

## AT HOME AND ABROAD.

ST. PAUL, May 1.—After being tied up for eighteen days almost completely from end to end, the Great Northern system will now resume work, the great strike being declared off tonight. It is practically a victory for the American Railway Union and President Debs, although the commercial bodies of the two cities were largely responsible for the result.

DENVER, Colo., May 3.—State Veterinarian Grosswell left today for the western part of the state, having been notified by inspectors that thousands of diseased Utah sheep are crossing the line into Mesa and Routt counties. Governor Waite will call out the militia, if necessary, to stop the invasion.

SONORA, Cal., May 3.—A lone highwayman held up the stage between Sonora and Milton last night, and in the presence of the passengers blew open an iron safe with giant powder. A valise and sealskin sack belonging to a passenger were blown to pieces, and the robber got nothing. He ordered the driver and passengers to go on and not look back for five minutes. They obeyed.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—By direction of the assistant secretary of war, the few remaining Indians composing company I, Second infantry, at Fort Omaha, Neb., and company I, Sixteenth infantry, at Fort Douglas, have been discharged, thereby practically wiping out the organizations and marking another step toward the total abandonment of the scheme of separate Indian companies.

LONDON, May 4.—Twenty and ten years' imprisonment respectively were the sentences of Giuseppe Ferraro and Francisco Polti, the dynamiters, today. Ferraro cried, "Vive l'anarchie," and was seized and held; Polti shouted, "Shame." While being taken from the court Ferraro said through the interpreters, "Today you make laws, another we shall make them."

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 4.—A new light has been shed upon the recent lynching of three negro barn burners at Tuscomb, a town in North Alabama. The negroes were taken to a bridge over the Tennessee river and after putting ropes around their necks the mob made them jump to death. Closely following this triple lynching, notices were found pasted to the electric light poles at Tuscomb. The note reads:

"To the People of North Alabama:

"Many dark deeds have been done in your section, such as burning, stealing, etc., and have been done at the expense of the white-caps organization. We never had an organization in north Alabama until March 23, and now it numbers 453 in three counties of the best people in the state, and we are here to stay and try to protect the property of our people and do all the good we can. When the law is too slow, we take it in our own hands. We have just eleven on our docket to go as the three did last Saturday night. We have them on trial in our court and want just a little more evidence. Take warning.

"(Signed)

"NORTH ALABAMA WHITE-CAPS."

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The secretary of the interior has rescinded rule 114 of the rules of the practice governing motions for review on decisions on public lands to take effect June 1. The following rule, making an important change will be substituted:

Motions for review and motions for rehearings before the secretary must be filed with the commissioner of the general land office within 30 days after notice of the decision complained of, and will act as a supersedeas of the decision until otherwise directed by the secretary. Each motion must state concisely and specifically, without argument the grounds upon which it is based. On receipt of such the commissioner of the general land office will forward the same immediately to this department, where it will be treated as "special." If the motion does not show proper grounds for review or rehearing it will be denied and sent to the file of the general land office, whereupon the commissioner will resume the suspension and move to execute the judgment before rendered. But if upon examination proper grounds are shown the motion will be entertained and the parties notified, whereupon the moving party will be allowed thirty days within which to file an argument and have the same served upon the opposite party, who will be allowed thirty days in which to file and serve an answer; after which no further amendment will be received. Thereafter the case will not be reopened except under such circumstances as would induce a court of equity to grant relief against any judgment of the court at law.

All rules or parts of rules inconsistent herewith are rescinded.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., May 4.—The Union Pacific depot at Lookout, the first station west of Laramie, was burned this morning. The fire was started by sparks from a passing locomotive. The loss is \$2,500.

SCOTTDALE, Pa., May 4.—A riot occurred at the Painter works of the McClure Coal company at 6 o'clock this morning. The company made an effort to start this and other plants on Tuesday, and today the women determined to drive the "blacklegs" from work. With tin pans, clubs, coke forks and brooms they marched to the coke yards. Sanford White, the mine superintendent, Ewing B. Roddy, the bookkeeper, and a lot of deputies were on guard. A shot was fired to scare the women, men rushed to the scene, and White opened fire on the crowd, which numbered over a hundred.

At the first fire three men fell wounded, one shot through the thigh, one through both legs and the third in the neck. The women carried off the wounded and the infuriated men set upon White and Roddy. White was beaten over the head, knocked down, kicked and bruised about the body. His recovery is doubtful.

A big Hungarian bad White down and was standing over him with an axe when he was knocked down by James Tarr, the store clerk. Roddy was at first thought to be badly

injured, but he escaped with only slight bruises. While all this was going on, the deputies, who had begun to use Winchester, shot one woman, who is said to be dying. It is now believed that at least sixteen were shot.

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—The announcement by Mrs. Ballington Booth at the Midland congress of the Salvation army, that Bishop D. S. Tuttle, of the Missouri diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church, had joined the army created considerable excitement. It was further announced that he is the first bishop in the world to join the army. It seems, however, that the bishop has not joined the army proper, but only that branch known as the "Salvation Army Auxiliary League."

AUSTIN, Tex., May 4.—The treasury of Texas is today without a dollar, a condition of affairs that has not existed for twenty-five years, during which time its revenue balance has ranged annually from \$1,000,000 to \$3,000,000. Before the end of the year there will be a deficiency of several hundred thousand dollars and it is doubtful if the state will be able to meet the interest on its bonds, amounting to \$4,000,000.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., May 5.—A report has reached here from Union county, Ark., to the effect that a negro at Miles' switch, Ouchita county, was taken with some kind of a breaking out which was thought to be smallpox, and a doctor was sent for but he did not choose to attend the case. He was put in a cabin, to which some one set fire and the negro, being unable to effect his escape, perished in the flames. One report says he was shot and then burned.

BOSTON, May 5.—The *Commercial Bulletin* says of the Boston wool market: The total sales for the week were 1,176,100 pounds against 2,414,500 pounds last week and 1,795,798 pounds for the same week last year. The total sales show a shortage of 18,400,000 pounds for the same time last year. The receipts to date show a shortage of 32,872 bags domestic and 67,369 bales foreign.

The week has been dull and featureless. Manufacturers are more discouraged over the outlook than six weeks ago and on account of this fact, coupled with the broken stock account for the small sales, our imports of foreign clothing wools have shrunk to about ten per cent of those for the same month last year.

PHILADELPHIA, May 5.—Although dispatches from St. Johns, N. F., announce that the proposed expedition to Ellesmereland to search for traces of the Swedish arctic exploring expedition headed by Bjorling will be abandoned, the friends of the five men who composed the party are informed that the Peary auxiliary expedition, headed by Henry C. Bryant, and sent out by the geographical club of this city, will explore Ellesmereland for any records that Bjorling may have left there. Ellesmereland is about thirty-five miles west of Peary's rendezvous and Mr. Bryant, who is familiar with the story of Bjorling's ill-fated journey, says that even before he heard of the failure of Prof. Sten's expedition, he had made up his mind to visit Ellesmereland for the purpose