

# St. Petersburg, the Most Modern Capital in Europe



For many months St. Petersburg has been regarded as a center from which the most sensational and eventful news might come at any moment. It is for this reason that all the great daily journals of the world have for the past year doubled their news gathering facilities at the Russian capital and have given their augmented corps of correspondents carte blanche.

Already enough to justify these extraordinary journalistic precautions has come to pass. It is true that the rigid oversight maintained by the Muscovite authorities has made much of the effort put forth by the foreign literary contingent of little avail, but sufficient detail has filtered through the disciplinary sieve to convince the outside world that the time has come when the city on the Neva will supply the reading public with all the thrills it can assimilate.

Great as St. Petersburg undoubtedly is, it has never displaced Moscow in the popular heart. Moscow is the essentially Muscovite center of the absolutism, the religious head of the empire, the real power behind the visible government. St. Petersburg is new and cosmopolitan, and Moscow is ancient and intensely national. There is nothing of the present about Moscow. The past still reigns supreme. Modern ways of doing are frowned upon, and progress is shunned as a thing unclean. Tradition and the church dominate everything. St. Petersburg is modern and bristling with the activities of up-

to date life. All the innovations sanctioned by progressive humanity find a lodgment there—all except governmental reform, and that is under way.

The official court residence, the seat of government nominally if not virtually, St. Petersburg is the rallying point of the "intelligentsia," the intellectual class of the empire. It is the headquarters of the educated malcontents who have contributed so much to its interesting activity. The seat of one of the greatest universities in the world, it has been the breeding place of most of the revolts which from time to time have warned the promoters of absolutism that the day of reckoning was approaching. The 5,000 students at the university have long enjoyed the distinction of being under the espionage of a specially chosen body of police and of the equally select detective service.

The growth of two centuries and the outcome of a prodigious expenditure of treasure, the capital on the Neva, with its nearly 2,000,000 inhabitants, is one of the most splendid cities in the world. Lofty as must have been the ideal of the great Peter when he chose the site for a city worthy to perpetuate his name, he could scarcely have foreseen the transformation worked by two centuries on the capital on the Neva, and inopportune location which he selected. His determination to found a great city at the delta of the Neva must have been a severe shock to the not too alert intelligences of his subjects. Even then Moscow was a great city, the very beau ideal of a city from the Muscovite standpoint. Peter did not intend to take Moscow for a model. It was for that reason that he chose a site remote from the ancient capital and proceeded to erect a city which was to be



NEVSKY PROSPECT, ST. PETERSBURG'S GRANDEST THOROUGHFARE.

the precise antithesis of Moscow in every respect.

St. Petersburg is at the eastern end of the gulf of Finland, 400 miles northwest of Moscow. The main portion of the city lies on the left bank of the

river Neva, and the remaining part is built on the numerous islands which are formed by the branches of the delta. These islands, all of which bear the most impossible names known to the Muscovite geography, are very low

and are constantly becoming larger on account of the deposits from the floods. These floods were formerly the scourge of the city, but the construction of numerous canals and embankments has done much to remedy the difficulty. It

has also given to St. Petersburg the aspect of an Amsterdam in certain portions, an effect which was coveted by Peter, who was a great admirer of the picturesque Dutch cities. These tributaries to the Neva as well as the river itself are spanned by many bridges which are of sufficient architectural merit to add greatly to the attractiveness of the city. The climate is so rigid that it was necessary to build structures of the most substantial kind. This accounts for the massive appearance of the buildings and public works.

The main part of the city is built along the river and on the numerous islands, and the streets are laid out with admirable regularity in the most modern fashion. Bordering the river are the palaces of the nobility and some of the government buildings. Prominent among the latter is the admiralty, which is far superior to any other building devoted to the purpose in the world. It is in the midst of beautiful gardens and stands in the center of the city. From the admiralty radiate the three principal avenues of the town—the famous and splendid Nevsky Prospect, the Voznessensky Prospect and Gorokhovaya street. In this part of St. Petersburg beautiful open squares occur at frequent intervals. One of these is Senate square, which contains the famous equestrian statue of Peter the Great erected by Catherine II.

The supply of costly and impressive churches is prodigious. The Cathedral of St. Isaac is one of the most marvelous constructions in the world. Including its interior decorations, there is probably no other building in Europe which represents such an enormous outlay. It is in the form of a Greek cross, and

its cupolas are inlaid with sheets of pure gold. The Cathedral of Our Lady Peter's, a duplicate of the Roman St. Peter's, is almost equally magnificent, and the Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul, the Westminster abbey of the capital, is an imposing feature of the fortress of the same name. Palaces, Winter palace, the czar's favorite city residence, is probably the most sumptuous royal dwelling in the world. "Antichkov, the Mikhailovsky, the Marble palace and the Taurida, the Margie abodes of surpassing grandeur, and there are several others. The two palaces at Tsarskoe Selo, a suburb of great beauty, are noble edifices treasuries of art. The palaces at Peterhof, another nearby royal residence, are especially favored by the present sovereigns.

No city in the universe is better supplied with institutions of the highest forms of education. The Imperial Public Library is almost the equal of the Paris Bibliothque Nationale, and the Paris Bibliothque Nationale, and museums and art galleries are on a large scale. There are over 100 philanthropic societies, maintaining 600 charitable institutions. In spite of an impression to the contrary, there are miles of model tenements and lodgings.

At the present time there is not a capital in Europe, with the possible exception of Berlin, which is so suggestive of modernity as St. Petersburg. Compared with it London and Paris and Vienna are types of the cities reared by generations come and gone. St. Petersburg alone is new, almost aggressively so. EGGERT SWEET.

## B. & O. TRANSFER IN THE COURTS

W. S. McCormick & Co. Seek to Recover \$12,500 on Promissory Note

## AN ATTACHMENT SUIT FILED

Alleged that the Defendant Has Assigned and Concealed Part of Its Property.

The B. & O. Storage & Transfer company is made defendant in an attachment suit filed in the district court today by W. S. McCormick & Co. to recover \$12,500 and interest alleged to be due on a promissory note and also \$500 as attorney's fees. The note was executed by defendant company in favor of plaintiff on Aug. 17, 1904, and is payable on demand. Plaintiff alleges that a demand was made for the payment of the note but the same was refused. Judgment is asked for the full amount with interest from Feb. 17, 1905, the date on which the last interest was paid.

In the affidavit for the attachment it is alleged that defendant has assigned, disposed of and concealed and is about to assign, dispose of and conceal part of its property with intent to defraud its creditors.

## \$50,000 DAMAGES.

Antonio Schuttl Seeks to Recover for Injuries in Mine Explosion.

Antonio Schuttl filed suit in the district court today against the Union Pacific Coal company to recover \$50,000 as damages for personal injuries received while in the employ of defendant in its mine at Cumberland, Wyo., on March 20, 1904. It is alleged that plaintiff was employed as a miner and that on the above date an explosion occurred where he was working and he was severely burned, causing permanent injuries. He alleges that the explosion was caused by the negligence of the company in not having the mine properly ventilated and inspected.

## PETIT JURORS.

Names of Those Who Will Serve in the United States Court.

The following were drawn yesterday afternoon as petit jurors of the United States courts for the April term:

H. P. Myton, Salt Lake; John T. Hays, Mammoth; James C. Ferrin, Nephi; J. W. Stewart, Benjamin W. Smith, Farmers; B. A. McMillan.

## RAILROAD CONTROL

Concentration of Actual Ownership as Viewed by H. T. Newcomb.

## WINTER IN NEW YORK.

Snow Six and Eight Feet Deep in the Streets—Business Good.

President J. H. Houston of the Real Estate association returned this morning from a month's absence in the east. Mr. Houston was very fortunate in entering Chicago and then New York, after heavy storms had got through and departed. In New York he found the snow heaped up six and eight feet in the streets, so that vehicles had to drive on street car tracks in order to get through, and see people on the sidewalks could not see what was going on in the center of the streets at all. Men were going about with placards calling for so many hundred men to shovel snow, or to work on the docks, or to do this, that and the other thing. There appeared to be work for every one who was willing and able to work.

Mr. Houston reports business conditions as excellent in all of the large eastern cities, notwithstanding the past severe winter, and the spring outlook is promising. He attended the inauguration at Washington, where, he says, the crowd seemed to be very well on Roosevelt's head. There were 35,000 more people there than was expected, which made the town decidedly crowded, and the Salt Lake visitor never felt entirely lost in all his life, and says he never saw such a sight before.

## SILENT ABOUT MEETING.

American Party Vindication Gathering at Theater Appears to be Off.

The American party meeting at the Salt Lake Theater, which building had been prospectively engaged for tonight, by Mr. P. J. Daly, is apparently off. Perhaps it was never really on. A great deal of secrecy has been maintained in relation to it. Neither one of the three organs of Utah's ex-senator has had a word to say about it, and the common bond has not been taken into official confidence in relation to the matter. One man suggests that it was to have been a surprise party for the man who loves to repeat the slander that he himself cannot write but which his hired man can.

## NO ACTION YET.

Referee Baldwin Still Lacks the Schettler Bank Books.

No action was taken today in the matter of Receiver R. R. Anderson's having refused service from Referee in Bankruptcy Chas. S. Baldwin upon a demand that he turn over the Schettler bank records.

## MEN'S CLUB ORGANIZED.

That of First Baptist Church Starts Out in Good Shape.

The Men's club of the First Baptist church was organized last night, in the church auditorium, with considerable enthusiasm, as the idea seemed to take very well from the start, and there was a good attendance present. The club elected C. O. Harris, president; Dr. E. D. Hammond, first, and C. J. McNitt, second vice president; and Harry Chapman, secretary and treasurer.

## WARD ENTERTAINMENTS

Nineteenth Ward.—On Thursday and Friday nights, March 23 and 24, "An Englishman," an original farce-comedy by Miss Jeanne R. Alford, will be given in the Nineteenth ward meetinghouse, with the following cast:

- Gerald Gray..... Bert Margette
- Martin Huntington..... Shade Stringer
- Margaret Huntington, his daughter
- Lucille Drummond, his ward..... Jeanne R. Alford
- Beulah Vaughn, a friend..... Ellen Tibbets
- Anna Erickson

## UNIVERSITY DEBATERS.

Names of Denver and Utah Men Who Will Compete.

The debaters who will represent Denver University in the intercollegiate debate with the University of Utah to be held in this city during the first week of April have been chosen. They are Andrew Wood and A. A. Lee of the law school, and J. Paul Lee of the liberal arts department. Three men besides the winners took part in the try-outs. The Utah debaters are Henry W. Soule, O. W. Carlson and Ben Howells.

## WEATHER REPORT

Record at the local office of the weather bureau for the 24 hours ending at 6 a. m. today:

Barometer reading at 6 a. m., 30.53 inches; temperature at 8 a. m., 45 degrees; maximum, 52; minimum, 32, which is 1 degree below normal.

Excess of the daily mean temperature since the first of the month, 145 degrees.

Excess of daily mean temperature since Jan. 1, 248 degrees.

Precipitation since the first of the month, 18 inch, which is 30 inch below the deficiency in precipitation since Jan. 1, 1.61 inch.

## FORECASTS TILL 6 P. M. WEDNESDAY.

Local forecast for Salt Lake City and vicinity:

Probably showers tonight or Wednesday.

For Utah: (Forecast taken at Denver, Colo.)

Partly cloudy, probably rain; cooler Wednesday, warmer south portion tomorrow.

## WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The barometer is highest over the southern Pacific and northern Atlantic states, lake region, upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys, and lowest over the Rocky mountain slope, northern plateau, British Northwest Territory, Texas, the Ohio valley and Tennessee.

Precipitation occurred over portions of nearly all districts with largest amounts as follows: Denver, 1.12 inch, and Elkins, 1.04 inch, was raining this morning at Pocatello, Spokane, Roseburg, Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, Buffalo, Scranton and New York. Thunderstorms were reported at Atlanta and Norfolk.

The temperature changes were generally unimportant with moderate conditions in all districts.

## TODAY'S TEMPERATURE.

6 a. m.	40
7 a. m.	40
8 a. m.	42
9 a. m.	47
10 a. m.	52
11 a. m.	52
12 m.	53
1 p. m.	54

## YESTERDAY'S RECORD.

Highest	51
Lowest	35

## HIS DISAPPOINTMENT.

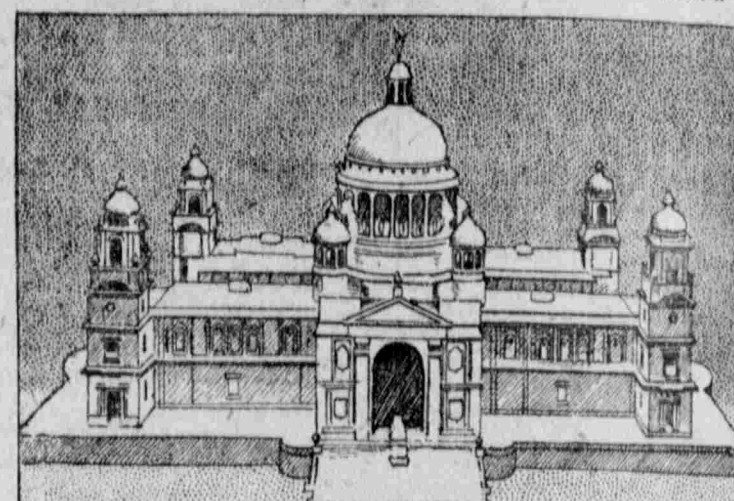
Clancy—Pat, I hear ye've bin down to Washington lookin' after yer pension. Did ye see the president?

Pat—Ah, but look it was Ol' Abner on the carter fer 'free hours waitin' to see the president, an' whin he did come it wasn't him.

## Allen's Lung Balsam

Cures COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

## MONUMENT TO THE MEMORY OF QUEEN VICTORIA.



The picture herewith given shows a structure of great beauty and architectural ingenuity which has been subscribed for and will be erected in Calcutta to commemorate the life and reign of Queen Victoria. A model of the building has recently been completed by a young man in London named William Salter, and it is reputed to be the most perfect work of the kind ever accomplished. It contains no less than 45,000 separate pieces. The memorial will be 220 feet in height and will be built of white marble.



# What Joy They Bring To Every Home

as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—when in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

## Boys' Clothes!

A great problem in any household that owns a boy. Come on in and see our Boys' Clothing. Boys who have worn our clothes, mothers who have selected them, and fathers who have paid for them, all unite in saying that we have the best wearing, best made and best looking Boys' Clothing to be found hereabouts. Bring the boy in.

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