

porium building and the office will be erect ed the grand staircase which will lead to the upper part of the building. The shoe department will also be in the same division and immediately west of the office, while the premises of the clothing department will be extended back and in addition to the present location will occupy the rear portion of the new building. The Grocery department will be transferred from the Old Constitution Buildings to the western division of the new Emporium Buildings, and we understand the Old Constitution premises will be used for the conducting of the machinery, wagon and agricultural implement business.

Doubtless the changes will be beneficial to the interests of Z. C. M. I., the business of which keeps continually increasing, demanding, as a matter of course, an extension of premises, and the concentrating of nearly all of the departments in one range of buildings will greatly add to the facility with which business can be transacted.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY, NOV. 8, 1872.

PROVO.—We learn from Judge Geo. W. Bean, of Provo, now in town, that the work of putting on the iron roof on the new County court house at that place is nearly completed. The court house is a respectable two storey brick structure, fifty feet square.

IDAHO ELECTION.—The election for Delegate and other officers, in the southern part of Idaho, passed off quietly. The two election districts in the Bear Lake country polled a solid vote for Halley, the Liberal candidate for Delegate to Congress, and the whole Liberal ticket. It was a comparatively light vote. The Paris election district cast 220 votes, and the Montpelier district 60.—*Ogden Junction*, Nov. 7.

BURNS OR SCALDS.—Keep the injured part wet with the dark green lubricating or machine oil, sold at the Co-operative and some other stores, until the pain ceases. A gentleman, speaking from experience, informs us that this is an excellent application, effecting remarkable curative results in a short time. He was indebted for information of this simple remedy originally to the *Scientific American*.

PORTLAND, DALLES AND SALT LAKE RAILROAD.—Here is a dispatch from Portland:

PORTLAND, Oregon, 7.

The subsidy granted by the Oregon Legislature to the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad is estimated to be worth three million dollars. Over one hundred miles of Road has been located between the Columbia River and La Grande, fifty miles of which is ready for contract, and work is expected to begin on the first of April. Col. Chapman, president of the Company, goes east to renew efforts with Congress for further aid.

RETURNED MISSIONARY.—We had a call to-day from Elder Thomas Dobson, who had charge of the company of emigrants that arrived in this City yesterday morning. He left this city in May, 1871. On arriving in England he was appointed to preside over the Liverpool Conference, after which he labored as President of the Nottingham Conference. The company under his charge numbered 202 persons. They left Liverpool, in the S. S. *Minnesota*, Oct. 16th. The sea voyage lasted thirteen days, during most of which time very rough weather and head winds were encountered. On the 19th there was a terrific storm, during which the bulkhead railing was washed against the hatchway, and the water rushed down upon the lower decks to the depth of about three feet. Under those circumstances, however, the Saints were calm and undismayed. The company lay over one and a half days at New York and the overland trip from that point occupied only seven days.

The following returned missionaries, besides Elder Dobson, traveled with the company:

Elders Oliver G. Snow, Ralph Harrison, Jesse Gardiner and William Kelsey.

ELDER LINDSEY.—Speaking of a visit to Bridgeton, N. J., of Elder Mark Lindsey, the *Pioneer* of that place says:

"Elder Lindsey's parents reside in England, for which place he expects to sail from New York on the sixth of November, in company with about twenty-five gentlemen and ladies, among whom is Geo. A. Smith, chief counselor of President Young, from Salt Lake. Most of the company are on their way to the Holy Land, but intend to return to Utah. On Wednesday morning Elder Lindsey left Bridgeton for New York, at which place he expected to meet about two hundred Mormons from England on their way to Utah. They do not seem to be much discouraged, notwithstanding the difficulties they have lately had to encounter. The Elder speaks favorably of that country as an agricultural and mining region, and in proof of what the products are, he brings with him some of the largest and finest specimens of apples that we ever saw, some of these raised on his own premises weighing twenty-four ounces. He says they are only fair specimens of what the Territory is capable of producing. As a mining region, it is becoming one of the most famous in the world. Over fifty specimens of lead, copper, silver and gold ore were

exhibited to us from as many different mines of Utah. It is a rare thing to see such a great variety of ore from any one locality.

"While the precious metals abound there, and many are making fortunes from the mines, President Young advises his people to give their attention to agricultural and other pursuits, in preference to mining. His policy has been to encourage habits of industry and economy among the Mormons, and have them peaceable and law-abiding citizens. Whatever may be thought of the peculiar doctrines of the Latter-Day Saints, they evidently have some good features incorporated into their belief and practice."

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, NOV. 9.

COTSWOLD SHEEP.—Brother Samuel Holt starts for Cache Valley on Monday with about one hundred fine Cotswolds, the property of President Brigham Young.

PRAIRIE SCHOONERS.—A large train of mule teams and wagons arrived in town to-day from Helena, Montana. We understand they load up in this city with grain for Picoche.

UTAH NORTHERN.—We are informed that it is expected the U. N. R. R. will be in operation as far north as Logan about Christmas. Five miles of additional track were laid within the last three weeks, and it is expected that tracklaying will be continued every day until Logan is reached. Large forces of men are at work on the grade between the end of the track and Logan, and also between the junction and Ogden.

RETURNED MISSIONARIES.—Elder W. H. Kelsey and Jesse Gardner, returned missionaries, coming with the company of emigrants from England, on Thursday, called on us the other evening, both looking well. The former labored in the London and the latter in the Bristol Conference. Brother Gardner returned on account of ill health. The wife of the former accompanied him. They left this city May 1 of this year. They report having had an excellent time, especially among persons not in the church, having visited much among relatives and friends.

AN EXCURSION PARTY.—The testing of the new engine recently received from the East by the Utah Central Railroad, a description of which was given in the *EVENING NEWS* of Thursday, was, yesterday, made the occasion of an excursion. President B. Young invited a party of ladies and gentlemen, numbering 180 in all, to take a trip from this city to the Promontory on the Central Pacific Railroad, arrangements having been made by John Sharp, Esq., Superintendent of the U. C. R. R., with James Campbell, Esq., Division Supt. of the O. P. R. R., to run over that line to the point where the last spike was driven at the completion of the great trans-continental line. The train consisted of three passenger and one observation cars, and they were well filled by as genial and happy a party as it ever was our lot to mingle with on an excursion. The pleasure of the trip was greatly enhanced by the long and familiar acquaintance that had for years existed among the members of the party, which made general conversation easy and caused all to feel at home in their intercourse with each other. The day was a very pleasant one for the season, and the ride gave every one an appetite. Delicate ladies distinguished themselves by the vigor of their attacks on the lunch baskets, and we think that, at a moderate calculation, more than twice the quantity of food was eaten that would have been by the same persons had they remained at home.

The opportunity for viewing the work done on the Promontory was an excellent one. Several members of the party had passed over that portion of the road many times before; but never by daylight. They, as well as the entire party, got a better idea of the character and magnitude of the work—of the cuts through the solid rock, the curves and the ascents—than they could possibly have done by any number of journeys over the same part of the road at the time it is usually traveled. At Blue Creek the climbing is very rapid, and by an arrangement of Superintendent Campbell, who accompanied the party from Ogden and back, an extra locomotive was attached to the train, which made the ascent an easy one to the summit. The party remained there about an hour and then returned.

The locomotive behaved splendidly. The boiler foamed a little, but no more than usual in a new locomotive; and the journals did not heat to any extent, though the distance traveled, about 180 miles, is unusual for even an old locomotive.

The train left the city at 8 a.m. and returned at 7 p.m. Every one was pleased with the trip, and felt obliged to President Young and the other officers of the U. C. R. R. for the invitation extended and the attentions shown to them.

THIRD DISTRICT COURT.—In the Third District Court yesterday Judge McKean charged the jury in the Emma-Ilinois Tunnel case, the defence concluding to introduce no witnesses, but to rest their case upon points of law and their judicial exposition.

The first part of the session of the Court this morning was taken up in hearing a number of ex-parte motions, after which the Clerk asked the Jury in the suit of the

Emma Silver Mining Company limited, vs the Illinois and Cincinnati Tunnel Company whether they had agreed upon a verdict, when the following sealed verdict was handed by the foreman to the Court, and which was read by the clerk—

JURY ROOM, Nov. 8th, 1872.

We the Jury in the case of the Emma Silver Mining Company, Limited, of London, against the Illinois and Cincinnati Tunnel Company, do find a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, and assess damages to the amount of five thousand dollars.

E. T. MUMFORD, Foreman of the Jury.

After the reading of the verdict Mr. Smith, on behalf of defendant, requested a stay of proceedings in the matter for thirty days, which was granted.

The jury were informed that the parties to the suit had stipulated, at the commencement of the trial, that each jurymen should receive three dollars per day while sitting on the case, instead of the usual seventy-five cents. The jury were joyously asked whether they had any objections to this arrangement, to which they demurely rendered a negative answer, and the check for the gross amount was handed to the foreman by Mr. Walker, the Clerk.

The trial lasted seven days, and it is understood that appeals will be taken in the case until a decision is reached in a court of last resort.

At the conclusion of the above proceedings, and after some motions had been disposed of, Judge McKean delivered an oral ruling in the case of Salt Lake City versus Ornstein, in which was involved the validity of the meat market ordinance. He stated that the case had been tried in the Justice's Court, where it had been decided adversely to the defendant, who had taken an appeal from the Justice's to the Probate Court. It had been agreed, however, by counsel on both sides that a verdict in the Probate Court should not be waited for, but that the case should be brought before him (Judge McKean). His decision was that the ordinance was an unreasonable one, being such the corporation of Salt Lake had no right to make it, and that it was therefore null and void, and the decision of the Justice's court was reversed. He considered it unreasonable because it limited the establishment of meat markets in this city, to six market districts, causing people to travel distances that were too great to purchase a common article of food. He thought that the present sparsely populated condition of the city did not require such an ordinance as the one in question. He said that the question was one of great importance, and had he had time he would have given a written instead of an oral ruling upon it, but the large amount of business demanding the attention of the court rendered it next to impossible for him to do so at present, although he would probably do so at some future time, when he would present a full argument with citations from authorities.

Mr. Hoge, counsel for Salt Lake City, gave notice of an appeal from Judge McKean's ruling.

The case of Mr. Charles H. Morgan, at the request of Judge Spratt, was laid over till Monday morning.

RESPIRE FOR JURYMEN.—The protracted visit that the members of the Petit Jury of the District Court summoned from a distance have been forced to make in this city, has become extremely irksome to most of them, to say nothing about the expense, and doubtless they will hail with joy the time when their services in that line will be no longer required. This morning a number of them left for their homes, intending to return next Monday morning, as they understood their presence would then be needed. We understand however that the Marshal has been instructed that the jurymen would be granted a respite of another week, when on Monday the 18th inst. they must be present.

SURGICAL OPERATION.—The son of Brother John Hibbert, of Montpelier, Queida Co., Idaho, who was operated upon by the Drs. Benedict, on Saturday, for stone in the bladder, is doing well. The boy is twelve years old, and has suffered for five years past, the latter part of the time being unable to sit on a chair.

The stone is of the mulberry variety, measuring 3½ inches by 2½ inches in circumference, and weighed 1½ oz.

Riding on horseback occasioned a fistula in the rectum, and one year has elapsed since the little fellow emitted water through the natural channel.

ENGLAND.—We regret to learn, from the *Millennial Star*, Oct. 22nd, that, on the 5th day of the same month, Elder Charles H. Wilken, President of the Birmingham Conference, was attacked with small-pox; the malady, however, in this case, was not of a violent type. At last accounts he was progressing favorably.

From the same journal we learn that Elders George Crismon arrived in Liverpool, per S. S. *Calabria*, Oct. 19th, and M. H. Hardy on the 21st of the same month, per S. S. *Malta*, also that the first named Elder was appointed to labor as traveling Elder in the London Conference, and the last named to preside over the Leeds Conference.

RETURNED.—T. R. Jones, Esq., we notice being as usual on the street to-day, having returned, this morning from California, where he has been absent about three weeks. He reports every thing prosperous and pleasant on the Pacific slope.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, NOV. 11.

THIRD DISTRICT COURT.—This morning, after a number of ex parte motions were disposed of, Judge McKean said he was prepared to hear Mr. Charles C. Morgan in the matter of an order of court summoning him to appear and answer to a charge of contempt of court, his answer to which, on Thursday morning, was not accepted, he being required to appear and make an apology in open court.

Mr. Morgan arose and said in effect, that in whatever light his conduct had appeared he had never had any intention of treating the court insolently, pertinaciously contemptuously, and he had no desire to disturb the harmony that should exist between the court and the bar, and if he had, at any time, acted in any way in the least improper he felt sorry for it.

The Court then stated, in effect, that it was the intent to be contemptuous which constituted the offence of contempt. The most professional and guarded would sometimes do or say things that were improper, yet no gentleman when he did wrong would object to acknowledge that he had done so. It was not the purpose of the Court to be over scrupulous in such matters, but the bar was very large and composed of members from all sections of the country, and a regard for harmony made the preservation of professional courtesy imperative. If members of the bar were permitted to view a ruling or decision of the Court as a personal matter, there would be an end to all order. The Court was continually called upon to decide questions and cases, and which must be decided, but if such decisions were permitted to be taken by barristers as personal affairs, the Court might as well adjourn *sine die*. Lawyers must expect to be beaten, but there must be a professional and philosophical submission to defeat, and should gentlemen consider decisions to be wrong, the only legitimate mode of seeking redress was to resort to the remedies pointed out by the law.

The Court wished it to be understood that he did not throw any reflection on the bar, on the contrary he was well satisfied with the course of nearly all the gentlemen composing it. He then ordered the clerk to discharge the order summoning Mr. Morgan to appear and answer for contempt.

RETURNED.—We were favored with a call this morning from Elder Ralph Harrison, of Cache Valley, who has just returned from a mission to England. He is in good health, and has enjoyed himself excellently during his absence. He speaks highly of the kindness with which he has been treated by all with whom he has been brought in contact on his mission. Elder Harrison left here in May, 1871, and upon his arrival in England was appointed to labor in the London Conference until the death of Elder Caleb Haws, when he was appointed to preside in his stead over the Sheffield Conference. About fifty members of that Conference have emigrated to this Territory this season; but more than that number of new converts have been added to the Church there in the same period. The passage to New York, during the first days, was very rough; but the people were patient and enjoyed themselves on the remainder of the voyage.

We keep constantly in stock a full assortment of all grades of Waltham Watches, in gold and silver cases, both key and stem winding, and cheerfully recommend them to our customers and the public, as thoroughly reliable timepieces. CARL C. ASMUSSEN, Z. C. M. I., East Temple St., opposite Post Office, w40 s40 to dec 25

The worst Coughs yield, as if by magic, to the wonderful curative powers of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. s79 2 w40 1

Flour, Corn Meal, Oats, Corn, Barley, &c. or sale at the very lowest figures by Gordon & Murray, half Block South of R. R. Depot, S. L. City; also at Branches at Sandy Station and Lehi (Utah S. R. R.) w33tf

Highest Cash Price paid for Dried Fruit, by Gordon & Murray, half Block South of R. R. Depot, Salt Lake City, and at Sandy Station and Lehi, (U. S. R. R.) w38 1m

ESTRAY NOTICE.

THE following described animals, if not claimed within ten days, will be sold according to law Tuesday, Nov. 19th, 4 p. m., at the estray pound, Brigham City.

No. 30. One blueish black spotted, 10 or 12 years old ox, square crop and underbit in left, and under half right ear, illegible brand on left shoulder, H. J. SMITH on left horn.

No. 31. One white, red neck, 3 year old steer, two notches in left and one notch or slit in right ear, branded R. J. on left hip.

No. 32. One red and white spotted yearling steer.

A. MADSON, Pound-keeper. Brigham City, Nov. 19, 1872. d203 s w 1e

TAX NOTICE.

THE Tax Payers of Rich County will take notice that after the fifteenth day of November, 1872, all Territorial and county taxes, unpaid, will be collected with cost in accordance with the provisions of law.

WM. HOWARD, Assessor and Collector, Randolph, Rich Co., Ut. Oct. 28, 1872. w41 1