The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 33. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1895, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXIX.

THE CZAR DOOMED.

Nihilistic Plot to Assassinate Russia's Young Ruler.

THE EXECUTIONER APPOINTED.

Several Arrests Made and the Newspapers Prohibited from Publishing the Matter.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—A dispatch to the Journal from Berlin says:

"A wholesale merchant from Moscow, who ranks high in Russian commerce, and who is spending the holidays with friends in the Prussian capital is authority for the information that a recent report of an attempt to assassinate the czar was true in every particular. The gentleman, who for reasons well understood, desires that his name shall be suppressed, states that the Russian police are informed that the nihilists have sworn not to rest until the czar shall be slain. The fraternity received at the time when the young ruler began his reign to great him a year to which to prove that he was in earnest with his promises of liberal reform. The year just ended and the young autocrat, not having realized their hopes is doomed to perish at their hands. The sentence which was meted out to Alexander II, and which hung over the head of Alexander III., and led to his death, has been renewed in the case of the present monarch by the bitter vendettas of the Romanoff dynasty.

"A Jewish student of the University of Moscow was appointed, after lots had been cast, to deal the death blow to his sovereign, and according to my information, it was only by accident that the czar escaped this doom.

"The young Israelite student maneuvered to the gate of a gymnasium in his rules was a well prepared bomb filled of samples of merchandise. He managed to pass the beautiful Parade ground several times daily, hoping to catch a glimpse of the czar.

"The latter passed him again and again on the promenade, but the would-be assassin did not recognize him, as his majesty was dressed in the plain uniform of a colonel, instead of that of a general, as he confidently believed. The student was arrested on suspicion after a day or two, and he did further revealed through a female friend to whom he had told his secret.

"The entire Russian press has received strict instructions from the authorities not to publish a word regarding the affair, which nevertheless is repeated from mouth to mouth. That the report of the attempt on the czar's life was not a canard is further proved by the numerous arrests of late in Moscow and Warsaw. The prisoners are all students and were undoubtedly identified with the conspiracy."

The Obituary List.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—William Henry Bradford, 84 years old, died at his home in this city last night of pneumonia. He was a descendant of Governor Bradford who, for twenty-one years was president of the Plymouth colony. Mr. Bradford was an importer during his early life, but retired from business about thirty years ago, since which time he has devoted himself to the collecting of paintings.

Shipping Cotton to Japan.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—A dispatch to a local paper from Boston says:

Regarding the heavy shipments of cotton to Japan, reported from San Francisco, Edward Atkinson says:

There is no doubt that Japan will establish cotton spinning plants with considerable rapidity and in the course of some years will be probably enabled to supply the increasing wants of the world heretofore mainly supplied by England. But in order to make any of the fabrics which would have any considerable sale in this country merely as cotton fabrics without regard to the design of the weaving or the printing, and in order to supply the best of the demand of China or what are known as gold and red and white shirtings, made of medium fine yarns, it will be impossible for Japan to use her own limited supply of cotton or any of the cotton of China which, although produced in very large quantities and admirably handled, is so short in staple as not to make it fit for the work of even the India cotton, which is only fit for coarse, low numbers.

EXCITED ARMENIANS.

They Threaten the Life of the Turkish Minister to Washington.

CHICAGO, Dec. 31.—A special from Minneapolis, Minn., says:

B. S. Varze Haladjian, an Armenian merchant of Washington, who is visiting here, is wrought up over the recent dispatches which the Turkish minister at Washington claims to have received.

He claims the minister is manufacturing the dispatches and has so stirred up the Armenians all over the country by his slanderous statements to the department of state that unless he desists, his life will be in danger. He declares the Armenians in America will never let the Turkish minister live if he keeps up his present course.

Brazil Will Not Arbitrate.

RIO JANEIRO, Dec. 31.—Before Congress adjourned yesterday, the minister of foreign affairs explained the impossibility of accepting the arbitration proposed by Great Britain regarding the disputed ownership of Trinidad.

THE GOLD RESERVE.

Senator Sherman's Resolution for its Conservation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 31.—Senator Sherman introduced in the Senate today the following:

Resolved, That by the injurious legislation by the Fifty-third Congress, the revenues of the government were reduced below its necessary expenditures and the funds created by the issue of redemption of U. S. notes has been invaded to supply such deficiency of revenue; that such misapplication of the redemption fund is of doubtful legality and greatly injurious to the public credit, and should be prevented by restoring said fund to a sum not less than $100,000,000 gold, in exchange for notes, to be paid out only in redemption of U. S. notes and treasury notes, and such notes when redeemed to be reissued only in exchange for gold coin or bullion.

Against Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Allen (at the request of Senator Teller) introduced a bill prohibiting the issuance of bonds by the United States, unless Congress shall by resolution declare the necessity for them.

Union of Societies.

MONTICELLO, Ill., Dec. 31.—Commander-in-chief Walker, of the G. A. R., has issued a general order in which he appoints Past Commanders-in-chief S. S. Burdette, William Warner, A. G. Weissert, J. G. B. Adams and Thomas G. Lawler as a committee to act in unison with a similar committee from the various G. A. R. women's societies to effect a union of all these societies into one body, that their energies may be concentrated and strengthened, and all cause for division among them removed.

RAIN AND COLD.

Damage to Buildings Reported in Several Places.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, Dec. 31.—After a steady downpour of rain to date only all day yesterday, the wind suddenly veered from south to northwest early last evening, causing a rapid fall of temperature. The wind reached a velocity of 41 miles an hour here, and further down the lake is said to have blown at the rate of 75 miles an hour.

At Dunkirk, N. Y., it is reported the wind blew at the rate of 70 miles per hour. The telegraph lines are all down down at that point, both on the lake Shore and Nickelpate routes. The gale forced the water from the lake over the tracks. Since last evening the thermometer has fallen about 25 degrees.

ROARING WIND STORM.

BUFFALO, Dec. 31.—A roaring wind storm prevailed all night. At 6 a. m. it was blowing at the rate of fifty miles an hour. At 8 o'clock the velocity was about 35 miles. Only slight damage to buildings has been reported.

A BLIZZARD.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 31.—Following the heavy rain yesterday, a blizzard struck Pittsburg at 10 o'clock last night, and raged until daylight. The wind attained a velocity of 36 miles an hour. The telegraph wires were prostrated and communication with the East entirely cut off until nearly noon today. The mercury dropped 25 degrees in ten hours.

DAMAGE BY THE WIND.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—A cold wave reached this section today. It was heralded by a violent windstorm, which at 3 o'clock reached a velocity of 72 miles an hour. Bay Ridge, Staten Island, the Jersey shore and Coney Island received the full force of the wind.

As the morning advanced the wind decreased slightly, but it was still blowing fifty miles an hour at 10 o'clock.

The thermometer registered 32 degrees. In the interior of the state the storm was very severe. At Little Falls, the West Shore railway tracks were washed out. Reports from the Adirondacks indicate much damage by the wind.

THE NEW LOAN.

Details Not Arranged—Germany Will Take None of It.

BERLIN, Dec. 31.—The Wolff News agency, which has the closest relations with the German government, issued the following notice today:

The details of the new United States loan are not yet definitely determined on. The conditions, however, are expected to differ but slightly from those under which the last loan was offered. The loan will amount to about $100,000,000, of which a portion presently will be taken by Germany, all American banks and trust companies taking part in the operation.

NO TROUBLE IN GETTING MONEY.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—American bankers in this city have received private advices from Berlin confirming the announcement made by the Wolff News agency regarding the United States loan. The manager of Brown, Shipley & Co., said: "The rate will probably be 105 in New York, and 103 in London. We were advised this morning that there will be no trouble in placing loan in Germany."

ANNOUNCEMENT WILL BE MADE ON THURSDAY.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—Bankers in this city, in close touch with the administration, express the opinion that the announcement regarding the government bond issue will be made not later than Thursday. The details of the contract with the syndicate will closely conform to those of the previous issue. The loan is expected to be for $100,000,000, with option on an additional $100,000,000. The arrangements do not provide for any guaranty by the syndicate as in the last issue. Formal applications for allotments of the loan are being received today by J. P. Morgan & Co., who announce that no subscriptions will be received after 3 p. m.

Mr. Bores of Thomas, Morgan & Co. said: "None of the new issue will be floated in London, owing to the strained relations between the United States and Great Britain. The situation looks graver than ever this morning from a commercial point of view, partly on account of Senator Sherman's position. The affair has made a wonderful difference in the business between London and New York, and will result in the withdrawal of most of the American securities from England. We are sending some daily large quantities of these securities which were thrust upon the market. Some new bonds probably will be placed in Germany, but this has not yet been decided. In my opinion our American competitors have gone mad."

THE CONTRACT SIGNED.

The Evening Post in its last edition, says: The contract was signed this morning by all the members of the new bond syndicate, subject to the formal sanctions by the government. The syndicate agrees to furnish eleven and a half million ounces of gold, amounting to about $200,000,000 gold, the government to take half of this sum first, and to have the option of taking the other half and deliver four per cent thirty years coupon bonds at about the same price as paid for the last issue of bonds.

The managers of the syndicate are to receive a commission of 1 per cent. The price at which the last bonds were taken was $104.85, at which they yielded 4.1 per cent interest.

SITUATION ON CUBA.

The Outlook Said to be Gloomy for the Spaniards.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—A letter dated December 10 has been received at the Cuban revolutionary headquarters in this city from the agent of the Junta in Santa Clara. The letter gave extensive details as to the number of killed and wounded in the recent actions in the island. It said in part:

"By the file of newspapers received today from Havana I see that not even one-half of what has taken place here is published. From Mariel to Guanabacoa (two weeks) there have been eight late battles and we know positively that the Spaniards lost fifty-seven killed. From Hormiguero forty wounded were brought in yesterday and several more from other places.

"We have no communication with Havana, Cienfuegos, Sagua and other cities, as the telegraph lines have been cut and there are no mails. The only way to get a letter through is by a special courier. Under the circumstances you may well imagine the enthusiasm in which we live. Things look very black for the Spaniards."

SPANIARDS DEFEATED.

KEY WEST, Fla., Dec. 31.—An account has been received here of the recent fighting around Cuba, and of the rough manner in which the Spaniards were taken back.

Some of the Spanish armourers were nearly cut to pieces. One regiment composed of 2,000 men was practically destroyed. This brigade early in the engagement became detached from Campos's main army and tried to make its way to Cienfuegos. The gallant guerillas menacing and fed the Spaniards through a country swarming with insurgents. From every point of vantage the insurgents poured in a withering fire on the Spanish and all manner of ammunition of ammunition was lost. The Spanish retreat became a rout, each man seeking shelter from the bullets of the concealed foe.

After four days of incredible suffering the remnants of the brigade reached Fort Pendejo on the road to Cienfuegos. Of the 2,000 soldiers who began the retreat, 1,100 were missing. More than half the officers of the command were also missing. Many of the soldiers and officers had perished by insurgents' bullets, but the larger number had died from exhaustion.

For three days the troops were without food. All the horses belonging to the commanders were killed and eaten. Those who reached Santa Domingo were in a pitiable condition. Their guns had been thrown away. Their feet were bare and blistered and the clothing of many was in rags.

The account concludes by describing the arrival of wounded Spaniards pouring into the hospitals at Matanzas, Cienfuegos, Havana and other points since the formal fighting.

FOLD BY AN EYE WITNESS.

The Story of a Member of the Armenian Colony.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 31.—A member of the Armenian colony in this city has received a letter from a friend in Adana, telling of the latest massacres in the province of Adana. The writer was an eye witness to many of the scenes described. The letter is dated November 24th.

"The present condition of our city," he says, "is one of great danger. Wholesale massacres of Christians are expected at any time. A company of brigands, numbering from 1,000 to 1,500, has already pillaged and burned all the Armenian villages between here and Aleppo, a distance of 200 miles. No estimate can be given of the number of youths who are captured in these villages and outrages.

"The local officials, who are supposed to protect the people, encourage these destructive and bloodthirsty marauders. In other day a number of these marauders made an attack on Misis, nine miles from Adana. They plundered the buildings, tore down the churches, wounded a great number and mercilessly beat the defenseless priest who attempted to rescue his wife from the grasp of these outrageous villains.

Many of our prominent men are thrown into jail without the pretense of an accusation against them. They are left to hunger and thirst, and are tortured in the most indescribable manner imaginable. Our vali (the governor) always instigates the Mussulmans against the Christians. No one dares venture out on the street after 5 o'clock in the evening. Even in the daytime no Christians remain dares to attend church or school, because of the bands of Turks who are about the streets to capture these Christian women.

The other day the Turks made an attack on the American mission school girls on their way from church to their schoolhouse. They beat and wounded the superintendent's servant because he tried to defend the poor terror-stricken girls. The danger became so great that the superintendent sought refuge in Mersine. It seems there is no protection from any source whatever, even the English consul being indifferent to the atrocities committed.

"Business is all stopped, for the Christian business men do not dare to leave their store for fear of plunder. The farmers are robbed of their stock and their homes are pillaged and fired.

"It is the season to sow, but there is no seed, no cattle and no oxen to plow, consequently there will be very little or no crop next year. In addition to all the adversities described a great famine is expected."

Late news comes close home to Americans, for near Adana is located Mr. Fox's Mission, under Superintendent Christie and a corps of American missionaries. These Christian workers have had to fly to Mersine and place themselves under the protection of the American naval squadron represented by the cruiser San Francisco and the gunboat Marblehead.

HERE'S A WAY OUT.

The Proposed Solution of the Venezuelan Boundary Problem.

ENGLAND CANNOT ARBITRATE.

But a "Board of Conciliation" Would Save Both Countries from Humiliation.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—The Westminster Gazette late afternoon, in a leading article headed "The Way Out," says: "While the question intrinsically is not important, incidentally, it is of great importance. Great Britain cannot retreat from the position she has taken up, and the United States will not retreat from theirs. The only method of escape from this deadlock, which shall impose neither humiliation nor retreat on either side, is to find something which is not arbitration, but which is as like it as possible." The Westminster Gazette suggests that both countries agree upon a board of conciliation, not binding themselves, as in case of arbitration, except in honor, except in case the conciliation are able to suggest a compromise acceptable to both countries.

In conclusion, the Westminster Gazette remarks: "We fairly believe a scheme of impartial, sensible members of the judiciary of the two countries, could easily settle the matter by this method."

Evidence All In.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—The counsel for investigating Lora Dunham's charges against the Defender now is talking to his witnesses.

Killed by an Earthquake.

ROME, Dec. 31.—A strong earthquake shock was felt on Saturday at Cocciano in Corsica, three miles north of Noto. Several persons were killed and a number injured.

Sherman's Morning.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—The afternoon newspapers all regard the utterances of General Sherman on President Cleveland's message to Congress on the Venezuelan question as a plain warning that the danger is not yet passed.

Ordered Gold from Europe.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—Seligman, Wesnsteln & Co. have ordered $500,000 gold from Europe. It is rumored other houses are considering the question of importing gold.

Gold to South America.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—Muller, Schall & Co. will ship $500,000 gold to South America tomorrow.

THE WOOL INDUSTRY

Given a Deadly Blow by the Wilson Bill, Says Senator Mitchell.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 31.—In a speech in the Senate today Senator Mitchell contended that the industry had received such a staggering and deadly legislative blow as to call to mind upon the wool industry by the Wilson tariff act. It drafted from the United States within the last year $52,000,000 in gold to pay for the foreign wool and occasioned a loss to the wool growers in this country of nearly $50,000,000. Unless this legislation was changed the sheep industry of the Pacific coast would be annihilated.

Mitchell referred to the condition of the treasury and the President's appeal, and asked: "Would providing at the earliest possible moment legislation which will produce sufficient revenue to relieve the administration of the present embarrassment, other important questions should not be lost sight of in the consideration of our patriotic response to the President, and we should so legislate as to relieve from the danger of destruction some of the great industries stricken down by the Wilson tariff act?" Mitchell said the tariff bill passed by the House would probably increase the revenue $50,000,000 a year. Amended as it should be by affording wool, lumber, barley, hops and other agricultural products adequate protection, it will give an additional revenue of $50,000,000, and place a pedlock upon the so-called "endless chain" by which the gold is drawn from the treasury, stop all necessity for further issue of bonds and rescue from impending ruin wool and other agricultural interests of this country.

Many Victims of An Explosion.

BERLIN, Dec. 31.—An explosion of fire damp occurred in a colliery at Waldenburg, Prussian Silesia, 45 miles southwest of this city today. Fifty persons are known to have been killed or injured, and 17 others are missing. Twenty-one bodies have already been recovered. Twelve injured miners have been brought to the surface.

Forgeries at Wholesale.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 31.—A special to the Commercial Gazette from Ottawa, Ohio, says:

John J. Jones, an agricultural implement dealer at Bowling Green, on Saturday confessed to W. S. Lambert, the holder of a $100 note, that it was a forgery. Jones then took the train north and is supposed to have gone to Canada. Subsequent investigations indicated an aggregate of $25,000 forgeries, running through five years, and affecting farmers, banks and business houses.

Robbed the Stage.

UKIAH, Cal., Dec. 31.—The stage running between this city and Harris, was robbed this morning by masked highwaymen. Wells Fargo treasure box was taken, also registered mail packages. The amount secured is unknown.

The Steamer Blaine Sunk.

MANSTOWN, Pa., Dec. 31.—The steamer Jas. G. Blaine was sunk at this place during the night, near Long's Island, in ten feet of water. She struck a snag in leaving the landing. All the passengers were rescued. The Blaine was a packet plying to work Pittsburg and Nelsonburg, W. Va., on the Monongahela river. She was valued at about $13,000.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Dec. 31.—A terrific boiler explosion by which three men were killed, occurred at Law Colliery at Avoca, a mining town twelve miles from here this morning.

Senate Committee on Finance.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—Senator Morrill, the new chairman of the Senate committee on finance, said today a meeting of that committee will be called for Thursday to take up the House revenue and bond bills.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—In the Senate today Perkins (Cal.), asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a resolution directing the committee on finance to report an amendment to the House tariff bill, laying an additional duty on raw sugar equal to sugar increase of the bill.

Berry (Dem., Ark.) objected.

Chandler's resolution directing the committee on naval affairs to investigate the prices paid by the government for armor plate and as to whether any official of the government was interested in the patent processes, was adopted, although at the suggestion of Gorman the words directing the inquiry into the ratio as to whether the prices paid by the United States were as low as paid by foreign governments, were stricken out.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—The last session of the House for the year 1895 was a merry noisy meeting, lasting but a few minutes. Chairman Cowles in his report stated that party conferences might be held, that the rules might remain with the mace, (?) a flag, also could fly, and that Speaker had concluded: "With matters treated here, with clarity for all, let our action stand as an example to all the world, with justice written on her brow."

Mr. Neenan, the only Republican member from Texas, made a correction in the journal to show that he voted for the two revenue bills last week. At 12:15 the House adjourned until Friday.

THIRD DAY'S MINING CALL.

Applications for Membership Steadily Rolling In—Yannowich and Butler Stock Sold.

Interest in the new Mining Stock Exchange increases as each day goes on. At first, certain mining men were slow to act, feeling, perhaps, that it would not be a "go," but now all fears have been dispelled, and they are coming forward and making applications for membership, in a manner which makes the promoters of the enterprise smile with appreciative satisfaction.

This was election day with the Exchange—an election decreasing which of the number that have made applications shall become members of the new and semi-exclusive institution, the proposed organization. The ballot box was opened at 12 o'clock today and will remain so until 6 this evening, when it will be closed and the result canvassed. It was announced from the stand that they whose names were being voted upon, would not be apprised of either their election or rejection, until they had paid their initiation fee of $25. In case they were rejected, the money paid would be returned to them. As there will be no call tomorrow, the result of today's election will not likely be given out until Thursday, when the "bulls and bears" will meet again, ready for the fray.

For the next ten days the price of listing properties will be $50, while after that time a charge of $100 will be made, with $100 for examination of stock, which is an operation that each mine must be subject to, before being placed on the blackboard of the exchange. The names tested by today's election are as follows:

E. P. Ware, A. J. Dutton, Dr. M. N. Graves, Ogden, Utah; Nicholas Trowbridge, Parley L. Williams, M. Shaughnessy, J. E. Jackson, Charles Lambert, W. E. Germaine, J. H. Hickman, Kenneth Brimhall, J. W. Lacy, Ed. Richards, F. J. Leonard, F. J. Conway, C. L. Hamilton, G. S. Bothwell, Thomas Weir, N. H. Waterman, F. E. Cook, P. T. Farnsworth, J. H. Bennett, Colonel Isaac Trumbo, Frank Harbnes, W. S. Andrew, S. S. Minor, W. Huffman, E. D. Woodruff, F. Behrman, Ed. W. Duncan, J. W. Judd, James A. Street, Judge C. C. Day, S. P. Pendergast, E. G. Mathews, N. W. Clayton.

LISTED STOCK.

BIDS.		ASKS.
Anchor	4 24	4 30
Alice	50	55
Alliance		20
Bullion-Beck		3 00
Celestial Queen	15	20
Dalton	4 50	6 00
Eureka Hill		50
Eureka Mountain		10
Eureka Suli		1 00
Gemini		10
Grand Central		40
Horn Silver	2 25	
Iron Silver	1 00	1 05
Kerser	1 40	1 45
Mammoth		15
Marion		10
Ontario	25	
Ontario Consolidated		2 10
Silver King Coalition		1 75
Yankee Con	2 50	3 00
Yannowich		1 00

The call on unlisted stocks brought out Geyser which was offered at $1.50, no bids.

Shares in the Dalton were offered at 10½ cents, then 10¼, which was afterwards reduced by Hill offering 100 at 10 cents.

One dollar and forty-five cents was the price asked for Rover stock, but it brought out no takers.

Two and a half cents was bid for Little Pittsburg, with no offer from Hill of 5,000 shares at 3½ cents.

Eleven cents was asked for New American Natural Gas stock, but the highest bid made was 8½.

Stock of the Utica Gold Mining company was offered at 50 cent, but no buyers volunteered.

Forty cents was asked for Eagle property, but no bids were made.

Hill offered 50 shares of Ontario at $5.10, while 1,000 shares of Horn Silver Mining were placed on the market at $2.10.

SPOKE SOLD TODAY

The sales made were as follows:

Hill to Hewett, 100 shares of Mammoth & Silver Queen.

Cullen to Lowe, 200 shares of Dalton at 10½ cents.

For the Loss of His Wife.

Nicie P. Thompson, administrator of the estate of Annie Tunnice D. Thompson, deceased, with by his attorneys, C. M. Nielsen and John M. Zane, entered suit in the Third district court against the Rio Grande Western Railway company to recover $25,000 damages.

The complaint states that on December 16th, Mrs. Thompson, wife of the plaintiff and the mother of seven children, whose ages range from a year and a half to 19 years, was in the act of crossing the tracks of the defendant railroad company at the Germania smelter, Murray, when a train running at a speed of forty miles an hour came along without warning, the engineer having failed to blow the whistle eighty yards from the crossing, so negligently saw, ran into Mrs. Thompson, inflicting such injuries on her that she died the same day. Plaintiff demands judgment for the amount named.

Licensed to Wed.

Clerk Hanson issued marriage licenses this afternoon to the following parties: Andrew Mickelsen, aged 32, and Julia Larsen, aged 24; Edward W. Gaeler, aged 28, and Elizabeth Josephine Cavanaugh, aged 21; Philip T. Schlosser, aged 21, and Bertha M. Cady, aged 23, all of this city; David McNeil, aged 21, and Mary Jane Yates, aged 24, both of Bountiful; Louis W. Hewes, aged 26, of Honeyville, and Mary Evans, aged 23, of Salt Lake.

TERRITORIAL ITEMS.

Wasatch Wave: Geo. Daybell, one of the leading business men of Charleston and president of the creamery company of that thriving little town, was in Heber Saturday. He reports the creamery business steadily on the increase, so much so in fact that the company is unable to supply the present demands for their butter. An increase of the plant and the moving of it to a more suitable location are important changes to be made in the near future.

Millard county Progress: When we see so many young men on the street corners or on the sunny side of a building, we think they could do more good chopping wood for the widows than doing nothing.

Springville Independent: Mr. Nephi Packard, of this city, has been granted a patent, No. 531,464, on a new and useful chair. The object of the invention is the production of a rotary chair adapted by reason of its novel construction to expedite the operation of churning and to facilitate the removal of the product. The chair is in the shape of a barrel, hung from the axle of its greatest diameter on trunnions, and with a right hand work, or double-leather, inside. The dasher may be readily removed when the churn is opened. The chair is given an "over-and-over" motion by means of a crank attached to one of the trunnions.....The Springville Relief societies celebrated the eleventh anniversary of the birth of the Prophet Joseph Smith by a social dance and very enjoyable entertainment at Reynolds's hall. A picnic supper, dancing, singing, recitations, readings of sentiments suitable to the occasion, speeches, etc., made the evening pass pleasantly for the large gathering. Jerry Hill gave an outline of the life, work and character of the Prophet. There were members of people present who were acquainted with, or had seen Joseph Smith in life, and the bishop's remarks relative to the Prophet personally quite vividly to their minds.

Brigham Enquirer: A few weeks ago a forged check was passed at the Coop. The matter was placed in the hands of Sheriff R. E. Davis and last week he apprehended the guilty parties, two youths yet in their teens. They live out west of Corinne. They confessed their crime. The name of C. J. Rohwer of this city was forged to the check of $24.50. Mr. Rohwer declines to prosecute the youths. Had he done so it would have been a sorry day for them, forgery being a penitentiary offense. Great leniency was shown on account of this being the first case of wrong-doing known to have been committed by these boys.

Payson Globe: A mountain lion was prowling around in the south-eastern part of town Monday night evidently in search of food. During the night about three inches of snow fell and in the morning Mr. J. L. Tewksbury, the druggist, got up and went out on the porch, his attention was attracted by the foot print of some large animal on the porch, and on close inspection found that it had been a mountain lion. The beast had placed its front feet on the porch and left tracks about four inches broad. He made a tour of the premises and then went back into the brush along Payson creek. His tracks indicated that he had crept along very stealthily and at intervals the land leaded his tail into the snow. The deep snow had likely driven the animals down from the mountains and they are becoming very bold in their search for food.

The birthday of Joseph Smith was celebrated in a fitting manner on Monday at the Tabernacle. Programs, consisting of speeches, songs, recitations, etc., were rendered in the afternoon and evening. Many incidents were related by people who were personally acquainted with the Prophet. The old folks enjoyed themselves very much.....The Salt Lake Tribune says: Of the Arabians, who came up to attend the funeral of David Fairbanks, is down with measles.....On emerging from the Hotel Frances at noon Monday, we observed a young lady kneeling down in the snow, and upon inquiry as to the cause of such humiliation, learned that she was only paying her last respects to a wad of chewing gum from which she had masticated all the sweetness.

FYLER DENOUEMENT.

All Interested Parties Appear Before the Bar Today.

THE WITNESS ADAMS ARRESTED.

Attorney Varian Asks For His Dismissal.—Says Summer Has No Jurisdiction.

At ten o'clock this morning the time set for the hearing of the Fyler-McKeon case in Commissioner Sumner's court, all interested parties but one were present and ready to proceed—the complaining witness, Adams, included, he having been arrested at Ogden last night, and brought to this city under an attachment, to testify in the case, which—it was the instrument in bringing before the public.

The absent one was C. S. Prosecuting attorney J. T. Richards, who, upon investigation, was found to be in Provo, thus necessitating a call on either Judge Judd or Howat.

An interlude of about fifteen minutes was had, during which time Mrs. McKeon was engaged in fanning herself to keep down the oppressive heat of the court room, while Mr. Fyler passed away the time in a book before him.

At this point Judge Judd filed in an affidavit a recess be taken till 2 o'clock that he might acquaint himself with the case.

Varian, representing Adams, asked permission to take the prosecuting witness, who was under attachment, to his office, that he might have a talk with him.

Judd consented to that modus operandi as he was wanted to join in conversation with complaining witness.

Judge Sumner—The court will postpone this case till 2 o'clock and will give parties concerned to understand that the hearing will be proceeded with regardless of the absence or presence of anyone.

THIS AFTERNOON'S SESSION.

Promptly at 2 o'clock the witnesses and principals, with their respective attorneys, filed into Judge Sumner's court. The room had to be cleared of the morbidly curious to enable the participants to be seated.

Before opening the case, Attorney Richards for the prosecution asked that the complaint be changed to the extent of altering a trifling technicality, which was not objected to by the defense. Immediately after this motion, Attorney Varian, on behalf of the apparently reluctant prosecuting witness Adams, interposed the following motion:

"Now comes Samuel Adams under arrest by attachment as an alleged disturbing witness herein and moves the court for his discharge on the ground that the commissioner has no jurisdiction to attach or punish for contempt in these proceedings nor to compel a witness to testify.

After an objection on the part of the prosecuting attorneys, he proceeded to cite numerous authorities to sustain his argument that the arrest of Adams for contempt was without the jurisdiction of the court. Judge Judd and Attorney Richards replied that a commissioner possessed the right to compel a witness to testify and further slightingly referred to Mr. Varian's statement that this scandal was to be aired for no legal end as according to Mr. Varian's remarks that it is a week when Utah becomes a State her laws on adultery, polygamy, etc., would be null and void.

Mr. Varian was giving his answer when the NEWS went to press.

Latter-day Saints' College.

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, Latter-day Saints' College, Dec. 31, 1895.

On account of the general holiday announced for Inaugural Day, January 6, 1896, the sessions of the College will not be resumed until Tuesday, January 7, at 9 a. m.

WILLARD DONE, President.

Chamber of Commerce.

The board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce will hold their regular meeting Friday evening, January 3rd next, beginning at 8 o'clock.

Inspection Postponed.

The inspection of Troop C, N. G. U., that was to have taken place tomorrow at the Exposition grounds, has been postponed until further notice. Regular weekly drill will be held next Thursday evening, at the city and county building at 7:30 o'clock. All members of the troop are requested to be present.

SKELETONS STRIKE THE HOUR.

THE REMARKABLE CLOCK OWNED BY A HINDOO PRINCE.

Here is a description of a most remarkable clock belonging to a Hindoo prince. Near the dial of an ordinary-looking clock is a large gong hung on poles, while underneath, scattered on the ground, is a pile of artificial human skulls, ribs, legs and arms, the whole number of bones in the pile being equal to the number of bones in twelve human skeletons. When the hands of the clock indicate the hour of one, the number of bones needed to form a complete human skeleton come together with a snap. By some mechanical contrivance the skeleton springs up, seizes a mallet, and, walking up to the gong, strikes one blow. This finished it returns to the pile and again falls to pieces. When 2 o'clock, two skeletons get up and strike, while atnoon and midnight the center heap springs up in the shape of twelve skeletons and strikes, each one after another, a blow on the gong and then fall in pieces as before.—Philadelphia Enquirer.