TELEGRAPHIC.

VIEW OF HAREM LIFE

The Khedive Marries One of His Mother's Sisters,

A BEAUTIFUL CIRCASSIAN GIRL.

Intrigues Previous to Stirring the Council—Members of the Family Parties.

CAIRO, Feb. 19.—The Khedive signed a contract with his fiancee civilly today in the presence of the Egyptian ministers. The marriage ceremonies will take place at Cairo, and there will be no public ceremony.

About two or twelve years ago the Khedive's mother purchased several Circassian slave girls to act as servants for her children. Some Circassian were more efficient than others, and thought up by the palace. On the occasion one of these young women was chosen to be an object of the Khedive in order to attract her attention. The Khedive took a good long to her.

And when the Khedive, the mother's mother, went to Constantinople last year and a marriage with some Turkish princess was talked about, the Circassian held out as longer, being that her only hope of a husband was to succeed against the Khedive and thus, if a son were the result, would claim throne. The Khedive's mother, who is of her sex as the same place.

When the Khedive learned of the relations which existed between her son and the Circassian, she was very angry, but upon her son asking her Highness and stating that he wished to marry the girl, she relented and gave her his blessing. It was thought that the Khedive would marry the girl, was, at times at Cairo, under cover himself, behind the walls of the palace, in order to assure the legitimacy of those who would be in a position to know some doubt as to whether the legitimacy could be effected by a marriage after birth, the child being the sons of the Khedive, but of his mother.

According to the law of succession, the Khedive cannot appoint a successor of this state, such an act being contrary to the state law. The other members of the Khedive's family are anxious at the success of Ali, as they hoping hope that the Khedive and his only brother, Mohammed Ali, might be children. The women with whom the Khedive contributed a marriage today are been known in the harem as Lady Dual Hanem.

Chicago Papers Sold.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—John H. Walsh, the owner of the majority of the stock of the Chicago Herald and Chicago Evening Post, has disposed of his interests in both papers to James W. Scott, who has been connected with those papers since their inception. Mr. Scott has for some time held an option on the stock of Mr. Walsh outside papers.

Mr. Scott said tonight that the price paid for the two papers was approximately $2,000,000.

BARING BROKERS.

Diamonds Stolen in Full View of Many Spectators.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 19.—Franklin's pawn shop on Dupont street, between Post and Sutter, right in the heart of the business section of the city, was robbed of a tray of diamonds tonight.

The robbery, which occurred about 8 o'clock this evening, was a particularly daring one. The street was crowded with people, when a boy slipped up to the front door of the pawnshop, and stoning them, slipped a Tabe lock through a single rod, the outside and broke Franklin in. At the same time a few stones in the show window and seized a tray of diamonds.

Probably a hundred people saw the act, and one man, hidden behind the corner, the robber in his rushed. Without calls the first commanded him to halt, at the same time firing his pistol. The shot did not take effect, but it scared the robber and he released his hold.

The robber dashed to an alley nearby, and mounting a bicycle, was sold out of sight. The boy ran out away.

NEW PLAN STRUGGLED.

Another Edition of the Sonly Bill Introduced in Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Several measures claim Home Pacific railroad committee gave a leading issue to the representatives of the Union and Central Pacific roads concerning the proposition that the government assume the principal of the debt in not pay part of its claims against the roads.

Senators Gray, Vilas, Dubois, Chandler, Vest and Stockbridge were appointed on the subcommittee, and work commenced immediately.

In the course of the morning Mr. Morrill declared that the Union Pacific could not continue, and that continuance to be present conditions was impossible; that to the end was a new charter from Congress, or it would be impossible to meet maturity.

Mr. Shelby said there was a certain question about its right to do that.

Chairman Dolph proposed to the representatives of the roads a new plan for the settlement of the debt, which is practically a revision of the Reilly bill. The proposition was, instead of taking the first mortgage, and extending the government debt, the companies should pay the principal of the government debt into the treasury, that the interest on the debt should be paid annually as expected by the Reilly bill, and the principal should be funded in twenty annual payments, the interest to be calculated upon the principal remaining from time to time.

The representatives of the Union Pacific and the Central Pacific roads will give their views on it in a few days.

The Cotton Pool in the Dominion.

BRANDON, Man., H. C., Feb. 19.—Between Fifty at the Hands of his slave chiefs, Mr. L. R. N. Stevens, of Wales, to whom arrangements for the mission were committed, informed to President Cleveland this afternoon a committee of ladies of the W. C. T. U. for instances to remove the cotton pool from the exchanges politics. The meeting took place in the library of the executive mansion. The committee, headed by Miss Willard and Lady Henry Somerset, members of the general Board of the United W. C. T. U., Mrs. Mary Lee Ashton, Mrs. Rose Mr. K. L. Stevens, Fifty-fifth of the interview with the President, Lee Mrs. Cleveland of a few minutes in the East Parlor.

Representative Sons, of New Hampshire, called for the same purpose, and the subject of the cotton pool was discussed. The committee of the United W. C. T. U. gave the highest expression of their views on the subject, and President Cleveland in the best terms.

INDIAN WAR VETERANS.

Pensions for the Survivors Frequently Voted Upon.

The Proposition Secures the Lead Now Who Fought in 1832-42.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 19.—The House committee on pensions today by a majority report Representative Hermann's bill to extend the act of the Indian wars—1832 to 1842, so that such who served only ninety days in the Indian Wars—1832 to 1842, so that such who served only ninety days in the Indian Wars—1832 to 1842, so that such who served only ninety days in the Indian