

FIERCE FIGHT WITH CONVICTS.

Two Lie Dead, Two Wounded, One
In Posse's Hands.

SURROUNDED IN A BARN.

Made a Dash for Liberty, Firing at
Assembled Citizens—All Were From
Leavenworth Federal Prison.

Leavenworth, Kan., Nov. 8.—Two of the convicts who escaped from the prison works of the new United States penitentiary near here yesterday lie dead at Nortonville, two are wounded and a third is in the hands of a posse of citizens with whom they gave battle yesterday.

DEAD.

Hoffman, James.

Hoffman, J. J.

WOUNDED.

Drake, Willard.

Green, John.

CAPTURED.

Moore, Fred.

The five escaped convicts were discovered today in the barn of a farmer named Ray Wisnau, residing near Nortonville, Wisnau immediately went to town and reported his and organized a posse of citizens to go out to capture the men, he having immediately recognized them as escaped convicts.

The posse went out to the barn. Wisnau then entered the barn and requested them to leave. The convicts then threatened to shoot the citizens if they did not withdraw at once from the vicinity.

As the citizens were talking the matter over the five convicts emerged from the barn door to make a sudden dash for liberty, firing at the citizens as they came out. They had a shotgun, a rifle and an old revolver.

Wisnau and party returned the fire. Hoffman had the shotgun. He was struck first in the hand. He yelled and dropped the shotgun. Just then a bullet entered his back and he fell dead. Hoffman died forty minutes after being shot. Green was brought down by a bullet in the knee. Drake was shot twice in the right wrist and arm. Drake says Southernland, an Indian, was shot in the fight at the stockade.

A company of guards has arrived at Nortonville to take the prisoners back to Leavenworth.

Two more convicts, Donald Norie and R. T. Davenport, were captured in the field of M. Hastings, two miles north of Jarbalo. They were first seen by Hastings, who reported the fact to the action gang of the Leavenworth stockade road, who in turn reported the matter to the postmaster at Jarbalo.

The postmaster, in company with Dr. Woods, repaired to the scene and found the convicts hid in a ravine, and being unarmed they surrendered without resistance.

At 2:30 p. m. Warden McClaughrey received word that the sheriff of Douglas county captured two convicts at Lawrence. The men were Ole Bobo, a half-breed Indian, and Joseph Deekin, white.

Frank Thompson, the negro desperado, who led the outbreak, is supposed to be near Lawrence, heavily armed. He will probably not be taken alive.

Nearly all the convicts came from Oklahoma and Indian territory, and they are supposed to be making for that country. They are a hard lot of men, used to firearms and horses. Some have obtained horses, but others are on foot and defenseless. Warden McClaughrey says he will capture every one of the men.

In the districts around this city every road and river crossing that the fugitives might be expected to use is guarded by armed men, the farmers having turned out to earn the \$50 reward that will be paid for the return of each convict. Those of the convicts who are armed are likely to be shot at sight.

Two of the escaped prisoners from the federal penitentiary were caught in North Topeka tonight by the local police.

Gift to Rutgers College.

New York, Nov. 8.—Rutgers college is the latest recipient of Miss Helen Gould's bounty. She has given \$25,000 to the New Brunswick, N. J., college, and the money has been made available for use this season. Miss Gould has recently made similar gifts to Vassar college and other schools.

CARNEGIE'S INSTITUTE.

It Will be Modeled Very Largely After the Pratt Institute.

New York, Nov. 8.—Andrew Carnegie intends to model the new Pittsburgh institute for manual training close upon the lines of Pratt institute, Brooklyn, and he has just visited that institution, spending two hours in a study of the methods of its teachings, says the Herald. Afterwards he told R. P. Pratt, head of the school, that he was very much pleased with what he had seen and that his purpose was to investigate the Brooklyn school, through its counsel on the isthmus, has taken steps to warn the public that under no condition shall there be interference with traffic across the isthmus.

BOILERS

Require Strong Workmen to Construct.

A big, bustling, boiler-maker down at Niles, O., had an experience with Grape-Nuts Food that is worth knowing. Geo. Preston says there was a time when his appetite for breakfast failed him and it came from stomach trouble caused by his way of eating.

He would get hungry from his work about 9 or 10 o'clock but was not allowed to eat during work hours, and when dinner time came he was so full and would be in misery the rest of the day, and was not able to eat any supper.

He says, "I was troubled with headaches and so dizzy from stomach trouble that I would stagger when straightening up."

Grape-Nuts being called to my attention I took a package to my boarding place and had some for breakfast, and I did not get hungry until near the noon hour. I now knew what was the matter with me. I began to eat a good, healthy food and it agreed with me, so I have kept on using Grape-Nuts for breakfast with a little cream.

I have never taken one drop of medicine only once for sore throat, but I am now as well and hearty as any man that walks and I know how to keep my strength now by the use of good food, and I think I would lose a part of it if I left off Grape-Nuts. This food has been better to me and my family than any medicine.

I am at Niles, Ohio, and ready to show the truth of what I write. Any one can call and see me and my family and judge for themselves whether we are healthy or not. I have used 221 packages of Grape-Nuts since I began."



Cured of Piles After Many Years.

Mrs. D. E. Reed, of Albany, says: "I would not take \$500 and be placed back where I was before I used the Pyramid Pile cure; I suffered for years and it is now 18 months since I used it and not the slightest trace of the trouble has returned." For sale by all druggists. Little book, "Piles, Causes and Cure," mailed free. Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

are to outline the work to be done in Pittsburgh. Mr. Carnegie's next gift to Pittsburgh will be the great mechanical school, plans for which he has had in mind for some time, and which he has laid before an expert committee. His investigations of the subject of technical instruction have taken some time, and it was in this line that he went to the Brooklyn school.

Why Borden Reduced Wages.

New York, Nov. 8.—M. C. D. Borden has been interviewed regarding his action in reducing wages 10 per cent at his Fall River iron company mills and thus placing his print cloth factories in Massachusetts more nearly on a basis with those controlled by the members of the Fall River Manufacturers' association. In explaining the motives which induced him to order the reduction in wages, Mr. Borden said: "I am perfectly satisfied with the situation. My action in reducing wages is no backward; it simply means that I will pay no higher than market prices for anything I buy, be it labor or anything else."

"The fact remains that when I took up print cloth the price was 25 cents a yard, and now it is 22 cents, and the other manufacturers' own showing, and it could have been higher had the other manufacturers shown any disposition to shoulder the entire print market. However, if they think so they are mistaken. I will pay no more for what I buy than other people and I can sell as low as any of them."

DIVORCES IN AMERICA.

Justice Francis Jesune in London Divorce Court Decides Against Their Validity.

Question Arise in Robinson vs Robinson, Decree of Divorce Having Been Secured in California.

New York, Nov. 8.—A case involving the question of the validity of American divorces under the English law has just been heard before Sir Francis Jesune, in the divorce court, says the Herald's London representative. It was the case of Robinson vs Robinson.

Petition was made by Ethel Gertrude Robinson, otherwise Strickland, that her marriage with Ernest Robinson should be declared invalid.

Atty. W. A. Barnard said the petitioner went through the form of marriage with the respondent on May 2, 1882, in Christ church, Westminster.

The respondent left his wife in 1898 and inquiries then made showed that he had been married in 1878 to a Miss Hawtry in Hampton church.

In 1879 he went to America and stayed there with his wife until 1883, when he returned to England. He remained in England until down to the time when he went to America for the ceremony of marriage with the petitioner.

In 1887 the first marriage was dissolved by the superior court in the state of California.

The judge decided that it was clear, according to the marriage law of England, that the divorce granted in the state of California was not valid. Had it been granted while the respondent was domiciled in America it would have been valid, but not in this case.

The second marriage was not a valid marriage and the judge granted a decree to that effect with costs for the judgment to the petitioner accordingly.

ISTHMUS OF PANAMA.

State Department Will Give Warning to Keep It Open.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The state department today received a message from President Scrimmen of the cable company which connects at Colon, denying the reported capture of Panama, and saying that his information from that place represents no change in the situation. There are about 1,000 insurgents within fifteen miles of Panama.

The state department, in view of the continued reports of insurgent movements, has taken steps to warn the public that under no condition shall there be interference with traffic across the isthmus.

ARIZONA BANDIT KILLED.

Three Masked Robbers Attempted To Hold Up a Gambling Resort.

Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 8.—One bandit killed and one wounded was the result of an attempt by three masked robbers to hold up the gambling house of Deel & Co. last night at Nace, a small but tough Arizona border town. The dead bandit has been identified as Will Craven of Don Springs, N. M. He was a cow-puncher, with a fair record, and a member of a wealthy and respectable New Mexico family.

A group of gamblers and loungers pointed their hands toward the sky when the desperados entered the saloon at a late hour, and abruptly demanded "Hands up." Craven approached the roulette table and proceeded to fill a bag with the bank roll, amounting to several thousand dollars.

E. P. Ellis whipped out a revolver before the movement was detected by the robbers, and Craven fell dead when he shot. The other bandits were demoralized and fled in disorder. One of them was wounded by another bullet from Ellis' revolver. They reached their horses, which were hitched in the brush, and rode for the mountains, closely followed by a posse which had been hastily organized.

The chase was exciting, the pursuers coming so close to the quarry several times that shots were exchanged. The robbers have a fair chance of making their way into the mountains, the stronghold of bandits, but trailers may dislodge them after a fight.

SITUATION NOT SATISFACTORY.

Lack of Transportation Facilities
Hampers Business.

PIG IRON MARKET HARDER.

Inability to Secure Coke the Cause—
Future Prospects Are Most
Encouraging.

New York, Nov. 8.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade will say tomorrow: "Little relief has been afforded the leading manufacturing industry in the matter of transporting facilities. In fact, the situation, on the whole, is less satisfactory since the inability to secure coke has brought about the banking of some of the furnaces. This, in turn, tends to harden the market for pig iron. As this industry is considered the best business barometer, business conditions and future prospects are certainly most encouraging."

"In woollens there is a free movement of women's dress goods, and orders are plentiful in heavy-weight linens for immediate delivery. The season has reduced manufacturers' stocks of heavy woollens and worsteds to a low point, and recent unprecedented buying of raw material indicates that orders come forward freely. Leather is held at the best prices of the season, and dry hides rose further on heavy sales. Low temperature in grain-growing states brought a higher level of quotations."

"Wheat is moving out freely at both coasts, shipments from the United States for the week amounting to 5,561,472 bushels, against 3,210,164 bushels in the same week of 1900. Coffee advanced despite the record-breaking supply."

"Failures for the week numbered 245 in the United States, against 201 last year, and 33 in Canada, against 18 last year."

WEST POINT EXAMINATIONS.

Secy. Root Issues Order Modifying Them Materially.

Washington, Nov. 8.—Secy. Root has issued an order changing the regulations relative to admissions to West Point, so that the academic board may appoint candidates who are graduates of high schools or students of colleges and universities without forcing them to pass the mental examination prescribed by the department.

Opposed to Tariff Revision.

Washington, Nov. 8.—Representative Payne, chairman of the ways and means committee of the House, and Republican leader of that body, says the President today in company with Representative Steele, who is also a member of the committee.

The meeting today followed a conference with the President.

Empress Augusta Victoria.

New York, Nov. 8.—According to the Berlin correspondent of the Herald the condition of Empress Augusta Victoria is more serious, and it is announced that as soon as she is sufficiently rested to bear the journey, she will start for the south to try the effects of a milder climate.

It is quite possible that Abbazia, on the Adriatic will be chosen.

Strong Testimony from
Prominent Doctors.

After Years of Scientific Research and Thorough Tests, Prominent Practitioners Prescribe and Indorse DUFFY'S

MALT WHISKEY for All Diseases of
the Throat and Lungs.

They Prescribe It Exclusively as a Tonic and Stimulant When the
System is Weak and Run Down from Disease or Overwork.

The following letters from prominent physicians were taken at random from many thousands we have received from doctors, who have made their great successes with DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY:

Dr. J. D. Cole, Alexandria Bay, N. Y., wrote us, on Dec. 5, 1900: "I have been using Duffy's Malt Whiskey in my family and practice for the past fifteen years, with very beneficial results. I often prescribe it for anemic patients and some forms of indigestion; also for convalescents after typhoid fever, and all wasting diseases. It is a good tonic for the aged."

Dr. H. Cenicola, Bridgeport, Conn., on Dec. 14, 1900, sent us the following: "I have prescribed Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey in my practice and think it a pure and beneficial tonic and stimulant. I cheerfully recommend it."

Dr. J. A. Hammond, Schuylerville, N. Y., wrote us, on Jan. 2, 1901: "I have used your Malt Whiskey for about seven years in my practice and find it very beneficial in cases of debility and for old people. I have used it successfully in cases of typhoid fever after the fever had left, and the patient was much debilitated. I cannot recommend it too highly where a tonic is necessary."

Dr. George S. Converse, New Haven, Conn., on Jan. 16, 1901, wrote: "I have used Duffy's Malt in my practice and always found it pure and satisfactory."

Dr. Albert C. Smith, President Suffolk Dispensary, 10 Charter St., Boston, Mass., wrote us: "In the treatment of the large number of patients who come for aid and relief we find it necessary in our work to use a stimulant which, without question, is absolutely pure, and we are glad to say that in your Duffy's Malt Whiskey we have succeeded in obtaining what has been of great assistance in many cases of pronounced debility. We should be unwilling to be without this valuable stimulant."

This dispensary registered in one year almost 37,000 patients. It is one of the largest institutions of its kind in the world.

Dr. W. F. Hooper, Newport News, Va., on Dec. 18, 1900, wrote: "I have used your Duffy's Malt in convalescence from typhoid and other febrile diseases with satisfactory results."

Dr. R. P. Oppenheimer, 405 Church Ave., Knoxville, Tenn., wrote us as recently as Jan. 15, 1901: "I have used Duffy's Malt Whiskey extensively in my practice for ten years, especially among cases requiring stimulants and tonics, and I take pleasure in stating that I find it excels all other whiskeys."

Dr. De Witt Reinger of the Blue Cross Medical Aid, 1562 Marshall St., Philadelphia, Pa., on Jan. 18, 1901, wrote us the following: "Duffy's Malt is the only whiskey used and dispensed at the Blue Cross Medical Aid. We place no reliance upon any other for medical use."

During the past few years we have received hundreds of thousands of just such letters as these. There can be no more convincing proof that Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is the only absolutely pure, invigorating stimulant and tonic to be used exclusively in all cases where the system needs to be sustained.

The doctors, as well as the people, have learned that it does not pay to fill the system full of drugs. They realize what the system wants is a tonic and stimulant to aid the circulation and to break the artificial force to throw off the disease germs.

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

CURES Consumption, General Debility, La Grippe, Colds, Bronchitis, Malaria, Low Fever, Dyspepsia, Depression and weakness from whatever causes.

It builds up and nourishes the body, it invigorates the brain, tones up the heart and prolongs life.

A leading New York doctor said, "Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is a form of food already digested."

ABSOLUTELY PURE & UNADULTERATED
TRADE MARK

NO FUSEL OIL.

CAUTION—Our patrons are cautioned against so-called Duffy's Malt Whiskey offered for sale in bulk or in flasks and packages of all kinds. The only genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in sealed bottles only. Offered in any other form, it is not the genuine.

There is none just as good as Duffy's. The dealer who says so is thinking of his profits only. Ask for Duffy's, insist on getting it. Look for the trade-mark on the bottle.

Free Advice—If you are sick and run down write our doctor for free advice. It will cost you nothing to learn how to get strength and vitality. Medical booklet containing symptoms, treatment and testimonials is sent free. All correspondence with our doctor is strictly confidential, and no testimonials are used without permission. All druggists and grocers, or direct, DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

NELDEN-JUDSEN DRUG CO., Salt Lake City, Wholesale Agents.

once which they had with the President yesterday. The President discussed with them matters of reciprocity, revenue and tariff which may come before their committee at the approaching session of Congress, and yesterday read to them the position of his message covering these subjects.

Mr. Payne and some of his colleagues on the committee are very firmly opposed to tariff revision at this time, disagreeing entirely with the views of Mr. Babcock of Wisconsin, who favors revision on certain lines.

The Darien Captures the Telegraph.

New York, Nov. 8.—The revolutionary gunboat Darien, which was captured recently, stopped the telegraph, a government vessel, proceeding from David Whitehead, Panama correspondent of the Herald. The Darien captured the soldiers and arms and ammunition. While the Darien was towing away the telegraph, a large brigading the remainder of the federal troops to Fort Aguadale came into sight. The Darien then let go the telegraph and steamed at full speed for Chorrera.

CLOTHING MAKERS' UNION.

Forbidden to Send Letters, Circulars, etc., Intending to Produce Boycott.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Judge Kohlsaat, in the U. S. circuit court, has issued an injunction against the Custom Clothing Makers' union and its officers and members, restraining them from in any way attempting to injure or interfere with the business of a Cincinnati clothing store. The firm asked that the union be restrained from issuing circulars stating that the concern was unfair to organized labor.

The order forbids the officers of the union to notify by means of letters, telegraph or telephone any retail dealers in clothing, or labor unions, that the company has refused to allow its employees to organize or adopt the union label. The "injunction" labor leaders say is the first of the kind issued, as it is directed against the boycott instead of picketing.

WALLER ATTACKS INSURGENTS

Two Marines and Twenty-Six Rebels Are Killed.

Manila, Nov. 9.—Advices from Catbalogan, capital of Samar island, report that Maj. Waller attacked a force of insurgents occupying a strong position at Sogton, two 3-inch guns being used to shell the rebel stronghold. Throughout the first day the insurgents held the place, but yesterday Maj. Waller renewed the attack and after a desperate engagement, carried the position. Two marines of the attacking force and 23 insurgents were killed. Maj. Waller destroyed the guratsels and the seventy houses.

When Smith has issued orders forbidding the purchase of hemp in the island of Leyte, except in small quantities for food, which purchases must be under the supervision of the military authorities. All the ports in Leyte are closed and trade is forbidden where it cannot be supervised by the military.

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YUAN SHI KAI'S
AN ANTI-RUSSIAN.

His Appointment Welcomed by
British Newspapers.

CAUSE OF LI HUNG'S DEATH

Said to Have Had a Violent Dispute
With Russian Minister Over the
Manchurian Treaty.

New York, Nov. 9.—The story which describes the Russian minister at Peking as trying to force Li Hung Chang to sign the Manchurian agreement on his death bed is possibly not true, says the Tribune's London representative but it is regarded in Great Britain as highly characteristic of Russian methods in the far east. English newspapers welcome the appointment of Yuan Shi Kai as the viceroy of Chi-Li. He is credited with being anti-Russian, and is confidently expected to prove a great improvement on his predecessor from a British point of view.

CAUSE OF LI HUNG'S DEATH.

Peking, Nov. 8.—A violent dispute with Paul Lessar, Russian minister to China, over the Manchurian treaty, appears to have been the immediate cause of the death of Li Hung Chang.

The diplomatic events preceding this tragic climax have enabled Japan for a moment to frustrate the designs of Russia. A fortnight ago the Japanese emperor secured a reliable outline of the terms of the treaty, and thereupon demanded that the Chinese plenipotentiaries officially lay before them the text, basing this demand upon the allegation that Japanese interests were involved in any change of the status of Manchuria. The Chinese plenipotentiaries refused to comply with the demand.

Thereupon the Japanese government, from Tokio, communicated with the southern viceroys and induced them to use their influence with the emperor dowager against the treaty. In the meantime the emperor dowager instructed Li Hung Chang to communicate the treaty, after certain modifications, to the ministers of the powers and, if they did not object, to sign the same.

Li Hung Chang visited M. Lessar and explained to him his instructions. The Russian minister strongly objected to revealing the text of the treaty to the ministers of the other powers, and a stormy interview ensued. Li Hung Chang went home in a violent passion and had the temerity, which the doctors attributed to the over exertion of a weakened system.

While these things were happening in Peking the southern viceroys sent to the emperor dowager a memorial against the use of his spirit in the telegraph to Li Hung Chang, countering the order to sign. This instruction came after Li Hung Chang had become unconscious.

When M. Lessar endeavored to have Li Hung Chang's seal affixed to the treaty, the provincial treasurer had arrived from Pao Ting Fu and had taken charge of the seals as the temporary successor of Earl Li.

The tag of the United States legation was the only one half-masted in Peking today.

The mourners and the family of Li Hung Chang will burn paper offerings tomorrow, in accordance with the custom for the dead, and will return to the other world. The street is hung with mourning emblems. All the attendants at the yamen are richly attired, and many of them gaudily dressed. To-day musicians beat drums about the house.

Li Hung Chang's estate will remain intact for the use of his eldest son, who will provide for the other members of his family.

Yuan Shi Kai's successor in the governorship of the province of Shan Tung is an unknown man, who has been holding an unimportant, though lucrative position as grain commissioner in one of the inland towns of the province. He will be watched with the deepest solicitude, as the peace of China will largely depend upon his course.

Wang Weng Shao, who is 74 years of age, and deaf, was never rated as a statesman or a diplomatist. His appointment is probably temporary.

Telegraphic communication with Prince Ching was obtained today. He is attempting to meet the court. After consultation will return with an envoy to meet the nobles to follow his example, to take military positions and to study military science.

A private letter from a European now in Tai Yuan Fu says that two British officers, with a party of Indian soldiers, encountered the imperial procession, were suspected of unfriendly motives, and were detained as prisoners by the emperor's bodyguard for a few days. Apparently this was an exploring party, commanded by Maj. Anfield and Capt. Hunter, who have been operating in that region for some time.

Morgan May Buy More Steamers.

New York, Nov. 9.—When an attempt was made to interview Mr. Morgan, manager in this country of the Hamburg-American line, concerning the report that Herr Balin, director of the Hamburg-American company, is in London trying to arrange the sale of eighteen steamers—it is believed to J. Pierpont Morgan—he expressed surprise at the information and would only add: "This is all news to me. I have not heard a single word from Balin figure revealing himself to the public. I cannot discuss it at all."

English Art Club Exhibit.

New York, Nov. 9.—The exhibition of the English art club will be a dull show today, says the Tribune's London correspondent. Moffatt Linder, who is usually in advance of his colleagues, has an impressionist study of a sunset off Christ Church Harbor, with splashes of scarlet sky and dark metallic waters glow with crimson fire. Wilson Steer has two well balanced landscapes with a fine play of light in meadows and trees. Wm. Orphen has succeeded in filling a room with air and in capturing the realism of Sargent's Venetian interior in a picture entitled "A Window in a London Street." The best portrait is Francis Bate's "Chess Player," and the only religious work is "Emmanuel," by W. J. Strang, with the central figure revealing himself to the eyes of the two disciples. The opening of the exhibition contains little evidence that the new men of the English art are thinking for themselves.—Horbert J. P. Morgan, a collection, a modern gallery of 18 water color drawings of York minister, Durham cathedral and other

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