The conditions of the coming election are new in almost every respect. There is now no People's in the campaign. The other issues of national importance have come in and taken the place, in great measure of those which were purely local. The advocates of true Americanism and of decency between neighbors have come out of the party of bate, and with members of the disbanded People's party have erected platforms upon which all the people of Utah, while enjoying the full privileges of religious belief, may divide for the discussion and promotion of the political principles upon which are grounded the policy of the Republic.

Of the old conditions alone remains the grim crowd of political adventurers who, with the Sait Lake Tribune for their champion, have decided to struggle on under the old standard of hate, with the vain hope that they may yet be able to rule or to ruin the Territory. They still have the old following of ignorance and prejudice with the numerous hobo recruits, of which our fellow citizen O. W. Powers has proved himself so successful and capable a leader.

But in such an aggregation of corruption there need be no terror. They may succeed in getting a few of their men into office, but not in positions or numbers to result in serious harm to any one concerned. They may for another season work their deviltry with more or has success, but with the annoyance of such a result will come the satisfaction of seeing all the low secondrels that have poisoned the peace of the Territory in the past so removed from the society of decent men that they may be seen precisely as they are.

TO THOSE WHO ATTEND THE TABERNACLE.

WE desire to call attention to a matter that concerns attendants at the Sunday services in the Tabernacle in this city. Prof. J. J. Daynes, before the opening of the meeting, performs a voluntary on the organ. It is a magnificent instrument and he is an accomplished and artistic musician. His manipulation of the grand organ has received the deserved encomiums of musical tourists from all parts of the world.

There are many people who appreciate his talents and would like to enjoy the fine music which precedes the regular services. But they are unable to do so when so many people are not only indifferent to the music, but are so unmannerly as to spoil its effect by incessant chatter.

In most parts of the world when peo-

ple enter a house of worship they pay respect to the building because it is dedicated to religious purposes. This is normetimes carried to absurd extremes. But there is not sufficient reverence, in our opinion, shown by the people here in the tabernacles and meeting houses of the Saints.

The custom of offering a silent prayer on taking one's seat, when it is sincere and n ta meaningless or ostentacious form, is a very proper one, and might be followed with profit by the people of Utah. At any rate they should beerve decorum and preserve silence, at least while the services are proceeding and while music of a high order is being performed for their benefit.

More general devotion and quietness in our Tabernacle meetings would be suitable to the place and the occasion, both before and during the services, and the music-loving public would be very glad of the opportunity of listening to the voluntary performed by Brother Daynes, as well as all the splendid music, vocal and instrumental, which forms so interesting a part of our public services. Do not forget this gentle hint.

NOTHING IN IT.

THE Tribune in frantic accents assures its readers that this movement to divide on National lines is "all a fraud" also that "the orders have gone forth for the great bulk of the Mormons to vote the Democratic ticket." vote on Monday. have no doubt, will demonstrate that as usual the Tribune has lied. No orders of any kind have gone forth and the "Mormon" people are entirely free to vote just as they choose. If the Tribune really believed this story there would be no wonder that it is all of a shake. But the election returns will tell the tale.

A "LIBERAL" FIZZLE.

THE Tribune's terrible bluster about intended frauds by "the opposition" has quieted down to a very small and piping whistle. Yesterday it claimed to have the names of men hired by "the opposition" to do that kind of dirty work at the election which is the exclusive perogative and custom of the "Liberal faction as past elections have about dantly established.

Leading Republicans waited upon the editor and were assured they were not included in "the opposition;" it only meant the Democrats. Why the Republicans were not considered to be meant by "the opposition" to the "Liberal" faction does not appear.

Next ex-Marshal Dyer sends a letter

to the *Tribune* which we reproduce in another column, and as gently as a sucking dove the blustering Liberal braggart coos in tones of gentle peace.

Like the rumors about Church dictation which have issued from the same source, it appears there is nothing in it, and the fact is that the Democrats are determined to prevent "Liberal" frauds on Monday and are using detective means for that purpose. Therefore the "Liberal" faction is sorely exercised and its organ, in its usual style, endeavors to throw dust in the public eyes as to "Liberal" corruption by accusing "the opposition" of its own tricks. The charge is a fizzle and the let down is pitiful.

FINANCIAL OUTLOOK.

"THE FINANCIAL BITUATION ABROAD" is the subject of a very instructive article in the last issue of Bradstreets, it says that ever since the Argentine collapse and Barings' failure of last autumn, a continuous apprehension has existed in London, in regard to the secondary effects of these disasters. In fact the money markets on both sides of the Atlantic have been seriously disturbed from time to time, because rumors were circulated that permanent London houses were involved in both failures.

There was some foundation for these reports. Only a short time ago the firm of Murietta & Co. was saved from complete ruin by a little timely assistance. Last week the English bank of the River Plate, owing to entanglements with Argentine business succumbed, engulfing with it its \$2,500,000 called up capital.

The occurrence illustrates the fact that the Argentine inflation is still an active cause of disturbance in the English money market, and through it influences those of the world at large,

To the financial unrest in London is largely due the continued gold export from New York. We have lost \$70,000,000 of gold, not because American credit was affected, but for the reason that the usual arrangements, based on European credit, are no longer available only to a limited extent. The return of a large part of this gold is a certainty, and that is what now troubles European financial authorities.

It is in view of this that the Bank of England has steadily maintained its discount rate at 2½ per cent., although the open market rate declined nearly 1½ per cent. below that figure.

France and Germany are even more anxious than England on this question, because their grain supplies are much shorter. However, a leading