

EVENING NEWS.

Published Daily, Sundays Excepted, at FOUR O'CLOCK.

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CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Tuesday, Sept. 25, 1893.

MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

THE Spring City tempest in a tea-pot has not yet subsided. The agitation will probably continue until the newly elected municipal officers receive their certificates, which we have no doubt will be duly forwarded when the Commission have looked into the matter, or have decided that there are no grounds for withholding the certificates and no basis for a formal inquiry.

We have just received the accompanying communications, which show that the officials of Spring City have taken some action in the matter, and that the Secretary of the Commission has been officially notified thereof.

SPRING CITY, Sept. 22, 1893.

Editor Deseret News:

The copy of the enclosed statement dated Sept. 15th, 1893, and signed by twenty-three legal voters of Spring City, was sent by mail on the mid day to Secretary Thomas, together with the affidavit of Geo. W. Brough, of which you also will please find a copy enclosed, but as neither of the said documents have appeared in public print, we forward these copies to you for publication. We also send you a copy of the document written and forwarded to the Hon. Secretary on the 21st inst., and signed officially, by the old as well as the new city officers, which is at your disposal.

It now remains to be seen how the Hon. Commission will dispose of these statements, and how the Commission can possibly set aside the city election and legalize the county and precinct, which they have done by issuing certificates to the precinct officers, is more than we can comprehend, as the election took place the same day, under the same rules and regulations, and the same voters had their votes deposited in the two different ballot boxes, (county and city), at the same time, and both tickets (county and city) were interfered with and scratched by the same J. Johnson at the same time.

It is not very likely any complaint would have been made about the municipal election of Spring City, at least not by the noted presiding judge, if he only had been nominated for City Recorder, and he so much desired, and for which he himself so faithfully volunteered; but notwithstanding he spared no time in telling the people that this was the office he coveted, no one took enough notice of it to even nominate the "old shell" at the caucus meeting, and in the failure of which might perhaps be traced the outcroppings of some of his trade and abuse.

We understand that James Com-mander has written a letter to Secretary Thomas, wherein he is laying the blame of the disturbance on the election day to L. Larsen, present mayor of the city, which is natural enough for him to do, as L. Larsen is one of a committee of the established by the County Central Committee to look after the interests of the People's Party, and in that capacity, together with other citizens, made objections to the course persisted in by J. Johnson, and allowed by the judges—the scratching of the tickets.

LAURITZ LARSEN, Mayor.

The resolutions signed by twenty-three legal voters of Spring City, and the affidavit of Mr. Brough one of the judges of election referred to above, have been published in this paper; following is the official communication sent by the municipal officers to the Secretary of the Commission:

SPRING CITY, Sept. 21, 1893.

Arthur L. Thomas, Secretary of the Commission:

DEAR SIR:—We wish to call your attention to the letter of Jacob Johnson, in relation to the municipal election of August the 6th, dated Spring City, Aug. 7th, 1893, and also to the certificate of the judges of election.

Without referring in detail to the various charges against certain parties claimed by said Jacob Johnson and judges to have been committed on said day of election, we will simply state that after due consideration, the only conclusion we can arrive at, is that the letter of Jacob Johnson, and also the certificate of the judges of election, from beginning to end, are willful and malicious falsehoods, as we know and do testify that every voter had full liberty and free access to the polls. We cannot keep silent when persons, seemingly of good principle and honor, misrepresent us before the Honorable Commission and the public. All we ask is our rights as American citizens and that the votes cast by legal voters at the late municipal election be respected.

If it should appear to the Honorable Commission that they must take cognizance of the misstatement of Jacob Johnson and judges, and if these should, in any way affect the municipal election of Spring City, then we shall expect that the Honorable Commission will give this a thorough investigation. We are, at any time, fully prepared to refute the allegations made by Jacob Johnson and judges of election.

On the 13th inst., a statement, signed by twenty-three registered voters, and an affidavit of Geo. W. Brough, one of the judges of election, were forwarded to you by mail, which we trust, have been received. We remain, yours respectfully,

LAURITZ LARSEN, Mayor. ISAAC M. BEHUNIN, N. B. ALDER, M. D. NIELSEN, Members of the City Council; J. F. ALLRED, City Recorder; JOHN FRANKLIN, J. F. ALLRED, Justices of the Peace; ISAAC M. BEHUNIN, Mayor.

—Old Officers at Home. N. B. ALDER, J. F. ALLRED, JOHN FRANKLIN, J. F. ALLRED, Justices of the Peace. HENRY L. AGORD, Assessor & Collector. HENRY W. PUSEY, Treasurer. SIDNEY H. ALLRED, Marshal.

—[New Officers at Home.] We do not suppose that any notice would have been taken by the Commission of the highly colored and

partisan assertions of Jacob Johnson, who is accused by the other side of being the real disturbing element in the Spring City election, if it had not been for the unanimous certificate of the Judges of Election. This is an official document which called for some investigation. The subsequent contrary affidavit of one of the Judges makes the situation somewhat different. It also illustrates the folly of signing any paper the contents of which the subscriber does not fully understand and endorse. The plea of being weary may be sufficient for the charitable, but unkind people will regard it as a little thin. However, the document itself is very attenuated, and being vague and indefinite as to persons as well as facts, it will probably be ignored and the certificates issued. And in view of the issuance of certificates to the county and precinct officers who were elected at the same time and under the same circumstances as the city officers, we do not see how any difference can be consistently made in the case of the latter.

It is very evident to those who have examined both sides of this dispute, that an unwarranted attack has been made by some disaffected "Liberals" to hedge up the way of the People's elected officers, and that the motive was spite and chagrin, because, however much the obstructionists lust for office, the voters would not have them in any capacity. If the disappointed soreheads want an investigation, they can make complaint to the City Council before the newly elected officers are qualified, when the whole matter can be officially inquired into and determined, as the Council has legal power to judge of the qualifications, elections and returns of its own members. Until that is done we think it is unwise for the part of the people and officials of Spring City to make any statement, which is unnecessary, unless the Commission shall see fit to make a formal investigation, when it will be useful to see that the facts are properly presented; but we do not believe that there will be found sufficient grounds for any such inquiry. It is a case of "great cry and little wool."

ABATING A NUISANCE. THE summary course pursued by the Governor of New York, as detailed in our despatches, in regard to the establishments at Hunter's Point which have long been a nuisance to the public, will be hailed with delight by the people who have been compelled to endure the offensive odors that have poisoned the air of that vicinity. Whenever any unsavory business is carried on it is claimed by its managers to be not only non-injurious but positively healthy. In this case the people, not the proprietors, have been allowed to decide this question, and the horrible stenches have been ordered abated as a nuisance. The officers have given notice to the proprietors of the establishments complained of that unless they cease their business their machinery, utensils and stock will be destroyed by the Sheriff. If the owners of those places were carrying on their business in Utah, they could map their fingers in the faces of the officers and cite the rulings of the Federal Court here in regard to the abatement of the prostitution nuisance, which took place some years ago under a municipal ordinance. The destruction of their property would be a paying business to the proprietors, and an expensive job for the city. They would be able to pursue their stinking occupation, no matter how many people might be sickened or killed by it, and have no fears of the abatement of the nuisance after the New York method.

We shall watch for the outcome of the Hunter's Point abatement business, to see whether injurious nuisances can be maintained in spite of law and public opinion.

AN ANTI-CHINESE DECISION. This decision just given by Judge Field, sitting in banc with Judge Sawyer, in regard to the case of the landing in this country of Chinese subjects of Great Britain, is altogether different from the ruling of Judge Nelson, in Boston, Massachusetts, but is in accord with the opinion of the New York court on the same subject. There can be no doubt that the object and intent of the anti-Chinese law was to exclude for a period of ten years all Chinese laborers. But the ruling of Judge Nelson, that this would not apply to British subjects of Chinese birth, was based on something more than the Restriction Act. It covered existing treaties with other Powers than China, and the Constitutional provisions relating thereto. Notwithstanding Judge Field's decision, and the evident intent of the law excluding the Chinese, the question of the extent of the law's application will not be finally settled until it has been passed upon by the Supreme Court of the United States.

BY TELEGRAPH. THE VICTORY TELEGRAPH. LATEST BY LIGHTNING. The War Goes On.—The Five Cent Fare. CHICAGO, 25.—The Pan Handle and Kenkakee lines began selling tickets to Indianapolis this morning at one dollar, with a consequent reduction in price to Cincinnati and intermediate points, the regular rates are merely being added beyond Indianapolis. It is now apparent that the five cent rate of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois to Indianapolis is made with the condition that the line runs only a night train at that rate and requires the purchasers of five cent tickets to buy sleeping car tickets at \$2, so that the minimum rate over this line is two five.

THE Banner Train for Buffalo. NEW YORK, 25.—About 450 members of the county democracy left for Buffalo this morning to attend a democratic State convention. The train consisted of 12 Wagner cars. The Tammany delegates to the

same convention also started this morning. The party number 560 members and required 19 cars, on the outside of which were banners bearing appropriate mottoes.

The Heaviest Gale for Years on Lake Erie.

BUFFALO, 25.—A fearful gale set in last evening, which is still raging furiously from the southwest. A number of vessels on the lake have suffered severely. The seas are rolling heavily and has swept over the decks and submerged the whole of the docks and wharves part of the Central and Erie railroads are under water, and the track of the Buffalo Creek railway is submerged. The wind is driving the water of Lake Erie up in greater volume and the prospect of very heavy loss seems imminent. In the city the destruction of trees is very great.

Later.—The Schooner York State foundered in the gale last night; all hands lost. The crew consisted of the captain and six men; the vessel was grain laden.

Oswego, N. Y.—The schooner Serepta was driven ashore this morning east of Salt Haven, while trying to make her port. The crew were saved. The ship Towner was driven ashore here at 2 o'clock last night; crew saved. The heaviest gale in years. No further reports of damage or loss of life.

The Butler Boom.

BOSTON, 25.—The State Committee of Greenbackers met at 10 this morning to decide on permanent organization. Moody Boynton claimed the right to act because he was a member of the national committee. At first refused he was finally allowed to speak, which he did vigorously, for ten minutes, asserting that the convention to-day was not a Greenback convention, but a scheme to aid and abet the democratic party. The convention met at 11 o'clock. Levi R. Pierce of Lynn was then chosen president with Gustavus D. Hutchison of Boston, secretary. F. F. Field, who had been chosen temporary chairman, made a short address, in which he warmly eulogized Gov. Butler, which was received with a "A debate ensued over the report of the committee on credentials; a number of delegates objected to the admission of J. F. Bond, present as delegate from Athol. Bond is a sympathizer with Moody Boynton, author of the life of Butler. Excited speeches were made, and all was confusion until Bond was excluded by an almost unanimous vote.

Willard Sticks Bombing. WALL STREET, 25, m.—There is a story in the room to the effect that the failure of Mayer & Co. was due partly to the decline of the Willard shares. It is said that a great trouble is anticipated in this trade. Stocks continue heavy and lower and at present writing at the lowest point of the day.

Failure of Ferdinand Mayer & Co.

NEW YORK, 25.—An assignment for the benefit of creditors was filed to-day by Ferdinand Mayer & Benjamin Mayer composing the firm, dealing in woolsens, at 30 White St., to Simon Daxwing, giving preference to the amount of \$30,000. The preferences were principally on account of accommodation notes and money loaned. Among the principal creditors were M. Franchi-langer & Co., \$70,000. Holders of promissory notes made by assignees about \$120,000. The assignee expressed the belief that the liabilities will exceed \$1,000,000, and considered it probable that the assets would be far short of the firm's debts. He could assign no cause for the failure.

The Colored Convention.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., 25.—When Fred Douglas at 10 o'clock came into the Liederkreis Hall to deliver his speech this morning he found a very large crowd in attendance. Many white persons having come to hear his plea for his people. On the stage beside the leading colored men sat ex-Attorney General James Speed, of Lincoln's cabinet, Gen. James H. A. Ekin, U. S. A. (retired), and a number of other whites of prominence. Douglas spoke for two hours, his speech being logical, often humorous and always interesting. He sketched the history of his race since the emancipation, and was frequently sarcastic and severe on the government, and incidentally on the republican party. He was listened to with interest and received frequent and generous applause. Since the conclusion of his speech the convention has in vain labored to complete the organization. Too many orators are on the floor, and a temporary chaos has been created. His speech, while Douglas resists from his effusion, is unable to control them.

Here of the Storm.

BUFFALO, N. Y., 25.—A disastrous storm occurred here last night; the wind at one time attained a velocity of 54 miles per hour. Trees and sign boards were blown down, and the unfinished round house of the Rochester and Pittsburgh railroad, on the Lake Shore at South Buffalo, was leveled to the ground. The whole house on Federal street, was nearly demolished. Large panes of glass in several Main street stores were demolished.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 25.—Mrs. Carey landed this morning at Greenhithe, and the Thames 18 miles from London. O'Donnell was brought to Bow Street Police Court at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The case against her was filed and a large crowd collected outside. Special precautions were taken by the police to prevent any attempt at rescue.

Maritime Canada.

LONDON, 25.—The Standard's Paris special says: "The British government will again enter into negotiations with the Suez Canal Company relative to the proposed canal. The chief superintendent of the works of the Panama Canal Co., submitted reports indicating that a canal will be completed in '98."

Cold and Cold Drinks. Cold drinks are natural to man, though most people nowadays are so used to hot drinks that they do not get satisfaction—really stimulation—unless they have them. Hot drinks are injurious to the tongue, for they deaden its sensation, and, after taking hot soup or drink, the tongue becomes quite numb and unable to taste the fine flavor of a dish. The teeth are greatly injured by them, and many dentists say that caries is due to them alone. They crack the enamel, and thus allow caries to set in. When caries has once set in, hot drinks are a common cause of neuralgia.

Hot drinks are especially injurious to the stomach, and consequent mild inflammation of the organ, so that after a hot drink the stomach is red and congested. In time a debilitated condition is set up. A temperature of 100 degrees F. also destroys the active ferment of the gastric juice, and so leads to indigestion. If the stomach is at all disordered, hot drinks give rise to much griping pain, and in many cases, very violent. In cases of diarrhoea, too, hot drinks only increase it, while cold ones tend to lessen it.

This is not common in winter, unless sugary or hot-sweet foods have been taken. In cold weather the air contains more moisture than in hot, and in cold weather there is less perspiration. Hot drinks increase the volume of heat in the body, and if that is not required it is quickly got rid of by the skin. Water is the best thirst quencher, but if simple food be taken, the needs of drink will be small. Many vegetarians drink nothing from month to month, the only fluid they get being the juices of the fruits which they eat. But pleasant drinks, like tea, coffee, etc., may be taken like warm for a time with little apparent damage. The least injurious is cocoa, made with plenty of milk, and allowed to stand until nearly cool. A good test is to apply the little finger to the drink, and if it be not too hot to it, then it may be safely taken.—Boston Science News.

DIED. CHRISTENSEN.—At Ephraim, Sanpete County, Utah, September 22nd, 1893, of bilious remittent fever, Clara Christensen, daughter of J. P. and Dorthea M. Christensen, aged 13 years and 6 months. Scandinavian Star, please copy.

EMIL FRESE'S HAMBURG TEA.

Is the best family medicine, and will be found, on trial, to be the most easy, natural and comfortable aperient obtainable. For sale everywhere.

BRING YOUR DRIED FRUITS, BUTTER, EGGS, ETC., AND GET THE HIGHEST PRICE.

G. W. DAVIS.

THE "MORMON" PANORAMA.

Exhibited in the 17th Ward Assembly Rooms, TO-NIGHT, TUESDAY, at 7:30, and Wednesday Even'g in the 5th Ward School House.

It is now the most complete series of illustrations to the History of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, and should be seen by all.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION: One red and white yearling HEIFER, both ears cropped and branded with initials. Which, if not claimed within ten days, will be sold Monday, October 2nd, at 2 p.m., at the Entry Room, Brigham City. A. MADSON, District Commissioner. Brigham City, September 21, 1893.

\$25 REWARD.

STRAYED OR STOLEN FROM BIG COTTONWOOD CHAYNS, Monday, September 11, 1893, a large, roan horse, about 10-12 hands high, large scar on rump. A reward of \$25 will be paid for its return. MARGARET VANDERBARKER, Big Cottonwood Ward.

NOTICE.

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF Stockholders of the Iron Manufacturing Company of Utah held in President John Taylor's office, October 2nd, 1893, at half past twelve (noon), for the purpose of electing new Directors, one to represent each of the four divisions, and to transact other business pertaining to the Company. JOHN C. CUTLER, Secy.

RUPTURE.

Radically Cured in a Week.

WM. TODD, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office and Residence, Rooms 7 and 8 White House, Salt Lake City. Hours: 10 to 12 a.m. 2 to 5 and 6 to 8 p.m.

NOTICE.

In the Probate Court, in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

HIRAN WATNER, Plaintiff, vs. MAGGIE WATNER, Defendant.

The People of the Territory of Utah and Greeting: To Maggie Watner, Defendant.

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APPEAR in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the Probate Court of the County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah, this 15th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, for the purpose of settling the estate of the said deceased, and to answer the said complaint as you may see fit.

Witness, the Hon. E. Smith, Judge, and the seal of the Probate Court of Utah, this 15th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three. D. BOGGS, Clerk.

WANTED. A FEW GOOD LABORERS WANTED. Apply immediately to F. A. Fulton, at Office of the Utah Times and Democrat Co.

LOST. ON THE STATE ROAD, TWO MILES south of the city, a small brown mare, with saddle and bridle on when lost. Any one giving information of her whereabouts to M. J. Jones of the Salt Lake City Co., will be rewarded for their trouble.

FOR SALE. A JERSEY COW AND CALF. For price and to see the stock, call on CHARLES DRYALL, Seventh Ward, Salt Lake City.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

Extraordinary Attraction!

UNION SQUARE THEATRE CO.

COMMENCING ON TUESDAY SEPT. 25, 26, 27, 28.

TUESDAY EVENING, THE RANTZAUS.

WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY EYGS, A PARISIAN ROMANCE.

FRIDAY EVENING, FRENCH FLATS.

Special Price of Admission. Reserved Seats 15 cents extra. Free List to be Suspended.

Box Office Open Monday, Sept. 24th at 10 a.m.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the firm heretofore existing under the name of Dehlinger & Porter, can do so on short notice. Our stock is good and free from adulteration or impurities, and has no equal in Utah for toning up the system and giving a good appetite and is highly recommended by the Medical fraternity.

Orders by Telephone will receive prompt attention. Estate of R. B. MARGETTS.

UTAH BREWERY!

WE ARE STILL AT THE OLD STAND and those who desire their families supplied with Marston's Delicious Ale and Porter, can do so on short notice. Our stock is good and free from adulteration or impurities, and has no equal in Utah for toning up the system and giving a good appetite and is highly recommended by the Medical fraternity.

Orders by Telephone will receive prompt attention. Estate of R. B. MARGETTS.

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution will be held in the Social Hall, in this city, on Friday, October 5th, 1893, at 2 p.m., for the election of Officers and Directors for the ensuing year also for the purpose of amending Article 9 of the Articles of Association so as to enable the Institution to retain a greater proportion of the profits as a reserve fund, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

T. G. WEBBER, Secy. and Treas. Salt Lake City, Utah, September 4th, 1893.

BUTTER! BUTTER! TUB BUTTER!

Also on hand a full supply of Sheep Grease!

ORANGES, by the dozen or box.

A choice lot of California Dried Grapes, CHEAP!

CORN, OATS & BARLEY, by the car load or smaller quantity.

Coarse and Fine SALT, in any quantity.

J. W. SNELL, IDAHO STORE.

FURNITURE!

UPHOLSTERY!

TRADE MARK.

Different Styles, Varieties and Grades AT LOWEST PRICES.

Call and see, and we will try to give you patronage by honest dealing and strict adherence to business.

6 Hours West of Kimalah Corner Nearly opposite St. Winifred. Respectfully,

SORENSON & CARLOUST.

REMEMBER!

ALWAYS THE BEST.

152 Sizes and Styles.

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GUARANTEED.

FOR SALE BY P. W. MADSEN & CO., 168 Main St., Salt Lake City.

Z. C. M. I.

Important Conference Announcement!

A very large proportion of the inhabitants of Utah and surrounding Territories, are enjoying the luxury of our Unexcelled Cooking and Heating Stoves, and in order that many others may have the privilege of participating in like blessings, we announce the arrival of FIVE CAR LOADS of Charter Oaks, Champion Monitors, Royal Charters, Monitors, etc., etc. Also, a large variety of Heaters and Parlor Cooks which we are offering at astonishing low prices, and we confidently assert that for Cooking and Heating qualities, durability, readiness of action and economizers of Fuel, they have no EQUALS, and for these reasons we have secured the Sole Agency from the Manufacturers, PREFERRING THESE TO ALL OTHER STOVES, which we have at various times been solicited to adopt.

Our Hardware, Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, and Stove Furniture Departments, are also complete in all their branches, so that the Carpenter, Blacksmith, Farmer, Miner, and the Housewife can have their varied wants supplied at Prices that will ensure satisfaction. Please call on us and you will be readily convinced that TRUTH AND SMALL PROFITS is our Motto. H. S. ELDRIDGE, SUPT.

TO BUILDERS AND OTHERS!

LIME, LIME.

GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES!

UTAH LIME & CEMENT COMPANY.

At Pascoe & Burns' Kilns, 20 Cents per Bushel. Delivered in Salt Lake, 25 "

A No. 1 Building Rock, at Quarries, \$5 to \$6 per cu. yd. SALT LAKE DEPOT AT OLD MARKET BOW. QUINCY RECEIVED AT KILNS BY TELEPHONE. R. C. BOX, 474.

86 & 88 EAST TEMPLE ST.

THOMAS W. JENNINGS.

SPRING & SUMMER CLOSING OUT!

CLOTHING, STRAW GOODS, ETC., ETC.

AT COST!

JOB LOTS MEN'S LADIES AND CHILDREN'S.

AT LESS THAN COST!

86 & 88 EAST TEMPLE ST.

THE CHAMPION MONITOR.

WITHOUT EXCEPTION.

THE MOST DURABLE & PERFECT COOKING STOVE MADE.

THE NEWEST AND THE BEST.

With or Without Reservoir and Closet.

THOUSANDS IN DAILY USE IN THE TERRITORY.

For Sale by Z. C. M. I. and all its Branches.

WOOL WOOL.

Having secured, for the present, the large lot of wool lately occupied by Z. C. M. I. Produce Department, better known as the Old City Meat Market, I am prepared to continue the purchase of WOOL. Call and see me.

H. B. CLAWSON.

Spencer Clawson Wholesale DRY GOODS SALT LAKE CITY.

(HOOPER & ELDRIDGE BUILDING)