PRESIDENT, YET NOT PRESIDENT.

Dr. Self Finds Himself in a Great Dilemma at Apia.

HIS APPOINTMENT IGNORED.

Bailey Tripp Elected Chairman of the Steamer Committee—Reference About Future Plans.

San Francisco, June 1.—The steamer Alameda, from Australian ports via Honolulu, and Honolulu, arrived here today and brings the following from the Associated Press correspondent at Apia, dated May 16th:

The United States steamer Badger, bearing the commissioners of the United States, Great Britain and Germany, arrived at Apia on the 14th inst. The commissioners have elected Mr. Tripp the American representative chairman. On their arrival they received words of welcome from King Malietoa Tanu and from Mataafa, both letters were acknowledged.

The commissioners are rendezvoussing in their place and their proceedings. It has not been to be their purpose to hold any public sessions. Up to date they have been busily engaged in preliminary and in useful study of the situation. They have had interviews with the three consuls, the admiral and officers of the British warships, the chief justice and representatives of the London Mission society and the Roman Catholic Mission. They have also discussed in a thorough and exhaustive examination of all concerned in connection with the trust and proceedings in the English matter.

The afternoon they were to have an interview with King Tanu and immediately with Mataafa. Mataafa and his chiefs are coming up to Apia at the request of the commissioners, and have preliminarily hitherto a safe passage to and from Apia.

In connection with the Kingship question, the chief justice has been asking as chief justice if he could further render a copy of the docket on file in the supreme court. The chief justice did so at the same time he is acting informed the commissioners that he did so from a desire to assist them in their investigation, that he cannot for himself and his court, notwithstanding the difficulty of the situation in Apia, the full power and authority of the court as exercised in the Samoan Islands. He does not wish to be regarded as abrogating the powers or privileges. The commissioners stated in the English letter was that, and was not subject to criticism or objection at the hands of the commissioners.

The commissioners, in reply, were strict non-committal and simply acknowledged the receipt of the chief justice's letter. The chief justice has been informed by the chairman of the commissioners that the commissioners cannot, in Apia, do not intend in any way to interfere with the powers or authorities of the municipal government. The chief justice stated that he was aware of the court will proceed in the usual way.

Dr. Self, who was constituted president of the municipality, arrived in the last mail from San Francisco. He is in the house of a friendlier. A president was set up by the three treaty powers, and yet he is no president. He is not the president. He is not even a member of the municipal council. He is not into office and assume his duties before the arrival of the commissioners. Before he came to Apia he was informed that as there was to be a provisional government in Samoa, he had better apply on his arrival to the consuls to fill the late office. The first to whom he mentioned that the president had been appointed by the Samoan government, Dr. Self, in an official on the foreign service, of the Samoan government. He stated and said he would not be allowed to act until he had obtained the sanction of the three treaty powers. In the face of his consuls and governments officials, acts to and thereby recognize the Samoan and his government. He avoided the arrival of the commissioners. He has now ensconced all kinds of existing authority in Samoa, and as such he is now the sole representative of the power for a president.

He had applied for the secretaryship of the municipal council, but this will be addressed to Mr. Morgan, who came out as Commissioner Tripp's private secretary.

ALFGELD WILL RESIGN.

He Writes from National Democratic Ways and Means Committee.

Chicago, June 1.—A special to the Times-Herald from Lafayette, Ind., says: John P. Alfgeld intends to be free from any official connection with the Democratic ticket, and will shortly send in his resignation to Bryan and if he is re-elected by the Ohio Valley Democratic convention, he will resign as member of the "Bryan committee" on the behalf of the Nebraskan and this action was followed today by his resignation of his position to Senator Vest, the ways and means committee of the Democratic National committee.

"Yes, I am going to resign," he said in an interview. "The ways and means committee is a great committee, and when such things were the cause of trouble. I think we have acted and acted well. I intend to resign, and if this was not the case a change, I believe the other members will resign also."

Friends have urged this as simply confirmation of their interest that the Illinoisan is now Mr. Bryan's campaign manager. They say he is chairman of the "committee," he is more than likely to call for contributions to the tune of 10 to 1.

ADMISSION OF NEW MEXICO.

Governor Otero Thinks it Will Come at Next Session of Congress.

Chicago, June 1.—M. A. Otero, territorial governor of New Mexico, arrived at the Auditorium Annex last night from Washington, where he has been on official business. While in Washington he called on President McKinley and tendered to the Government on behalf of New Mexico the entire regiment of volunteers if there should be another call for troops for service in the Philippines, he said:

"During my stay in Washington I discussed the question of New Mexico's admission to statehood. I am encouraged at the outlook and I think the Territory will be made a State at the next session of Congress."

THE DEWEY HOME.

Has That It Shall Pass to His Spouse if Not Favorably Received.

New York, June 1.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says:

The suggestion of Admiral Dewey that the home which it is proposed to purchase for Admiral Dewey should be his only while he remains at the head of the navy and at his death should fall to the lawful widow of his wife, was not met with favor at the hands of the committee in charge of the collection of funds.

The members of the committee said at several interviews to it which, from their point of view, seem that the home, they are in a village to the outlook and heavy services of Admiral Dewey, presently, and that they desired to another address for the reason that the rank will die with the man who has the at the battle of Manila.

Mr. Hearst, the first assistant postmaster general, a member of the national committee in charge of the collection of funds, has received orders from the chairman of the committee that he will accept no gift from the American people.

STATUE TO BUCHANAN.

President Hayes Ambassador Coulon on His Rich Letter on the Law.

Washington, June 1.—The French ambassador has received the following from the minister of foreign affairs of the final approval of President Faure of the project to erect a statue to the distinguished President James Buchanan at the place of his birth.

"Excellency:

"The President begs me to acknowledge the report through your kindness of the letter of the committee of the Chamber of Deputies relative to the erection of a statue to the General Coulon de Buchanan.

"He feels that your conditions will express his thanks to the committee for their courtesy and assure them of the interest which he attaches to American ties fail to this tribute to the memory of one of the most distinguished of the sons of the War of Independence. The honors of foreign rulers. Presidents who then fought to the side of our own soldiers will always serve as a tie of the friendship between the two nations.

"I am, by that ambassador, with sentiments of the highest consideration,

"Your obedient servant,

"JOHN HAY."

The committee referred to has been formed in Paris and includes numerous statesmen and distinguished soldiers of France with M. Lemoyne de Vieux, member of the chamber of representatives, Kinsard ambassador and former governor general of Indo-China, Cuba, and of Madagascar, as president of the committee. The statue will be ready unveiled in September or October.

A GRAND BALL IN MANILA.

Philippines Commission Gives One of Most Brilliant Ever Seen There.

Display of Gorgeous Native Toilets—Array of Handsome Women Surprised the Americans.

Manila, June 1.—The Philippines commission last night gave one of the most brilliant balls Manila has ever seen. It was one of a series of social functions given by the commission to foster friendship between the Americans and the natives. The commission has the hearty support of leading men in Manila, including the bishop. The grounds surrounding it were illuminated with the house itself was decorated with the American colors.

The newly-appointed judge, Gen. Otis, a number of other American officers and many wealthy native were present. There was a display of gorgeous native toilets and many pretty were seen and the array of handsome dresses surprised the Americans. There was a long program of Spanish and Filipino dances, followed by the rendering of several instrumental selections, ending with "The Star Spangled Banner."

United States Senator Albert J. Beveridge, who left here some time ago, has made a lovelight's trip to the southern islands of the Philippines. He has returned to Manila and the money other taken, or shots before the steamer sailed for Cebu, a one divided among the cowardly Indians who were among the passengers.

MATAAFA AND HIS FOLLOWERS

They Comply with Admiral Kautz's Proclamation.

DISARMAMENT OF NATIVES.

The Grand Question Before the Commission—If Not Done, Lives of Whites are in Danger.

Apia, Samoa, May 16, via San Francisco, June 1.—When Admiral Kautz issued his proclamation of June 2nd directing Mataafa and his following to keep beyond certain defined limits around Apia, the proclamation dispersed according to what notice some days and as soon found, followed by a notification to Mataafa that unless the chiefs were outside the prescribed limits in twenty-four hours he would be treated as if they were hostile. Mataafa's people at once complied with the admiral's demands, and the chiefs were all outside the prescribed limits in the time specified.

KAUTZ INTENTION.

It is the intention of Admiral Kautz to leave here three days after the sailing of the mail steamer Alameda, and he is now thinking over the others and their duties that some troubles will be sure to arise. The Badger is now here and the Bennington will leave Honolulu, the Marion and the Newark is expected at any moment, and the Adler is hourly expected. There is no need for him to wait for a considerable period longer.

Dewey Health Improving.

Hongkong, June 1.—Admiral Dewey's health is improving, and he is keeping very quiet in the Peak hospital. He is now able to be in the city and enjoy the sunshine. He will not go Tuesday. According to the present plans, he will not visit Kowloon or Canton, but he will go to Hongkong and Shanghai in October and will proceed thence to Hongkong and Japan to New York, where he expects to arrive in the spring of October after a leisurely voyage.

Gross and Porter Released.

San Francisco, June 1.—William J. Gross and J. S. Porter, who were taken to police headquarters and questioned in connection with the murder of Detective Burns, of Sacramento, on the 19th inst., have been released. Gross and Porter had an alibi for the night of the murder, and it was found that Gross and Porter had no connection with the murder of Detective Burns. It is said there is a well known young man of Fresno, and another in Sacramento, who left the town on the night of the murder, and left for Australia. The police hold to the theory that the men who killed Burns are in hiding, and have left the town for good or better reasons. The police have ascertained that Gross and Porter had no connection with the murder of Detective Burns. It is said there is a well known young man of Fresno, and another in Sacramento, who left the town on the night of the murder, and left for Australia. The police hold to the theory that the men who killed Burns are in hiding, and have left the town for good or better reasons.

Gen. Otis Will Not Resign.

Washington, June 1.—Gen. Otis, who is reported to have cabled his resignation, is not in the city, but it is understood that he will not resign. He is now in the Philippines, and it is said that he will not resign, but will continue in the service of the United States. He is now in the Philippines, and it is said that he will not resign, but will continue in the service of the United States. He is now in the Philippines, and it is said that he will not resign, but will continue in the service of the United States.

ESTERHAZY'S CONFESSION.

He Declares that He is the Author of the Famous Bordereau.

Now Time for Telling the Whole Truth Has Arrived—He Will Not be Betrayed.

London, June 1.—The Chronicle says that Maj. Count Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy called at the office last evening (Friday) with a confidential friend and after declaring that the time had arrived when he could tell what he knew, although betrayed, he was ready to make a full confession. He was accompanied by a friend, who, he had kept silence in the essential point, made the following statement:

"The office of the army was completely abandoned me. My cup is full, and I speak out.

"I was ordered to write and preserve proofs. I was I who wrote the bordereau. I wrote it upon orders received from my superiors.

"Everyone," the Chronicle said, "proceeded to explain that he received the bordereau from Colonel Sandherr, head of the intelligence bureau, and that it was not possible through officers belonging to the ministry of war and it was necessary to crush the entire party in an official evidence before the judgment."

Esterhazy said that he was ordered to write the bordereau by the French general staff, and that he was in the confession, therefore, charging the responsibility upon the general staff. "The will be in the days gone by," he said, "I have done right. I have made that I have done right. I have done right. I have done right.