

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

## By Telegraph.

Per WESTERN UNION Telegraph Line.

## GENERAL.

NEW YORK, 12.—The latest returns indicate that the Assembly will be a tie. This is on the supposition that a Republican is elected in Fulton and Hamilton; as that district is still doubtful. If a Democrat is elected, then the Democrats have a majority of two; otherwise, it is a tie.

NEW YORK, 12, LONDON, 12.—Rumors are rife of a rupture between Bismarck and Von Beust.

CHICAGO.—The *Tribune's* special says the credentials of the French minister, appointed by the National Government to succeed Provost Paradol, are here awaiting the arrival from Chile of the minister expected by the next steamer from Panama. M. Berthold is still without communications from the new government.

Mr. Parchald, of Texas, one of McGarrahan's counsel, who was shut out of the interior department by Secretary Cox for writing insulting communications to its officers, prints a card this evening, evidently by way of retaliation. The following is a specimen: "I say unqualifiedly of myself, and I am sure I can for Shaw, and every other attorney engaged for McGarrahan, that if any such letter was ever shown to Cox, or any body else, it was a wholesale forgery, and I believe the statement to have been a mere invention. As to the claim itself, Cox makes not one statement about it which is not grossly false or largely exaggerated."

It has been decided not to make public the sentences in the cases of the defaulting paymasters, until they have all been disposed of.

WASHINGTON, 12.—It is reported that the Chief Justiceship of the U. S. Court of Claims, a life position, recently resigned by Judge Casey, will be tendered to Senator Williams of Oregon.

The Cabinet remained in session an unusual time yesterday, and everybody concluded the impending bureau changes and appointments were the subjects of discussion. It transpired, however, that nothing of the sort was considered, other questions monopolizing the meeting.

CINCINNATI, 12.—David Gibson & Co., extensive liquor dealers of this city, suspended yesterday. Their liabilities are \$600,000, including their secured papers. The firm claim it is not a failure, but a suspension, from which they will recover shortly.

NEW YORK, 12.—Another swindling operation was brought to light to-day. It is alleged that a man named Robeson, from Detroit, has been purchasing tobacco here for some time past, and, up to to-day, had bought about two hundred thousand dollars' worth. He paid in notes, one quarter cash, and the balance to be paid in monthly installments. To-day he was arrested, at the instance of tobacco dealers, who charge him with obtaining goods under false pretences.

A special to the *Herald*, London 12. Your correspondent, writing from Lille on the 11th, says the effective force of the army of the North, under arms, is estimated at 37,000, and is capable of being brought up to 40,000 by recruits from Arras, Dorn and Valenciennes, raised by conscription.

Special to the *World*, London 12.—A despatch to the *World*, from Tours, has the following full details of the victory of Gen. d'Aurellis over Von Der Laun. The engagement commenced both at the east and west of Orleans, on the 9th inst., and was continued until the evening of Thursday. During Thursday the French drove the Prussians from Orleans, inflicting severe loss on them, and are now occupying that city. Gen. Van Der Laun, with the remnant of his army, is now retreating on the road leading from Orleans to Pithwirs, after vainly attempting to force his way through Chateau Neufaud and Montargis, where he hoped to join the army of Prince Frederick Charles. Gen. d'Aurellis has a force of fifty thousand men on the north bank of the Loire and seventy thousand on the south bank. The destruction of the roads and bridges, between Commerce and Orleans, prevented the advance of the army under Frederick Charles. He has about seventy-five thousand men, a great part of whom are probably north of the Marne. d'Aurellis will march directly on Paris and assail the German lines between Versailles and Mont Valerien, while Trochu makes a sortie with 150,000 men, to cut his way out and raise the siege.

The *World's* correspondent, writing

from Versailles on the eighth, says no bombardment of Paris will take place for a long time yet, if ever. The hope now is that the city can be starved out. The truth seems to be that the constant and accurate fire from the French forts has greatly embarrassed and retarded the German operations, and rendered much of their work useless.

A dispatch to the *World*, London, 12.—A special to the *World* from Tours to-day, says the whole loss of the Bavarians in the battles of the 9th and 10th was 3,140 men killed, wounded and prisoners. Von Der Tauns, effective force on the morning of the 11th was estimated at 20,000. He was then at Tourg, twenty-five miles north of Orleans, where he was joined by General Wittich and Prince Albrecht who, with one division of infantry and one of cavalry, 12,000 men strong, marched from Chartres to his aid on the evening of the 11th. He was further reinforced by the Duke of Mecklenberg with a corps composed of 23,000 men of all arms. This gives the Germans at Tourg a force of 56,000. General d'Aurellis employed, in all the engagements, up to the 9th and 18th. A source of 75,000 men.

Special to the *Herald*, London 13. On Saturday morning a special courier arrived from St. Petersburg, with dispatches to Granville, said to be of a serious character. Dispatches were sent from the foreign office last night, by special messengers, to Vienna, Florence, Copenhagen and Constantinople. The Ministers left town yesterday, but will re-assemble early in the week.

Many believe that a Russian fleet will be at the Dardanelles next week. Extraordinary activity exists in the army and navy departments. A general European complication seems imminent.

A special from Berlin, says: "A semi-official complaint has been made that England's attempts at mediation were made simultaneously with the issue of the six per cent French loan; and that false reports of the success of the armistice were spread by England, and hence the collision between Granville and Thiers."

A prominent banker here has been arrested for subscribing to the French loan, though it was proved he acted on an order from an Italian banker, who was to cover the transaction by a remittance direct from Italy to London. The banker was held in custody, the authorities refusing 50,000 thalers bail.

BOSTON, 12.—Samuel Marble is under arrest at Plaiston, N. H., for the murder of his wife by beating and kicking her.

SAN FRANCISCO, 12.—Senators Casserly, of California; Williams, of Oregon; Fenton, of New York; and Representatives, Loughridge, of Iowa; Fitch, of Nevada; and Cavanaugh, of Montana; left for Washington to-day.

Rich gold diggings are reported to have been discovered near Lincoln, California.

The latest returns from Nevada show that the Democratic State ticket is elected by a small majority. Kendall, Democrat, beats Fitch, Republican, for Congress, by about two hundred.

OMAHA.—C. W. Mead has resigned his position as Assistant General Superintendent of the U. P. R. R.

RALEIGH, 13.—Gov. Holden has revoked his proclamation of March and July, declaring the counties of Alamance and Caswell in a state of insurrection.

WASHINGTON, 13.—Mr. Treilhard, shortly after his arrival at New York, yesterday, telegraphed the fact to Washington and made enquiry depending on an answer to govern his future movements. It is known that this gentleman was appointed by Napoleon, successor of Minister Berthany, but he has received no endorsement by either the Paris or Tours governments. Under these circumstances Treilhard has been informed that he will not be received in a diplomatic capacity by this government. Berthany, therefore, continues as representative of France until relieved by proper authority, although it has long been his desire to return to France to his family.

NEW YORK.—A *Tribune's* cablegramme, dated London, the 13th inst., states that a special correspondent at Versailles, telegraphs on the 13th, that he has trustworthy information which represents that the Paris supplies will not last exceeding three weeks, and that the Prussians are not likely to bombard the city.

The Manchester *Examiner*, of the 31st ult., says, a large ship, named the *German*, which sailed on the 8th ult. for St. Johns, N. B., was wrecked on the reef of rocks in St. Ives Bay, Cornwall. All hands were lost. The crew

numbered twenty-two men, of whom no tidings have been heard.

A novelty arrived this morning at Communipaw, in the shape of a palace stock car, with eighteen cattle, from Chicago. Each animal occupied a separate stall, at the head of which was a box supplied with feed and water.

Several hundred workmen were discharged on Saturday from the Brooklyn navy yard. Others will be discharged this week.

NEW YORK, 14.—The *Tribune's* Washington correspondent telegraphs last night as follows: "When the President left here on Friday evening, it was given out, semi-officially, that his visit to Philadelphia was of a strictly private nature. It is learned, however, that the visit is not merely private but has a strong political significance, which will be fully developed soon after his return. The President's friends assert he is anxious to have Pennsylvania represented in his Cabinet, having so expressed himself on several occasions lately; and that his present visit to Philadelphia is for the purpose of consultation with some of the leading men, that a fit and proper selection may be agreed upon. Pennsylvanians who have been visiting the President lately, have been making the point, that as New York is hopelessly Democratic and Pennsylvania is strongly Republican, the latter State should have a preference in the Cabinet. The President does not agree in the assertion that New York is hopelessly lost to the Republican party, and will not allow her to go unrepresented in his councils. He now admits, however, that Missouri is thoroughly Democratic; that the recent victory of Gratz Brown in Missouri makes what used to be termed the border States a unit against the Republican party, and, consequently, nothing is to be gained to his administration by giving to these States the most powerful office in the way of political patronage within his gift. Hence it is understood that Cresswell will retire from the Postmaster General's office, and that a Pennsylvanian will be appointed in his stead. This statement is from the President's own partisans, and should be considered trustworthy."

HAVANA, 14, via NEW YORK, 14, 2:30 p.m.—The court martial in session here has condemned to death all the leaders of the rebellion, members of the various Cuban juntas, and all other persons who have been instrumental in the rebellion. The estates of all such will be confiscated.

Associated press dispatches, London, 13, and Tours dispatches, dated Friday evening, repeat the statement that there was fighting all day on Thursday, near Coulmiers, in which the French were successful, and that Palliers occupied Chevilly, north of Orleans, taking 600 prisoners and two guns.

A special to the *World*, London, 13.—A careful condensation of reports received here, by high medical authority in the British army, from all the German armies now in France, shows that the aggregate deaths of German soldiers averaged from twenty to fifty per day; which is due in a great degree to bad sanitary arrangements and neglect of sick and wounded. The opinion in military circles here is universal that, unless the Germans can end the war before January, their final defeat is inevitable.

WASHINGTON, 14.—It is reported from trustworthy source that Fish will withdraw from the Cabinet before the termination of the present Congress. It is said to be his desire to resign after the assembling of Congress, but it is understood to be the President's wish that he remain during the session. Judge Edward Pierrepont is spoken of as successor to Fish.

A special says an Oregon delegation, representing the war debt of that State, which amounts to three or four millions, is here and pressing Senator Williams for the Chief Justiceship of the Court of Claims, vice Carey. The correspondent says they speak confidently of success, though that seems hardly probable, as the understanding a few weeks ago, in official circles, was that at the end of his Senatorial term, next March, Williams would be offered the position of Attorney-General, in place of Akerman, who is anxious to retire to private life, through ill health.

ST. LOUIS, 14.—The *Republican* has returns from all but eight counties in the State, from which it claims that the lower house of the Legislature stands: Democrats 78, fusion 14, liberals 21, Republicans 17. In the Senate, it says, neither party will have a clear majority, but there are enough fusions who will co-operate with the Democrats to make that body substantially Democratic.

A Washington special says an effort is being made to exclude Senator Schurz from all Senatorial caucuses, and drop him from important Senate committees, especially the committee on foreign affairs.

Governor McClurg, of Missouri, is spoken of in official circles for an important bureau office, to be made vacant soon for him.

The New Orleans *Times* has reports by that steamer of a duel off Havana, between the French gunboat *Bouvet* and the Prussian gunboat *Meteor*. The Spanish war steamer *Hernando Cortes*, with the Captain General of Cuba and other prominent officials accompanied the *Meteor*. De Rodas was umpire. The fight lasted one hour, when the *Bouvet* withdrew. Both vessels were badly damaged. The *Bouvet* reports one killed and several wounded; the *Meteor*, three killed and one wounded. Another fight is expected. Both vessels returned to Havana.

NEW ORLEANS, 14.—The official returns of the election show that the Republicans made a clean sweep of the city, by over 5,000 majority. The Republicans claim four Members of Congress. The 5th District is doubtful.

A special to the *World*, London 13.—Among the subjects discussed at the Cabinet meeting was the *Alabama* question. The government decided to instruct Thornton to ascertain, as far as possible, the disposition of the American government as to the reopening of the question, and to intimate the readiness of England to go over the whole discussion again.

Information from Spain intimates the growth of a formidable opposition to the election of the Duke of Aosta.

A special correspondent telegraphs from Florence on the 11th that the canvass for the election of the Italian parliament is proceeding in the country with great animation. The clerical party are actively at work in the southern provinces, in behalf of candidates with Ultramontane principals and, where they are unable to elect candidates of their own, are giving support, secretly, to the candidates of the most violent Republicans.

Dissatisfaction exists in the Papal States on account of the application of the Italian system of heavy taxation. Disturbances have broken out in consequence of the enforcement of the taxes on the grinding of corn.

SAN FRANCISCO.—A Large force is on the California and Oregon R. R. Half a mile of track is laid daily.

All parties connected with the recent R. R. robberies have been arrested, and the treasure, except a thousand dollars, recovered.

Two brothers named Biber were arrested here for altering U. S. Coin. Two thousand dollars of defaced money were seized.

WASHINGTON, 13.—Senator Rice, has sent the following to the Republican Congressional committee: "Little Rock, 12. The State is Republican, both branches of the legislature are Republican. Two members of Congress are Republicans."

PORTLAND, 14.—A desperate fight took place in the woods, in Mount Holley, eighteen miles from this place, on Saturday, between a gang of French wood cutters, seventeen in number, and three officers who were endeavoring to arrest them. The Frenchmen were armed with axes, and cut and beat two of the officers in a dreadful manner, nearly severing the wrist of one besides inflicting seven wounds on the head, and knocking the other insensible with the blow of an axe across the face, after which they kicked and beat him horribly about the face and body. The Frenchmen escaped into the mountains, but this morning thirteen of them were arrested and are now undergoing an examination.

WASHINGTON, 15.—On Friday last the President directed Secretary Fish to send a cable dispatch to London, peremptorily recalling Motley as minister to England. Moran, Secretary of Legation, is to act as charge d'affairs until the new minister is appointed. The President gives as a reason for this, the necessity for an instant decision in the fishery controversy with Canada, and other differences with the British government, which he does not feel inclined to intrust to the management of Motley.

The reply of the British government to the demand of Russia, for the abolition of the treaty of '56 is understood to be weak and deprecating.

ALBANY, 15.—In a collision, to-day, on the Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroad at the junction, one baggage and two passenger cars were smashed, injuring two little girls, the conductor and the baggageman.