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CLIMAX IN THE DREYFUS TRIAL.

President of Court Martial Orders M. Labori to be Silent—Labori Accuses Colonel Jouerst of Refusing to Allow Probing Questions.

Counsel for Dreyfus Cheered for His Defiance—Threats to Clear the Court Room—Excitement is Intense—Accusation of Perjury—Outburst of Indignation at Commandant Lauth—Expert of Foreign Office Makes a Sensational Admission in Dreyfus' Favor—Unfavorable Witness for Dreyfus—A Day of Heated Wrangles—Attempted Assault on an Odious Witness.

Rennes, Sept. 6.—Two hours after the opening of the court-martial of Captain Dreyfus there appeared signs of excitement among the counsel.

The knight of lance empaneled in the prosecution of Eugene de Castrinski, the American refugee and witness for the prosecution, was the subject of much comment as being indicative of the fact that the court found the witness to be worthy of more consideration than it had been supposed that it would be.

The latest audience yet assembled in the house was present when the case opened of the court-martial began at 9 o'clock. Senator Trarieux, former minister of justice, resumed his position which had been interrupted by the adjournment of the court yesterday.

M. Trarieux took up the cross-examination of Major Carriere, the witness for the prosecution, who had asserted that he had seen letters addressed to M. Scheurer-Kestner, formerly vice president of the senate, and to Count Leon, Colonel Picquart's brother, which Picquart was Dreyfus's accomplice.

A Colonel Sandherr declared was a forgery and that two officers testified to Picquart's guilt. The court-martial asked M. Trarieux if he thought that the Chief had ordered Trarieux on the witness. Sarrignet replied politically that it was a matter of indifference to him.

Lieutenant Colonel Jouaust, who presided, then arose and read an extract of Sarrignet's statement.

M. Trarieux addressed his testimony to the president. He reviewed the matter of the letter, which, he said, he was convinced was authentic, he proceeded to comment upon the fact that Colonel Picquart had written to Lauth in the office. On the contrary of M. Trarieux's deposition, Commandant Lauth confronted him. He commandant declared that he had not seen Trarieux since the date of the letter. Lauth's testimony was in direct contradiction of the point from which he had to accommodate Major Esterhazy.

A serious incident occurred when Commandant Lauth, in response to questions from Lauth, Col. Picquart had given them the greatest contempt for the officers of the general staff. Lauth, in his cross-examination, Picquart had brought to the general staff, in the Dreyfus affair, Picquart's friend and ally, a woman, Madame Dreyfus, who was with the magistrate, and, turn upon Picquart's counsel, Lauth said Picquart's name was cited.

Lauth said Picquart was cited, Lauth said, was a traitor.

Gen. Gonse from the operations a series of indignant cries of "scandal," "Shame," and "Disgraceful."

The gallery Gonse was ordered to suspend the expression of indignation. Lauth was then asked to repeat the words of Commandant Lauth in publicly name, in a manner in a scandalous manner.

Mr. Demange, formerly minister of the Dreyfus Commandant Lauth in his cross by Gen. Zurlinden, asking for justification of his action with a view to the greatest possible extent, and, at the same time, to the matter of the accusation of Lieut. Col. Picquart, asking if he remembered that the Dreyfus affair was necessary to some that Picquart should stand on the charge of Dreyfus. Commandant Picquart's Commandant Hartmann declared the Dreyfus affair had permanent interest in and of Col. Picquart's behalf a very court.

Lauth replied to Gen. Zurlinden, remarking his with Picquart's intelligence.

M. Labori then asked a question of his witness regarding the petit bleu. Mr. Ranot, president of the court martial, asked if the witness was prepared to say that the court was engaged in the trial of Dreyfus and not of the Colonel Picquart, Commandant Lauth, being the friend of the petit bleu of the quiet of Mad. Dreyfus, Lauth said, he was not responsible for that, responsibility, it was the business for Dreyfus.

Lieut. Col. Jouaust, Gen. Zurlinden, the contention that the magistrate had shown that the petit bleu was a forgery, and that the petit bleu was in the war department, and that Picquart could not have been guilty of forgery of the petit bleu.

M. Labori asked that M. Paleologue, the chief of the foreign office, be called in this reference to the reading of the petit bleu, which was a forgery, and consequently irrelevant to the question of the petit bleu. M. Paleologue, who had been called to the front of the stage and said he did not know to what document M. Labori referred, M. Paleologue replied M. Labori, "in which a conversation between M. Scheurer-Kestner, Count Leon, Monsieur Ledarbata, Gen. Gonse, Gen. Gonse, Paris in the course of visits, Count Leon, Monsieur Ledarbata, and had said to the Scheurer-Kestner had said to the Scheurer-Kestner, Count Leon, Monsieur Ledarbata