

DESERET NEWS.

SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1851.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the law of the Congress of the United States, approved Sept. 9, 1850, organizing a Territorial Government for Utah, provides that the Governor of said Territory shall, after enumerating the inhabitants, make an apportionment of the members of council and House of Representatives, in accordance with the ratio of population in their respective counties; therefore, I, Brigham Young, Governor of said Territory, have caused the following apportionment to be made, and direct that an election be held in the respective precincts throughout the Territory, on the first Monday in August next, in accordance with the existing laws of the provisional Government of the State of Deseret, regulating the elections passed by the General Assembly Nov. 12, 1849, page 9, for the election of the following officers, viz:—6 councillors and 13 representatives for Great Salt Lake county; 2 councillors and 3 representatives for Weber county; 1 councillor and 3 representatives for Davis county; 1 representative for Tooele county; 2 councillors and 3 representatives for Utah county; 1 councillor and 1 representative for San Pete county; 1 councillor and 2 representatives for Iron county.

At the same time and place in the respective precincts, an election will be held for a delegate to the House of Representatives of the United States, to represent said Territory.

BRIGHAM YOUNG, Governor.

N. B. The sheriffs of the several counties will give due notice and advertise the same accordingly, in three of the most public places in their counties. B. Y.

G. S. L. City, July 1, 1851.

The judges of the county courts of Utah Territory will recollect, that, according to the laws of the provisional Government of Deseret, regulating elections, passed by the General Assembly, Nov. 12, 1849, page 9, the elections in the several counties for probate justices, justices of the peace, sheriffs, constables, &c., will be held on Monday, the first day of August next. Therefore, be vigilant, and govern yourselves accordingly.

THE ORIENTAL STORY, in this paper, we recommend to the careful perusal of all judges, magistrates, and jurors, and especially to all high councils and counsellors in Zion, and that they copy the wisdom which is manifest in the decisions of the Cadi; and when all judges and counsellors shall judge thus righteously, we shall not hear of the guilty going free, and the innocent being hung on false or circumstantial testimony, as frequently as we now do. Men who cannot get wisdom enough to judge according to truth and justice, had better resign the bench and council chamber, and give room to men who can. Think of this, elders in Israel, and consider the responsibility that is resting upon you; and let all judges search for wisdom and use it; and if they can find nothing better, read the modern Haroun-Al-Raschid over again.

We had not the privilege of participating in the celebration at the Lake, on the 4th inst., but have published the proceedings in brief, as furnished us by Mr. R. Campbell.

The season continues very warm and dry; the mountain streams low; the winds brisk and frequent; much more so than last season.

Elder John Taylor's family have not received a line from him since he left the Missouri river; though they have written to him nearly every mail. Frontier Guardian and Millennial Star, please copy.

The church barn is rapidly progressing, and the tithing office is ready to receive a large amount of hay, which may be a great accommodation to those who have commenced their hay cutting, and have no place to store it.

We are in immediate need of cash to pay for paper and other fixings: will some of our friends please to notice the pencil bills accompanying this paper; and our agents remit as speedily as possible. Our large press is en route for the valley, and we expect it will be ready for use about the close of the present quarter of the News.

Salt Lake City, Post Office, July 9, 1851.

MAILS.—The mail leaves this office on the first day of every month for Independence, and also for Sacramento. The mails close at 6 o'clock of the previous evening, when all letters must be in to ensure remittance.

Also, the mail leaves on Monday and Thursday of each week for Brownsville, Weber county, (where Isaac Clark is post master,) calling at Miller's creek, Davis county, (where John S. Fullmer is post-master.) This mail closes at 6 o'clock the previous evening. This mail returns on Tuesdays and Fridays.

Post-masters in the villages from this to Iron county, have received their appointments; but no notice of contract for carrying the mail on that route has reached us. We expect it next mail.

Postage on single letters, or less than half an ounce, 3 cents, pre-paid, and 5 cents unpaid, for any distance in the United States less than 3000 miles, and for any distance over 3000 miles double those rates. Letters to Canada 5 cents pre-paid, or 10 cents pre-paid to any part of Canada. Letters to England 24 cents; letters to France or Denmark 5 cents, pre-paid, AND NOT PRE-PAID, NOT SENT; but, far safer for our friends to pay twenty-four cents, and send them to our agent at Liverpool. The design of the cheap postage system, is, to secure pre-payment.

Frontier Guardian, April 4, says,—His majesty, the king of Denmark, has accepted the Book of Mormon, who, with other members of the royal family, is examining it. The Book of Mormon will be at the World's Fair, in the English, French, and Danish languages, by the industry and perseverance of our missionaries in those countries. There

is quite a branch, we hear, in Calcutta.

CALIFORNIA MAIL, due 30th June, arrived July 2d, very light.

Summary from Sacramento Placer Times, May 31, and San Francisco Herald, May 1.

A riot in Nevada court room, six or eight discharges of pistols; proclamation of the mayor, calling on citizens to enrol for law and order; twelve Indians shot at crossings near Johnson's ranche, and three militia; fearful earthquake at Valparaiso, 2d April, which continued forty seconds, many buildings and cathedral at Santiago seriously injured; Indians causing great trouble in stealing stock, &c.; about a dozen killings, stabbings, hangings, and murders are reported; the seat of government is removed to Valijo; Indians very hostile along the Humboldt, and California generally; May 3d, one half of San Francisco destroyed by fire, loss in merchandise \$5,000,000, buildings \$3,000,000, Stockton half burned a few days after; lump of gold 104 oz. found by Mr. Bailey on Poor Man's creek, \$1,664, mining interest good, 'tis supposed \$150,000,000 will be gathered this year; agriculture is improving; provisions and goods cheap; population of Oregon, 13,323; real estate in New York city, higher than in 1836, so look out for breakers; new hay \$60 per ton at Sacramento; an unusual rain has favored vegetation, and the climate of California is undergoing a gradual change; rumors are rife in California, that a secret expedition is planning for the purpose of revolutionizing Lower California; there is a post office at Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, and mails are ordered every opportunity from S. Francisco; in the settlement of the late difficulties with the French, the government of the Hawaiian king does not recognize the right of any foreign nation to dictate or prescribe laws to them on matters which affect only the religious belief, or secular education of the subjects of the king; \$20,623,905 in gold exported from California during the first three months of 1851; the British Australian colonies have petitioned the queen to transport no more criminals into that country; Sacramento is said to have been on fire when the mail left; a part of the city of Boston was inundated during a violent storm on the 17th April. The tide was higher than ever before known. The custom house and the buildings on long wharf were flooded.

A line of steam propellers is to be established between Liverpool and Chagres immediately.

India Rubber horse collars and saddles stuffed with air instead of straw, by T. L. Coleman, must be an improvement in horses' breathing.

Prince Albert is said to be the sole originator of the World's Fair, which was opened at London on the first of May, at noon, by the queen in person, in presence of her "Idol, the Prince," ministers of state, and a few thousand such gentlemen and ladies as were disposed and had the means to pay a few guineas for tickets. So far as reports have reached us, the Fair goes off very fair; and the people are greatly delighted.

Jenny Lind gave a handsome donation to the poor of Cincinnati at her late visit; but nothing to the poor at Pittsburgh. Why this partiality? She looked for the poor; saw them all well fed and fat; and put her purse