

MONTGOMERY, 12.—The jury in the case of Lewis E. Parsons against Richard Busted, judge of the U. S. District Court, for false imprisonment, gave the plaintiff \$10,000.

HALIFAX, 12.—A dispatch has been received announcing the death, in England, of James W. Johnson, late equity judge for Nova Scotia, and many years leader of the conservative party of that province.

NEW YORK, 13.—At a prayer meeting in the Church of the Pilgrims, Brooklyn, last evening, Rev. Dr. Storrs, pastor, presiding, a resolution was adopted to the effect that if Plymouth Church abides by the terms of the resolution introduced by the Rev. Mr. Beecher, and adopted, proclaiming the sovereignty of that church in matters of church policy and government, then the Church of the Pilgrims would be separated from fellowship with them. The Congregational Church of Clinton Avenue took similar action last evening, Dr. Buddington, the pastor, declaring that if Plymouth Church persisted in its declaration of independence, there must be a formal recognition of separation by a properly constructed council.

Michael C. Broderick, who killed his son, and was convicted of manslaughter in the third degree, has been sentenced to eighteen months in the State prison.

FRANKLIN, Ky., 13.—W. B. Wood, agent of the Adams' Express, had his skull smashed and the safe robbed of \$1,000, on Friday night. Three suspected parties have been arrested.

CHICAGO, 13.—The Times Washington special says the letter of the Secretary of War, arraigning Gen. Howard, late commissioner of the Freedman's bureau, for fraud and malfeasance in office, together with voluminous official documents bearing on the case, were submitted to Congress to-day. The total amount of money missing is \$278,000, some of which the war department think can be recovered by suits against the Howard church and the Young Men's Christian Association here, who have received some of the money. The official investigation of the adjutant-general's office shows that most of the money taken belongs to the colored bounty funds and that the claimants neither got the money, nor can Howard produce a voucher. His only defense seems to be that the government could not hold him responsible for money after it passed into his hands, and he selected a disbursing agent utterly unknown to the law to stand between him and the settlements at the treasury. Howard's papers are in such endless confusion that the government can only tell how much money it has lost by the amount appropriated. Howard is to be prosecuted civilly, criminally and by a court martial, under the 39th article.

COOPERSTOWN, N. Y., 13.—Samuel Nelson, ex-judge of the U. S. Supreme Court, died suddenly of apoplexy while sitting in his chair, at half-past four o'clock this evening, at his residence in this place.

WESTCHESTER, Pa., 13.—Udderzook was refused a new trial to-day, and sentenced to be hanged.

NEW YORK, 13.—Bank statement: loans increase \$2,147,100, specie increase \$1,160,900, deposits increase \$3,033,900, legal tenders increase \$3,846,600, circulation decrease \$13,900.

French papers in this city devote much space to the Bazaine trial. *Le Messager* approves the sparing of the life of Bazaine, but thinks the ceremonial of the formal degradation from the ranks should not have been omitted. *Le Courrier des Etats Unis*, though believing the Marshal deserved a hard sentence, can respect the feeling of mercy which inspired the judges and which dictated the modification of the sentence; but it admits, at the same time, that if the sentence had been enforced in its fullest rigor there would have been no reason to dissent from the strict punishment it dictated.

The *Herald's* London cable special says that advices from the Gold coast state that Sir Garnet Wolseley was on board the ship *Simon*, suffering from fever; he had been ill six days. The medical staff declared the attack was slight. The British authorities and native chiefs had determined to enlist forcibly carriers, laborers and police; the law went into operation Nov. 16. The Ashantees have retreated to Jwassed, a day's march beyond the Mandu. All the skirmishes so far have served merely as exercises to the native allies, and until the white troops

arrive nothing decisive will take place.

The steamship *Greece*, for Liverpool, while proceeding down Cadevin Bay, in a fog this p. m., went ashore on the flats.

The books and papers of six or eight dry goods firms have been seized by the customs officers, on charges of fraud in the importation of handkerchiefs; suits have been entered against three of the firms, the others are under investigation. Between one hundred and two hundred thousand dollars are involved.

A London dispatch, dated the 12th, says that the ship *Arabia*, from Calcutta for Boston, foundered at sea in lat. 28 n., long. 63 w.; part of the crew were landed at Gravesend to-day; the remainder, thirteen in number were drowned while bailing.

William Dorgan, jointly indicted with William Carroll, already convicted on a charge of robbing an Italian vessel in the harbor, gagging those on board, and wounding the captain by a pistol shot, was found guilty to-day, and sentenced to twenty years in the State prison.

CHICAGO, 13.—Major Robt. A. Kenzie, paymaster of the U. S., attached to the staff of Lieut. Gen. Sheridan, died suddenly about two o'clock this afternoon, at his residence in this city, of heart disease. Major Kenzie had served many years, and was universally esteemed. He was at his office yesterday afternoon in apparent good health.

COOPERSTOWN, N. Y., 12.—Judge Nelson had been for some time past in good health and spirits. On Monday he complained of having a slight cold, and was confined to his room till Friday afternoon. He then came down stairs to tea, and spent the evening in his parlor. He came down to breakfast this morning at a rather late hour, as was his custom, apparently as well as usual. While sitting in his chair, between one and two this afternoon, listening to the reading of a letter of Mrs. Nelson, he made an inquiry in regard to it, and then, without a word or a sigh, suddenly died.

BOSTON, 13.—The late Seth Adams left an estate valued at \$1,700,000, and in his will provided for the establishment, near Boston, of a home for the treatment and accommodation of those afflicted with hypochondria, from which malady Adams suffered for years.

COLUMBIA, S. C., 13.—The Bender family, charged with a number of murders in Kansas, were arrested at Bevingville, Spartanburg Co., a few days ago. The father and mother are in custody, and the son and daughter, living in North Carolina, are being sought after. The family name is Webb.

The Senate committee on appropriations will recommend five millions, the amount originally asked, for extraordinary naval service.

KEMPVILLE, Ontario, 13.—William Magee was found dead in bed on Thursday, and his wife has been arrested on a charge of killing him.

SAN FRANCISCO, 13.—Rev. Father Duggan, whose declarations of apostasy from the Catholic faith caused such a sensation here, and who advertised to lecture, exposing Catholicism, and failed to appear, has written a humble, abject letter to Archbishop Alemany, acknowledging his faults and sin, and praying to be taken back into the fold.

CHICAGO, 14.—Rev. Edward Cheney, of this city, lately chosen bishop of the Reformed Episcopal church, was consecrated to-day in Christ's church, Episcopal, of which he is rector; the church was crowded, and hundreds were unable to obtain admission. In addition to Bishop Cummins, the following presbyters of the Episcopal church participated in the service: Revs. Marshal, Smith, Mason and Gallagher of New Jersey, Rev. B. B. Leacock, and Rev. W. V. Feltwell of New York, and C. H. Tucker of Chicago. The services were in accordance with the formula arranged by the council of the reformed Episcopal Church lately held in New York, and were very impressive. Bishop Cummins preached a sermon based on the 3rd and 4th verses of the second chapter of the second epistle of Peter. It was an elaborate statement of the views of the Reformed Episcopal Church, of the character of the Episcopal office and of the power and authority conferred by the ordination to the ministry and the Episcopacy, and an argument for the views promulgated by the reformed Episcopal church.

WASHINGTON, 14.—There is a

general indisposition among congressmen to increase taxation, and it will not be done without the necessity shown in the recommendation of the Secretary of the Treasury be discussed in the committee of ways and means to-morrow. No hasty action is anticipated. The treasury department is somewhat pressed for money, not only by the falling off of the revenues, but by the extraordinary appropriation of four or five million dollars for naval purposes, and the early approach of the redemption of the twenty million loan of 1858. Several prominent senators expressed surprise at the action of the House in devoting so much time to the debate on the salary question, when the country is looking for legislation to relieve the present financial embarrassments and to restore confidence in monetary affairs. The Senate is ready to enter upon legislation at once, and if possible to afford the necessary relief before the holidays.

BOSTON, 14.—Professor Agassiz died this evening, at fifteen minutes past ten o'clock.

The Secretary of the Treasury, to-day, after the necessary examination, ascertained that the public debt has increased since the first inst. five millions.

WASHINGTON.—The house committee on appropriations, this a. m., voted to offer a resolution in the House, requesting the President to request the various executive departments to revise their estimates for the new fiscal year, if possible, before January 5th. The object is to find means to cut down the estimates, which were all made several months before the recent financial disturbances began, and before it was known that the government revenues were likely to fall behind the national expenditures.

Among the bills introduced into the House to-day was one by Harris to put printing paper and other material on the free list; one by Coburn granting a pension to the widow of General Canby.

Professor Proctor, the English astronomer, in an address at the reception on Saturday night, alluded to the fact that the astronomer royal has opposed the award of the gold medal to Miss Mitchell on the ground that although she undoubtedly discovered the comet she had neglected to send the news of the discovery by the first mail. Professor Proctor predicted a wonderful scientific future for America.

BOSTON, 15.—The funeral of Professor Agassiz will take place at College Chapel, at Cambridge, at half past two on Thursday and will be public.

FOREIGN.

HAVANA, 10.—Telegrams announcing the refusal of the United States to allow the *Virginus* to be delivered to a neutral power creates dissatisfaction here.

The Rothschilds have brought out a Hungarian loan of thirty-seven millions.

The dense fog which set in on Tuesday continues, seriously affecting business in the city, and navigation on the Thames. No vessels have arrived in two days. The fog has caused the cattle show in Agricultural Hall to be a failure. Some of the animals have died, and the owners are withdrawing others. The fog covers an area of about fifty square miles, London being the center.

LONDON, 12.—The Berlin press regard the Bazaine verdict as the result of political intrigue, and censure the Duke d'Aumale.

The fog has disappeared. PARIS, 12.—President MacMahon has commuted the sentence of Marshal Bazaine to twenty years seclusion, and to bear the effects of the degradation from his rank, but to be spared the humiliating ceremony.

HAVANA, 12.—The steamship *Virginus* was towed out of the harbor of Havana, at half-past four this morning by a tugboat; she was escorted by the Spanish man-of-war *Arabella La Catolica*. The destination of the *Virginus* is supposed to be Key West.

HAVANA, 11.—Captain General Jovellar, this evening, issued an address to the inhabitants of Cuba, saying, "The moment a treaty has been concluded between the governments of Spain and the U. S., my duty, painful though it may be, is to comply faithfully with its orders, and a failure to comply with the same would produce war, and war with a great power without the aid of Spain. In the meanwhile I

obey the law of necessity and the orders of the government of the Spanish Republic. Let us deliver up the *Virginus* and the survivors of her passengers and crew. I have faith in your proceedings being in compliance with my word.

"Signed,
"JOAQUEN JOVELLAR."

LONDON, 11.—The Bank of England rate is reduced to four and a half per cent.

MADRID, 12.—Gen. Moriones, yesterday, re-occupied Tolosa, the capital of Guipuzcoa, after an engagement in which the Carlists lost one hundred and fifty men.

BERNE, 12.—The Swiss government has decided to hand the Papal Nuncio his passport, on account of the Pope's last encyclical letter.

LONDON, 12.—Langton, member of Parliament for West Somerset, is dead.

Marshal Bazaine addressed a letter to his counsel yesterday, thanking them for their efforts in his behalf, and concluding as follows:—"I shall not appeal against the sentence, for it would only prolong in the eyes of the world the spectacle of such a fearful struggle. I request you to take no further steps. I look no longer to men for judgment. Strong in my conscience, which reproaches me with nothing, I confidently await the justification which will come with the lapse of time and the subsidence of party passions."

The conservative press, generally, approve of the commutation of the sentence. The *Siecle* says it will create a painful feeling of surprise in the country.

England has asked France to facilitate the inquiry into the *Ville de Havre* disaster, and has offered to defray the expenses of the British witnesses. France has accepted the offer, and promises that the investigation shall be searching and complete.

PARIS, 12.—The island of Saint Marguerite, off Cannes, has been selected as the place of confinement for Marshal Bazaine, and he will be sent there this week.

ST. PETERSBURG, 12.—The Czar has ordered the Grand Duke Alexis on another journey around the world; the Grand Duke will set out on his tour next spring.

CALCUTTA, 12.—A heavy rain prevailed over Bengal yesterday, giving great relief to the crops; fears of famine are now considerably moderated.

HAVANA, 12.—The *Virginus* has gone to the port of Bohiahonda, sixty miles west of Havana, where she will be delivered by a Spanish man-of-war to a vessel of the U. S. navy. Captain-General Jovellar has given the necessary orders for the transfer of the *Virginus* prisoners at Santiago de Cuba to an American man-of-war to-day. The Captain-General is certain that his orders will be carried out, and the men delivered at the appointed time.

LONDON, 13, 5.30 a. m.—Fourteen persons have been found drowned in the docks since the late fog; many other fatal accidents are reported.

A special from Berlin says that the commander of one of the German vessels seized by the Spanish man-of-war in the Sooloo Archipelago, and carried to Manila, writes home that himself and crew were sent to prison, and kept there two months, receiving very harsh treatment at the hands of the Spanish officials; the despatch also says that public feeling in Germany is much excited over the seizure of the vessels, and the fullest satisfaction for the insult to the German flag is demanded.

HAVANA, 13.—Last night several hundred men marched, cheering and shouting, to the Plaza de Armes, and gathering in front of the captain-general's palace, gave noisy expression to their dissatisfaction at the departure of the *Virginus* and their disapproval of the course of prominent persons who favored the delivery of the vessel. Two Spaniards who endeavored to pacify the mob were suddenly hustled about, and several shots were accidentally fired. The crowd lingered around the palace till midnight, when Captain-General Jovellar addressed them, and prevailed upon them to go to their houses.

HAVRE, 13.—The ship *Preston*, which arrived on the eighth inst. from New Orleans with 1,430 bales of cotton, is burning.

PARIS, 13.—Bazaine has written a letter to President McMahon, in which he says: "You remember the days in which we served our country together. I feared the impulse of your heart would be overcome

by State considerations. I should have died without regret since the commendation of the court vindicated my honor." Lachaud, Bazaine's counsel, thanks Thiers for expressing the opinion that Bazaine was innocent of the charges upon which he was tried.

LONDON, 14.—The steamer *Biafra* has arrived at Liverpool from the Gold coast; she reports that on two British vessels fifty-six men were down with the fever. The *Biafra* had seven deaths on board from typhoid fever.

BERNE, 15.—Dr. C. Schenck has been elected president, and Dr. E. W. Ettie, vice-president of the Swiss confederation.

BERLIN, 15.—Elizabeth, Queen Dowager of Prussia, is dead, aged seventy-two.

Appointments.—Elder Henry Hughes is appointed to labor in the Welsh Mission, under the direction of President John E. Rees.

Elder F. M. Lyman is appointed to succeed President John I. Hart (who was released to return home with the last company of emigrants) in the presidency of the Nottingham Conference.

Elder R. V. Morris is appointed to succeed President R. T. Burton (who was some time since removed to the presidency of the London Conference) in the presidency of the Birmingham Conference.

Elders W. N. Fife and A. N. McFarland are appointed to labor in the Glasgow Conference, under the direction of President R. McQuarrie.

Elder John Squires is appointed to labor at large throughout the British Isles, but for a short season he will labor in the London Conference, under the direction of President R. T. Burton.

Elder William Geddes is appointed to succeed President R. Beauchamp in the presidency of the Australian Mission; and Elder A. B. Taylor, who is released from laboring in the Nottingham Conference, is appointed to labor in that Mission, under the direction of Elder Geddes.

Elder M. H. Hardy is released from the presidency of the Leeds Conference, to labor in the London Conference, under the direction of Prest. Burton.

Elder James Bywater is appointed to succeed Elder Hardy, in the presidency of the Leeds Conference.

Elder Joseph Harker is at liberty to travel and preach wherever he may feel led, and to "break new ground."

Elder James T. Little is appointed to labor in the London Conference, under the direction of Prest. Burton.

Elder Junius F. Wells is released from laboring in the London Conference and appointed to labor in the Nottingham Conference, under the direction of President Lyman.

Elder John Quayle is appointed to labor on the Isle of Man, under the direction of Elder Henry Leigh, President of the Liverpool Conference.

Elder B. W. Carrington is appointed to labor, for a season, in the London Conference, under the direction of President Burton.

Elder Volney King is appointed to labor in the Newcastle and Durham Conference, under the direction of President H. S. Gowans.

Elder Charles Sansom is appointed to labor in the Bristol Conference, under the direction of President E. N. Freeman.

Elder Chester Call is appointed to labor in the Bedfordshire Conference, under the direction of President R. W. Heyborne.

Elder Lafayette Holbrook is appointed to labor in the Manchester Conference, under the direction of President Joseph Birch.—*Millennial Star*, Nov. 18.

Miss Catharine Beecher of Hartford has been addressing the ladies of that city upon the education of girls, urging the desirability of "professional schools for training women, both scientifically and practically, for all the complicated duties of the family state," or, as she sums up, "domestic economy, domestic chemistry and domestic hygiene." She makes a strong appeal for the endowment of such institutions.

FOUND.

ON THE STATE ROAD, A SIDE OF Harness Leather, which the owner can have by applying to L. P. Borg, Scandinavian Harness Shop, Second South St. deswle