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SENOR DE LOME IS OUT.

Relations With Spain Through Minister De Lome Broken Off.

MR. DE LOME CABLES HIS RESIGNATION.

Minister Woodford Will Do Business in Behalf of a New Spanish Minister at Washington is Named.

New York, Feb. 10.—Diplomatic relations between the United States and Spain through Minister de Lome are broken and all correspondence will be conducted exclusively through Minister Woodford in Madrid until Spain sends a new minister to Washington or designates a charge d'affaires, says the Herald's Washington correspondent.

Minister de Lome has cabled his resignation to his government. Assistant Secretary of State Day admitted that this was true by saying that Minister de Lome did not deny the authenticity of the letter to Canalejas, and by stating that a cablegram had been sent to Madrid, the contents of which would not be made public until it had reached its destination. It is said that the statement will be made at the cabinet meeting of the cabinet next week, when it will have been consented to by the Spanish minister of foreign affairs. Informal Ministerial discussion of the publication of the letter has made it clear that Minister de Lome does not deny its authenticity and direct intercourse between the Spanish foreign office and the Minister de Lome cannot be regarded as personally grata and direct intercourse with another minister be sent to Washington.

While publicly regretting the unfortunate incident which has terminated his diplomatic career in Washington, Minister de Lome will continue to perform the official duties which he has so successfully performed since coming to this country. As soon as he learned of the letter had been obtained by the press he cabled to his government, saying he would make his official stay in Washington as Spanish minister impossible and he immediately cabled his resignation and he has received the facts and tendered his resignation.

When the letter appeared he gave out to his government stating that the letter had been published and requesting his resignation.

This is not the first time that Minister de Lome has placed his resignation at the disposal of the Sagasta ministry, but Senor Sagasta came into power, the minister being of the opposition party in Spanish politics, tendered his resignation again, and he has been in Washington ever since. He has been retained by Senor Sagasta, however, on account of his intimate knowledge of the Cuban question and the situation in the United States.

As the situation stands, there are two ways in which Minister de Lome's service in Washington may be terminated. In the ordinary course he would tender a resignation or it may recall him in pursuance of suggestions made by the Ministers of the cabinet, and sent to Minister Woodford today. It is not stated that it will specially do one thing or the other and it is immaterial to the administration which course is followed.

It is believed by officials of the administration that the incident will not in any fashion whatever between the two governments. In the cablegram sent to Minister Woodford the earliest possible of bringing about the appointment of Minister de Lome's successor is stated, and nothing was said or is offered the Spanish government as to the question of a formal apology or any government to declare the withdrawal of another government minister. It has been held by officers of international law that it is a matter of course that any cause whatever for a request for the recall of a minister.

CUBAN JUNTA JUBILANT.

New York, Feb. 10.—The members of the Cuban junta are jubilant over the news of the letter of the Spanish minister to Cuba. At the junta headquarters large numbers at their desks were busy with pen and talked freely of the discussion of the disclosures made in the letter. T. Estrada Palma and Colonel Mines were not at the headquarters, and it was said that they were in Washington prepared to act on the getting out of the letter and push the matter to a crisis.

E. Guitelo, who was in charge of the headquarters, refused to discuss the letter, saying he had delivered it to Horatio S. Rubien, the counsel of the junta.

Several rumors were afloat around Cuban headquarters. One of them was to the effect that a number of men had been made up for the letter of the secretaries of the junta, and that a sum as high as $2,000 had been offered for it.

One of the clerks at headquarters said:

"I have a chance to make $5,000, and the others have received similar offers. The office was made up to get it work together and steal the letter. It is the men who applied it."

This is however discounted by the fact that the letter has already been handed to the state department, and the junta obtained the letter is believed to be genuine, and the exact wording is not likely a few of the men.

Only the man is who brought it to New York remains a mystery, and the manner in which he obtained it. Among the papers of Senor Quesada.

It is stated that it is the letter which Senor Quesada left the envelope long forwarded to Madrid.

DE LOME'S RECALL DEMANDED.

Echoes of the Message Sent to Mr. Woodford—No Reply Yet from Spain.

The state department this morning had no publication the substance of the cablegram sent yesterday to Minister Woodford, our minister at Madrid, in reference to the Senor De Lome letter. The statement is as follows:

There has appeared in public prints a letter addressed by the Spanish minister at Washington, Senor De Lome, to Senor Canalejas, a member of the Spanish ministry, in which the former speaks of the President of the United States in a manner so low and the sentiments expressed concerning the President are so low and the sentiments expressed concerning the President are so low and the sentiments expressed concerning the President are