DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 8.—Morgan introduced a joint resolution for a constitutional amendment authorizing Congress to establish rules for all matters concerning the electoral vote and declaring the result of elections for President, and for the government of Congress, such laws not to be changed or repealed within a year before an election occurs in any State.

Private bills were considered, and then an executive session was held.

When the doors were reopened, Randolph gave notice of the following amendment, in the nature of a substitute to the bill for the relief of Fitzjohn Porter:

Be it enacted, That the President is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to reinstate to the army Fitzjohn Porter, who was dismissed by sentence of court martial on January 19, 1863; provided, however, such reinstatement shall give no higher rank than colonel on the retired list, and provided, further, that said Porter shall receive no pay, compensation or allowance for the time intervening between his dismissal and restoration.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 8.—Fernando Wood agreed to postpone the funding bill until the pending debate on the electoral question is concluded.

Conger sarcastically said Wood should not allow important public business to be interfered with by political discussion.

Wood moved to dispense with the morning hour.

Committee reports were called for, but nothing important was reported.

Cook introduced a joint resolution authorizing the President to place U. S. Grant on the retired army list with the rank and pay of general, as a recognition of his services. Referred.

A bill relieving John Hereskill, of Maryland, from political disability, passed, but Conger said he understood it had another object and asked that it be retained on the Speaker's table. So ordered.

Buckner, from the banking committee, introduced the following substitute for the funding bill, which was referred to the ways and means committee.

Be it enacted, etc., First, in lieu of bonds authorized to be issued by the act of June 14, 1880, entitled, "An Act to authorize refunding of the national debt," and acts amendatory thereof, the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to issue treasury notes of the United States in an amount of not more than $60,000,000 in denominations of not less than $10, and bearing interest at a rate not exceeding 4 per cent. per annum, of which said notes not more than $60,000,000 shall mature each year from the date of their issue, and said notes shall be disposed of by the secretary at not less than par, and the proceeds thereof shall be applied to the payment of 5 and 6 per cent. bonds of the United States maturing during the year 1880; or the secretary may exchange said treasury notes for said bonds on such terms as he deems most advantageous to the United States. Second, that the secretary of the treasury is authorized to make suitable regulations for disposing of said treasury notes to the best advantage to government, and all expenses attending the same shall not exceed one-quarter of one per cent. of the notes so disposed of or exchanged. Third, that the sum of $100,000 of coin in the treasury of the United States be set apart as a fund for the redemption of the notes known as legal tender notes, and any surplus of coin over said sum belonging to the United States remaining in the treasury, shall be applied to the purchase or redemption account of the sinking fund of any said six per cents maturing in the year 1881.

The House then resumed consideration of the Senate concurrent resolution relative to the electoral count. Congress had the right to provide the revisory power beforehand, but if they failed then, the ministerial act must stand unquestioned. After being sharply interrogated by various members, and brushing aside most of the queries as being puerile, he gave notice that he would offer the following as a substitute for the concurrent resolution.

Resolved, That the two houses will assemble in the chamber of the House of Representatives on the second Wednesday in February, 1881, at 12 o'clock, that the president of the Senate shall be the presiding officer; that two persons shall be appointed tellers on the part of the Senate and two on the part of the House of Representatives to make a list of votes as they shall be declared; that the result shall be declared by the president of the Senate, who shall announce the state of the vote and the persons elected, to the two houses assembled as aforesaid; which announcement, together with the list of votes, shall be entered on the journals of the two houses.

Reagan gave notice that as soon as the pending matter was disposed of, he would ask for consideration of the inter-State commerce bill.

Hunter made a brief speech, and Cox asked whether the House would be powerless in case the electoral votes of New York should be changed from Garfield and Arthur to Hancock and English, sometime while in transit between Albany and Washington. Adjourned.

AMERICAN.

THE WASHINGTON BUDGET.

Republican Caucus.

WASHINGTON, 8.—At the republican representatives' caucus this evening for the purpose of determining the party policy in regard to the Senate concurrent resolution on the electoral vote, the discussion continued nearly two hours. It was ascertained while all the members present were in accord in considering the proposed joint rule unfair, unnecessary and unconstitutional, there were differences of opinion to the extent to which the parties opposition to it should be carried. It was argued on the one hand that in view of the large and manifestly decisive majority of the electoral vote for the republican candidates there is no danger that any attempt will be made to set aside the result of the election by an improper use of the proposed regulations, and therefore the republicans of the House should abstain from pressing opposition and content themselves with recording their votes against it.

A resolution to this effect was offered by Hiscock, and supported by him in a speech.

Judge Lapham contended it would be unwise and improper to yield without a struggle to the democratic majority in both Houses. The power claimed by the Senate proposition was, in his judgment, alike unwarranted by the Constitution, unjustified by any present emergency, and utterly useless to the democrats for any good purpose. He therefore offerred a resolution proposing to declaring it the sense of the caucus that the republican minority should resist the adoption of this point by all the means authorized by parliamentary law. No vote was reached on these resolutions, nor on several other similar ones. It was finally agreed to postpone further consideration of the whole matter until tomorrow evening, when it will be laid before a joint caucus of republican Representatives and Senators.

The caucus to-night unanimously agreed that complimentary resolutions on the vote for postmaster of the House should be given to ex-Postmaster Sherwood.

Teller's Election Bill.

The bill introduced in the Senate by Teller provides that no ballot for Representative shall be offered or received at the polling places, unless written or printed upon pieces of plain white paper, not less than six nor more than eight inches in length nor more than four inches in width. It is made the duty of the election officers to see that the ballot boxes used are placed in plain view of each voter when his ballot is deposited. Each ballot shall be deposited in the ballot box by the proper officer, in the presence of the voter, except where, under State law, the voter is permitted to deposit his own ballot in the box.

The bill prohibits the voter from depositing more than one vote, or by any trick or artifice attempting to deposit any ballot not lawfully voted by legal electors. It also directs that immediately after the close of the polls, proper officers shall, without delay or adjournment, and without separating, proceed to canvass the votes cast and declare the result. It also provides that the candidate for representative of each political party may designate one person as a witness, and such person shall have the right to be present in the room with the election officers, from the opening of the election until the canvass is completed and the result declared. All State laws and regulations concerning such elections shall be enforced, except so far as they conflict with the provisions of the bill. The bill makes violations of this law a felony, punishable with a fine of not less than $500 nor more than $5,000, or by imprisonment not less than six months nor more than five years, or both fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the court.

The Tennessee Senatorship.

A Tennessee democrat, of some prominence, who arrived here today, reports that the republicans may very possibly succeed in electing a United States senator from that State. He says that State Senator Harrison, a prominent republican has recently been to Washington and assured the administration that with the control of a little patronage he (Harrison) could be elected United States senator; that upon his return to Tennessee Harrison not only told his political friends, but said to the democrats that he had everything arranged to get votes enough in the legislature and that he would be the next Senator. The democrats there believe Harrison has made a bargain with certain low tax or "repudiation" democratic members of the legislature to vote for him. It is also said the Tennessee democrats felt very gloomy over the senatorial situation. On the other hand Representative McMillen, of Tennessee, told a reporter today that he believed the democrats would get the Senator; that the low tax men are democrats on national questions and he believes they will join in the election of a democrat. The legislature has to elect State officers below the Governor and McMillen could not say whether the two wings of the democracy would join in this or not.

A Successor to Boreman.

The President sent to the Senate the following nominations: Associate Justice of the Supreme Court for New Mexico, Warren Breston; for Arizona, W. H. Stillwell, of New York; for Utah, Stephen P. Twiss, of Missouri; for Consul at Guayaquil, Phapor M. Eder, of Nevada; Josiah M. Hetrich, Assayer at the Mint at Carson City, Nevada; George A. McKenzie, Register of the Land Office at Lagrande, Oregon; Colonel Nelson A. Miles, Fifth Infantry, to be chief signal officer, with rank of brigadier-general; Lieut. Col. Emory Upton, to be Colonel Fourth Artillery; Major Geo. P. Andrews to be Lieut. Col. Fourth Artillery; Capt. R. H. Jackson to be Major of the Fifth Artillery, and a number of army promotions of lower grades.

Bank Tax Refunding.

Senator Kernan introduced a bill in the Senate to-day, directing the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to refund all taxes collected upon the capital employed by any person in the business of banking, which comes within the principles of the decision by the United States Supreme Court, in the case of Bailey, collector, vs. Clark and others. The bill provides that application for such refund shall be presented to the Commissioners of Internal Revenue within one year from the passage of the act.

The Electoral Resolutions in Congress.

CHICAGO, 8.—The *Times* gives this clear statement of the difference in the electoral statements before Congress: Where there is but one set of electors from a State, both the Morgan and Edmunds resolutions require the votes to be counted, unless both houses reject them. Where there are two sets, the Morgan resolution provides that both houses must concur on one list or the State loses its vote. Edmunds' resolution provides that the votes of those electors shall be counted who have been recognized as true electors by the proper state tribunal. If there is a dispute as to which of two tribunals is the proper one, the two houses must concurrently decide the matter, and if no state tribunal has passed upon the question, both houses must agree on the list of electors, or the votes of none can be counted. A curious feature of these resolutions is that a Southern general advocates the control of the whole matter by Congress, while the champion of the "broad seal of state" is not a state sovereignty man but a Northern republican Senator, one of those men who are represented to be working for centralization.

The *Tribune* on the same point says: Republicans oppose Morgan's resolution, substantially for the following reasons: First, because it undertakes to settle by a rule of the two houses (which is simply a by-law to govern their own procedure) constitutional rights and impose constitutional duties. The only power of the two houses to make rules, is to make them for their own procedure. This limitation of power does not extend to anything outside, much less to a construction of the Constitution. The only other mode of proceeding known to the House is by legislation; Second, even admitting the electoral count can be continued by such a rule, this rule in itself is wrong because it provides substantially not only that the two houses may elect a president, but that either house may defeat the result of a presidential election, and as the election would then devolve upon the House of Representatives, that rule substantially gives to the House of republicans the power of electing a president.

The *Times* says: Why correspondents should have taken the superfluous trouble of announcing the absence of Sharon, of Nevada, from the opening session of the Senate inexplicable, since it was a matter of course, and is so understood by the whole country.

A DAY'S CRIME.

Shocking Deeds as Reported from Various Points.

LOUISVILLE, 8.—This afternoon a terrible and fatal affair occurred between two well known police officers, in which Officer John Brophy was instantly killed by Officer Tom Casey. The two officers were watching on different beats in the locality of the Nashville railroad shops, and about the time named met in a little signal shanty at the railroad crossing on Kentucky Street. The two officers not being on very friendly terms soon quarreled. Casey drew a knife; at the same time Brophy got out his pistol. Brophy fired, the ball striking Casey near the right shoulder, but whether the shot was fired before Casey had cut Brophy or not is uncertain, as both attacks were near the same instant. Casey jabbed his knife deep into Brophy's bowels, just over the right hip. Brophy did not fall at once, however, but striking Casey, knocked him down and jumped on him. Casey then reached around his antagonist, attempted to stab him in the back, but before he could succeed, a bystander had secured his knife and dragged the two men apart. After being pulled off of Casey, Brophy said: "I am cut, and cut bad," and turning on his side on an ash pile in the gutter he died. Casey was taken to his home immediately. Brophy was picked up and taken to a room across from where the tragedy occurred. Casey's physician says he has some chance of recovery. Both men have been esteemed members of the police force.

Chicago, 8.—Town of Gilson, Illinois, is horrified over the discovery of the remains of an unknown man in a field with a bullet hole in his heart, a revolver by his side one chamber empty, and a drove of hogs devouring the flesh off his face and hands. The coroner gave a verdict of suicide, but there is some indication of murder. He was well dressed and about 30 years old.

Mrs. Annie Morgan, wife of Peter Morgan, was found frozen to death just outside of her own door, this morning. She had been made crazy from intoxicants, and stole from the house during the night to procure liquor, which, when obtained stupified her, and rendered her unable to get inside the house.

St. Louis, 8—Police Officer John W. Martin, blew out his brains at the police headquarters about six o'clock this evening. He had been before the police board under charges preferred by Sergeant Floerrich, had been dismissed the force and leaving the room of the board he stepped to the railing in front of Captain Gee's office, pulled out his pistol, and sent a ball through his skull.

Louis Lockstein, the crazy man who horribly butchered the highly esteemed Ryan family, was insane on religion, and insisted on everybody praying for him. He had been a Catholic farmer, but lately proselyted. He claims that he was innocent of the butchery, but public sentiment strongly favored lynching him. The officers could scarcely save him from the mob.

Columbia, S. C., 8.—In Newberry County in this State, a shocking tragedy occurred on Monday. John Lyles married a Miss Thomas, of Union County several years ago. She died, and he married her younger sister, who died within a year. Lyles then married Miss Gidhan, of Newberry. James Thomas, father of the first two wives, met Lyles at Newberry, when a dispute arose about property, and Thomas killed Lyles. Before Lyles fell he shot Thomas and his son. Young Thomas died yesterday.

Whidena, Minn., 8.—News is received of the brutal murder of Ort Hendrickson, in Todd County, 12 miles south-east of here. On Sunday morning last he started deer hunting, with a brother, and they parted company in the woods two miles from home. In about half an hour three shots were heard, and when the brother reached the spot he found Ort's dead body with three rifle balls in it, and a knife plunged to the hilt through the body in various places. The brother followed the trail of the murderers six miles, and lost it. The cause is unknown.

Gen'l Retirement.

GALVESTON, 8.—A *News'* Antonio special says: General E. O. C. Ord, upon notification of his retirement from his command of the department of Texas, and the active army, vacated the office of headquarters, and ordered Assistant Adjutant-General Vincent to report to General Sheridan until the temporary command appears. As his son-in-law, General Trevins, has been appointed minister of war of Mexico, it is rumored that that country will be the future home of General Ord.

Supposed Trouble.

ST. LOUIS, 8.—There is a fight between conflicting interests in the St. Louis *Times*, and the matter has come up in the courts, where a receiver is asked for to prevent Mr. Gundlach from swamping and winding up the paper, as complainants allege he is trying to do. There is a mortgage for $50,000, with a default in the interest. Some of the owners of the building are trying to force the managers out of it, refusing to renew the lease to them unless they do.

F. W. Fraeger, creditor of St. Paul, is found to have forged notes for $2,500.

25 Years before the Public.

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LIVER PILLS

are not recommended as a remedy "for all the ills that flesh is heir to," but in affections of the Liver, and in all Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia, and Sick Headache, or diseases of that character, they stand without a rival.

ACUE AND FEVER.

No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking quinine. As a simple purgative they are unequaled.

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FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane*, spelled differently, but same pronunciation.

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The Magnolia Balm conceals every blemish, removes Sallowness, Tan, Redness, Eruptions, all evidences of excitement and every imperfection.

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In Omaha.—Omaha National Bank.

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