

ROOSEVELT GUEST OF DEMOCRATS.

Tendered a Magnificent Banquet
By The Iroquois Club of
Chicago.

RECEPTION MOST ENTHUSIASTIC

President Much Gratified—Speaks
From Point of View of a Citizen
And Not of a Partisan.

Chicago, May 10.—Honoring and honored by his political foes, but personal friends, President Roosevelt was tonight the chief guest at a magnificent banquet tendered him by the Iroquois club, the leading Democratic organization of Illinois. Surrounded by men who have fought against him in two national campaigns, who deprecate many of his avowed policies, and who have frowned upon some of his political actions, the president was tonight cheered to the echo as he entered and left the banquet hall, was applauded with enthusiasm throughout his address, and at its close was given to understand that in his case political differences were in personal issues. The banquet, which was from first to last an ovation, was given entirely by Democrats to the leader of their political opponents, and many of the highly personal references made by the speakers of the evening, the majority of whom are men of Democratic faith, deeply touched the president. In his manner and words he evinced throughout the evening a deep gratification at the warmth of his reception from men who have fought him in political battles before now, and are ready to fight him again tomorrow if they considered it necessary. Throughout the entire evening, however, ran the dominant note of admiration for the character of and friendship for the man himself. The great banquet hall of the Auditorium, which has been the scene of many notable gatherings, never held one more representative than that which assembled there tonight to do honor to President Roosevelt. Given under the auspices of a Democratic organization as it was, it was but natural that the majority of those present should be members of that party, but scattered throughout the banquet hall were many men strong in Republican doctrine and high in the councils of their party in Illinois.

At the president's table were Mayor Edward F. Dunne, Charles P. Gunther, president of the Iroquois club; James Hamilton Lewis, who acted as toastmaster; Samuel Alschuler, Judge Murray F. Tuley, Sheriff Thomas E. Barrett and other Democrats. Of the Republicans there were at the same table Gov. Denen, Senator A. J. Hopkins, Judge C. C. Kohlman, Judge J. W. Landis and a dozen more.

Prior to the banquet itself, which was set for 7 o'clock, the president held an informal reception in the rooms of the art institute, adjoining the Auditorium on the north. He shook hands with every one of the 500 men who were present at the function immediately following the reception, and had a pleasant word for all those who were known to him personally or by reputation.

A few moments before 7 o'clock, the president, escorted by President Gun-

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Tea Pot**
Always fragrant
Always tempting
BECAUSE she always brews
Two Tea
A delicious product of Japan's
finest tea gardens
Ask for the package with the
tea tree on it.
M. J. BRANDENSTEIN & CO.
San Francisco, Cal.

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GATE
COFFEE**
Your grocer
wants to
please. If he
hasn't Golden
Gate he will
get it for you.
Aroma-tight tins. Never in bulk.
J. A. Folger & Co.
Established in 1850
San Francisco

ther of the Iroquois club and other officials of that organization, entered the banquet hall. They had been preceded by several hundred of the guests, and their arrival was the signal for an outburst of cheers that continued until the president had traversed the long hall and stood by his seat at the speaker's table, which was placed at the east end of the hall upon a dais about twelve inches high. The president bowed repeatedly in acknowledgment of the hearty welcome extended to him.

The menu was long, and fully one and one-half hours were consumed before it was reached. At 9 o'clock President Roosevelt called the guests to order and made a brief address of welcome to the president.

Toastmaster Lewis also spoke briefly. M. J. Brandenstein, the first formal speaker, responded to the toast, "The Iroquois Club." Gov. Denen, who followed him, spoke on "Illinois."

When at the conclusion of the address of Gov. Denen, Mr. Lewis arose to introduce President Roosevelt. He was at first given no opportunity to speak. The entire assembly was on its feet, waving handkerchiefs and shouting and cheering with vigor. When his voice could be heard, Mr. Lewis happily introduced the president, who spoke as follows:

PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.
"I very deeply appreciate the honor of being your guest and the guest of the city of Chicago this evening, and in looking at the possibilities of the future, let me add that I have not the least anticipation of Chicago's ever reversing that most complimentary vote which I so deeply appreciated last year, because I will never have the chance."

"I have accepted your kind and generous invitation to come before you because the longer I am in political life the more firmly convinced am I that the great bulk of questions of most importance before us as a people are questions which we can best decide not from the standpoint of Republicanism or Democracy, but from the standpoint of the interests of the average citizen, whether Republican or Democrat."

"There are foreign questions and there are domestic questions. Our political should, and in the great majority of cases does disappear at the water's edge, and when I had to choose a man to represent in a peculiar degree the interests of this government in one of the most important negotiations of recent years, I chose the best lawyer, one of the ablest public men, and one of the most far-sighted patriots that could be found in the country; and the fact that he was the opposite faith did not interfere with Judge Dickinson doing that work well."

"Having drawn an Illinois citizen, at least one by adoption, for one bit of work, let me speak of something that has happened more recently. One of the works Uncle Sam has on hand just at present is digging the Panama canal—and it is going to be dug (cheering and shouting) until they were hoarse."

Some then, came away with enthusiasm, jumped upon the tables, headed with linen and china and glassware, and sent forth cheer after cheer. Mayor Dunne, profoundly moved by the words of the president, sprang from his seat and grasped the president's hand, which he shook vigorously while he expressed his gratitude.

For fully 10 minutes the hall rang with the applause, while both Democrats and Republicans gathered around the president to offer their congratulations on his speech, and because of his response to the congratulations showered on him, the president, attended by President Gunther and the members of the reception committee, slowly made his way from the hall to his rooms to prepare for his departure from the city.

The next speaker was Mayor Edward F. Dunne, who spoke on "The City of Chicago." He said:

"This city greets Theodore Roosevelt because he is the chosen chief of 50,000,000 of free people because by his sterling manhood, patriotism and energy he has fairly and honestly won the proud position he now occupies—the position of chief of the nation and because of his character he typifies that which the citizens of this city honor above all else—honesty of purpose and intensity of effort."

THE PROOF.

Dr. Pierce is not afraid of letting the public know all the truth about his "Favorite Prescription." It contains a non-alcoholic extract of the following American medicinal plants:

Lady's Slipper (*Cypripedium Pubescens*), Black Cohosh (*Cimicifuga Racemosa*), Unicorn Root (*Chamaelirium Luteum*), Blue Cohosh (*Caulophyllum*), Golden Seal (*Hydrastis Canadensis*), KING'S AMERICAN DISPENSATORY SAYS: BLUE COHOSH (*Caulophyllum*). "This remedy is most valuable to relieve irritation of the organs in debilitated patients. It has an established reputation as a remedy for nervous excitement due to those disorders peculiar to women, such as for the relief of pain, fullness, weight and pain in the legs, debility, crampy pains, etc."

"Golden Seal is very useful in catarrhal states of the mucous membranes." With "Black Cohosh or Rattleroot"—Our early American Indians set a high value on this disease of women. It is surpassed by no other drug, in corrective conditions of the parts where there are dropping pains and tenderness.

Lady's Slipper is "a nerve stimulant and tonic, improving both circulation and nutrition of the nerve centers, favoring sleep and cheerful condition of the mind; of service in mental depression, nervous headache, irregularity of women with despondency."

Thousands of weak and sick women can trace the beginning of a new life of perfect health to Favorite Prescription. Sick and ailing women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, free. All correspondence held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

cries of "Good! Good!" It is going to be dug honestly, and as cheaply as is compatible with efficiency—but with the efficiency first.

"I wanted Congress to give me power to remodel the commission. It did not do it. I remodeled it anyhow and pure ground in his best speech, and I was going to lay out the whole country represented and put the best man I could get in any given position without the slightest regard to where he came from."

"And, while it was an accident, still I may mention it as a fortunate accident, that the then most important positions were filled by the best men—Shonts and Wallace from Illinois."

The president took up the question of capital and labor, covering the same ground as his Denver speech, and advocating federal regulation of the roads. Touching upon the labor question, he said:

"I am proud of the fact that I am an honorary member of one union, but I believe that the union, like the individual, must be kept to a strict accountability to the power of the law."

"Mayor Dunne, as president of the United States, and therefore as the representative of the people of this country, I give you as a matter of course, my hearty support in upholding the law, in putting down violence, whether by a mob or by an individual (cheers with many standing, waving handkerchiefs, making, etc.)"

"And there need not be the slightest apprehension in the hearts of the most timid that ever the mob spirit will triumph in this country. Those immediately responsible for dealing with the trouble must, as I know you will, exhaust every effort in so dealing with it before call is made upon any outside body."

"But if ever the need arises, back of the city stands the state and back of the state stands the nation. And there, gentlemen, is a power upon which all good Americans are one. They are all one in the conviction, in the firm determination that this country shall remain in the past, a country of liberty and justice under the form of law."

Rarely before in this city has such genuine enthusiasm been evoked as was awakened by the president at the conclusion of his speech. As he announced the fact that behind the state the nation would stand for the preservation of order in Chicago with cheers and the vigorous clapping of hands interrupted him for several minutes. When he brought his address to a close his audience cheered and waved their handkerchiefs in approval.

Dozens of the guests mounted chairs and shouted until they were hoarse. Some then, came away with enthusiasm, jumped upon the tables, headed with linen and china and glassware, and sent forth cheer after cheer.

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**TROOPS IN MOSCOW ACCUSED
OF NEEDLESS BARBARITY**

Warsaw, May 11.—A group of factory owners and other residents of Warsaw have presented a memorial to Gov. Gen. Maximovich, accusing the troops of needless barbarity and brutality in connection with the events of May 1 and demanding an impartial investigation participated in by representatives of the people. The memorialists declare that the order to fire on the crowd in Jerusalem was given without exhausting other means for its dispersal or giving the prescribed three preliminary signals, and that when the crowd dispersed after the volleys, the troops brutally harried those remaining in the streets as well as those who sought refuge in the houses, hunting out, shooting and beating women and children as well as men. The memorialists asserted that a thirteen-year-old girl hiding in a shed was snatched by a policeman and that a sixteen-year-old boy who ran into a bedroom and crawled under a bed for shelter was deliberately shot through the window and mortally wounded.

The memorialists have recounted a number of similar instances. The governor-general replied that the use of force was necessitated by the threatening bearing of the crowd from whom the first shot fired making the return volley necessary. In such a conflict, he adds, sacrifice of life was unavoidable.

The governor-general regretted the occurrence, but declared the crowd was amply warned by the declaration that order would be obtained at any price. He admitted that the troops might have displayed unnecessary harshness, but argued that the presence of an officer with every detachment was not always possible. He denied the request for a public investigation, but invited the memorialists to report violations of the law and present the facts regarding cruelty in individual cases which he would be ready and willing to investigate.

Earthquake in Mexico.
Mexico City, May 11.—The earthquake of Monday night was felt over a wide area of country in central and southern Mexico. In the state of Jalisco many houses were damaged, and the dome of the church in one town collapsed. The shock was severe also in Chihuahua, capital of the state of Guaymas, which a few years ago was nearly destroyed by an earthquake of exceptional violence. The shock was notably at Colima, where a volcanic movement was felt, accompanied by subterranean roarings. The earthquake was felt to the borders of Guatemala.

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ZEMSTVO CONGRESS ADOPTS IMPORTANT RESOLUTIONS

Moscow, May 11.—The zemstvo congress, which closed last night, after approving the project of a bicameral assembly as outlined by the Associated Press on May 6, probably was the precursor of another congress next fall, the delegates having informally decided to assemble them and having elected a permanent bureau of 20 to carry on the work of the congress during the interim. It was also determined to lay all the resolutions of the congress directly before the provincial zemstvos for ratification, and for this purpose to summon special sessions of all the zemstvos during the autumn.

A significant feature of the election of the permanent bureau was the failure to name as one of the number M. Shipilov, the leader of the moderate wing of the congress, the other members of the provisional committee of the December congress being re-elected to this bureau.

Besides the resolutions concerning the

TEA

We sell both tea and coffee; and don't care which you buy. Oh yes; there's a lot more money in coffee.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like

holding a first.



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true peace of mind is obtained by protecting yourself against loss of perishable property with a good fire insurance policy. The next is to find a company that is financially strong and that would pay your losses promptly should a fire occur.

We think you will find the HOME FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY the best for you. Let us give you further particulars.

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20 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

Spring is Fair But Fickle

And it's a mighty wise thing to have a "Cravenette" rain coat or a light top coat to get behind when she weeps and pours. We are prepared for such moods as well as her bright, warm smiles with a remarkably fine collection of

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"Where the Clothes Fit."

111-113 Main Street.

Time Table

IN EFFECT
May 7, 1905.

ARRIVE.

No. 4—From Ogden, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City and Denver, 6:15 a.m.
No. 8—From Ogden, Portland, Dulles and San Francisco, 8:30 a.m.
No. 6—From Ogden and intermediate points, 9:30 a.m.
No. 10—From Ogden, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver and San Francisco, 11:45 a.m.
No. 2—From Ogden, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver and San Francisco, 1:45 p.m.
No. 12—From Ogden, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver and San Francisco, 3:45 p.m.
No. 14—From Ogden, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver and San Francisco, 5:45 p.m.

DEPART.

No. 5—For Ogden, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City and Denver, 7:10 a.m.
No. 7—For Ogden, Portland, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Dulles and San Francisco, 9:30 a.m.
No. 1—For Ogden, Omaha, Chicago, Dulles, Kansas City, St. Louis and San Francisco, 1:40 p.m.
No. 11—For Ogden, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver and San Francisco, 4:10 p.m.
No. 3—For Ogden, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver and San Francisco, 6:05 p.m.
No. 9—For Ogden, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver and San Francisco, 8:05 p.m.

**THE NORTH WESTERN
LINE
TO
CHICAGO
AND THE
EAST**

Fast through trains daily to Chicago via the CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY the double-track line between the Missouri River and Chicago. Direct connection with all lines to the East. Two trains daily Omaha to St. Paul and Minneapolis; excellent service to Duluth and Superior. The Best of Everything. Pullman drawing-room sleeping cars, buffet smoking and library cars, bookstalls, dining cars, a la carte service, free reclining chair cars and standard coaches. For further information apply to C. A. WALKER, Gen'l Agt. C. & N.W. Ry. 30 and 40 West Second South St. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

nature and form of the assembly the congress declared that it was impossible for members of zemstvos or deputias to participate in the work of district commissions, created to arrange for the reimbursement of the losses caused by peasant disorders since the organization of these commissions, and their mode of investigation are founded upon complete renunciation of ordinary legal procedure.

The congress further opposed participation by zemstvos, in the multitudinous government commissions, claiming that the effect of these is to retard instead of hasten the work of reform, and favoring participation in the Bouli-gan commission only if the popular representatives are elected instead of invited and are given equal rights with the representatives.

Obstinate constipation, indigestion and stomach disorders are permanently and positively cured by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, 25 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

**SAN PEDRO,
LOS ANGELES
AND SALT LAKE
R. R. CO.**

TIME TABLE
Effective May 1st,
1905.

DEPART DAILY.
From Ogden Short Line Depot, Salt Lake City.
No. 5—For Stockton & Tule, 7:45 a.m.
No. 3—For Provo, Mendocino, Marysville and Points on San Pedro Valley, 8:00 a.m.
No. 1—For Provo, Nephi and Lytle, 8:00 p.m.
No. 2—For Provo, Nephi and Intermediate Points, 1:30 p.m.
No. 4—For Provo, Nephi and Intermediate Points, 5:00 p.m.

ARRIVE DAILY.
No. 2—From Los Angeles and Intermediate Points, 6:30 a.m.
No. 3—From Lytle, Provo and Intermediate Points, 9:45 a.m.
No. 1—From Provo, Nephi and Intermediate Points, 1:30 p.m.
No. 4—From Provo, Nephi and Intermediate Points, 5:00 p.m.
No. 5—From Tule District and Intermediate Points, 6:00 p.m.

Standard Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily Between Salt Lake, Milford, Caliente, Las Vegas and Los Angeles. Direct Stage Connection for All Mining Districts in Southern Utah and Nevada including Bullfrog, Potosi, etc. Ticket Office, 17 W. Second South St. E. W. COLLETT, General Pass. Agt. J. L. MOORE, Dist. Pass. Agt.

**THE DENVER & RIOGRANDE
RAILROAD**

Current Time Table,
In effect Oct. 24, 1904.

LEAVE SALT LAKE CITY.

No. 10—For Heber, Provo and Marysville, 8:00 a.m.
No. 12—For Park City, 8:15 a.m.
No. 6—For Denver and East, 8:30 a.m.
No. 8—For Ogden and West, 9:15 a.m.
No. 1—For Ogden and West, 1:45 p.m.
No. 2—For Denver and East, 3:15 p.m.
No. 3—For Provo and Marysville, 5:00 p.m.
No. 11—For Bingham, 8:10 a.m.
No. 13—For Bingham, 8:30 p.m.

ARRIVE SALT LAKE CITY.

No. 9—From Ogden and the West, 8:50 a.m.
No. 7—From Ogden and Local Points, 9:50 a.m.
No. 1—From Bureka and Provo, 10:00 a.m.
No. 4—From Denver and East, 10:25 a.m.
No. 1—From Denver and East, 1:30 p.m.
No. 2—From Ogden and the West, 3:05 p.m.
No. 10—From Park City, 5:15 p.m.
No. 3—From Heber, Provo and Marysville, 8:00 p.m.
No. 13—From Bingham, 10:40 a.m.
No. 15—From Bingham, 5:40 p.m.
No. 4—From Ogden and the West, 7:45 p.m.
No. 1—From Denver and East, 11:30 p.m.
All trains except Nos. 1 & 2 inclusive stop at intermediate points. Ticket Office, Dooly Block, Phone 206. Gen. Agt. Pass. Dept.

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EAST**

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Salt Lake and Ogden Railway.
Time Table in effect Sept. 4, 1904.
Leave Salt Lake, 6:10 and 9 a. m., 1:10 and 5:30 p. m.
Leave Farmington and Ogden, 7:10 and 10 a. m., 4:30 and 8:30 p. m.
Extra trains at 11 a. m. on Sundays and Holidays.
A. D. FIERMAN, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
J. B. HEAN, Excursion Agt.
Office, 101 Main Street.

REDUCED RATES EAST.
ONE FARE PLUS \$2 ROUND TRIP
To Kansas City, St. Joe, All Missouri River Points and Intermediate points East thereof up to and including Chicago, St. Paul, St. Louis and Memphis.
Dates of Sale: May 27 and 29, June 3, 5, 10 and 12. Final Return Limit Sept. 15.
Let Us Know When You Go, and We Will DO THE REST.
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\$31.50
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Los Angeles and return, direct or diverse \$41.00
San Francisco and return, one way via Portland \$44.00
Los Angeles and return, one way via Portland \$52.00
For further particulars call on or address
D. R. GRAY, General Agent, 201 Main St., Salt Lake City.

CALIFORNIA
VIA
Utah's Popular Line. Shortest Time by 24 Hours.
REGULAR TRAINS RUNNING DAILY.
\$30 TO LOS ANGELES AND RETURN \$30
NINETY-DAY LIMIT WITH STOPOVERS.
MAY 10, 11, 12, 13, 14.
Solid Vestibule Passenger Train leaves Salt Lake City daily 8:30 p.m. Pullman Drawing-Room and Observation Sleepers, Dining Cars, Chair Cars, etc.
SHORTEST and QUICKEST Route to Southern California. Secure Your Reservations Now.
For Tickets or Further Information call on or write J. L. MOORE, District Passenger Agent, 17 West Second South St., Phone 1088.

**Burlington
Route**
**TEACHERS'
EXCURSION EAST.**
On May 27th and 29th; and on June 3rd, 5th, 10th and 12th.
round trip tickets will be on sale from Salt Lake City, Utah, as follows:
Chicago and return \$44.50
St. Louis and return 39.50
St. Paul & Minneapolis and return 39.00
Omaha, St. Joseph and Kansas City and return 32.00
Corresponding low rates to intermediate points.
Through Pullman Sleeping car to Chicago daily, without change.
For further information please call on, or write to
R. F. NESLEN, General Agent,
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SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.



**BLUE, DEJECTED,
DESPONDENT AND TIRED
THE POOR MOTHER KNOWS NOT
WHERE TO TURN.**

There is only one true and safe life-preserver for her to turn to in case she wants to regain the necessary strength and health to properly care for her child at home.

The best known remedy in all America for the symptoms as above given is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—on honest and a safe remedy which no woman can afford to lose the opportunity of trying for the cure of those distressing complaints which weaken a woman's vitality. Dr. Pierce not only assures you that his "Favorite Prescription" is honestly made, but he lets you know just what it contains. It is now nearly forty years since he put up this prescription in a form to be easily obtained at every drug store. Previous to that time Dr. Pierce practiced medicine and made the diseases of women his specialty. He found that there was one prescription that cured ninety-eight per cent. of his cases. The ingredients were taken from Nature in the shape of a non-alcoholic extract of medicinal roots and plants whose curative properties are generally recognized by the medical profession throughout the country, and whose harmless character you can learn from any druggist or physician. Dr. Pierce early learned how to combine those ingredients in just the right proportion to make a harmonious and efficient remedy. Experienced chemists under his direction use great care in the preparation of this non-alcoholic compound.