DISCOURSE

At Paris, Bear Lake, on Saturday Afternoon, August 7th, 1880.

REPORTED BY GEO. F. GIBBS.

have traveled,

New Mexico and Arizona.

herd over them who will endeavor whom I received it. I have never Now, touching the climate and can in St. George; and they are not ing up the number of families in to feed them with the bread of life, felt to change since I located in St. soil and general facilities of the this common horse fly, they are the and keep them from being entirely George; and if I had been located country through which I have trav- pesky house fly that is ever ready to husband and tather had passed away lost, or torn by wolves. We shall upon a barren rock, I would have eled in Arizona and along the bor- contend with you for your meal. visit the new settlements as fast as packed soil enough to make a beauti- ders of New Mexico, when com- Now, if I lived in Bear Lake valpracticable, and the older ones also, to ful home of it. And, by the way, I pared with this region of country, it ley, I believe I should look upon it labor among the people according to believe the home I have made has is a desert; that is, the facilities for as a very choice place to make my our calling, to teach the people their cost me as much labor as if I had agricultural purposes are far less than home; and if once I settled down, I duty, and to organize them as shall hauled the earth on to it. I have in Utah, and you know pretty well should not think of moving away, be necessary, and to set in order all had to manufacture a great deal of what they are in Utah. It is more or or speaking of it as a very had coun- there. This is not the result of any things necessary for their develop- what is now there; and so I may say a grazing region. There is a lack of try to live in. I have made it a rule contagion, or violent sickness, or any ment and growth, and to maintain it has been with the greater part of mountain streams, for the hills are never to forsake old friends in order special disease, for we have had none; the union and fellowship of the our town and "Dixie" County. Nat- generally low; they do not tower up to take up with new ones; or to lay we have no prevailing disease, and Saints, and respect for the Gospel urally to look at it, it was a very for- in the clouds, and are not capped with aside an old wife for the sake of get. it is not naturally an unhealthy

His Church and Kingdom.

and desire a greater range. Now, sterile wastes. or sent to locate in any distant place fields made the eye glad, but every- for small agricultural settlements. women; that is a noticeable feature surplus workmen, that are seeking

with a view of helping to establish thing looked as though the whole The climate generally is milder than of the growth and wealth of the towns and villages and settlements country had been thrown together this, and consequently more pleas- people. You have a big country and building up and organizing and in a irregular broken manner. The ant. The eastern and northern por- here; so much, in fact, that you helping to maintain good order and water had to be raised from the low tions are temperate, neither very hot hardly know what to do with it. You wholesome government, and to ex- channels in which it flowed, in quick- nor very cold. In the southern por- try to enrich it all, and you skim it tend the spirit of the Gospel-when sand bottoms by means of long and tion, as I have said, the summer is over, but you may depend that you we are called upon to assist in estab- expensive canals in order to get it long and warm; it is decidedly a hot have facilities here for a much heav. lishing these new settlements, it is upon the bench lands. But now and a dry country. ier population than you have got; right that we should respond; it is through the blessing of the Lord, The country I visited last summer, and upon the whole it is a healthy as legitimate labor as any other and hard knocks, we have a very further to the east and northeast, region. There may be some diseases branch of labor in building the fine city, inhabited by a pretty good the upper valleys, or valleys on the peculiar to this cold region, and some Church and Kingdom of God upon people. I will say, however, that Rio Grande del Norte, which are in feel, and that truly, that a warmer PREST. TAYLOR referred in his re- the earth. But we ought to guard the country is not so very much Southern Colorado, and run into climate might tend to lengthen out marks this morning to myself as against a restless spirit of changed from what it was when we New Mexico, is a fine agricultual their days, as well as add to their coming from the far South, and as locality merely for its own sake, and went there, excepting in a few places and grazing country. Fine moun- bodily comfort. I believe there is no traveling extensively through the moving to and fro in search of some- where the people have made inviting tain streams come out of the foot objection on the part of anybody country; and I feel led in my feel- thing better. This restless feeling homes; but the homes that have hills to the broad valleys and open that such persons should try ings to make some remarks on the is not good, nor will it tend as a rule been made are the more precious be- plains. This region affords facilities warmer climate as may feel inclined south country, and also the north, to happiness and permanent good cause of the labor it has cost to make for flourishing settlements, as well to do it. There is no disposition to and perhaps on some other portions and prosperity to those who possess them; and they are prized more high- as for flocks and herds; and the cli- chain or fasten anybody to this coun. of the country through which I it. We are not all alike. Some be- ly on that account than they other- mate is as cool as that of Bear Lake try who may feel that they crave come attached to whatever place wise would be. You may ask me, if and the other elevated valleys of and their health and comfort re-Two years ago this summer I vis. they call their home; wherever they I ambeatingup for volunteers for that Utah, and if not so severe winters quire a warmer climate. If there ited the greater portion of the Ter- labor and build up a home they region of country? No, not at all; as in Cache and Pear Lake valleys, be such, I can assure them I have ritory of Arizona; that is, I, with gather around them the comforts of and yet the southern people would at least something approaching traveled through many other re. others, passed through the north- life and feel settled in that place, welcome most heartily any of the them. There are facilities for many gions where there are facilities for western portions of the Territory, and attached to their surroundings; brethren and sisters from Bear Lake fine, flourishing settlements in that making nice, comfortable, happy along near the eastern boundaries, while others seem hard to settle or any other section of the country; and we are estab- homes, and where the climate is southward to the extreme south- down and make any place seem like who may feel desirous of locating lishing some colonies in that, consist- milder; in fact, a person may suit eastern portions of the Territory, re- home for any length of time. To among us, to share with us the rocks ing mostly of emigrants from the himself with almost any climate he turning through Tucson; crossed me this spirit has always appeared and sands and the cactus and lizards. Southern States, with a few from may choose between here and the the desert to the Gila, then crossed strange, so contrary to my nature I say, we shall welcome them most Utah to counsel and instruct them in Mexican line-in Southern Utah. Salt River and up through the Tonta and disposition. Notwithstanding, heartily; and then while they would the art of irrigating the soil and es- Arizona and New Mexico. But as I Basin and over the Nookhoon to the as has been remarked, I travel among have to take their share, and maybe tablishing settlements after the order remarked in the beginning, we ought Little Colorado, and obtained a very the people as much as, or more than more, of this natural product of our of Zion We find ourselves under to study contentment, and not ingeneral understanding of the coun- any of my brethren of the Apostles southren climate, they would also the necessity of sending a few more dulge in a restless spirit, for change try and the condition and facilities of late years-perhaps for the last share with those who labor for their to that region, and a few others to for its own sake, without having a of the Territory; and also the wes- twenty years-still my home has kindred and friends and their own different localities, to assist in es- good and sufficient reason, or withtern portions of New Mexico. Last been in St. George. Having had exaltation, in the Temple which our tablishing and maintaining our new summer I also visited the south part | the care of the churches in the Father has graciously and in His in- | settlements. of Colorado; I passed along the line southern part of the Territory, to a describable providence located But now, I return to this lovely vantage to accomplish greater good of railroads from Ogden to Chey- great extent, I have been obliged to among us, and permitted us to build, valley of Bear Lake-lovely indeed in the building up of Zion, or in exenne, thence passing south through travel a great deal; but this has with the help of the Saints generally it has seemed to me whenever I have tending our borders and establishing Colorado, on the east side of the been from a sense of duty, and not throughout the Territory. We feel visited it; but it must be rememmountains to Denver, and thence to because I have felt tired of home that there is a wise providence over- bered that I have never visited it Pueblo on the Arkansas; thence and wanted to move about from ruling this. It is in such a country only when it was covered with green. southeast to the Rio Grande Del place to place. And I may add, that the wicked have no desire for Still, I understand that the country or Bear Lake Valley, whether in Nort, and down that stream to the in all my travels, the thought of what they see around. They have is covered for many months in the warm or a cold climate, or whether New Mexico line. It is in contem- seeking a new or better place for my- passed through it, and as a general year with the white mantle, and for in a hot climate, we should as much plation that myself and a few other self or family has never entered my thing are satisfied not to come back this reason many of you complain as possible try to content ourselves brethren will visit, during the com- heart, no matter how many good again, there being nothing to induce of the long winters. But if it were and adapt ourselves to the surrounding fall, the southeastern counties places I may find; it is for others and them to do so. And this being the not for the hard, cold winters and ing circumstances, always doing the of this Territory—those new coun- not myself; it is to search out places case St. George is a peaceful home of the melted snows, you would not most good we can. ties, Emery and San Juan, that where we can plant colonies of the Saints, and as a rule a very good have these beautiful meadows and have been recently organized, and Latter-day Saints, where the sons spirit prevails there. Sometimes a green hills; you certainly have to the lower valleys on Grand River, and daughters of the Saints that are little too much of the spirit of wine thank the snows for this blessing. and from Grand River to the San growing up in the older settlements, because the grape is a staple article But I have no doubt you will say try, as compared with this northern Juan and its tributaries, and the set- and who desire soon to spread out among us, and foolish persons some- that you could do with a little less tlements that our people are forming where they can make homes and form | times indulge too freely in the wine snow and a little shorter winters, speak sincerely as I view it, and upon those streams, and probably new settlements, where we can plant which is manufactured from that and take a little less grain and meawe shall extend our travels further nurseries of Latter day Saints. But fruit. And it is one of the labors dow. Well, I think I would do so to subdue the country, and having into New Mexico, and visit our new it is not, as I said, to seek locations that we have upon us, to teach the too. If I had the choosing of cli- to contend with difficulties and hardsettlements on the head waters of for myself or for my own family, people how to use the things which mates, I should not choose that in ships in order to plant our settlethe Little Colorado, and the tributa- only such portions of them as God gives us in a proper way and which I should have to cut hay three ments there, making our roads and ries of the Gila, along the borders of ought to go out and begin to oporate not abuse them, to control their ap- months in the summer, and be six getting building material, and confor themselves and make themselves | petites and not allow wine to bring | or eight months feeding it out in the | trolling the waters and the quick The chief object of our visits is to homes. I am not one of that shift- evil into the community. And we winter. I think with you I could sands, and in having to meet an learn the facilities of the country, ing sort of men. The lot that was feel in this labor that we have suc- get along with a little less snow, if I overcome obstacles which are pecuand to look after the flock of Christ, assigned to me in Salt Lake City at ceeded to a goodly degree, there be- had to sacrifice a little of the rich liar to that country, we have worn and also to hunt after any that the time the pioneers entered Salt ing much less of this kind of indul- meadow, and at the same time, out a great many good people, a might have strayed away, and when Lake valley I retained until I was gence practised among the people correspondingly less mosquitos and great many good men have sucfound to try to gather them to some sent to St. George, and then I trans- now than there has been since we flies. And talking about flies, you cumbed under the hardships we fold, where we can place some shep- ferred it back to Pres. Young from settled and improved the country. | cannot begin to show flies like we have had to endure; and I was count.

and the order and government of bidding country when we first settled snow as they are in this northern ting a new one. The same rule country by any means. There is there. We were not allured to that country. The main range of the would apply to my living in this here and there a locality where they, There seems to be a necessity for region by the green fields, the fine Rocky Mountains falls off about the northern country; once I settled having neglected common sanitary the Latter-day Saints to gather to- extensive meadows such as you have time you reach the New Mexican down I should not think of moving rules, have perhaps suffered from gether, and then to scatter a little, here. The grass which we see upon line, and the hills then become lower, away unless duty called me, and in chills and fever, or ague. Diseases and then to gather a little, and so the surrounding hills inviting the and thestreams are not so numerous. that case of course I should drop of this kind, which are incident to on; in other words, something after flocks and herds to eat, and the flow- The facilities most attractive to my everything and go without a whim- hot climates, have been experienced the fashion of the bees: they go out | ing crystal streams of pure water | mindare along the continental divide, | per. I see on this stand an old | where they have allowed water to of the hive empty and return with which make music, sweet and en- in the eastern portion of Arizona and friend in Brother John Nebeker, stand in pools. In St. George, howtheir legs and wings laden with chanting to the ear, as they wend the western portion of New Mexico. Who moved down to our "Dixie" ever, we have not been troubled with honey and bee bread. Now, if all their way through your valleys to The northeastern portion of Arizona country, and after living there some it. Washington and Santa Clan can do this, we shall continue to the lake beyond, is in marked con- is watered by the Little Colorado time, returned to Bear Lake. I do have, but it has arisen from defer thrive in the hive of Deseret; but if, trast to the natural facilities of our and its tributaries, and the farming not know how he feels about it, tive sanitary measures. Naturally, on the other hand, we scatter and southern home. Why if I were to region is on the head waters of this whether or not he is ready to make I think our Southern country is quite waste and destroy the good we have, tell you half the truth, the most of stream, but it is not extensive; there his home with usagain in St. George. as healthy as the general average of we had better remain in the hive you would never want to go south to are, however, facilities for small set- [Bro. Nebeker: Not yet, Bro. Snow. places in Utah. And when I speak until we shall have learned our duty live; but we are not in the habit of the number of men who have picturing the unpleasant features of sheen and cattle. The garden of are doing well, let well enough alone, worn themselves out in helping to There is a tendency with some to the country, but rather of speaking Arizona, so far as agricultural facili- go on and stick to what you have subdue the barrenness of the land, I want to get way from the restraint | the best we can about it, feeling that | ties are concerned, is on Salt River, | got. I think I can see a chance to | might have said they have been of the Priesthood and the earnest we have need to do it. And there after it emerges from the mountains make some beautiful places where mostly hale, hearty men, who went teachings and admonitions of the are some who have had faith enough and where our people are locating, you have not more than half done there in their prime, that wore them-Gospel and the wholesome govern- and stamina enough in them to at Mesa City and Jonesville. The it. It is now some fourteen years selves out with constant work in ment that is maintained among the speak well of the country, and noth | country along Salt River is being since I was here; some of you will making homes for themselves and Saints, in order to enjoy greater lib- ing short of faith and Mormon grit occupied by people from various parts remember—it was when I resident families. They have fallen a prey to erties, not greater liberties to serve could do it; while we were doing this of the world, who are not of us. Young came here, accompanied by exposure and labor both summer the Lord, for there is nobody in any we did not forget to ask the blessing These two settlements of our people General Chetlain and others. I and winter, and to poor fare. But wise restricted. Some are desirous of God upon the land, and I need are doing very well, so I understand, took in the situation at that time; I after saying this, I am happy to say of greater liberties than they think hardly say that it has been through and there are facilities for many mapped it out it my mind, and I have also that I think we have passed the they enjoy among us in occupying Hisblessing that we have been pros- more in the same region. The cli- retained a pretty good understand- crisis in this respect. We have the country and getting possession pered and enabled to make beautiful mate is warm; the summer is long, ing of the region of country. It may learned wisdom by the things we of the land and accumulating stock, homes out of the once forbidding, scarcely any winter at all, and not become me to suggest to you have suffered; the comforts of life scarcely any frosts. But in that who have had fifteen or twenty are being increased around us, and this feeling ought not to take pos- We were sent there to raise cotton immediate vicinity there is not years' experience here, but it strikes we are making up our minds now session of us too much, because if when our nation was thrown into range for stock; that is, there is not been fully not to kill ourselves trying to live as we indulge it too much we are liable anarchy through a civil war, and very extensive growth of grass. The developed; I am inclined to think fast as we have done in times past. to become darkened in our mind when it had become a question with range is mostly in the hills, in t measurably, and lose the spirit of all Israel, "Shirts or no shirts?" It northeastern parts raising calves, hay, wheat, oats and casions that it is as well for the youth the Gospel. But when we are called was shirts we were after; we went of the Territory, on the head waters potatoes, and making butter and of our large towns, our railroad towns and sent out to labor, either to preach to make cotton farms, and it was of the Gila and its tributaries, the cheese—and here let me not forget and cities, where emigrants are the Gospel in foreign countries, or anything else but an inviting cotton San Pedro and Black and White to give you the credit of filling up dropped by the shipload, and where to gather the poor from distant lands, region. As I have said, no extensive rivers; and also are many facilities the country with young men and there is a redundancy of labor and

out having some duty assigned to us where we may labor with better adand maintaining righteousness in the earth; and wherever our lot is cast, whether it be in Cache Valley, Respecting the relative conven-

iences of St. George, for instance,

and the surroundings of that councountry, I have this to say, and I verily believe it, that in our efforts the little city of St. George whose under these circumstances, and I found that there were no less than between thirty and forty widows there, besides quite a number who have left and returned North, having buried their husbands down