

the eyes to the root of the tail. The Lowell News says he is a handsomely built hog, with a clean run fore and aft, and any one but a Jew would be glad to get a piece of his chine. The owner proposes to exhibit his hogship in Boston.

CLIPPINGS.

—The steamer Tennessee Belle was burned lately, near Paducah, Ky.,

—An Alabama paper contains a long story about a pilot on one of the Chattahoochee river steamboats, whose skin, it is stated, is changing from a jet black to the fairest white.

—The Masonic orders in the United States now embrace 4,792 lodges and 195,170 members.

—A Dutch astronomer announces that the comet of Charles V. will reappear next August.

—An old man in Coventry, Vermont, has four sons who are lawyers, The Irasburgh Standard says: "four lawyers out of five sons! We venture to say there is not another family in Vermont that presents such a deplorable example of wholesale depravity.

—A Harrisburgh, Pa., paper has intelligence of the death of Mrs. P. Weeden, the last survivor of the Wyoming massacre. Mrs. Weeden was twelve years old at the time, and she retained a vivid recollection of the massacre until her death.

—The ministers of France and England have demanded an interview with the King of Naples, but no time had been fixed for their reception.

—The English public at present have in their hands \$117,500,000 in Bank of England notes.

—Napoleon has ordered a statue of Joan of Arc to be erected on the right bank of the river Oise, opposite the old bridge of Compiègne, the identical spot where the heroine was captured by the English, on the 23d of May, 1430.

—The Postmaster General of Canada has abolished the postage on American exchanges going into that Province.

—It is estimated that, at the present rate of consumption, 100,000,000 tons per annum, the coal fields of Pennsylvania alone would meet the demand for 3164 years.

—A veteran named Ezekiel Barnes, who died recently in Ohio, voted for sixty nine years consecutively.

—A Chinese merchant in San Francisco tersely gave an American friend his ideas on the Japanese Embassy's reception in this country, as follows:

"Japanese great men now—American want more Treaty—by'n by Treaty be signed, Japanese like anybody—just like Chinese—just like dam nigger."

—A company has been chartered by the Legislature of Tennessee for the purpose of the extraction of the oil from cotton seed. They will soon commence the erection of a factory at Memphis, with a capacity of extracting five hundred gallons per day. A few years ago the seed of the cotton, which now yields under proper treatment a valuable oil, of considerable commercial importance, was one of the troublesome surplusages of the southern plantations.

—It is said that enough maple sugar has been made in Vermont during the past spring to sweeten the coffee, once, of every coffee drinker on the globe.

—A dispatch from Paris says the Sicilian insurrection is a more serious affair than the telegraphic accounts indicated.

—They have no old maids in Japan; when the girls don't get married voluntarily the authorities hunt up a husband, and make them marry, willing or not willing.

—The British Standard gives a list of one hundred and twenty five members of the University of Oxford who have gone over from the Established Church to the Roman Catholic Church. They consist of two archdeacons, eighty four other clergymen, and thirty nine laymen.

—The New York Herald says that the price of aldermen and negroes has gone up wonderfully in the last few years. A New York alderman could be bought up, it tells us, for a hundred dollars ten years ago. But now his vote commands even two thousand dollars or more. The price rises with the rise of real estate.

—Four Steamers have been lost and never been heard from since the commencement of steam navigation between England and the United States, viz: The President, City of Glasgow, Pacific, and Tempest.

—John Sherman, of Pownal, Vt., on the day of completing his 70th year, became the fortunate father of a son, whose name was called Levi. On the same day were born to him a grandson and great grandson, the parents at the time residing in three different States. All three of the boys are now living.

—Two enterprising Americans have opened a hotel and bar-room in Hakodadi, Japan.

—In parts of Virginia, a large mortality has taken place among the hogs, in consequence of eating locusts.

DOINGS IN CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—In the Senate, the Deficiency Bill was taken up and passed, and then an adjournment was taken till Monday, 14th.

In the House, Mr. Grow presented bills to provide for temporary governments for Idaho, Nevada, Arizona, Chippewa and Dacotah, which, on motion of Mr. Thayer, were severally tabled by a vote varying from 92 to 74 and 102 to 73.

May 12th.—The House agreed that when it adjourned, it be till three o'clock on Monday, in order to enable the members to witness the landing of the Japanese Embassy previous to that hour.

Mr. Grow, of Pa., moved to take up the bill to establish a temporary government for Idaho, which was on Thursday postponed until to-day.

Mr. Clark, of Mo., raised a point of order that this bill was yesterday laid on the table.

Mr. Grow said the bills were not identical, one requiring two-thirds of the legislative assembly to overrule the veto of the governor, and the other merely made a majority.

The Speaker decided that the pending bill was not tabled yesterday.

Mr. Barksdale replied, if this decision was right, action on any bill could not be concluded.

Mr. Grow said there were fifteen or twenty thousand persons in Idaho, and argued if the general government has power to acquire territory, it is its duty to make arrangements by which settlers can be protected by an established government. The bill was the most meritorious one of the series.

Mr. Clark said every foot of Idaho is within the organized territories of Utah, Nebraska, and Kansas.

On motion of Mr. Houston the bill was tabled by a vote of 94 to 78.

The House then went into committee of the whole on territorial business. Several bills were passed, including those providing for the completion of military roads in the territories of Washington and New Mexico.

May 14th.—In the Senate, Mr. Crittenden in view of the contemplated reception of the Japanese embassy, moved an adjournment, which was carried.

In the House, there was some anxiety manifested on the Democratic side to adjourn, so that the members could witness the reception of the Japanese embassy, when Mr. Dawes asked for the consideration of the Michigan contested election case. Mr. Lamar announced that the Democratic side was not prepared to take the case up. The motion to take up the case prevailed, but no action was had, and the House adjourned.

May 15th.—In the Senate, Mr. Pugh introduced a bill in addition to the acts for the punishment of crime against the United States. The bill amendatory of the act to establish a Territorial Government in Utah was taken up and discussed, but not finally disposed of. Mr. Davis's resolution then came up as the special order, and Mr. Douglas proceeded to address the Senate at length. He finally, under exhaustion, gave way to a motion to adjourn, which prevailed.

House.—A bill was reported to remove the United States Arsenal from St. Louis, and establish the same and an Armory at Jefferson Barracks. After the adoption of a resolution inviting the Japanese to visit the House, the consideration of the Michigan contested election case was resumed. A resolution was passed admitting Mr. Cooper. Mr. Howard was also admitted to a seat. The bill to supply deficiencies in the Post Office Department for the year ending 30th of June was taken up. The House, however, adjourned without disposing of the subject.

May 16th.—In the Senate, Mr. Green reported the House bill for the admission of Kansas, without any recommendation. He gave notice, however, of his intention to offer several amendments, among them making provision for governmental protection for slave property. The bill was made the special order for Wednesday.

Mr. Davis introduced a bill to regulate public contracts. Mr. Davis's resolution then came up, and Mr. Douglas resumed and finished his remarks commenced yesterday. Mr. Davis followed, without concluding, till the adjournment.

House.—On motion of Mr. Morris a resolution was adopted calling upon the Postmaster General for all the facts in the case of the New York Post Office defalcation, and when it was first known to the Department. Several other matters were discussed, but no action taken and the House adjourned.

—A letter from the gold regions in Kansas says:—No one who has been through the mining region entertains the slightest doubt with reference to the amount of gold. The general remark is, "the mountains are full of gold, if we could only get it." The greatest difficulty in the way of successful mining in that region seems to be, that the gold has not been found yet in any considerable quantities, and the miners do not know where to dig for it.

—The new State House at Columbus, O., will cost nearly a million and a half of dollars.

CORRESPONDENCE.



FROM WEBER COUNTY.

OGDEN CITY, June 8, 1860.

EDITOR DESERET NEWS:

The weather is fine and very warm here.—We have lately had several refreshing showers of rain which have been very timely and beneficial. The wheat crops in this county look well and promising; indeed some of the farmers say they have not seen wheat look so well for a long time before. Much of the corn which was planted very early in the season did not come up; some of the farmers think it was in consequence of the inferior quality of the seed; and others think the ground was too wet and cold. Be that as it may, the corn which has been subsequently planted—the ground being much warmer—is doing well.

Three Indians belonging to Togwick's band, a few days since, entered the houses of some of the citizens of this place and commenced plundering their goods. From the house of Mr. Benjamin Hawkins, they took property to the amount of about \$100, consisting of carpeting, blankets, clothing, handkerchiefs, &c.; all of which they carried off and secured in the mountains. The same day, Mr. Leavith saw them on Birch creek, and being suspicious—but not really knowing they had stolen anything, he brought them back to the city when they confessed all. Some officers were then sent with one of the Indians to the place where the articles were concealed; all of which are recovered. They are now in custody and will be tried by civil authorities and dealt with according to the law.

On the 4th inst., the county court of Weber county met and transacted what business there was to be done with their usual despatch.

Mrs. Story H. Middleton of this city, who is over 50 years of age, has manufactured \$27.00 worth of straw hats; has bought the material and made 18 yds. of flannel, 13 yds. of jeans, 15 yds. table linen, and 20 yds. of rag carpeting. She has sold \$40.00 worth of stockings, socks and mittens of her own knitting, all within 12 months. Can any of our young candidates for matrimony beat that?

JOSEPH HALL.

TABERNACLE.

On Sunday morning, June 10, Elder Orson Pratt, jr., addressed the congregation on the culture of the mind. He reviewed the variety of opinions that are entertained in the world respecting what constitutes true happiness; spoke of the nations of the earth seeking happiness in each other's overthrow; referred to the ancient Grecians as an instance, also the kingdom of Rome, which was founded in blood; those kingdoms were founded upon human wisdom, and hence the reason of their fall. Said he was naturally of a reflecting mind, and had studied the scriptures with much pleasure. Argued the necessity of men studying the construction of their own minds and what their passions would lead them to do, that they might by that means be enabled to overcome all the evils of their nature. Made some encouraging remarks on the progress of the young men now studying in the academy.

Elder Orson Hyde followed with a very interesting discourse, which will probably be published.

At 2 o'clock, p.m., the sacrament was administered, after which Elder Orson Pratt, sen., preached an instructive sermon, which was reported.

A NEW SAW MILL.—The Big Mountain lumber company have completed the saw mill which they have been building on the stream that washes the western base of what is known as the Big mountain, and it is now, as reported by one of the company, in successful operation and doing good work.

—A committee of the Canadian Parliament have declared the election in Quebec void, on account of violence and illegal voting, and propose to declare the city disfranchised for the remainder of the session as a punishment for tolerating such abuses. If that principle was carried out in the United States, Legislative Assemblies could not often enact laws for the want of a quorum to do business, and where is there a city that would not be disfranchised?

—Quite a desperate fight took place in Cornwall Co. lately, between a bull dog and an eagle. Hearing the noise, the owner of the dog ran to his assistance, when the eagle turned upon his new adversary, but after a short fight was overcome and despatched. He measured nine feet from wing to win.

—The emigration from Ireland to America is greatly increasing this year, to the surprise of the English and Irish papers, which affirm that the condition of the country never being so good before, there is no necessity for this new exodus.

—Seth, one of the head Chiefs of the New York tribes, died in Southern Kansas lately. He has lived on the little Osage for twenty years.

—During the last three years the Department of State has issued about eighteen thousand passports to citizens desiring to travel in foreign parts.

—The number of votes in Savoy as reported exceeded 100,000 in favor of annexation to France, against only 1200 nays, and 3 who abstained from voting.

—Several hundred dollars have been collected in the House of Commons for the benefit of Sayers. The Knickerbockers have made very liberal contributions for the benefit of Heenan.

Hall's Sarsaparilla Yellow Dock and Iodide of Potass is prepared from the finest red Jamaica Sarsaparilla and English Iodide of Potass—admirable as a restorative and purifier of the blood, it cleanses the system of all morbid and impure matter—removes pimples, boils and eruptions from the skin—cures rheumatism and pains of all kinds—All who can afford should use it, as it tends to give them strength and prolong life. Sold by Druggists generally, at \$1.00 per bottle.
R. HALL & CO.,
Proprietors, Wholesale Druggists, 143 and 145
8-6m. Clay street San Francisco.

New Advertisements.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

A DILIGENT hand that can drive a team or run a saw mill. I will pay good wages. Enquire N. W. Whipple at Nell's mills, or at his residence in the 19th Ward.
15-2 N. W. WHIPPLE.

LOST.

ABOUT a month ago, between American Fork and A White's Fort, a pair of California MACHIAS. Whoever has found them will confer a favor on the subscriber by leaving them at the Titling Office in this city, and will be remunerated for trouble.
15-1 JOSEPH MURDOCK.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that we intend applying to the County Court for Great Salt Lake County, at its adjourned session, on Thursday the 21st inst. for the grant of a certain canyon, beyond the summit on the road to Snyder's mill, that we are now occupying for the purpose of Lumbering, Shingle making, Coaling, Bark peeling and Turpentine purposes.
15-2 JOHN R. CLAWSON.
SAM'L E. WILLIAMS.

GREAT SALT LAKE COUNTY COURT.

THE June session of the County Court for this county was, on Tuesday the 5th, adjourned till Thursday the 21st inst. at 10 a.m., at which time all having any matters for the consideration of said court, and especially those feeling themselves aggrieved by the assessment for the current year, which has just been completed, can attend and be heard.
15-2 JOHN G. LYNCH, Clerk.

JORDAN MILLS DEPOT.

BRODERICK, GARDNER & ALLEN have re-opened the above establishment, where they will constantly keep for sale Flour, Grain of all kinds, Chopped Feed, Corn Meal, Butter, Eggs, &c.
They have also opened a

LUMBER YARD,

upon the same premises, where the public can be accommodated with every variety and size of LUMBER, of the best quality; likewise

SHINGLES, LATHS and PICKETS.

Their new TANNERY is now in successful operation, and they are prepared to furnish those who may favor them with their patronage, choice articles of

LEATHER, BOOTS & SHOES.

They wish particularly to call the attention of shoemakers, farmers, and everybody else, who are tired of paying such high prices for imported goods to their unprecedented low prices.

They have just purchased a large and well assorted stock of

FRENCH CALF SKINS,

Shoe Thread, Pincers, Shoe Pegs and Awls, all which they offer 30 per cent. cheaper than such articles were ever before sold at in this market.

Best large Kip skins, which have been sold for \$10, can be had at from \$6.50 to 7.00
Calf skins, 4.50 to 5.00
Shoe thread, per ball, 25
Pincers, per pair, 90
Shoe pegs, per quart, 25
Children's Morocco shoes, 80
And every thing else in proportion.

Goods of every description sold on commission.
Remember! JORDAN MILLS DEPOT, East Temple Street. 15 3m

COAL! COAL! COAL!

I WILL furnish COAL of an excellent quality at the mine, in San Pete county, having it always on hand, at \$5 per ton, or I will deliver it in Great Salt Lake City, if satisfactory arrangements are previously made, at \$40 per ton.
7-3m GEORGE PRACOCK,
Manti, San Pete County.

UNITED STATES MAIL COACH FOR THE CAPITAL!



J. M. BOLLWINKEL, CONTRACTOR.

For transporting the Mails of the United States from Salt Lake City to Fillmore, Utah Territory, informs the public in general that he runs coaches in conveying said United States Mails and will take passengers on the following terms:—

FARE:

From Salt Lake City to Prove - - \$3 00
" " Salt Creek, - - 6 00
" " Fillmore - - 11 00
" Salt Creek to - - 5 00

The COACHES will leave the Salt Lake City and Fillmore Post Offices every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 7 o'clock a.m. and make the trip through in three days. Those desirous of traveling with safety and speed to and from the southern part of the Territory will do well to avail themselves of this opportunity.

Fare to be paid or arranged for at time of starting

All baggage or parcels taken by passengers charged extra.

OFFICE—TWO BLOCKS WEST OF COUNCIL HOUSE, G. S. L. CITY. 13-4