THE DESERET NEWS.

OPENING REMARKS APOSTLE F. D. RICHARDS. AT THE Genera Conference at Provo, April 4th, 1886.

It is very delightful that wc find our-selves this morning so comfortably sit-nated. The good people of Provo have diligently labored to provide a place for us to meet in; but it is very appar-ent that the same class of circum-stances attends us here, that has fol-lowed us during all the progress of our growth, which may be expressed in scripture phrase, "The place is to strait for us." The elements seem to be kindly favorable for our assembling be kindly favorable for our assembling together. When we contemplate the condition

of God's people and their existence on the earth, I do not know that there ever was a day where we had more sound reason to be glad—to rejoice and to praise the Lord, than we have this morning.

It is true, we have experienced times

sound reasen to be glad—to reloice and to pra'se the Lord, than we have this imorning. It is true, we have experienced times when a greater degree of liberty has been enjoyed by the Latter-day Saints, when the First Presidency, the Council of the Twelve Apostles, and Elders of the various quorums of the Church, could meet in General Conference without fear of molestation; being free to come, to go, and to move at will among the people. But it is a question is whether, so great liberty as we have had, could be extended to us always, with the best results, as touching our present and eternal welfare. It is a fact shown in history and de-clared in holy writ, that they who live godly in Christ Jesus shall suffer per-secutiou. There does not appear to be auything uncertain or ambignous about that manner of speech. Therefore, where we have things pretty much our own way, we may well question whether we are living as near to the Lord as we should do. But while we cannot and do not court opposition, we have to meet it by reason of the fact that the adversary of truth is cognizant of the fact that the Lord has chosen to establish His Church on the earth for the last time. And our mis-sion is "pace ou earth, and good will to all men," if they will but receive it, but if they will not receive the truth, then the other saying of the Savior becomes applicable: "I come not to send peace, but a sword." "Father shall be arrayed against the daughter," etc., and a man's foes shall be they of his own household. It is just as uccessary and important that we should test the truth of these sayings, as any of the more peaceful and happlfying promises. All arc necessary to complete the programme of our existence, our growth aud in-crease upon the earth. "We have scasons of great outward prosperity and also those of apparent adversity—when everything appears to be at a standstill aud eyen dead; nature iself, declares it to be a necessary con-dition. After the husbandman has sown his grain, nursed its growth aud harvested the crop,

THE DESERT NEW

lore. I do not see any occasion for our knees to knock together, our heads to droop, our hearts to feel heavy, or our faces to look sad. Let every man and woman put on the armor of rightcous-ness and live so near to the Lord that His Spirit shall be with them; and their faces will glisten with joy, be-cause the silent triumphs of truth will be manifest to them continually, and we shall rejoice more and more until

as thoughtful as they should have been. It is very annoying to lack, as use do, important information because of the incompleteness of reports. I trust that all parties concerned will, henceforth, bear in mind, that at the Annual Conferences, all the reports should be brought in. We should have reports from the Temples, from the Relief Societies and the Associations. It is very important that we should make our reports, that they may go upon the records and form part of our history. It is vastly better for us to represent ourselves, than to be mis-represent ourselves, than the transplay and the plan and known how everything was to be, we should be so easy about it that our faith would be greatly slackened. The splrit and genius of our work is that we, in faith, watch and pray continually; for we know not the hour that the thefer may come. The Savior made this expres-sion in illustration of what the condi-tion of the human fauliy would be; that the specific time of His coming should he hiddeu from the world, but this we do know, that He will not come until the Gospel is preached to all the world as a witness. It is being preached to all the mations of the earth; and how pleasing to know that the is-lands of the sea, and even the ends of the earth, are yielding un their native

proves a disturbing element in their families. Iu the days of Jesus, people were going on in their quiet old way, thinking there should not be, any more revelation; that all things were to remain as they were in the beginning. When the Gospel of Christ comes to such people, how wonderful-ly it works! it gets into a family, and sets, one against another; proving a source of joy and comfort to those that receive it, while it embitters the feel-ings of those who reject it; and this division of feeling exists until the honest in heart are gathered out, one of a family, and two of a city; while the others are left to fill up the measure of their iniquity, in the rejection of the truth.

truth. Does it occur to you, my brethren, that in this great land which all na-tions look upon as a choice land, that heretofore two whole nations have been destroyed from the face of it? When the Jaredites were brought here from the time of the con-fusion of tongues, which occurred about 2,000 years before the birth of our Savior, they flourished 1,400 years, became exceedingly numerous and powerful, built towns and cities, towers and fortifications, and had all the evidences of an advanced state of civilization. In the course of time they became sinful, haughty and proud; un-til their wickedness at last led them to dissensions and strife, which resulted in the total destruction of that mighty race. They fought against and des-troyed each other until there were but few left. So complete was the destruc-tion of the Jaredites, that the forces were reduced to but two warriors; the leaders of the two great factions. And they fought against each other until the darkness overtook them; and they slept upon their swords, and, On the morrow, renewed the struggle. They fought until one fell dead, aud the other fell fanting on his Sword. Again, the Lord brought out from Jerusalem, six hundred years B. C., Lehi, Ishmael and Zoran, who became the ancestry of another great and mighty people, including also Mulek and his company who came some ten years after. They saw the remains of the Jaredites; witnessed their bones around the hill Ramah, bleached and bare; and it was made known to them how their brethren had fallen. They in turn occupied the land, and became a mighty people until some four hundred years after the coming of Christ. This people also obtained the favor of God to a wonderful degree, insomuch that the Savior established His Church among them. This book, (the Book of Mornion), is a record and history of the people that lived on this western hemisphere, and is a history of the manner. For the Lord promised this choicest of all lands to the house of Joseph, to the seed of Ephraim and Manassa, telling them t

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tion, and that they are humiliated in the eyes of their tribe. In East India we find another people whose conscientious couvictions lead them in a very different channel of thought and action. There, when a man dies leaving a widow, her con-science leads her to believe that she cannot in any other way show proof of her fidelity to her deceased husband except in voluntarily offering her body to be consumed upon the funeral pile of his grave. The widow is not taken by force and burnt, as some imagine; she offers herself willingly in order to satisfy her religious convictions; and in the ending her life she, according to her standard of education, offers indubitable proof of her marital fidel-ity.

There then we find people in one part of the earth who, in order to appease their conscience, will deliberately take the life of a fellow-creature; and in another part where they voluntarily give their own life, as a means to answer a similar conscientions demand. As with the American Indian, so with the Oriental races, their education forms and determines their conscience.
The Apostle Paul tells us that he even held the garments of the men who participated in the stoning to death of Stephen. Would you not suppose that he feit sorrowful, after he found the truth, that he had anything to do with the arresting and putting to death of believers in the Lord Jesus Christ; of consenting in thought, or a cting in any way whatever in the shedding of innocent bio0? Notwithstanding the inhumanity of the work of persecution in which he took a prominent part, he was a dew and believed in alewry; and what may be considered still more extraordinary was the fact of his being a bighly educated man, having been brought up at the feetof Gamalel, and ianght in all the learning of the Jewish people. Yet, he says after enumerating all these things which he had done: "Thave lived in all good conscience auto this day." In arresting true believer in christ and casting them to death, he was merely vindicating the supremacy of the law of Moses, as it is called, as to heresy, which was a capital crime worthy of death. And Paul was merely soling the part of a conscientious bigoted man when he was senged persecuting the formerday Saints.
Latter-day Saints should be exceedingly thankful that they have the revelations of God's holy will, and that by obedience thereto, and the inspirations of the Holy Spirit, their consciences are formed and conformed to this sample reme ataudard of eternal truth. Their education teaches them that to fear God and keep His commandments is the night set and most important duty for dwith all thy heart, and the prophets." This is the read and the prophets. This is the calor will be ideg