

THE DESERET NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 7.

SALT LAKE CITY, WEDNESDAY MARCH 25, 1868.

VOL. XVII.

ESTRAYS.

I HAVE in my possession the following animals:—
One 2 year old red HEIFER, white belly, no marks or brands.
One 8 year old brindle COW, underbit out of left ear, no brands visible. Which if not sooner redeemed, will be sold at the Stray Pound in Wanship on Friday, April 10, 1868, at 1 p.m.
STEPHEN NIXON,
Stray Poundkeeper, Wanship.
March 12, 1868. sl3:2w7:1

Original Poetry.

GLOOM OF AUTUMN.

Hail ye sighing sons of sorrow,
View with me the autumnal gloom,
Learn from thence your fate to-morrow,—
Dead, perhaps laid in the tomb!
See all nature fading, dying,
Silent, all things seem to mourn:
Life from vegetation flying,
Calls to mind the mouldering urn.
Nations die by dread Bellona,
Through enraged tyrannic kings;
Just as plants in pale Pomona,
Fall, to rise in future springs,
Mournful scenes when vegetation
Dies by frosts, or worms devour,
Doubly mournful when a nation,
Falls by neighboring nations' power.
Death and war my mind oppresses,
Autumn shows me my decay,
Calls to mind my past distresses,
Warns me of my dying day;
Autumn gives me melancholy,
Strikes defection through my soul;
While I mourn my former folly,
Waves of sorrow o'er me roll.
Lo! I hear the air resounding,
With expiring insects' cries;
Ah! their mourn, to me how wounding,
Emblems of my wretched sighs,—
Hollow winds around me roaring;
Noisy waters round me rise;
While I sit my fate deploring,
Tears fast streaming down my eyes.
What to me are autumn's treasures,
Since I know no earthly joy!
Long I've lost all youthful pleasures;
Time must health and youth destroy.
Pleasures once I fondly courted,
Show'd each bliss that youth bestows,
But to see where once I sported,
Now embitters all my woes.
Age and sorrow since have blasted
Every youthful pleasing dream;
Quivering age, and youth contrasted;
Of how short the glories seem;
As the annual frosts are cropping
Leaves and tendrils from the trees,
So my friends are yearly dropping,
Through old age and dire disease.
Former friends, O! how I've sought them,
Just to cheer my drooping mind,
But they've gone like leaves in autumn,
Driven before the dreary wind.
When a few more years are wasted,
When a few more springs are o'er,
When a few more griefs I've tasted,
I shall fall to rise no more.
Fast my sun of life, declining,
Soon will set in endless night;
But my hopes, pure, and refining,
Rise to future life and light!
Cease this fearing, trembling, sighing,
Death will break the sullen gloom;
Soon my spirit, fluttering, flying,
Must be borne beyond the tomb!

WHAT IS THE USE.

What is the use of trimming a lamp,
If you never intend to light it?
What is the use of grappling a wrong
If you never intend to right it?
What is the use of removing your hat,
If you do not intend to tarry?
What is the use of wooing a maid,
If you do not intend to marry?
What is the use of buying a coat,
If you do not intend to wear it?
What is the use of a house for two,
If you never intend to share it?
What is the use of gathering gold,
If you do not intend to keep it?
What is the use of planting a field,
If you never intend to reap it?
What is the use of buying a book,
If you never intend to read it?
What is the use of a cradle to you,
If you never intend to need it?

By Telegraph.

Chicago.—The Republican's special says Hancock arrived at Washington this afternoon and immediately went to the White House and was closeted with the President. The inclement weather prevented the Democrats from giving him that reception which had been prepared.

Lorenzo Thomas was present at a regular Cabinet meeting to-day.

Gen. Grant, by order of the President, detailed Gen. Halleck to command the fifth military district.

San Francisco, 20.—The Assembly has rejected the amendment to the federal constitution, 46 to 24.

The Oregon Democratic State convention, to-day, nominated J. S. Smith for Congress, and declared unanimously for Pendleton as President.

London, 20, midnight.—The latest advices from Shanghai state that the civil war in Japan had resulted in the defeat of the Tycoon, who, after a disastrous battle with the combined forces of the Damios fled to Jeddo. The government of Mikado has addressed a note to the foreign ministers in Japan and pledges itself to the faithful observance of the treaties.

A dispatch from Constantinople reports that the Grand Vizier complains of the aid indirectly furnished by Russian transports to small bands of Cretan insurgents in the mountains, and claims that this alone prevents the restoration of complete tranquillity to Candia.

New York.—The most terrific storm for years commenced last night and still continues this morning. A heavy northeast gale accompanied the snow which has badly drifted. The street railroad travel is suspended, and navigation by the Brooklyn ferries is very difficult and only occasional trips are made. No accounts of disasters are yet received.

Florence.—Garibaldi has written a letter to Minister Marsh, declining to be the agent of the United States Government.

Chicago, 22.—The Republican's special says, there is great interest felt over the proceedings of the impeachment trial to-morrow. It is believed the President's counsel will ask a further delay, which won't be granted.

House.—The managers will have their application ready to be presented on Tuesday and so proceed to trial on Wednesday. The impression gains ground that after using all dilatory measures possible, when the Senate refuses to grant a further delay, the President will tender his resignation, claiming that he cannot have a fair trial.

Dates from Bogota to the 13th ult., say the Columbian Congress was in session. President Acosta, in a message acknowledges that the country would have been bankrupt but for the million dollars received from the Panama railroad company for the new contract. The State of Tallima was rebellious, the rest of the country was tranquil. The Columbian army has been reduced two thousand. War between Chili and Peru is no longer apprehended. A dispute has arisen between the Chilean government and the French House of Armand for the violation of a contract to furnish iron clads, the delivery of which was forbidden by the French government. Chili had advanced a large sum to the contractors, which they return. The republic was quiet except the department of Peuno, where much uneasiness prevailed.

Washington.—Accounts from Crete relate a massacre committed near the end of January in which upwards of sixty Christians were killed by the Turks in the fortresses of Heraclion and Rethymans. The Grand Vizier, instead of punishing the murderers, gave a cordial welcome to the chief. The Cretans still maintain their independence.

The ministerial crisis at Athens resulted in the withdrawal of Movantini and the formation of Bulgari's cabinet. The new administration has issued a procla-

mation to the people, which characterizes the forthcoming parliamentary elections as destined to express the will of the people, and enjoins the utmost regard for the maintenance of law and order, so that all the aspirations of the Greeks for their suffering companions may be attained and displayed without the violation of the condition or the interruption of peace. The proclamation is equally emphatic with regard to the assistance due to the suffering Cretan families.

New York, 23.—The Herald's Sydney correspondence gives an account of scandalous behavior on the part of Prince Alfred and five young men who accompanied him in a recent visit to Australia. The people were very indignant, and the press does not hesitate to abuse him roundly, and advises that a Mentor be sent in future with this young Telemachus.

Specials from Havana state that there had been three strong shocks of earthquake at St. Thomas, and that business was paralyzed. General Baez had not arrived at St. Domingo. The cholera had disappeared. Awful shocks of earthquake had been felt at Porto Rico; the inhabitants were fleeing for safety.

The Tribune's special says the ways and means committee have finally determined to retain the two dollars tax on whiskey.

Constantinople, 20.—The diplomatic intercourse which has been temporarily interrupted between the Turkish Minister of Foreign Affairs and Morris, the American Ambassador at Constantinople, has been resumed since the receipt of the favorable dispatch from Secretary Seward, tending to the adjustment of the difference which had arisen with the American Legation.

New York, 21.—A large schooner, lying on the East River, sunk this morning; four persons are said to be probably drowned.

Senate.—Ramsey presented a bill to reorganize the post office department, and to fix the pay of officers of the post office. The appropriation bill was then taken up and considered, after which the Indian appropriation bill was considered.

House.—The session was devoted to a general debate in a committee of the whole, the principal topic being the financial question.

Ottawa.—A bill is in course of preparation by the government to enable Americans to take out patents in Canada on the same terms as Canadians do in America.

Philadelphia.—The storm has abated, after raging twenty hours; the drifts in some places are fifteen feet deep. The railroads are blocked.

New York.—The storm still continues to-night unabated; travel is much impeded and considerable damage has been done by the gale.

Cork.—Captain Mackay has been sentenced to imprisonment with hard labor for twelve years.

Boston, 21.—The snow storm, the severest of the season, still continues.

Berlin.—The Council of the North German Confederation has approved of the treaty recently concluded with the United States, securing the rights of naturalized American citizens.

Vienna.—The upper house of the Reichsrath has rejected the motion made by the clerical party to defer the action upon the civil marriage law until a change is made in the Concordat.

San Francisco, 21.—A bill, creating an insurance commissioner and repealing the insurance deposit law, has passed both houses of the Legislature. The suspension of Henry Carleton, Jr., is announced, his liabilities are not stated. A meeting of his creditors is set for the 23d of March. Breadstuffs dull, prices unchanged. Legal tenders 72.

Vienna.—The remains of Daniel Manin were brought back to Venice yesterday, with solemn ceremonies. The procession passed through the Grand Canal, which was crowded with gondolas, many of which were superbly decorated. The affair was a great popular demonstration in honor of the Venetian patriots.

London.—Dispatches from Rome state

that Admiral Farragut continues to receive the most distinguished attention from the Papal government, and is overwhelmed with invitations and public honors, which in his present disabled condition he is compelled to decline.

An Imperial Ukase is promulgated from St. Petersburg which removes the few remaining distinctions between Poland and other provinces of the empire, and obliterates all traces of Polish nationality in the government at Warsaw. It completes the absorption of Poland into Russia, as an integral portion of the empire.

Additional particulars of affairs in Japan are received. The country was quiet, the rebellion of the Tycoon having been effectually suppressed. There was reason to hope for a strong government in conjunction with the Mikados, or spiritual Emperor.

Washington, 23.—House.—Proceedings unimportant.

Senate.—At half past twelve the Senate resolved itself into a court of impeachment.

Correspondence.

SALT LAKE CITY, March 21, 1868.

Editor News:—The name of the astrologer, who after foretelling a number of remarkable things could not tell who had taken and hid his wagon wheel, and had to leave Gunnison with a borrowed one, is John Sanderson of Springfield. In the first place, I am sorry that he, or any one pretending to have faith in the gospel of Christ, should attempt in this manner to take advantage of the ignorant; and in the second place I am extremely sorry to find persons in our midst so miserably lean in their comprehensions of truth and error, as to be misled and gulled by such imposters. Oh, how humiliating it is to see a person holding the priesthood of God going to astrologers, necromancers and soothsayers for information respecting gold mines, lost stock, grasshoppers, &c. Judging from what we read in the papers, there is scarcely a city, town, village or hamlet in all christendom, but what has its fortune-teller, to which source no doubt mankind are partly indebted for the instability and recklessness of society. Utah needs no such trashy and pernicious aids.

In this connection I may be pardoned for referring to a person, (whose name has left me,) vending a recipe for cheap and speedy tanning, obtaining from the unwary large sums of money. He proposes to convert hides into good leather in an incredibly short time, and to dress and tan skins, furs, &c., in scarcely no time at all. For skins his process would probably do pretty well, but for tanning hides he knows the expense is much greater and the time is not near sufficient to make good leather. I have submitted his process to old tanners, and they agree in saying it is a miserable humbug. I would not have noticed this scheme, but for knowing that hundreds of dollars have been paid to this person for county and settlement grants to use his process,—this is to caution the unsuspecting. I may add, the pamphlet from which his processes are learned is dated 1842, and like the thousand and one Yankee sells, is long since defunct in the States.

Respectfully, &c.,
A. MILTON MUSSEY.

INFORMATION WANTED.—OF CHRISTIAN CHRISTENSEN, born in Nebe, Denmark, and SORREN CHRISTIANSEN, born in Fredericia, Denmark. If either of the above persons should read this notice, or any person knowing either of the above persons, will give any information by letter or by calling on Mrs. A. E. Millet, at the house of John Taylor, Sen., Salt Lake City, they will confer a great favor on a party much interested in learning their whereabouts.
JOHN TAYLOR, Sen.
w7-2t.

PIONEER NURSERY,
Brighton.
STAINES & LETSON.
SEEDLING APPLE TREES! FOR SALE
CHEAP at WHOLESALE.
w5:1m