to the summary of a purported interview with Crosby, as follows:

"The authorities of the Mormon Church are evidently planning to get control of the politics of Arizona and New Mexithe points of Analysia and New Area ob the time they are ready for state-nood. To accomplish this they appear to be adopting the plan of transplant-ing bright young Mormon attorneys and politicians from Utah to the terri-tories that are now fighting for admis-tion to the Union. These yours men sion to the Union. These young men are expected to jump into public af-fairs and be ready to be sent to Wash-ington as Senators and Representatives, and to take possession of the local of-fices."

This was followed by more to the same effect, and were the utterances and comments and assertions of the Tribune, apart from that which it claimed to have obtained from Crosby. On Saturday last the Tribune had a leading editorial headed "A Plan of Capture and Control." In this, in spite of the emphatic and explicit and detailed refutation in the "News" of the whole story published by the Tribune, the latter stated in that editorial:

"An important policy seems to be involved in the transfer by call from the church of George H. Crosby to go to Arizona, and practice law.

'It is not stated in the call that he is to be a farmer so as to be of use to the community, nor that he must become a manufacturer so as to avoid being a leech upon the body politic; on the contrary, the programme seems to be that he shall be a lawyer, and make his living at it, particularly after he has got a start through being principal of the St. John's school for a while. The icy under which Mr. Crosby is thus transferred from Utah to Ariprehensive one, and to contemplate

the transfer in time of many young law graduates to Arizona, New Mexico and other mountain comonwealths, in order to supply not only the demand for atarneys who are members of the hurch but also politicians and leaders torneys in public affairs."

That is from the paper that puts forward much more in the same strain on Saturday, and on Tuesday declares that it has said nothing of the kind, but lays all its lies upon Crosby!

The people of Utah may as well know, first as well as last, that the policy of the Tribune is to be as outlined in the editorial from , which we have quoted. We shall see whether they will support it in its vile assaults upon the majority of the population. They may expect the old vials of wrath and malice to be uncorked, if they do not jump into line with the projects held in view, which some dullards think are secret but which are thoroughly understood and will not work as designed.

The Tribune closes its feeble attempt this morning by stating that "the health through the sacrifice.

DO NOT SMOKE.

A short time ago, a lady in New York conceived the idea of opening a 'tea-room and cigarette parlor for women." It is a place where the ladies can go for a rest after the day's shopping, drink a cup of tea, smoke a cigarette and chat with friends; or they can go there and idle away the hours. without first visiting the shops. And it is claimed the resort is well patronized. It is fitted up in delicately elegant style, and made as inviting as possible. This, surely, is one of the straws indicating the direction of the

current of morality at present. The vice of smoking, when first introduced among civilized nations, was fought stremuously, but in vain. The severest penalties inflicted upon the users of tobacco did not have the desired effect. The habit grew in spite of torture and death. It would therefore appear a waste of energy to start a crusade against women acquiring the habit of smoking, if they are bent upon getting there. But it should nevertheless be said, that no woman with respect for herself, or with regard for her prospective children, will make herself a slave to tobacco, or any other kind of narcotic. If she does not enjoy the most miserable kind of servitude; if she does not desire to bring forth children in bondage to vice, she will let the enslaving drugs alone.

Woman, aware of her own interests, will go further than that. She will teach the man who seeks her company to give up tobacco, especially the young man whose character may not as yet have been formed. And if he is not willing to sacrifice vice for her, she will let him go. For it is the truth, that a young boy who makes himself a slave to tobacco, cannot remain morally pure very long. Under the demoralizing influence of poison, he is not

trustworthy. He is not likely to develop into the kind of man pure women desire at the head of the family, What is true of a man given to drunkenness is, to some extent, true of one in the tolls of any other kind of poi-

The best advice is: Give up smoking, It is not very difficult to do, if the determination is there. Thousands have tried it and found physical and moral

Alum Bill seems to be the most cor upting influence in Missouri

Song of the pupil, adapted from the wl: "To wit, tuition; to whom? The funeral of President Young will commence at ONE o'clock tomorrow.

Don't be an oyster. The season is ncar at hand when oysters are no good.

As yet it is uncertain whether or not Chief Sheet's star is in the ascendant. Good luck to Idaho's first sugar fac-

tory! May it be the forerunner of many

In the great school of experience tuition costs much more than two dollars a month.

Teach the young idea how to shoot and it will want the latest improved rifle every time

The south polar regions present an entirely new field for women. It is the greatest ice field known.

Many of the criminals of the country are singing: "Put me off at Buffalo." It seems to be quite a safe retreat.

Whether Mr. Roosevelt does or does not kill mountain lions and other big game, everybody knows that he is game

Leaves of absence have been given several of the University professors and instructors. Of course they are bay leaves,

"Are American women growing better looking?" asks the Boston Globe. That is like asking who can paint the lily or tint the rose

Tomorrow is Arbor day. All who plant trees, and all should plant should remember that as the twig is bent the tree's inclined.

It seems that Dr. Wiley's borax cured food fed patients are getting fine plok omplexions. This would indicate that they are in the very pink of condition.

Miss Pretty of the patent office in Washington has accomplished the nimble feat of typewriting 17,500 words in six hours without a slip. Pretty handsome work.

The Reliance is said to look like a winner. And so does the Shamrock III according to reports. This is preeminently a case where pretty is as pretty does.

The Reliance is said to be more of skimming dish than any boat the Herreshoffs have constructed for a cup defender. A skimming dish is what is needed to take the cream of the yacht races,

So Shamrock I beats Shamrock III. One contest under racing conditions doesn't settle a race, but it serves as a straw to tell which way the wind blows.

What a grand ovation it was that the people of France gave President Loubet on his journey from Paris to Marseilles! When it comes to enthus. lasm and receptions they really do seem to do these things better in France.

Mr. John D. Rockefeller has made a very handsome contribution to the University of Nebraska. At the head of that institution is Dr. E. Benjamin An-

