DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XII. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 10, 1879. NO. 67.

THE EVENING NEWS

Published every evening, except Sunday.

One copy, one year, with postage.....$10.50
" six months, " 5.25
" three months, " 2.65

THE DESERET NEWS:

SEMI-WEEKLY.

Published every Tuesday and Saturday.

One copy, one year, with Postage.....$4.25
" six months, " 2.15
" three months, " 1.10

DESERET NEWS:

WEEKLY.

Published every Wednesday.

One copy, one year, with postage.....$3.65
" six months, " 1.85
" three months, " 95

TERMS—IN ADVANCE.

OFFICE—Corner of South and East Temple Streets.

The News Book and Job Printing office has superior facilities for the execution of all kinds of Book and Job Printing.

Book—Binding and Paper - Ruling.

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
BRIGHAM YOUNG,
Editors and Publishers.

NEW YORK TRADE.

BENEDICT, HALL & CO.,

BOOTS & SHOES

Nos. 124 & 126 Grand Street,

Corner Crosby

NEW YORK.

d 139

ST. LOUIS TRADE.

L. M. RUMSEY & CO.

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

Pumps and Fire Engines

Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Iron Pipe Fittings, Belting, Hose, Packing and Agricultural Implements.

SOUTH MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS, MO

497

GREAT BARGAINS IN WATCHES & JEWELRY

Large assortment of new goods, a short time only before departure for Europe. Also two Carriage Horses, by

d306 3m CARL C. ASMUSSEN.

JOE BARKER,

CUTLER, LOCK AND GUNSMITH

SAWS SHARPENED, STOVES REPAIRED, GUNS RESTOCKED, Etc.,

COMMERCIAL STREET.

ROMANIA B. PRATT,

Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE—Old Constitution Building, next door to Woman's Exponent Office. Residence 6 blocks east of Post Office, South side of Street.

Special study has been given to Obstetrics, Diseases of Women, and Diseases of the Eye and Ear. d109

W. L. PRICE,

DEALER IN

Poultry, Fish and Game,

Fruit, Vegetables and Groceries,

First South Street, *Opposite* Kimball Block, Salt Lake City,

Goods delivered punctually in all parts of the City, Free. Satisfaction guaranteed.

JAKE HEUSSER & BRO.,

(*Successors to J. H. HAGUE,*)

Main Street, 1st Door South of Wells, Fargo & Co., Salt Lake City,

DEALERS IN

GUNS, PISTOLS, AMMUNITION AND FISHING TACKLE.

Practical Gunsmiths.

All work in our line done NEATLY, PROMPTLY, and Satisfaction Guaranteed

1797

WATSON BROS.

STONECUTTERS AND BUILDERS,

Tombstones, Monuments,

MARBLE MANTLES, IRON MANTLES, GRATES, AND HEARTH-STONES.

South Side of South Temple Street, a little East of Eagle Gate.

d12

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,

CHRISTMAS CAKES,

CANDIES & NUTS,

GO TO

J. HAGELL'S,

Opposite the Theatre.

Call and See the Samples.

REMOVED!

MRS. WILKINSON,

Wishes to notify her numerous friends, and the ladies generally that she has removed to her new and elegant STAND on

FIRST SOUTH STREET

Four doors west of Jennings', where she will display her usual magnificent stock of

MILLINERY,

Fancy Goods, Real Hair, and Domestic Paper Patterns.

For the next 60 days, she will sell at greatly reduced prices, a large assortment of winter goods, such as

FELT HATS, at - 40c.
VELVET HATS at - - 75c.

And other goods in proportion

Persons wishing goods at wholesale will do well to call. d42 1m

PASSPORTS.

BRETHREN going to Europe can obtain their Passports by applying to CHAS. W. STAYNER, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, who, besides attending to Land matters, has all the necessary instructions from the Secretary of State, respecting Passports, and is provided with the needed blanks for application. Passports forwarded when received, to the president of the European Mission.

Office north of Salt Lake *Herald*, Salt Lake City.

Wm. LONGMORE,

(Late of Cowley & Co.)

No. 89 Kimball Block,

Having started Business on his own account, is prepared to make Gentlemen's

Dress and Business Suits

To order.

Gents' own Materials Made Up.

Cleaning and Repairing.—Satisfaction Guaranteed.

N.B. A Choice Stock of Woolens always on hand.

STANDARD GOODS

—)OF(—

R. MATTHEWS & CO.,

CHEMICAL MANUF'RS,

P.O. 1054, Salt Lake City,

Ess. Jamaica Ginger,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath-Sand Tablets,
Scouring Soap,
Superior Writing Fluid,
Boot Blacking, Etc.

For Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Throat and Liver Complaints, Affections of the Kidneys, etc., use

BARFOOT'S

Balsam of Indian Root,

Prepared only by us.

For Sale at Z. C. M. I. and Utah Commission House.

ALL KINDS OF PAY WANTED

FOR 3,000 No. 1 Cedar Posts.
Charcoal, 100 bushels, Cheap.
Set of Buggy Harness
Buggy, $100.00.
Sprinkling Cart Box, 700 gallon capacity, suitable for Tank, etc.
Second hand Wagon, (3,000 lb.)
Light Spring Wagon, $75 00.
Three hundred pounds of hops.
Pick Handles $2.00 per dozen.
Borden's Condensed Milk $1.50 per dozen.
100 dozen Bottles Tomato Ketchup $2.50 per dozen.
Branson Knitter, $25.00, knit a sock in five minutes.
Totman's California Feed Mill.
700 Tons Salt on hand, manufacturer of Fine and Coarse Salt.
Liquid Blue, Jamaica Ginger, etc.

CALL AND SEE

JOHN W. SNELL,

IDAHO STORE. P. O. Box 519.

PATENTS

obtained for new inventions, or for improvements on old ones, for medical or other compounds, trade-marks and labels. Caveats, Assignments, Interferences, Appeals, Suits for Infringements, and all cases arising under the Patent Laws, promptly attended to—*Inventions that have been* REJECTED by the Patent Office may still, in most cases, be patented by us. Being opposite the U. S. Patent Department, and engaged in Patent business exclusively, we can make closer searches, and secure Patents more promptly, and with broader claims, than those who are remote from Washington. INVENTORS send us a model or sketch of your device; we make examinations and advise as to patentability free of charge. All correspondence strictly confidential. Prices low, and NO CHARGE UNLESS PATENT IS SECURED.

We refer in Washington, to Hon. Postmaster General D. M. Key, Rev. F. D. Power, The German-American National Bank, to officials in the U. S. Patent office, and to Senators and Representatives in Congress; and especially to our clients in every state in the Union and in Canada. Address

C. A. SNOW & CO.,

Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

HO FARMERS!

HUCKS & LAMBERT'S

PIONEER

H. & L. AXLE GREASE.

Lubricates your Axles Perfectly—without Gumming, Heating, or Cutting.

Guaranteed to Prevent Friction, and to

WEAR TWICE AS LONG

AS ANY OTHER AXLE GREASE.

For Sale Everywhere!!!

In Barrels, Half-barrels, Five Gallons, Cases & 2lb. Tins.

OFFICE FACTORY—144 to 148 Natoma Street, San Francisco.

SAVE YOUR HAIR

TO LEARN HOW TO DO IT READ AND HEED WHAT FOLLOWS.

SAVE YOUR HAIR.—The laws of Health and Longevity demand it, the customs of social life require it. The matter is of great importance in every way.

BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR.—It is the surpassing crown of glory, and for the loss of it there is no compensation.

CULTIVATE YOUR HAIR.—For by no other means can it be saved and beautified.

LYON'S

KATHAIRON,

Discovered thirty-five years ago by Prof. Lyon, of Yale, is the most perfect preparation in the world for preserving and beautifying the hair.

Besides being the best hair dressing ever produced, Lyon's Kathairon will positively prevent grayness, and will restore new hair to bald heads, if the roots and follicles are not destroyed.

It actually performs these seeming miracles, of which the following is

A FAIR SPECIMEN

I had been entirely bald for several years, constitutional, I suppose. I used a few bottles of Kathairon, and, to my great surprise, I have a thick growth of young hair.

COL. JOHN L. DORRANCE, U. S. A.

In every important respect the Kathairon is absolutely incomparable. It is unequaled.

1. To Cure Baldness.
2. To Restore Gray Hair.
3. To Remove Dandruff.
4. To Dress and Beautify the Hair.

BEAR IN MIND.—The Kathairon is no sticky paste of sulphur and sugar-of-lead, to paint and daub the hair and paralyze the brain. It is a pure and limpid vegetable lotion, intended to restore the hair by natural growth and reinvigoration. It is splendidly perfumed, and the most delightful toilet dressing known. No lady's or gentleman's toilet outfit is complete without Lyon's Kathairon.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

CHEAP DISINFECTANT!

MR. F. A. PASCOE will supply fine screened Quick Lime, suitable for disinfecting cesspools, and neutralizing all decaying organic substances for TWO DOLLARS PER TON, in large or small quantities, at his Pioneer Perpetual Lime Kilns, First North of Warm Springs, Salt Lake City.

N.B.—Building and Plastering Lime of Best Quality always on hand.

dtf F. A. PASCOE.

Established May, 1876.

FASHION.

Punctuality. Economy.

BUCKLE & SON,

TAILORS,

MAIN STREET,

OPPOSITE THE WALKER HOUSE

THOS. OAKEY.

Planing Mill,

Box Factory,

And Lumber Yard.

EASTERN SASH & DOORS

Shingles Lath & Pickets,

DOOR & WINDOW FRAMES

Wood Turning, &c.

Factory: First East Street, between Third and Fourth South Streets Salt Lake City, Utah, P. O. Box 187.

1267

T. LATIMER, G. ROMNEY,
G. H. TAYLOR, F. ARMSTRONG

LUMBER YARD

AND

PLANING MILL.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Utah Red and White Pine of all kinds, Eastern Finishing Lumber, California Red Wood.

Utah, Bear River, White Cedar and Red Wood Shingles.

Red and White Rustic, Ceiling, Siding, Lath, Pickets, Flooring.

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS

AND

MOULDINGS IN GREAT VARIETY

Frames of all kinds Made to Order Very Cheap.

WINDOW GLASS.

Using large quantities ourselves, and dealing directly with the Manufacturers in Car Load lots, we intend keeping a Large Stock on hand, of the various sizes, for the Public to select from at Very Low Rates.

Wood Turning of all Kinds.

LATIMER, TAYLOR & CO.,

One Block East of Depot.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 8.—Windom from the conference committee on the Indian appropriation bill, submitted a report. Agreed to and the bill passed. The total amount appropriated is $4,718,266, $33,068 less than the appropriation for the current fiscal year.

A conference on the bill abolishing the volunteer navy was agreed to. It allows all officers mustered out one year's pay. It affects one line officer and twenty-six medical officers.

The House amendments to the joint resolution to print the report of the commissioner of fish was passed.

Rollins submitted an amendment to the House bill amendatory of the revenue laws, that in collecting further internal revenue taxes on bank deposits, no savings bank, recognized as such by the laws of its state and having no stock, shall, on account of mercantile or business deposits heretofore received upon which no interest has been allowed to parties making such deposits, be denied the exemptions allowed to savings banks having no capital stock and doing no other business than receiving deposits to be loaned or invested for the sole benefit of parties making such deposit, without profit or compensation to take, if such bank has paid the lawful tax upon the entire average amount of such business or mercantile deposits; but nothing in section—shall be construed to extend such exemption to deposits or hereafter in any way affect the liability of such deposits to taxation. Ordered printed.

The report of the commission making negotiations with the Ute Indians of Colorado was ordered printed.

The House bill providing for the payment of the officers and soldiers of the Mexican war of the three months' extra pay provided for by the act of July 19th, '48, passed after being amended to provide that the act shall include the officers and men of the army, navy and marine service.

The Senate bill to confer upon the boards of the United States army organized by the President to review the sentences of courts martial such authority to compel the attendance of witnesses, and to send for persons and papers as is now given by law to courts martial. Passed.

The Senate bill to provide for the settlement of accounts with certain railroad companies was taken up. Pending discussion, the Senate, on motion of McMillan, by a vote of yeas 33, nays 22, adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 8.—The bill reported last night from the committee on coinage, weights and measures was laid on the table—yeas 127, nays 104.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the army appropriation bill.

The pending amendment was the substitute of Page, which was rejected, with other amendments, after a general discussion.

Cole offered an amendment, requiring the inspection of supplies by the quartermaster or commissary nearest the place of the successful bidder. Agreed to.

Also the amendment that the Indians who settle on lands under the homestead or pre-emption laws, or on purchased land, shall be free from the control of the Indian agent.

The original proposition of Boone for the transfer of the Indians to the war department was then rejected. The vote, by tellers—yeas 88, nays 101—was applauded by the republicans, the proposition having received 6 or 8 affirmative votes on that side and about 12 negative votes on the democratic side.

The committee then rose and reported the bill and amendments to the House. The first vote was on the following amendment, by Butler, "and telegrams are authorized to be transmitted by railroad companies that may have a line, for the government and for the general public, at rates to be fixed by the government, according to the provisions of title 65 of the Revised Statutes."

Tucker demanded the yeas and nays, but they were not ordered, and the amendment was adopted.

The next amendment of any importance was that for the reorganization of the army. Agreed to, yeas 116, nays 92.

Cutler and Phelps were the only democrats voting in the negative.

The next amendment was Hewitt's amending the Revised Statutes so as to expunge the authority to have troops at the polls on election day, "to keep the peace." It was adopted, yeas 110, nays 95. A strict party vote, with the exception of Brogden, who voted in the affirmative with the democrats.

Culberson submitted an amendment repealing the law which required that military headquarters, in time of peace, shall be established at points where there are government arms, buildings and barracks. Adopted.

The bill then passed.

The Speaker appointed as conferees on the navy appropriation bill, Clymer, Blount and Hale. Adjourned.

EASTERN.

The Cipher Investigation—Tilden Exonerates Himself.

NEW YORK, 8.—Hiscock—You have said if you had any idea of the influencing of these boards venally, the last person you would have chosen would have been Col. Pelton. Why did you not deem it proper to call Cooper's or DeWitt's attention to the matter and ask them to take charge of the matter, lest Pelton might compromise the democratic general committee.

A.—I supposed they had full knowledge and would be able to take care that nothing wrong should be done. The atmosphere at that time was full of rumors of fraudulent returning boards. I declare before God and my country, that the votes of Louisiana and Florida were bought. (Meaning by republicans.) I would scorn and condemn my righteous title if the democratic party had secured my seat by fraud.

Tilden said he had received no special information regarding the expenses of legal proceedings in the disputed southern states; supposed the national committee attended to these things; had been to some extent a patron of Pelton. He thought the better way than to investigate the relations with the national committee was to stop such transactions. He thought that such a course would have been better for Florida than what was done there.

Hiscock objected to the latter part of this answer, and Hunton said he thought that witness ought to be allowed to answer fully. Hiscock thought so also, but witness should not go out of the way to attack other persons.

Tilden said that when a certain party set up a high standard of morality, he proposed to analyze that standard and see if they lived up to it themselves. Col. Pelton thought it excusable to fight fire with fire and adopt the tactics of the enemy. Pelton's act was an inchoate offense; acts on the other side were consummated and gave the presidency to a man not elected. He did not attempt to excuse Col. Pelton, the latter did not act up to his own standard of morality.

Hiscock asked what evidence he had that any votes or certificates were bought by the republicans?

Tilden said this evidence was before the committee in the testimony of McLin.

Hiscock—Governor Tilden, are you entirely clear that McLin was influenced in his action by a hope of reward? A.—I swear so by my best recollection. I believe I shall be just to every one in this examination, and shall protect myself fully without going into matters connected with my family relations.

Hiscock—Had you any information at that time that the returning boards of South Carolina and Florida were for sale? Give the name of the gentleman who told you. A.—I cannot give the name of any man. I state it in evidence that would convict anyone. It appeared in the papers.

Hiscock—We will now go back to the time Pelton visited Baltimore. I ask you again to give me any evidence you have that these boards were being corrupted by the republicans. I limit you up to the time of the final action of these boards. A.—I have no evidence up to that time. What I learned was from the subsequent investigation.

Tilden's attention was directed to dispatch No. 34: "Tallahassee, November 22. Col. Pelton, 15 Grammercy Park. Wooley asks me to say, let forces be got together immediately in readiness for contingencies either here or in Louisiana. Why do you not answer? (Signed) Marble."

Tilden—I do not understand what the dispatch means. Do not know that any large sum of money was raised by the democrats in New York after the election for political purposes, except when the national committee was in debt.

Hiscock directed attention to telegram No. 14, from New York, addressed to Smith Weed at Columbia, and signed "Denmark," in which occurs the sentence, "Try and make one portion payable after votes are cast and another portion after final result."

Tilden said Pelton did not consult him in the matter, and he did not know that Pelton was in communication with Weed and others in the south.

Tilden closed by stating, "These telegrams never, with my knowledge, came to my house."

As Tilden was leaving, the chairman, Hunton, remarked facetiously, "Well, as the returning boards were for sale, perhaps it is fair to conclude that the successful party were the purchasers." (Laughter.)

Reed, quickly—I object to that remark of the chairman, and ask its withdrawal.

Chairman—Is it not a logical conclusion from the premises? But without waiting for an answer he withdrew the remark.

E. L. Parris then took the stand, but the only point developed was that his telegrams although addressed to Tilden, were intended for the national committee. Tilden may have opened them, but the purpose was that they should at once be submitted to the committee.

George W. Smith, private secretary of Governor Tilden, was the next witness, and was questioned concerning telegram 39, addressed by Marble to the governor of Oregon, requesting him to refrain issuing a certificate to an elector.

Q.—Do you remember it, or anything about it? A.—I do not.

Q.—I suppose this is about the answer you intend to give to all those other telegrams; A.—I have no recollection of any telegrams at all. (Laughter.)

Q.—Was Governor Tilden in Albany between November 20th and December 6th? A.—I cannot recollect.

Q.—Now, be sure. A.—I have, as I have already said, no recollection of any of these telegrams.

Q.—Do you remember telegrams signed "Marquette?" A.—Yes, I do, they were in cipher. I was out of town while a number of them were received. They were opened by one of the directors.

Q.—Did the directors intercept your telegrams? A.—My private telegrams were not opened, but the cipher ones were.

Hiscock—That is all; we are much obliged to you for your information.

The committee went into executive session; decided to examine no more witnesses, and left in the evening for Washington.

Comments on the Cipher Investigation.

The public interest in the subject of the alleged attempts to purchase the electoral votes for Tilden has been revived and intensified by the cipher investigation now progressing. Everybody now concedes that fraudulent attempts were made. That the transactions were rascally, and that, as the *Herald* says: There is no saving the reputations of Pelton and Smith Weed. The only question remaining is, as to whether they are credible witnesses by whom to prove their operations were persisted in without Tilden's connivance and despite his repudiation of them, when any third person was brought into their consideration. No adequate picture of Pelton's pitiful exhibition as a witness can be presented except by a verbatim report. Even then the significance and suggestiveness of his manner would be still needed to give a proper shading to the scene. A few essential facts, however, catch the public eye and stick as circumstantial evidence going to question Tilden's personal complicity. Among these are the following: Pelton admits that he carried on the disreputable business in part at Tilden's own house. He there explained to Cooper that he was going to Baltimore to negotiate the South Carolina purchase; notified him that he might telegraph next day for some money, but thought he was cautioned not to tell Tilden. He was less definite on this point than its importance demanded, nor could he remember what Cooper replied. Next day Cooper refused to provide the required funds. Tilden telegraphed Pelton to come home, and he brought the South Carolina negotiation with him. That despite his uncle's rather violently-expressed dissent from the corrupt scheme, Pelton still persisted in trying to raise the money, being determined to do so as far as was in his power. But who he expected to get the cash from he does not now know. He said he would have tried Cooper and Scott, of the National Democratic Committee, but names no others. He declares that he had no reason to suppose they would agree to it, but object to it in the South Carolina case, on moral grounds; nevertheless, Pelton definitely accepted the South Carolina proposition, and subsequently the Florida proposition, after the demand for $200,000 had been rejected as too high, and was reduced to $50,000, all on his own responsibility, he says, but still looking to Cooper and Scott for help. The Florida board was compelled to decide finally on the 5th of December. Pelton admits that he telegraphed definitely to Marble on the 4th that he would deposit the $50,000, but fails to explain satisfactorily how he was to get it at such short notice, as he insists he had not broached the subject to anybody, and would require at least two days to lay the proposition before the members of the democratic committee, and get the money, and had no reason for supposing anybody in particular would supply it. He confesses also the transaction was ended by a telegram from Marble that the negotiation was off. Pelton's utter inability to remember how or where he got his cipher and final conclusion that he made it up himself just as Weed was starting south is especially suspicious. The cipher is of such a character that experts would require many hours thoughtful work to prepare it. Its impromptu invention and development by a man who does not know that he ever made any cipher before, is a flagrant impossibility. Pelton believed he made an independent invention of Marble's cipher. Another independent invention of Coyles forgetting that all three use the same code. There were several democratic clerks who also had the keys. But the whole party, with singular unanimity, have distroyed their ciphers and carefully forgotten all about them. The care with which the disreputable telegrams were kept from Tilden himself was only equalled by the freedom with which they were confided to other parties.

About the only thing Pelton remembers sharp is that uncle Tilden had nothing to do with the business, and that Pelton was determined to buy his election anyhow. It is admitted, however, that he continued in confidential relations with Tilden for nearly two years after his connection with the Oregon cipher business had been exposed, and until after the *Tribune's* southern exposure had convulsed the country. It conceded also that he continued to be Tilden's personal representative in political affairs as much trusted after as before Tilden's repudiation of the South Carolina flicker. Weed was also retained in the confidence of Tilden, who notoriously sent him to Rochester as leading representative of his interests in last Fall's State Convention.

The general verdict is that Pelton and Weed are stalwart goats, but not large enough to carry off all the cipher infamy.

The Reno Inquiry.

CHICAGO, 8.—Major Reno was again on the stand, to-day, and, answering a question, replied, emphatically, that it was no cowardice that made him move from the timber on the hill. He had a flask of whisky with him, but did not drink a drop until the battle was over. He used it on the 27th, when on the Custer battlefield, where the stench was so severe that the officers drank it. He was pressed as to his opinion of Custer, and finally confessed that he had no confidence in him as a soldier, but said that his relations with Custer were friendly. Had his own brother been with Custer he could not have done differently. He would do the same again under the same circumstances, with the knowledge he then had.

The long trial was closed by the defense submitting some documents. The arguments will be submitted on Monday and the case closed.

The Cheyenne Prisoners.

SIDNEY, Neb., 8.—Capt. Vroom, with a detachment of the Third Cavalry, arrived here, to-day, with the Cheyenne Indian prisoners from Fort Robinson. The prisoners will be sent under guard to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, to-morrow, in a special car.

WANTED

A GIRL to do general house work. Apply at this office. d3t

FOUND.

A WATCH and CHAIN. Call at this Office and identify.

J. McKNIGHT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Special attention to General and Local Land Office business, the soliciting Soldier's Claims for Bounty, Pension and other demands against the Government.

OFFICE—Below U. S. Land Office; 2d door above the Walker House. d 238 & w

DIPHTHERIA.

MARSHALL'S HUMBUG OIL, when used freely internally and externally, will positively cure Diphtheria, even in its worst form; thousands can vouch for the truth of this assertion. The raw Oil may be used freely on the tenderest infant, leaving the parts exposed to the air to avoid blistering. For internal use, the Oil must be diluted with water. Four tablespoonfuls of water to one teaspoonful of the Oil—sweeten to taste; bathing the throat and chest freely and often. Dose, one teaspoonful, repeating frequently. The Humbug Oil may be found prepared for internal use, under the name of Marshall's Canker Cure.

Z. C. M. I. General Agent, and for sale by all druggists and dealers in medicines.

DR. S. MARSHALL.

461 s&w

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
WASHINGTON, D. C.,
JANUARY 22, 1879.

By virtue of the authority conferred upon me by Section 3,620 Revised Statutes of the United States, the Deseret National Bank, Salt Lake City, Utah, (there being no Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer at that place) is hereby specially designated for the reception, safe keeping, and disbursement, according to law, of the public funds entrusted for disbursement to officers of the Treasury Department, Interior Department, War Department and Department of Justice.

Very respectfully,
(Signed) JOHN SHERMAN,
SECRETARY.

FOR TEN DOLLARS CASH

We will insert a seven-line advertisement one week in a list of 200 weekly newspapers, or four lines in a different list of 337 papers, or ten lines two weeks in a choice of either of four separate and distinct lists containing from 70 to 100 papers each, or four lines one week in all four of the small lists, or one line one week in all six lists combined, being more than 1,000 papers. We also have lists of papers by States throughout the United States and Canada. Send for our 100 page pamphlet. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

WARM UP!

WM. SALMON

Has opened a new depot for the sale and delivery of the celebrated

WEBER COAL,

At the City Meat Market, West Temple St., where he will be pleased to see old and new friends and customers. His prices will be: A ton delivered, $8 75. A ton at his new depot, $8.15. (Part in good Storepay.)

GRAIN, BALED HAY AND KINDLING WOOD

Will be kept by him in full supply, and sold at lowest living figures.

Orders left at Squire's Barber Shop, the HERALD Office or at the Depot, West Temple Street, a block west of Kimball & Lawrence's store, will receive prompt attention. d31

DAVID JAMES,

LICENSED

PLUMBER, TINNER,

Steam and Gas Fitter.

Respectfully announces that he has secured the agency for this Territory of W. H. Warner's low pressure

Steam Warming Apparatus,

Manufactured under S. J. Gold's patents. Also Gold's

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Persons wishing to warm up Churches, Public Buildings, Stores or Private residences by either steam or hot air will find it to their interests to correspond with me on the subject.

A full line of Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters' Goods kept in stock. Rumsey's Pumps and Pump Extras on hand.

OFFICE AND WORKSHOPS

WEST TEMPLE ST.,

Opposite City Meat Market.

DAVIS, HOWE & CO.,

FOUNDRY & MACHINE

SHOP,

SUCCESSORS TO

NATHAN DAVIS & SONS

All kinds of Milling and Mining Machinery, Wrought and Cast Ironwork, manufactured to order

Water Jackets, Tuyeres, Slag Pots and Carts, Bullion Moulds, Furnace Plates, Hoisting Machinery, Car Wheels and Axles, etc., etc.

Also Brass Work of all description.

First West Street,

Near NORTH TEMPLE ST. S. L. CITY

d 187

ZION'S SAVINGS BANK & TRUST COMP'Y,

FIVE DOORS SOUTH OF Z. C. M. I.

East Temple Street.

THE LONDON BANK OF UTAH,

(LIMITED.)

Capital, £160,000; Say $800,000
Called up, £32,000; Say $160,000

The Commercial and Mining Public will find every facility for the transaction of Strictly Banking Business.

Exchange Drawn on all the Principal Cities of the United States and Europe.

PRINCIPAL CORRESPONDENTS:

IN LONDON.—The London and County Bank. The London Bank of Utah, Limited

IN NEW YORK.—Messrs. Morton, Bliss & Company.

IN CHICAGO.—The First National Bank.

IN SAN FRANCISCO.—The Bank of California.

IN OMAHA.—Omaha National Bank.

ANTHONY GODBE,

MANAGER.

d 197

Established May, 1878.

The Latest and most

FASHIONABLE STYLES,

First Class Fit Guaranteed in all Cases.

JOHN HAGMAN,

Merchant Tailor!

Opposite Walker Brothers' Bank,

SALT LAKE CITY.

Suits of every Style made up from the VERY BEST KINDS of IMPORTED, DOMESTIC and HOME MADE GOODS.

CLEANING & REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

DANIEL DUNNE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Iron Fencing, Gates, Tree Guards,

GARDEN ROLLERS, CHAIRS,

Fencing for Cemetery Lots, Iron Bedsteads, Children's Cots, Etc.

All kinds of Mining, Milling, Agricultural Machinery, Smith Work and general Job Work done.

FENCING FROM $1.00 A FOOT UPWARDS.

Shop, Second South St., one block west Main, and one block south of Townsend House.

Address Box 471 or Office & Works.

Country orders Solicited and punctually attended to. 1693

DESERET

Carriage & Wagon

COMPANY,

SECOND SOUTH STREET

One and a half Blocks East of Main Street,

BUILD ALL SIZES OF FARM AND SPRING WAGONS,

Fully Warranted for One Year.

Repairing in Woodwork, Blacksmithing, Painting and Trimming.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Prices Reasonable.

J. WALKER, Manager.

d 43

A CONQUEROR OF CONSUMPTION!

HALL'S BALSAM

FOR THE LUNGS,

ERADICATES

Coughs, Colds, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all Diseases of the Breathing Organs.

HALL'S BALSAM

Is the LEADING SPECIFIC for CONSUMPTION.

It soothes and heals the membrane of the lungs, inflamed and poisoned by the disease, and remedies the night sweats and tightness across the chest which accompany it.

CONSUMPTION

is not an incurable malady. It is only necessary to have the right remedy, and HALL'S BALSAM is that remedy.

DON'T DESPAIR OF RELIEF, for this benign specific may cure you, even though professional skill fails.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

Dr. D. D. Wright, of Cincinnati, sends us the subjoined professional indorsement. "I have prescribed Hall's Balsam in a large number of cases and always with success." He adds that "in one case a patient with every appearance of *confirmed consumption* was restored to his usual health soon after commencing to take the Balsam."

John Kuhn, of Lafayette, Ind., writes. "One year ago I was in all appearance in *the last stages of consumption* and got so low our doctor said *I could not live twenty-four hours.*" Mr. Kuhn further states that "after taking nine bottles of HALL'S BALSAM he is now in perfect health, having used no other medicine."

The above brief extracts are taken from a

MASS OF EVIDENCE

which has been accumulating during a period of TWENTY-NINE YEARS, proving an efficacy of HALL'S BALSAM in all cases where the breathing organs are affected, and giving the estimation in which the remedy is held by the public and medical profession. Sold by all Druggists.

Price $1.00 per bottle.

JOHN P. HENRY, CURRAN & CO.,
8 College Place, New York
Gothe, Pitts & Co., Agents.