

## RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

Annual Cost Approximates Twenty-Four Million Dollars.

WILL COMPLETE SERVICE.

Will Cause a Deficit of Some Millions For a Few Years—Petitions Average Six Hundred Monthly.

Washington, Nov. 7.—The annual gross cost of a complete rural free delivery service throughout the United States will approximate \$24,000,000, according to the annual report which First Asst. Postmaster Gen. Wynne today received from August W. Machen, general superintendent of the service. The remaining 700,000 square miles not now covered by rural free delivery service, according to the report, will require the employment of 20,000 or 25,000 carriers in addition to those now employed, making the entire force of carriers when the extension of the service is completed, within the next three years, 40,000. After this extension is completed the annual rate of increase in the appropriation is expected not to exceed 3 or 4 per cent, the rate maintained in the other branches of the postal service.

To extend the service 12,000 routes a year until it becomes universal, the report says, will require such largely increased appropriations that the annual postal deficit for the ensuing two or three years will probably reach \$3,000,000 or \$4,000,000 if not more; but, once the service is completed, the additional revenues derived will soon reduce the deficits to present figures if not entirely wipe them out.

During the year 1902, 12,403 petitions for the service were filed, making a total on July 1 last of 22,646, which exceeded by over 3,000 the total number during the preceding four years. Since July petitions received have averaged over 600 a month. With the amount required for routes to begin Dec. 1, the entire appropriation has been absorbed, leaving on Dec. 1 fully 1,700 routes for which there is no appropriation available. This number probably will be increased by Jan. 1 to at least 2,500. Mr. Wynne and Mr. Machen say that to comply with the demands of the people and of members of Congress the department will require an additional appropriation; otherwise further establishment of service will be deferred until July next. If the additional funds are granted 15,000 rural free delivery letter carriers will be in active service by May 1. The estimate calls for ten division superintendents, an increase of three in number.

On July 1 last the city free delivery service embraced 93 cities, including four in the insular possessions and the total number of uniformed letter carriers in the city service was 17,875, as against 16,359 the previous year. It is estimated that the free delivery will be extended to seventy-two cities during the current year. It is also estimated that the expenditure will aggregate \$21,328,896 for the maintenance and extension of city delivery service during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1903, including \$812,000 for special delivery service, which branch has been added to the free delivery system during the past year. These figures show an increase over appropriations for the current year of \$1,822,850.

**A Hull House for New York.**  
New York, Nov. 8.—Architects are at work on plans for a great philanthropic institution on the lower East Side modeled after the Hull House in England, according to the American. The institution will be erected by the late Bishop Potter, who was Mrs. Alfred Corning Clark.

According to the paper mentioned Mrs. Potter will expend \$250,000 on the building, the site of which will cost \$200,000 more. There will be a kindergarten, a splendid library, music and reading rooms, a lecture hall and other departments of utility and physical needs of all classes of the teeming East Side population.

**New York's Coal Supply.**  
New York, Nov. 8.—Although coal companies and railroad officials say every effort is being made to supply this city with anthracite, it is stated that only enough is reaching here to supply the demand—that is, New York is receiving 5 per cent of the output against theoretical requirements of 10 per cent. Coal dealers who announced the scale of \$3.50 a ton recently were flooded with orders, as mine had to be secured clean everywhere, and are now forced to ad-

## Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Get well before you have to think of weak lungs, bronchitis, pleurisy, or consumption. Take the medicine the doctors prescribe, the medicine you have known for a lifetime.

mit their inability to supply the coal promised.

A decided drop in the temperature during the past 24 hours has caused the shortage to be emphasized and predictions of a cold wave are adding to the fears of the consumers.

**Died to Save His Sister.**  
New York, Nov. 8.—Run down by a bromine attached to a runaway horse in this city last January, when he risked his life to save his sister, Louise, Theodore W. Hewitt, a prominent dry goods merchant, is dead. His injuries had resulted in paralysis which caused his death. He was 55 years old and for a long time was adviser to A. T. Stewart.

With his sister, Mr. Hewitt was crossing Fifth avenue at Tenth street when a horse which had taken fright at an automobile dashed down lower Fifth avenue. Quickly seeing his sister, Mr. Hewitt thrust her away from the approaching runaway. She escaped injury but he was struck by the pole of the wagon and knocked to the ground, sustaining the injuries which eventually caused his death.

**Complaints from South Sea Colonies.**  
New York, Nov. 8.—While there are charges from the South Seas that the colonial office has included confidential documents in the bluebook and discredited the cause of imperial federation by over-emphasizing the moral that the colonies ought to bear a proportionate share of the burdens of the military and naval armaments, the Canadian officials and residents are making no complaint, says a London dispatch to the Tribune. They are well satisfied with Sir Wilfrid Laurier's attitude against militarism.

**Italian Stone Mason Murdered.**  
New York, Nov. 8.—An Italian stone mason, believed to have been the victim of a vendetta, has been found dead near Yonkers. Several bullet holes through the head and body showed how the man met his death. The body was discovered by the supervisor of the Bedford reformatory, while he was hunting. It lay in a most unquiet spot and had been covered with underbrush. Investigation showed that every pocket had been cut from the man's clothing except one. In this was found a letter purporting to have come from the victim's brother. It told him to come at once from Port Chester to a town near Yonkers for work which awaited him. No trace of the man's brother can be found and the police believe the letter was a decoy. The victim showed evidence of having been prosperous and had dealings with well known Italian bankers in this city.

**Murdered and Thrown into River.**  
New York, Nov. 8.—Papers found on the body of a man who apparently had been murdered and thrown into the Hudson river at Newburgh, N. Y., have led the coroner to believe that the victim's name is Bernard Murphy. The papers indicated that he had been a member of the army and had resided formerly at Greenwich, S. C.

**New River Discovered in Canada.**  
New York, Nov. 8.—W. L. Wilson, an explorer of the Canadian geological survey, has returned with his party from a tour through the unexplored country to the southwest of James Bay, says a Times dispatch from Ottawa. Mr. Wilson reports the discovery of a large river, hitherto untraced, and running between the Albany river on the south and the Ottawa-Pickett river on the north. It has a course of over 500 miles and near James Bay divides into two branches, emptying into Hudson bay. Several new lakes also were discovered.

**Electric Traction Trains Discontinued.**  
New York, Nov. 8.—Electric traction trains on the military railway between Berlin and Zossen have now ended for the season, says a London dispatch to the Tribune. The result of the trials has been to prove beyond doubt that express trains can easily be run by electric power at a speed of 75 miles an hour on an ordinary permanent way. A higher rate of speed required heavier and firmer permanent way and this is to be prepared in time for the commencement of the trials in the spring.

## REDUCTION OF THE ARMY.

On Dec. 1 it Will be Sixty Thousand and Twenty Men.

SO SAYS GENERAL CORBIN.

Maneuvers were Good Thing—Military Has Heterogeneous Collection of Obsolete Arms.

Washington, Nov. 7.—The annual report of Adj. Gen. Corbin of the army and begins with a statement showing that the army is to be reduced by Dec. 1 to 60,020 men, of which about 2,877 belong to the staff departments.

The report shows that during the fiscal year 35 officers were killed in action or died of wounds and disease, 21 resigned and 68 retired. Of the enlisted men 1,377 were killed or died of wounds and disease, 3,506 were discharged on the expiration of service, 5,498 were discharged for disability or dismissed by order of court-martial, 4,667 deserted, two were missing and 293 retired.

Gen. Corbin, in calling attention to the rank and pay for military attaches abroad should be increased suggests that retired officers of high rank might be selected for this service. While the number of attaches has been decreased, the service has improved because of the reciprocal relations that have been established with the war departments of several governments where officers are stationed.

Gen. Corbin discusses the various schools of the army and points out the advantages which will accrue through them.

In reviewing the reports of officers who participated in the army and navy maneuvers last September, Gen. Corbin says that much valuable information was acquired. He says:

"The maneuvers have proved that the rank and file of our army can be depended upon in every emergency; that the most important lessons can be accomplished under the spur of necessity and that there is an immeasurable gain between practice and theory. The lessons learned by both officers and men were of more practical value than years of ordinary garrison routine had instructed."

He strongly recommends that similar exercises be conducted annually and be made to embrace each year a new feature of operations, so that the benefit may be shared by the different regiments in the several fields of defense.

Gen. Corbin adds:

"The conviction expressed by the commanding general in charge of the land defense that every officer and enlisted man of the army and official of the national guard, who took part in the maneuvers, entertains a feeling of admiration for the splendid manner in which the navy met the challenge of the army, has been conducted, whereby the confidence in the affection for the sister service, ever constant, has been renewed and enhanced by this excellent professional work of great importance to the nation, voices a sentiment heartily concurred in by the army."

The adjutant general has obtained the number and kind of arms in the hands of the national guard in the several states, and finds less than 4,600 United States magazine rifles in its possession. Of the multitude of other types he says:

"This heterogeneous collection of obsolete arms is a very serious detriment to the efficiency of the entire national guard, which in organization, drill, instruction, etc., assimilates closely with the regular army and should be armed with the same arms as the latter."

Gen. Corbin recommends legislation providing that Maj. Gen. Merritt Brooke and Otis, now on a retired list be given the rank of lieutenant general, and that Col. Gilmore and Williston be given the rank of brigadier general on the retired list.

He has the following to say concerning early marriages in the army:

"The early marriage of the younger officers of the army, many of whom are entirely dependent upon their pay and allowances for support, is greatly to be deplored and should be discouraged. A young officer should have but one allegiance and that should be to his service. Those without private means must necessarily divide their pay between the demands of their office and family. A considerable number are required for service in the Philippines, where living is expensive, and the accomplishment of this tour of duty results in actual hardship to officers with families."

Gen. Corbin says the detail staff system has worked well, and he believes that the scheme for a general staff is the best solution for vexatious friction that has been planned.

Gen. Corbin has the following to say regarding the exchange:

"The restoration of the exchange as it existed prior to the passage of the act of Feb. 2, 1901, prohibiting the sale of beer, is desired and urged by the great majority of officers and men and by none more than those of pronounced temperance views. Numerous reports confirm the views long held by this office that the old exchange contributed to sobriety, health and contentment. These barracks are under the discipline and of trials for infractions of discipline is, by those best informed, attributed to the abolition of the former privileges of the exchange."

In conclusion he says:

"The instruction of our men in vocal music would be a step in the direction of contentment and better discipline. Every regiment should have its marching song. Frequent practice in singing, particularly during the long winter evenings, would do much to make the men satisfied to remain in quarters and away from the baleful influence of the barrooms that exist in too great numbers in the vicinity of our military posts. These barracks are under the protection of the license law of the several states, and are beyond the control of the military authorities."

**Actor Harry Mainhall Dead.**  
Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 8.—Harry Mainhall, once a well known actor, is dead at St. Agnes hospital. Mainhall came to Los Angeles six months ago from Arizona, suffering from consumption. He had been associated in former years with Booth, Barrett, Wallace and other famous actors. He was married to Jeffries Lewis, now on the stage somewhere in the east.

**How Gen. Toral Lost His Reason.**  
New York, Nov. 8.—Gen. Toral, who commanded the Spanish at Santiago de Cuba, at the time of the town's surrender, lost his reason in this way, cables the Madrid correspondent of the Herald.

A few days ago, while at Alhama, in the southwest of Murcia, he received instructions from the Spanish government to draw up a full account of the surrender of Santiago. From that time he showed great signs of agitation and was frequently heard repeating the words, "Surrender! Surrender!" The news has created a sensation in Madrid.

**Choate Made Member of New Club.**  
New York, Nov. 8.—Joseph H. Choate, American ambassador, has been elected a member of the exclusive New Club, cables the London correspondent of the Times.

**English Art Club's Show.**  
New York, Nov. 8.—The English Art club's autumn show is less characteristic than usual, says a Tribune dispatch from London. The young artists either have been over zealous in imitating French impressionist methods or have been over zealous in the idea of painting modern and uninteresting women in ill-furnished rooms.

**A MYSTERIOUS DEATH.**  
Nellie Corcoran Lay for Twenty Days in a State of Coma.  
New York, Nov. 8.—Nellie Corcoran, who, for 20 days lay in a mysterious state of coma in St. Vincent's hospital, died early today. Her case was an extremely puzzling one to medical practitioners throughout the city.

The girl fell into her state of unconsciousness Oct. 13, at the house where she was employed as a servant. At the hospital where she was taken heroic efforts to determine the cause of her condition met with little success. Hundreds of physicians were tried to awaken her but with little success. Two or three times she was aroused and spoke a few words, saying she was weary and again became unconscious. Electricity was applied and in hard doses but ineffectively. Neurologists and pathologists tried to diagnose the girl's condition but could not. Specimens of nearly every medical following were called in but they arrived at no conclusions as to the cause of the coma or its proper diagnosis. It was eventually decided that some one had hypnotized her and efforts to throw off such a spell were made but to no purpose. Her temperature increased rapidly, she became delirious and finally stopped breathing after having slept continuously 20 days.

An autopsy will be performed by one of the city's leading physicians in an effort to solve the mysterious cause of the girl's death.

**APPRAISALS FOR CUSTOMS DUTY.**  
Must be on Home Market Price and Not on Actual Price Paid.  
New York, Nov. 7.—General Appraiser Jewell's recent decision in the steel bill case, has been re-affirmed by the United States general appraisers.

When the case came up before Appraiser Jewell the importers took the ground that the correct value of the billets upon which a duty should be entered was the price actually paid for export in the open market. This price was far below the value fixed by the domestic or home market price in Germany should govern and not the whole-

## Showing Age.

Some people begin to show age before the meridian of life is reached, or they have lived out half their days. They are prematurely gray, haggard and sickly, and seldom free from an ache or pain of some description.

Cold feet, chilly sensations, stiffness in muscles and joints, weak stomach and poor digestion, lack of energy, and drowsiness, nervousness, etc., show that old age has been reached ahead of time. Bad blood and weak circulation more often produce these miserable feelings and signs of decay than anything else. An inherited taint or poison of some description is at work in the system, causing stagnation and a general unhealthy condition of the blood; and this, and not the weight of years, is dragging you down to an untimely old age and making life a protracted torture.

For purifying the blood and toning up the circulation nothing is equal to S. S. S. It removes from the system all the waste matter that has been accumulating for years, and makes the blood rich and pure, stimulates the appetite and digestion, and invigorates the entire body.

S. S. S. is a purely vegetable remedy, and the best purifier and tonic for old people, and those who are beginning to show age because of the run down condition of the blood. With rich, pure blood there is no reason why old people should not retain the happy disposition and buoyant spirits of youth.

**SSS** If you have a catarrhus, Rheumatism, or any of the ailments common to old age, write us about it, and our Physicians will advise you without charge. Book on Blood and Skin Diseases free.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

sale or export prices. His action, had it been fully sustained, would have increased the duty from three to four cents a pound to four to five cents. General Appraiser Jewell's decision left the duty at the three-tenths rate, but accepted the home market price in Germany as the correct valuation.

The following statement was made after the general appraisers' decision:

"The testimony before the court tended to show that the selling price to the principal markets of Germany, was more than the price for export. Following the decision of the supreme court in the Pascavant case, the board felt constrained to appraise the merchandise at its home market value without regard to the price at which it was sold to purchasers."

The close margin between the two prices in this country inasmuch as the appraised value does not carry the merchandise over the dividing line between the higher and lower specific duties provided for this class of merchandise in the tariff, which was the case in original appraisement. Under the law the board has no discretion in the matter, and is compelled to appraise the merchandise at its wholesale market value in the country of exportation. The board was unanimously of the opinion that the steel billets in question were honestly invoiced at the prices actually paid therefor, but inasmuch as the German law-makers fixed the value for less than for home consumption, they were compelled to appraise it at the higher price paid by the purchasers in Germany."

**Drastic Emigration Measure.**  
Vienna, Nov. 7.—The Hungarian government has introduced in the Reichstag an emigration reform bill of sweeping character. One of the main provisions of the bill strikes a heavy blow to the North Atlantic steamship lines by empowering the government to route emigrants through the Hungarian port of Fiume. Up to the present time Hungarian emigrants have sailed mostly from the ports of Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam and Antwerp, and last year's total of 70,941 Hungarian emigrants left these ports. The prospective loss to the German and other steamship lines sailing from the ports mentioned is likely to be even greater, because Austria is now preparing a bill similar to the one introduced by Hungary, by which it is intended to send Austrian emigrants through Trieste.

The Hungarian bill specifically prohibits the emigration of certain classes.

**Havanesa Want Frank Steinhart.**  
Havana, Nov. 7.—The Cuban press is at present making a campaign for the appointment of Frank Steinhart as United States consul general at Havana. Mr. Steinhart has had charge of the department of military affairs. It is understood that President Palma has intimated to Washington that Mr. Steinhart would be persona grata to the Cuban government.

**Troops Quell a Mob.**  
Birmingham, Nov. 7.—Fearing further trouble at Anniston, the sheriff of Calhoun county appealed to the governor for more troops to protect the negro who is suspected of committing an assault upon Mrs. John Williams. A company was sent from Gadsden and arrived at Anniston at 6 o'clock. At midnight a mob formed in front of Anniston and began to march to the county jail with the intention of lynching the prisoner. When near the jail the troops under Mr. Dandridge met the mob and upon the order "charge bayonets" the attacking party scattered in every direction.

**Proclaimed Herself the Holy Virgin.**  
Winipeg, Manitoba, Nov. 7.—At Yorkton a young Doukhobor woman of attractive appearance dressed herself in white cotton, with white canvas shoes and proclaimed herself the Virgin Mary. Many of the Doukhobors believe her story, and she may cause trouble if her advice is in the wrong direction.

**Healey Charges Fraud.**  
Chicago, Nov. 7.—The Record-Herald tomorrow will publish the story that the Republican candidate for sheriff at the recent election, claims that he has been elected sheriff, and that the count that showed the election of Thomas Barrett by about 7,000 plurality is false. It is alleged that the total vote for sheriff was in excess, to the extent of over 2,000 votes of the number of ballots issued in the county for the election. A report to a report from the board of election commissioners between 24,600 and 25,000 ballots were issued at the polls, instead of the number destroyed and those wrongly stamped. Figures are given on the total vote for sheriff at 23,943. Where the difference comes in has given rise to the cry of fraud in the invasion of some candidates for sheriff on the ticket.

**Mad Mullah Well Armed.**  
Herberta, East Africa, Nov. 7.—Col. Swaine, formerly British commander in Somaliland, who has been recalled to England, is ill. He started for home today.

Gen. Manning, who succeeds Col. Swaine in putting the preparations for an advance against the mullah, but he is hampered in his efforts by the fact that the country has so few resources that the consequent necessity of awaiting supplies.

The mullah is profiting by the delay in the start of the British expedition.

## GOVERNOR SHARP ENDORSES PER-NU.

He Says: "I Can Earnestly Recommend Per-NU."

**Instructions Sent Cuban Minister.**  
Havana, Nov. 7.—President Palma is authority for the statement that instructions regarding the drawing of the commercial treaty between Cuba and the United States have been sent to the Cuban minister at Washington, Senor Quesada. Senor Palma says he has every reason to believe that Senor Quesada was in consultation last Monday with Secy. Hay with regard to the treaty.

**CONTESTS IN COLORADO.**  
Outlook is for Lively Times in the Legislature.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 7.—Practically complete returns have been received from every county in the state, and they show that the legislature will stand on joint ballot, according to the face of the returns, Democrats 54, Republicans 46. This is a gain of one Democrat from estimates heretofore made. The change is both representative from Fremont and Chaffee counties. Late returns from Chaffee county show the election of the Democratic candidate. The returns also show the election of Mrs. Grenfell, Democrat, for superintendent of schools.

The indications are now that there will be contests against many members of the legislature outside of Arapahoe county, and against all three of the congressmen shown to have been elected.

It is impossible to secure any definite figures on any of the constitutional amendments submitted to the people, but it is conceded that the Australian ballot law creating the county and city of Denver was adopted.

At a caucus today of a number of Democratic members of the legislature it was decided that if the Republicans make revolutionary tactics to unseat Teller men in the house, the senate, which is strongly Democratic shall not meet in joint session with the house, and shall deadlock the legislature so that it would be impossible to elect a successor to Senator Teller. A committee of members of the senate and five from the house was appointed to combat the efforts of the Republicans to control the legislature by undue means.

The committee will at once call a joint caucus of Democrats, Republicans and senate members from all over the state, with an idea of binding them in an agreement to check the efforts of the Republicans to capture a majority vote on joint ballot. This meeting will be held on Tuesday at 2 p. m. The caucus sent word to all the Democratic candidates for the senate who were declared in a close margin, to bring their papers for a contest and secure evidence of fraud upon which to base their contest.

**THOSE RHODES SCHOLARSHIPS.**  
Oxford Colleges Will Welcome American Students.

London, Nov. 7.—Prof. G. B. Parkin, who has been charged with putting the Cecil Rhodes scholarships in the United States into effect, has made inquiries at Oxford university as to how the Rhodes scholarships will be received. He has ascertained that every one concerned in the matter is ready to cooperate heartily. Each college at Oxford is prepared to take from two to five scholars a year, according to its size.

The Daily Chronicle this morning expressed gratification that there is no tendency on the part of the exclusive colleges to raise objections to being Americanized.

**A NEGRO LEGALLY HANGED.**  
In Arkansas for Criminal Assault on a Woman.

Van Buren, Ark., Nov. 7.—Hal McBane, colored, was executed here today for the murder of a white woman, six miles from this city, on Sept. 5. The execution took place on the scaffold in the courthouse yard and was witnessed by about 5,000 people. The last legislature passed a law requiring public execution for the crime of criminal assault.

## RHEUMATISM CURED

Pains in the small of the back, painful passing of urine, inflammation of the bladder, torpid liver, cloudy urine.

By Driving Out Uric Acid Poison from the System, Permanent Cure Can Be Effected. But First the KIDNEYS MUST BE HEALTHY.

Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout and All Forms of Uric Acid Poison Are Results of Kidney Disease, and Can Only Be Cured by Getting Direct at the Source of the Trouble, the Kidneys.

**WARNER'S SAFE CURE**  
Rev. Dr. J. Villars, a Prominent Methodist Minister, Says Warner's Safe Cure Cured His Rheumatism.

SANDWICH, Ill.—After a delay of months to be sure that a cure of my rheumatism of over a year's painful suffering had been effected, I decided to assure you that so far as I know anything of myself I am well. I am persuaded that Warner's Safe Cure did it. I believe that the medicine will do all that the patient will follow the instructions to the letter.—(Rev. J. VILLARS, Pastor M. E. Church.)

**TEST YOUR URINE.**  
If there is a reddish sediment in it, or if it is cloudy, or if you see particles or germs floating about in it, your kidneys are diseased.

WARNER'S SAFE CURE is purely vegetable and contains no narcotic or harmful drugs. (Beware of so-called kidney cures full of sediment and of bad odor—they are dangerous.) It is free from sediment and pleasant to take. It does not constipate. It is prescribed and used by doctors themselves in the leading hospitals. It is the only absolute cure for all forms of disease of the kidneys, bladder and blood.

**WARNER'S SAFE PILLS** move the bowels gently and a speedy cure. The free trial bottle has often been sufficient to cure cases of kidney disease when the simple home test described above has been made in the earlier stages of the disease.

If you decide Warner's Safe Cure is what you need you can buy it at any drug store, two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.00 a bottle.

**Refuse Substitutes and imitations.**  
There is no kidney cure "just as good" as Warner's. Insist on the genuine. Substitutes contain harmful drugs.

**TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.**  
To convince every sufferer from diseases of the kidneys, liver, bladder and blood that Warner's Safe Cure will cure them, a bottle will be sent absolutely free, postpaid. Also a valuable medical booklet which tells about the diseases of the kidneys, bladder and blood, with a prescription for each disease, and many of the thousands of testimonials daily from grateful sufferers who have been cured by Warner's Safe Cure. All you have to do is to write Warner's Safe Cure Company, Rochester, N. Y., and mention having read this liberal offer in this paper.



Isaac Sharp, Ex-Governor of Kansas, in a letter from 127 I street, N. E. Washington, D. C., writes:

"I can earnestly recommend your Per-NU as an excellent tonic. Its reputation as a cure for catarrh is firmly established by its friends, who have been benefited by its use, and the public should know of its great curative qualities."—Isaac Sharp.

Mr. Edwin F. Whittier, 8 Otis st., Worcester, Mass., writes:

"I am pleased to add my testimony relative to the great benefits which are derived from Per-NU in cases of catarrh."

"March last I was taken ill with congestion of the lungs and bronchitis, which left me with a severe case of nasal catarrh. The discharge from nostrils and throat was vile and sickening. In May I began taking Per-NU, and in less than ten days the discharge had ceased, and before the second bottle was used the soreness back of nostrils, over eyes and head, generally, had disappeared."

"It has prevented the annual attack of hay fever and my general health is by a large per cent. better than it has been for many months."

"Per-NU, certainly, if taken wisely and faithfully will in a very short space of time do good work in ridding one of catarrh."—Edwin F. Whittier.

**Congressman Thompson of Kentucky.**  
Ex-Congressman Phil B. Thompson, from Kentucky, writes:

"My friends have used your remedy, Per-NU, and I take pleasure in testifying to the merits of your medicine. Besides being one of the very best tonics, it is a good, substantial catarrh remedy."—Phil B. Thompson.

**Clean, Mucous Membranes.**  
Anyone who has taken Per-NU has clean mucous membranes.

Any one who has clean mucous membranes is not liable to catch cold, cannot have catarrh and need not fear catching the grip or having malaria or contracting any contagious disease.

A congested or catarrhal mucous membrane, a mucous membrane dotted with little ulcers or spotted with canker sores will not protect the body.

Such people always have colds, are sure to have the grip and would acquire any contagious disease that is going it, spite of all antiseptics and precautions.

Per-NU makes dirty mucous membranes clean.

Per-NU makes diseased mucous membranes well.

This not only rids the patient of catarrh but fortifies the body against the reverses of all climates, epidemics and contagious diseases.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Per-NU write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

## R. K. THOMAS DRY GOODS CO.

OUR GREAT NOVEMBER SALE.

We offer 500 pieces Choice Dress Goods, 75c, 90c \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 yard, 25 per cent. off.

The Greatest Bargain Sale on Earth is our

## Big November Sale. R. K. THOMAS DRY GOODS CO.

MITCHELL & LEWIS CO., Limited, RACINE, WISCONSIN.



Manufacturers of the old reliable MITCHELL wagon, monarch of the road. Also all kinds of spring wagons. The Mitchell steel skin wagons are the best in the market, and are made expressly for the Utah trade. Call on the Utah Salesman: Co. Salt Lake City.

## Why Syrup of Figs is the best family laxative

It is pure.  
It is gentle.  
It is pleasant.  
It is efficacious.  
It is not expensive.  
It is good for children.  
It is excellent for ladies.  
It is convenient for business men.  
It is perfectly safe under all circumstances.  
It is used by millions of families the world over.  
It stands highest, as a laxative, with physicians.  
If you use it you have the best laxative the world produces.

## Because

Its component parts are all wholesome. It acts gently without unpleasant after-effects. It is wholly free from objectionable substances.

It contains the laxative principles of plants. It contains the carminative principles of plants. It contains wholesome aromatic liquids which are agreeable and refreshing to the taste.

All are pure.  
All are delicately blended.  
All are skillfully and scientifically compounded.

Its value is due to our method of manufacture and to the originality and simplicity of the combination.

To get its beneficial effects—buy the genuine.

Manufactured by

## CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP

San Francisco, Cal.  
Louisville, Ky.  
New York, N. Y.

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.