

DESERT NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. IX.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 25, 1876.

NO. 53.

F. A. MITCHELL. DAVID JAMES.

Mitchell & James

RESPECTFULLY announce to the Public that they continue to occupy their new premises on WEST TEMPLE STREET, Opposite City Meat Market.

TIN, SHEET IRON AND COPPERSMITHS.

FURNACE WORK AND ROOFING GALVANIZED IRON CORNICE, Gas, Water and Steam Fitters, WEST TEMPLE STREET, Opposite City Meat Market.

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WASHINGTON HOUSE

THIRD SOUTH STREET, Between Main Street and State Road, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Renovated and Refitted, is opened as a

Select Boarding & Lodging House

Rooms, 25c, Beds, 25c. Rooms, 50c. Special Rates for Families and Weekly Boarders.

A Quiet Place for Quiet People.

J. M. WHEELER, Lessee.

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BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Keep Them Before the Public.

Carl A. Amussen

Sells watches, clocks, and jewelry.

J. A. Atchison & Co.

Sell dry goods, fancy goods, millinery, clothing, boots and shoes, hats and caps, notions, etc.

Joe Barker

Sharpens, repairs, stoves, and does all cutlery, lock and gunsmith work.

Calder & Carless

Sell Mason & Hamilton, and other organs, pianos, fancy goods, holiday presents, and all kinds of musical instruments and accessories, and take second-hand pianos and organs in exchange.

Dr. A. W. Calder

Practices in dentistry.

G. F. Culmer & Co.

Sell family groceries, window glass, and home-made sashes.

David, Howe & Co.

Do all kinds of milling and mining machinery work, wood and cast iron work, and iron and brass work of all descriptions.

George W. Davis

Sells choice fresh produce, groceries, and provisions, and buys dried fruits and grain of all kinds.

Day & Co.

Sell, wholesale and retail, hats, boots, shoes, dry goods, groceries, hardware, fine and cheap, and pay cash for eggs, butter and grain.

Daynes & Son

Sell new and second-hand watches, jewelry and several other kinds of organs, pianos and all sorts of musical instruments and merchandise, and take second-hand organs in exchange.

Deerfoot National Bank

Does various banking business and receives various kinds of deposits.

Dierwieser

Sells the very best live green feathers, white and black, and baby wigs.

G. L. Eliason

Is a practical clock and watchmaker.

Dr. W. H. Groves

Does all sorts of dentistry work.

Does wagon and carriage making and repairing, blacksmithing, etc.

Ireland & Watson

Sell china, crockery, glass and bar ware, lamps, lanterns, oil, kerosene, coal oil, petroleum, kerosene, etc., wholesale or retail.

Wm. Jennings, Sons & Sattler

Sell, wholesale and retail, shoes, men's, ladies', and children's, and all kinds of shoes, notions and dry goods, groceries and merchandise generally.

R. W. J. Jensen

Is resident agent for Franklin MacVeach & Co., wholesale grocers, Chicago; Chicago and Salt Lake City; and Liverpool & London & Globe Fire Insurance Co.

David P. Kimball

Runs the Kimball flouring mill.

Geo. H. Knapp

Sells flour, grain, feed, provisions, general produce, etc.

Lindner, Taylor & Co.

Sell lumber, shingles, doors, mantels, frames, and everything in the building line.

Liddell & Brown

Sell turkeys, geese, fawn haddies, Yarmouth broilers, family groceries, etc.

James McArthur

Sells all kinds of Washed woolen mills, bone-made cloth, and baby cloth.

A. Miller

Does business as attorney and counsellor-at-law.

Mitchell & James

Do anything in the line of about iron and copper-smiths line, also in the gutting line.

Morris & Evans

Deal in mangles and grates and fine stone-work.

Morton & Tuttle

Sell wines and liquors, wholesale and retail.

Dr. Samuel E. Newton

Cures the sick on the botanical system.

Thomas Oakey

Sells fine and cheap salt, dairy salt, table salt, millstone salt, and salt of all kinds.

Does all kinds of painting and sign-making, signs, and everything in the building line, also does wood-turning, etc.

Owens & Co.

Do all kinds of wagon and carriage work, blacksmithing, carriage painting and trimming, horse-drawing, etc.

W. E. Piant

Sells medicines for destroying and expelling all kinds of worms, cleaning the body, etc.

The Provo Co-operative Company

Taylor & Oakey, agents for this city.

Provo cloth.

Headall & Darling

(Utah Steam Crockery Factory) Make and sell a first-class article of crockery.

H. Hester

Sells and repairs watches and clocks.

H. H. Hester

Sells fine and cheap salt, dairy salt, table salt, millstone salt, and salt of all kinds.

Howard Seligson

Sells the Bain Wagon, Wood Mower and Reaper, Patented by Howard Seligson, Concord, N.H., and also, mowers, harvesters, cutters, and all kinds of machinery.

F. Schwartz

Deal in dress goods, shawls, hosiery, and every kind in the dry goods line.

Sever's Nevada Lumber Association.

Sells such, sawing, shingles, doors, blinds, lath, wood pumps and water pipes cheap, at wholesale prices.

S. F. Treadwell

Sells family groceries, parasols, summer prisms, dress goods, gent's clothing, boots and shoes, ladies' shoes, children's shoes, and dry goods and merchandise generally.

James Townsend

Keeps the Express House.

Walker Brothers

Sell dry goods, clothing, hats, dress goods, shawls, hosiery, and general merchandise of all descriptions.

Washington House

By Telegraph.

FOR WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

Alcoholic Liquor Traffic.

Thurman called upon the Senate bill to provide for a commission on the subject of the alcoholic liquor traffic. He said this bill was the same as that passed by the Senate in the last session. The bill had been reported by the finance committee in accordance with the request of a large number of petitioners.

Boyd said he was opposed to such bills being brought before Congress; a matter of this nature should be legislated upon by the states. Congress was gradually drawing from the states all matters of legislation, and assuming to pass upon them, and thus doing great injustice to the states.

Pending the discussion the morning hour expired and the chair laid down for the day.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the bill to provide for a commission on the subject of the alcoholic liquor traffic.

It was understood that it had been fully debated at the last session of the Senate; the expense involved in the proposed investigation was not over \$500, and the result of it could be a vast amount of useful information. No State could make the investigation because none had the statistics to prosecute such an inquiry.

Hayward said that in his opinion this was the way, not was this the proper place, to investigate the subject. If the investigation was to be made to procure information in regard to the taxation of liquors, it was unnecessary as the Secretary of the Treasury already had the fullest information in regard to the subject. It was not necessary to send a commission within the province of the State governments and could not be treated by the U. S., and said that the States by the federal government was one of the radical evils of our time. He would vote against the bill, but that legislation should be reformed the vice of intemperance only increased the evil. He submitted an amendment instructing the committee to inquire whether the use of opium as a substitute for alcoholic drinks had not become more general in consequence of legislation.

Sherman said it seemed to him that Congress might give the subject a full and fair examination. He was not in favor of the bill, but he believed the passage of this bill would promote the common good, and that Congress had a duty to perform.

Hayward said any physician could show that where opium laws had been passed to prevent the sale of opium had become more general, and that was far more injurious than the sale of alcohol.

House spoke in favor of the bill, and hoped the Senate would not decline to make the small appropriation for the purpose. He said the argument of the Senator from Delaware (Hayward) premature, as this was not a bill to prevent the sale of liquor.

The amendment of Hayward was rejected.

Morrill spoke in favor of the bill, and stated that he had been in the Senate when the bill was introduced and soon adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 24.—Willard offered a resolution instructing the committee on civil service reform to inquire what legislation is necessary to prevent the solicitation of appointments to office and removals therefrom by Senators and members of Congress.

It was adopted by the following, which was adopted:

"Resolved, that the Secretary of the Pacific Mail be directed to report to this House what amount of specie was in the Treasury on the 31st of December, 1875, designating the amount of gold and silver respectively, and the amount of silver purchased under the provisions of the act approved January 15, 1875, and to report the amount of specie paid for the redemption of special payments, stating the date of the several purchases, the price paid for each, and the amount of cost of any such purchases of silver has been paid for from the surplus revenue in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and what amount of the five per cent. bonds bearing gold interest have been sold or disposed of for the purpose of any such redemption, and to report the date of the several sales of said bonds respectively, the amount of each, and the amount paid thereon, and the amount that will have accrued but remain unpaid on the day preceding the date of the report, and in response to this resolution."

Morrison, from the committee of ways and means, reported a resolution directing that the papers laid before the House, and the amount of money taken before the committee of ways and means last Congress in regard to the Pacific Mail, be referred to the Speaker's table and referred to the Judiciary committee, with instructions to enquire into the same, and to report thereon to the House in reference to persons, now members of the House, who are charged with complicity in the corrupt use of money for that purpose, or with giving false testimony in relation thereto; adopted.

Rehning offered a resolution calling for a report of the War for information as to the pay and allowances of army officers stationed at Washington since March, 1869; adopted.

Whitehouse offered a resolution instructing the committee on civil service reform to inquire into the corrupt use of money for that purpose, and to report thereon to the House in reference to persons, now members of the House, who are charged with complicity in the corrupt use of money for that purpose, or with giving false testimony in relation thereto; adopted.

Holman offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary committee to inquire whether improper and unauthorized actions have been taken in the administration and execution of existing laws affecting any branch of the public service; adopted.

Holman offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary committee to inquire whether improper and unauthorized actions have been taken in the administration and execution of existing laws affecting any