# DESERET EVENING NEWS: MONDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1903.

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## DESERET NEWS 'PHONES.

Persons desiring to communicate by telephone with any department of the Deseret News, will save themselves and this establishment a great deal of annoyance if they will take time to notice these numbers:

For the Chief Editor's office No. 74, 3 rings.

For Deseret News Book Store, 74, ringa

For City Editor and Reporters, 359. 1 rings

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## HUNT HIM DOWN!

The peace officers in this city should not allow the miscreant who so brutally assaulted a respectable young woman on Sunday night, to escape the just penalty for his crime. And the officers at Fort Douglas are in duty bound to aid in the identification and arrest of the miserable scoundrel. This matter must not be dropped with the first endeavor and failure to capture the ruf-The victim of his violence is flan. sure she can identify him, and the marks of her nails on his face will aid in doing so. For the sake of the women and girls of the community, the atrocious outrage of Sunday night must not go unpunished.

We have no desire to interefere in any way with the authority or discipline of the command at the Fort. We have always upheld the military in its

formed girl messengers. Further, Mr. ] doing on the part of officials required Stead says: "Depots wil be established to uphold the law. The Governor reat various points in the city, at each of cently authorized General John Q. Canwhich I expect to have a 'poste resnon to investigate the charges against tante,' which do not exist in London the guards employed by the Utah Fuel now. There will be a free telephone, company. He performed this duty and circulating library, reading room, or a returned his report which has been place of call, and, I hope, an autopublished in the city papers. It is writmatic restaurant. If a wife who has to te nin a spirit of fairness and carries stay at home wishes to send a meswith it the conviction that the charges sage, all she has to do is to put it in an have not been warranted by the facts. envelope in the morning, and in two The zeal of the officers entrusted with hours it will be at the depot. The the enforcement of the law, is rather it message will be sent on to the tradesbe praised than blamed. So long as they act legally and within the lines man, the article desired being delivered of their duty they should receive the C. O. D. in the afternoon. It is a sosupport of the public. When they are cial experiment as to whether one can use a newspaper social service, libelled, no matter by whom, they have shall be a sort of preaching friar, who an undoubted right to be vindicated will be willing to act as a maid of all by lawful means. An attorney has no work." The world is accustomed to look more right to libel an officer or a comto this country for original ideas, but mon citizen than any other person has. in this case, Mr. Stead is far ahead. and if he breaks the law he ought to be However, when the possibilities of prosecuted with at least equal vigilance journalism in the kitchen and the groand severity as if he were an ordinary

ery shop are demonstrated, further individual. progress in that direction may be look-We think the report of Gen. Cannon ed for, and a journalistic field may sets the situation in a clear and combe discovered in the cleaning of chicken prehensive, light, and we therefore see coops and the whitewashing of fences, no reason why martial law should be for instance. Eternal progress! proclaimed, or that there should be any change in the proceedings until the Christmas comes on apace and the likelihood of danger from evicted or bills do follow. rejected strikers has entirely passed.

### COMPULSORY ARBITRATION.

Chicago Record-Herald announces that a bill providing for the creation of a national arbitration tribunal, for the settlement of labor disputes, will in the near future be introduced in congress by Senator Cullom. This tribunal is to consist of the secretary of the department of commerce and labor, ex-officio, and five other members to be appointed by the president. It will have power to summon representatives of both sides of the controversy, and all papers and information that may be necessary to an adjudication of the differences between employers and employes, the purpose of the measure being to avert a strike and the losses to mechanics and enployers incident to a strike while th

matter in dispute is being heard. The great difficulty with any such the Illinois guarrel. A wise decision for he may have troubles of his own. measure is to induce, or compel, the parties to the dispute to avail themserves of this means of settlement, and to abide by the decrees given. The bill referred to proposes to force the parties thereby building up their own "fences." to arbitrate, by the pressure of public opinion. A refusal to submit to arbiundoubtedly chose the longest day in tration is to be followed by a complete the year for the convention because it. disclosure of all details relating to the

anticipated a long session. dispute. It is supposed, however, that the proposed national commission, There was no room in Westminster it is composed of men of the Abbey for Herbert Spencer's remains, highest ability and integrity, can exeryet the English pantheon holds many cise a moral force through the powers and many a man of far lesser note. conferred by the law that would insure acceptance of its decrees as being just The dealers are preparing to make

since

and equitable. war on the free seed practise. What There is some objection to "compulthey want is to compel both the govsory" arbitration, and it is thought that, ernment and the people to buy of them. it would be unconst-tutional. But "com President Harper says that New York can not understand Chicago, nor pulsory" arbitration does not curtail the rights of laborers to cease working, when they prefer to take a rest, or can it understand the University of Chicago. Still New York understands when they think the wages paid are lower than they deserve. Nor does it a thing or two. nterfere with the right of employers to change hands, or to go out of business It simply means that when a difference of opinion exists between employers and employes regarding wages, hours of labor, and similar subjects, it shall be unlawful to strike, or to lock out, in order to force an agreement, and the matter shall be laid before the properly constituted board for settlement. Some such arrangement is called for by the fact that industries not directly concerned are generally made to suffer the consequences of any big strike. This is manifestly wrong. The laws must be made to protect the innocent party. Else what is the use of states and laws? ... For each one to protect his interests the best he can, is a retreat to primitive conditions. THE ROOT OF THE EVIL.

resistible movement of national expansion, reflects no credit on those who accept the responsibility for it by accepting its results," says the London Chronicle. The Chronicle strains at the Panama gnat, but it swallowed the Boer camel all right.

## THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Oakland Enquirer. The annual message, no matter how much it may be praised by editorial partisans, is still made up of a large partisans, is still made up of a large amount of chaff containing, hidden away in it, a few grains of wheat. If the chaff could be carefully winnowed off, the grain would be more easily found. As it is, few have the patience to seek it. to seek it.

#### San Francisco Chronicle.

In concluding the message, a large space is devoted to a full statement of the recent action of the government in relation to the isthmian canal and the republics of Colombia and Panama, A ncise historical review is followed by a statement of the reasons controlling a statement of the reasons controlling and justifying the recent action of the United States. This portion of the message, however, is too interesting and important to be epitomized, and should be read in full by every Ameri can citizen.

#### Milwaukee Wisconsin.

A strongly written passage of the message is directed against official cor-ruption. The official who sells his sacred trust for his own gain and enrich-ment, the president says, is as wicked as the murderer. 'The corrupt efficial ment, the president says, is as wicked as the murderer. "The corrupt official and the man who corrupts the official alke aim at the assassination of the common-wealth itself. Government of the people, by the people, for the people, will perish from the face of the earth if bribery is tolerated." "No city or state, still less the nation, can be in-jured by the enforcement of law. As long as public plunderers when detected can find a haven of refuge in any fortom else why should it keep bounding an find a haven of refuge in any for can had a haven of peruge in any eign land and avoid punishment, just so long encouragement is given them to continue their practises. If we fail to do all that in us lies to stamp out share out s corruption we cannot escape our of responsibility for the guilt. The first requisite of successful self-government is unflinching enforcement of the law and the cutting out of corruption.

#### Kansas City Star.

Mr. Roosevelt delivered himself more Panama is preparing to hold a constrongly than ever on the subject criminal betrayal of public trust. E views and his action on corruption departments are well known. He ublic has never regarded personal interests or party expediency in the prosecution of charges against bribers, grafters, naof charges against block, postal abuses and public land swindles. In his eyes there is no politics in the prosecution of criminals or the rigid demand for hon-est men in positions of trust. Those who are tearing down fences on the public lands in Nebraska are

Chicago Record-Herald. The message compares the conduct of the United States and Colombia, to the

great disadvantage of the latter, and after a summing up of the case says that "the government of the United States would have been guilty of folly and weakness, amounting in their sum to a crime against the nation, had it acted otherwise than it did when the revolution of Nov. 3 tast took place in Panama." He asserts that honor de-manded that the United States should act as it has acted in the interest of civilization, that it is its duty to build the canal, and that the enterprise "can-not be held up to gratify the whims of or out of respect to the governmental impotence or to the even more sinister and evil political peculiarities of people who, though they dwell afar off, yet, against the wish of the actual dwellers on the isthmus, assert an unreal su premacy over the territory."

#### Boston Transcript. The president then p

asked as a favor."



own sphere. We have been able to do this with pleasure here, because of the gentlemanly and peaceable disposition and deportment of the officers. But we must say there seems to have been some laxity, either in camp regulations or their enforcement, for some time past. Soldiers are permitted to stay down town till a very late hour, as may be seen by the crowds which fill up the street cars going to the Fort towards midnight. The condition of some of the "boys in blue" is such then that they are a menace to peace and good order, and insobriety does not seem to be regarded as an offense against military regulations.

We do not wish this to apply in all cases or even to the majority. Many of the soldiers who go to camp at that late hour act like gentlemen, and no fault can be reasonably found with their conduct. But it does appear necessary to institute closer inspection of the men who come reeling into quarters at a very late hour, and who are quarreisome and reckless, and sometimes a nuisance to their sober comparions and to other decent passengers on the cars.

For the sake of their own reputation, the soldiers who were with the brute on Sunday night should assist in his identification. They know who it was that stepped off the car to follow that young woman, and they will violate no rule of comradeship or of military honor, by giving him up or pointing him out to justice. The thought that men's wives, sisters or daughters are not safe, in walking alone for half a block at night, from the violence of villains wearing the uniform of the United States army, is so repellant as to arouse the highest indignation. Let the brute be hunted down and dealt with according to the law both civil and milltary.

Since the foregoing was put in type we learn that the assailant of the young ·lady has been identified, arrested and turned over to the civil authorities. There was a strong feeling of wrath among the soldiers, who have no sympathy with the criminal, but were so highly incensed that there was danger of his being lynched by them, and the officers have very properly surrendered him to the police. Now let him have a fair trial, and then let justice take its course legally and without tumult or disturbance.

REPORT ON THE SITUATION.

In the dispute between the striking miners and the Utah Fuel company the Deseret News has advocated the maintenance of law and order. It was because of violations of law and threats of disorder that the militia were ordered to the scenes of disturbance. The Governor received the support of bona fide citizens of all classes and parties, In sending the National Guard to preserve the peace. We firmly believe that this step was necessary, and that life and property have been preserved in consequence.

Contradictory reports have reached this city concerning the course of the civil and military authorities at the coal camps. These have doubtless been exaggerated on both sides. But no deafternoon paper, appearing in the file proofs have been given of wrong- morning. It will be delivered by uni-

Reports show that 118 homicides were ommitted in Chicago last year. Eleven of these are classed as "justifiable," so that the record of murder for that city for one year is about two a week. This is contrasted with the record of London, which, although the population is more than three times that of Chicago. was only 20 murders for the same period. The coroner attributes the fearful condition in Chicago mainly to the fact that anyone can procure a revolver, and he suggests that legislation be adopted for the prevention, as far as possible of irresponsible persons carrying arms. "I believe," he says, "that if every dealer in firearms were compelled to take the name and address of each purchaser of a revolver and forward same to the chief of police daily, it would restrict their sale, and while it may not eradicate the evil it would

tion." The recommendation certainly is entitled to consideration, but a remedy must aim at the education of public sentiment to a regard for human life, It is the disregard of this that makes people desire to carry arms and kill on the slightest provocation. It is difficult to see how the sentiment can be changed, as long as murderers are not surely and promptly dealt with according to law, without regard to social status, wealth, or sex, In England the laws are more promptly and more impartially applied than here, and the effect is just as noted in the comparion between Chicago and London. One of the most efficient remedies against rime is the unerring application of the

doubtless be a step in the right direc-

law. When the law speaks with uncertain volce, sometimes condemning and sometimes exonerating, not according to facts but according to the fancies of lawyers and juries, it is brought into contempt among the masses, and they become a law unto themselves. Is that not the real secret of American lawlessness?

UNIQUE JOURNALISM.

A unique newspaper enterprize is that which has been planned by the celebrated London journalist, William T. Stead. His idea is to combine with the newspaper, a messenger service. Another peculiarity is that it will be an

And now Secretary of War Root has been talking "foreign war," and has found it necessary to make an explanation. Welcome the day when the big military men will talk common sense! Dr. Harper says that Boston is prov.

The boys are doing what they can to

A short road to wealth-from Rock-

Steel preferred must have struck bot-

The coldness of the Depews to Mrs.

Nothing beats a slippery sidewalk for

taking a fall out of a man unless it be

stitutional convention. This is more

The President refuses to take part in

The Republican National committee

revolutionary than the revolution.

T. C. Platt must be due entirely to the

efeller's residence to Wall street.

keep the snowball rolling.

up?

weather.

a banana peel.

ncial, and the Hub papers retort by saying that he is narrow. If the learned and the cultured talk like this of each other, what shall common people say of each other when they fall out. Pittsburg bid a hundred thousand

dollars for the Republican National convention, but Chicago got it for sixty thousand, showing that a Chicago nomination is deemed to be worth at least forty per cent more than a Pittsburg one.

Mr. Justice Brown of the United States supreme court has no intention of resigning from that august tribunal. though assured that it will not be long ere he loses his evesight entirely. He has accustomed himself to work with the assistance of others, a secretary and members of his family doing his reading for him, and writing out his opinions at dictation. Justice Brown's ease calls to mind the fact that the blind Milton dictated his "Paradise Lost" to an amanuensis, usually one of his daughters.

"A distinctly unpleasant episode in international politics will thus come to a conclusion, and it will be a relief to very one, and especially to the best friends of the United States, when oblvion can cover an act which, however, t may find its justification in the ir-

