The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 141. TUESDAY, MAY 16, 1893. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVI.

DEATH OF A SINNER.

A Murderer Ends his Earthly Career on the Gallows.

FRANK C. ALMY EXECUTED.

The Story of His Life Shows that Even the Laws of Heridity have Apparent Exceptions.

CONCORD, N. H., May 16.—George H. Abbott, alias Frank C. Almy, was hanged here this morning for the murder of Christie Warden.

The crime for which Abbott paid the penalty was one which stirred New England to the depths. The story of the man's life is one of lawlessness from childhood. He come of an old and well known family on both sides, but heredity seemed negatived in his case. He was a thief as a scholar in school, at ten years of age, in Salem, where he was born. At twelve years he was a burglar, with a cave in which to store his plunder. At seventeen he was sentenced to the state prison for burglary, his disgrace driving his father to suicide.

After serving his term he appeared to reform, but was in reality the director of the operations of a large gang of burglars and highwaymen who created a reign of terror in North Thetford. He was caught after a fight and sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary, but managed to escape. Then he went south for a while but returned, and, under a new name of Almy engaged work as a farm hand on the farm of Andrew Warden, near Hanover. Here he met and became infatuated with Warden's elder daughter, Christie, who did not return his affection. His time expired April 1st, 1891, and he was not re-engaged. Unable to get any other work he finally went to hiding in Warden's barn. On the night of July 18th, 1891, as Mrs. Warden, her two daughters and a neighbor woman were returning home along the lonely road, Almy appeared suddenly before them with a cocked revolver, seized Christie and terrified the others with the weapon, except the younger sister who risked her life and stood the ground though shot at several times. Almy finally managed to drag the victim into the woods, where he shot her to death. Then he hid in the barn and remained there for a month before discovered. Then a posse surrounded the barn and after a siege of ten hours during which he was wounded, he surrendered. After trial, sentence and the law's delays he finally paid the penalty today.

Died of Cholera.

HAMBURG, May 16.—It is officially announced that a laborer died of Asiatic cholera at Schiffbluck, near here.

Thirsting for More Blood.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 16.—At 3 o'clock this morning a mob, presumably the same which lynched John Turney at Bedford yesterday, went to Brownstown and took Lou Trenck, who shot and killed Henry Feasler a week ago, from jail and lynched him.

PALLISTER'S BODY FOUND.

The Condemned Murderer Could Not Escape Death.

SING SING, N. Y., May 16.—The body of Pallister, the murderer under sentence of death, who with Rhoie, another condemned murderer, escaped from the penitentiary a month ago, was found floating in the river opposite the jail this morning, badly decomposed. The body of Rhoie was found some days ago, and at the time it was supposed that Pallister had murdered Rohie to facilitate his own escape.

The body showed a bullet hole in the head. It is supposed that Rohie shot Pallister and then suicided.

A Levee Breaks.

NEW ORLEANS, May 16.—The levee at Grand Lake, Arkansas, has broken.

Steamship Ashore.

QUEBEC, May 16.—The steamship Wanderham, from Hamburg, is ashore on Apple island, seventy miles below here, leaking badly. Assistance has gone to her. The passengers are safe.

Facts Not Easily Explainable.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—For some weeks rumors have been rife in the interior department bringing in serious question the official conduct of W. E. Simonds, late commissioner of patents. Prominent attorneys have preferred charges to the effect that in the celebrated Drawbaum's telephone case, Simonds allowed the secret archives of the patent office to be copied by parties outside of the patent office, contrary to law. It is rumored that other important applications have been copied and that Simonds compiled a book on patent law and had it typewritten by government clerks during office hours. The matter has been investigated and it is said the report will set forth facts not easily explainable.

Presidential Appointments.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The President has made the following appointments:

A. C. Baker, Arizona, chief justice of the supreme court of Arizona.

Edward L. Hall, New Mexico, U.S. marshal of New Mexico.

Benjamin F. Moore, New York, collector of customs, Alaska, vice Edwin T. Hatch removed.

Wm. H. Pugh, Ohio, commissioner of customs, vice S. V. Halliday, Pennsylvania, resigned.

Robert M. Cousar, Tennessee, deputy first auditor of the treasury, vice Alex F. McMillan, District of Columbia, resigned.

Ross and His Battered.

SEATTLE, Wash., May 16.—Counsel for Colonel Frank C. Ross late last night procured an order from Judge Langley of the superior court, enjoining Indian Agent Ellis and Captain Carpenter, U. S. A., from interfering with Colonel Ross and his railroad on the Puyallup reservation.

The complaint filed in behalf of Ross states that the Indians are citizens of the United States and the state of Washington and owners in fee simple of the lands over which he is grading his roadway, and that he has the right of way from them and permit to go upon the land and construct his railroad in a lawful manner. He further states that Agent Ellis has ordered him to leave and remove his men from the lands and has brought to his aid an armed force and that they are about to forcibly and unlawfully remove him against the peace and dignity of the State of Washington.

A FAMOUS MINING SUIT.

Motion For New Trial Overruled.

BOISE, Idaho, May 16.—Judge Newton yesterday overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of the Tyler Mining company against the Last Chance. This is the famous Couer D'Alene mining suit in which the Tylers secured a verdict at a recent term of the United States district court.

A strike has occurred at the Mineral. The Seven Devils' Mining Camp men demand an increase of wages from $3 to $3.50 a day. About fifty men are involved.

State County Warrants.

GUTHRIE, I. T., May 16.—Some time ago a lot of unsigned county warrants were stolen from the court house at Stillwater and the money has been cashed by various parties.

The grand jury has just returned indictments against Van Martin, a prominent attorney and warrant dealer, charging him with forging the signatures on these warrants. The arrest caused a sensation and other startling developments are promised.

IN THE WORLD OF BUSINESS

Erratic Movements on the New York Stock Market.

American Stocks Unsettled in the London Market—Commencement of Failures.

NEW YORK, May 16.—A million dollars in gold has been taken for shipment to Europe tomorrow.

The stocks opened firm, fractionally higher. Cordage preferred were 3 higher at 75; common were also better at 1¼. The impression prevails that the condition of the company is better than at first supposed.

Movements after opening were excedingly erratic, being alternately weak and strong. The bears made frequent raids, but met more effective opposition than heretofore. Rock Island rose from 70¾ to 71¾; broke to 69¾; rallied to 71. Other grangers were firmer, St. Paul selling up to 68½; Burlington to 84. Cordage, common, fell from 16¼ to 15. At 11 the market was quiet and steady.

LONDON STOCK MARKET.

LONDON, May 16.—The stocks were unsettled, lower, notably American stocks. There was much excitement, owing to heavy selling orders from the continent. B. Hodgson & Sons, brokers, well known for 30 years, have failed. Another small firm has also gone to the wall.

At noon the stocks were calmer with a disposition to await developments, accompanied, however, by a feeling of general distrust and disinclination to trade.

Argentine securities are very flat.

A BANK FAILS.

LONDON, May 16.—The failure was announced this morning of the City of Melbourne bank, limited. The bank has a manager in this city.

The stocks were weak, lower after 11 and then became firmer. Cordage, common, rose 1¾, preferred jumped 6 points to 61. There was sharp borrowing demand for stocks, some of which commanded a premium.

NOT YET SUSPENDED.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 16.—The Northwestern Guaranty Loan company has not yet suspended, though the officers admit that the financial stringency will probably compel them to do so. It is announced that investors will probably be paid in full. President Menage thinks there will be no loss to either investors or stockholders. There is a much easier feeling today in business circles.

ATTACHMENT GRANTED.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Attachment has been granted against West Superior Iron and Steel company for $95,000 in favor of the Atlantic Trust company.

A LIQUOR DEALER FAILS.

DETROIT, May 16.—Herman C. Feehbeimer, a leading wholesale liquor dealer, has failed. Two weeks ago his partner, Thos. Swan, caused his arrest on a charge of fraud. He was released on bail and has not been seen since. Bank officials say that much of the $100,000 of Feihbeimer's paper held by the bank is forged. Cincinnati banks are also said to hold a large amount of forged paper.

Closed Its Doors.

BLOOMINGTON, May 16.—The Exchange Bank of Normal, a suburb of this city closed its doors today. It was a private bank conducted by W. F. Schureman. The cause of failure was doing business without capital. It has been expected for some time. The deposits averaged $90,000; the capital stock was supposed to be $25,000.

"AN INTERESTING EVENT."

Mrs. and Mr. Cleveland Move to Their Country House on Account of It.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—President and Mrs. Cleveland have moved out to their country house. The *Star* says members of the family are looking forward to an interesting event to occur, it is stated, in July. This event explains why the President and Mrs. Cleveland have been somewhat anxious to get into their own country home for the summer.

THE CHINESE PROBLEM.

Ought to Extend the Time for Registration, Says Lee Wah.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Chinatown accepts the decision of the Supreme court on the Geary law gloomy, but expects that something will turn up to prevent wholesale deportation. Lee Wah, one of the agitators of the Chinese Equal Rights league, and agent for the Pacific mail and Southern Pacific railroad, says: "I think the secretary of the treasury, if he has the power, should extend the time for registration, as a majority wish to comply with the law. They have not done so before through being misled by counsel.

DEMONSTRATION IN SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 16.—A thousand people assembled last night to celebrate the Chinese decision. The chief addresses were by the Anti-Chinese agitators Dr. C. C. O'Donnell and Dennis Kearney, but neither succeeded in arousing much enthusiasm. It was arranged to have a general labor parade on Saturday night.

WHAT CHINA WILL DO.

Rev. Dr. Condit, who is at at the head of the Presbyterian Chinese missions on the Pacific Coast, and who has spent much time in China, and Rev. W. J. Poon Chew, his Chinese assistant, agree in the statement that the first result of the Supreme Court decision, will be the severing of all diplomatic relations with the United States by China, and this will be followed by the driving of all Americans from that country including missionaries.

It will be impossible to check the fury of the Chinese populace, who will almost certainly destroy all the churches and schools and kill many missionaries. Orders have been issued not to send any more missionaries and many of those already there are leaving or are on their way home. Some are expected home today. Rev. Mr. Condit has a letter from a missionary who has had an interview with Prime Minister L. Hung Chang, who said that all Americans would be driven out in case the Chinese were deported from the United States. He believes that all commercial relations with the United States will also be severed.

WILL IT RESULT IN WAR?

NEW YORK, May 16.—A Washington special to the *Tribune* says: The outlook for a war with China is now regarded in naval circles as not unfavorable. It is believed the emperor will resent the conclusion reached by the Supreme court, and will issue a decree enforcing strict rules against the entry of any more Americans into China and probably ordering the removal of our missionaries out of his territory under pain of forcible deportation. In the meantime there is danger of an insurrection of Chinese against white immigrants, which the imperial authorities would be unable to check. These, taken together with the outbreaks which the attempt to enforce the Geary law on our west coast, will bring about, it is thought, will put the two nations on such a footing as to make war inevitable.

"The decision was a great blow to the Chinese legation here, where it had been hoped, down to the last moment, that the act would be declared unconstitutional."

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Protest against Opening the Show on Sundays.

NEW YORK, May 16.—The officers of the American sabbath union, which claims to represent twenty million Christians, has telegraphed President Cleveland to take steps to prevent the proposed opening of the World's Fair on Sunday.

ANOTHER COLD DAY.

Another cold, cloudy day greeted the visitors to the World's Fair, and there was a noticeable falling off in the attendance. Among the early visitors were two hundred members of the Minnesota Editorial association, who, after visiting the Minnesota building, proceeded to the hotel where the National Editorial association is in session.

The Minnesota building will be dedicated tomorrow, when they will attend in a body.

The board of lady managers has set apart space in the Woman's building for an exhibit by Afro-American women.

The center of interest today is the action to be taken by the national commissioners who arrived this morning to take part in the discussion in response to telegrams urging them to be present.

The national commission met at noon, but failing to get a quorum, adjourned till tomorrow without transacting any business.

THE LADIES' CONGRESS.

There were lively times today in seven different simultaneous meetings well subdivisions of the Woman's Congress in session in the great Art Palace on Lake Front. Halls, corridors and the big structure were crowded with famous women. Topics ranging from dress reform to evolution were under discussion.

Mrs. May Wright Kwale of Indiana, president of the International Council of women, presided over the department of dress reform. She appeared in a reform costume with full skirt, cut eighteen inches from the floor and the limits below the border, in neat fitting blue leggings. Other notable women on the platform were Lucy Stone, Frances M. Steel, Anna Jenness Miller, Octavio Slater, Frances W. Leiter, Charlotte Emmerson Brown. A number of ladies in the audience also wore uniform costumes. Susan B. Anthony read a paper prepared by Elizabeth Cady Stanton on "The Civil and Social Evolution of Women." In the department of the International Women's Christian Association Mrs. Charles Kendall Adams, Wisconsin, read an address on "Plain Education."

Very Neatly Put.

In his reply to the letter from Washington, informing him of his "removal" from office, U. S. Marshal Benton stated that he cheerfully complied with the request contained in the communication and concluded thus: "I will render my successor all the assistance possible to make not only his but your (the President's) administration a successful one."

THE GAS QUESTION.

Was Lawson the Author of the Anti-Gas Company Argument?

THE PRICES FOR ILLUMINATION.

What the Gas and Electric Light Company Asks and Proposes to Do.

The stockholders of the Salt Lake and Ogden Gas and Electric Light company have again postponed their meeting, called to consider the issue of a million and a half bonds. The reason for this postponement is that the City Council has as yet taken no action upon the company's application for an extension of its franchise. Tonight the Council may do something with the application, if it can be reached in the order of business. This being the case Mr. W. S. McCornick was approached on the subject today by a NEWS representative. Mr. McCornick was not inclined to do any talking for publication, and preferred to avoid any controversy. To some questions, however, he vouchsafed a reply. In response to an inquiry as to why the matter had been delayed in the Council, Mr. McCornick said, "I do not think there has been any intention to delay. The crowding of business on the Council has caused the matter to be deferred, but I have no doubt it will be brought up when it is reached in regular order. I cannot say that I think there has been delay unnecessarily."

"What have you to say regarding the paper obtained from Councilman Lawson and published in the NEWS last Friday evening?"

"That was not Mr. Lawson's argument. He never got those figures out. That paper was the work of an individual who is now suing the gas company, and who wants to raise his stock to a fictitious value. He is not content to let the courts decide the question but wants to work it in the council and elsewhere, to try and get sympathy in his favor. I saw all those figures months ago. The showing there made is the height of absurdity, as any person who will examine it carefully can see. Mr. Lawson's paper was not published by his permission."

Of course the paper was published by Mr. Lawson's full permission. In fact, it was obtained from him. Mr. McCornick was further asked as to the statements contained in the alleged argument against the gas company: "What about the complaint that it is solely for the benefit of outside capitalists?"

"Why, these men are bringing their money in, and that is what we want. It is a good deal of importance to get big investments here, and the company proposes to expend a large sum. Of course they expect a reasonable return for an investment. A new franchise is not asked for. The gas company has run about three of its twenty-five years, and the electric light company has thirteen or fourteen years of its franchise yet to run. We ask that the whole be made twenty-five years from date, concurrent with the issue of bonds proposed to be made."

"Can gas be produced at $1.25 per 1000 feet, as stated?"

"No, it cannot. We could not possibly make gas at that figure. Why the mere cost of a good day's run would reach that figure or more, to say nothing of other expenses. There is more than the cost of coal to make gas. A good many heavy expenditures have to be made besides that. There is the cost of the plant and the laying of the pipe, for instance. We have had to take up a large amount of the old pipe and replace it with new, and it is not done without expense. Another item that might be mentioned now is the gas holder at the works. It cost between $40,000 and $50,000, and is now worn out. The corrosion has been so great that we must put in an entirely new holder. These are all expenses on the production of gas, and we cannot make it at the price named. As a condition for the franchise extension we have asked, we offer gas at $2.50 per thousand feet, with a discount to public offices."

"What of the assertion that the charge for electric light service is exorbitant?"

"That, like the rest of the 'argument' made against the company, is absurd and incorrect. Taking all the circumstances into consideration there is no city that is supplied more cheaply than Salt Lake."

Mr. McCornick exhibited a sheet showing the prices charged for electric lighting in about forty cities of the United States. In this Salt Lake's cost of lighting was shown to be less than half of San Francisco's, proportionately, and of other places, and in excess of some far-eastern towns. This city stands in the same list for cost as Omaha, New York, Brooklyn, New Orleans, and other large cities.

STOPPED STREET GRADING.

Complaint that the Culmer-Jennings Paving Company are Tearing Up Too Many Streets.

Last evening about 5 o'clock the the Culmer-Jennings Paving company put a gang of men to work with teams tearing up Second South street between East Temple and State streets. Several of the councilmen were hurriedly called together for consultation and the result of their conference was the conclusion that the company was daily violating its contract; that the agreement between them and the city was to the effect that not more than one block on a street should be torn up at a time and that on by one side, while the company has the whole of East Temple within the paving district, two blocks on First South a part of Second South and two blocks on Third South, in an almost unpassable condition.

The councilmen immediately went in search of Mr. Haines, chairman of the board of public works, and about 8 o'clock he was found with the Mayor at the Alta club. A second informal meeting was held and the result is that Chairman Hales issued an order compelling the paving company to cease work on Second South street and level that portion which they had torn up. This morning it was served and the teams which were on hand to plow and scraps were used to smooth the broken grade.

The Council is considerably aroused over the delay in paving and threaten to bring such force to bear on the company that they will work more expeditiously than heretofore.

Rate Restoration.

The Union Pacific and Rio Grande Western local passenger officials held a conference today on the question of the advisability of restoring the original rates to the World's Fair, making the round trip tickets $20 as formerly, instead of $50, as they are now being sold by the Union Pacific.

Both companies, it appears, are in favor of an adjustment, saying that it will be to the advantage of both in view of restoration of old rates by the Denver & Rio Grande and Santa Fe.

Back from Australia.

Elder Henry B. Dalling of Tooele, who left for a mission to New Zealand August 19, 1890, returned home yesterday and called at the NEWS office last evening. On his arrival in New Zealand he was appointed to labor in the Australian district, and labored there with satisfactory success until released to return home. Generally speaking his health was good, his spirits excellent, and the treatment accorded him at the hands of the people of a pleasant character. He left for Tooele over the Utah & Nevada this morning.

A SERIO-COMIC COUNCILMAN.

Bell Admits That He Said He Was a Candidate for Republican Honors, But Declares He Was Not Serious.

"Hereafter I would advise you to politely request every councilman who volunteers a statement to you to make affidavit to the truthfulness of all that he says because when under the lash he is likely to say afterwards that he wasn't serious; that he didn't mean it at all notwithstanding his face may have been as solemn as the portals of an undertaker's wagon."

So spoke a gentleman today who has had a great deal of experience with the present City Council. His remarks were aimed at a milk and water denial purported to have been made by Councilman Bell through the columns of this morning's *Tribune* to the effect that he was about to desert the Liberal party. Mr. Bell is made to say that he was not "serious" and that he was only joking when he said he was a candidate on the Republican ticket for the Territorial Legislature next fall. Whether he was joking or not he made the statement attributed to him in the NEWS and made it in all seriousness, too, to the presence of a NEWS reporter as hereinfore stated, and any attempt at equivocation on his part is only ill-timed buffoonery, which will neither amuse the public nor benefit himself.

RECOMMENDS A MODIFICATION.

The Mayor in Favor of Meeting the Salt Lake Street Railway Company Half Way.

Mayor Baskin, it is said, has announced himself in favor of the Council modifying the franchise extension recently granted to the Salt Lake City Railway company. The council spent weeks in quarreling over the franchise and finally amended it so before passing it that it was the most exacting and unreasonable measure probably ever evolved by that body. As a consequence the company declined to accept it and it is now feared that complications will arise in the paving district by reason of a failure on the part of the company to do any work of that kind, in order to avoid this the Mayor suggests a modification of the franchise, and it is expected the matter will again be brought before the Council one night this week.

Held Up in Chicago.

Henry Gubler, a young man who resides at Santa Clara, Washington county, and who recently left this city for Europe, has written a letter to his father, in which he relates his experiences on the trip. He tells how he was held up and robbed in Chicago, and says that the windy city is truly a den of thieves. With several friends he was passing through an alley, young Gubler being at the rear of the company. He was set upon by a gang of roughs, and before assistance could reach him he was robbed of all his money.

FIRE AT PLEASANT GROVE.

More Than $3000 Worth Goes Up in Smoke.

Special to the NEWS.

PLEASANT GROVE, Utah County, May 16, 1893.—A fire occurred here this morning about 3 o'clock, in the building occupied by Dillon & Moyle's saloon. The building and all its contents were completely destroyed. Only the walls are standing. It was a one story brick and was recently built by F. S. Peay, of Provo, and cost about $2500. It was fully insured. The loss on the contents is $1500, with $1200 insurance.

Farewell Sociable.

A farewell entertainment and sociable in honor of Elder Henry M. Dinwoodey, who is about to depart upon a mission to Europe, will be held in the Seventh ward assembly hall on Thursday evening next under the auspices of the M. A. society. A cordial invitation is extended to the friends of Elder Dinwoodey and the society to be present. An excellent program is being arranged and a delightful evening will be spent.

THE NEW U. S. MARSHAL.

He Writes to Marshal Benton in Reference to Coming to Salt Lake.

From the recently appointed U. S. Marshal for Utah (Mr. Nat M. Brigham) Marshal Benton this morning received a letter written from the University club at Washington under date May 12th. In it the writer says: On Wednesday last the attorney-general informed me that the President had appointed me United States Marshal for the Territory of Utah and that my commission and bond had been forwarded to Salt Lake City.

It now seems imperative that I remain and at least a few days longer. When I reach Salt Lake I will at once pay my respects to you and confer with you regarding the time of my qualifying for office, and hope to be able to arrange with you to your entire satisfaction."

"I will do everything I can to help him," said Marshal Benton to a NEWS reporter this afternoon, "when he comes, and give him all the 'pointers' possible in regard to his new duties."

FROM THE SOUTH SEA

A Number of Utah Boys Return From the Antipodes.

OVERCROWDING ON A STEAMER.

Stepping On Deck.—Culinary Arrangements.—A Quartette of Samoan Women for the World's Fair.

Last evening L. A. Bailey Jr., of Nephi, arrived in this city, after an absence from home of over three years. On April 1, 1890, Elder Bailey left on a mission to the Samoan Islands. Arriving at his destination in due time, he was assigned to labor on the island of Tutuila. There he remained for one year, when he was transferred to the island of Upolu, which was the scene of his missionary efforts until his release to return home. He sailed from Apia on April 27th, on the Monowai, which arrived at San Francisco on Friday last, the 12th inst.

Elder Bailey says that he met with fair success in his labor of spreading a knowledge of the Gospel among the natives of the Samoan Islands. It is five years next June since the mission there was commenced by the arrival of Elder J. H. Dean and wife, and it is now in a prosperous condition. Elder Bailey has had fair health during his sojourn in Samoa, and greatly enjoyed his missionary labors.

When the Monowai reached Apia on her voyage toward San Francisco, every berth on the vessel was taken, and in order to travel on the boat Elder Bailey and many others had to sleep on deck every night during the trip. Owing to occasional rough weather this experience was sometimes far from pleasant.

The Monowai had on board for Sydney from the Australian mission. These were Oscar Andrus, George Hales and Hans Madsen, from New Zealand, and H. B. Dalling from Australia. At Apia, besides Elder Bailey, two other returning missionaries took passage on the steamer. These were Elders George McCune, of Nephi, and David R. Morgan, of Bear Lake county, Idaho. The former stopped off in California, and went down to San Bernardino to visit relatives. He will arrive in Utah in about ten days. Elder Morgan has been from home only about three months. When he reached Samoa the climate was unsuitable to him and his health became seriously impaired. Under these circumstances it was considered advisable for him to return home.

As stated, the Monowai was very much crowded. Many of the passengers were unable to stand the stench below deck, and preferred to remain on deck in all kinds of weather. In the steerage this overcrowding was exceedingly unpleasant. There were only four wash basins and two towels for over ninety men, so the passengers stated. There was a tub-bath, but it took so long for nearly 200 passengers in the lower hold to get a turn, that many of them appeared to dispense with the bath altogether. In heavy weather the passengers suffered great discomfort.

Among the interesting people on board were four Samoan women on route to the World's Fair. It had been the intention to have a dozen each of male and female natives, but the Samoan government would not allow it, so H. J. Moor, the American merchant and trader who undertook to get them, took Fijians and others in their stead. Only the four native women were permitted to come. One of these is the wife of H. J. Moor. She is said to have been a princess. She has a baby, Loi, fourteen months old. There is another princess, Fotol, a woman about eighteen years of age and a girl about fourteen. They brought along material to construct a Samoan house at the World's Fair. On the voyage they complained of the cold, as their clothing was light, and they were very sensitive to the change in temperature. They will remain in San Francisco until today, when they will start on their journey by rail to Chicago.

A Long Time Coming.

Nothing has yet been heard of the Rawlins letter and the matter is shrouded in as much mystery as ever. Governor West was unable to throw any additional light on the subject when spoken to by a representative of the NEWS this afternoon.

COURT HAPPENINGS.

An Action Against the Ontario Silver Mining Company;

THE DAMAGES CLAIMED $11,400.

Judge Zane Called Upon to Annul Another Marriage Contract.—Miscellaneous Notes.

Nothing of very great importance occurred in Chief Justice Zane's court this morning, the only matter of any consequence being the trial of a damage suit brought against the Ontario Silver Mining company by one of their employes at Park City. Following is an outline of the business transacted up to the hour of a journament:

HE LEFT HER.

The divorce suit of Fannie R. Billing vs. Edward H. Billing was called for trial, the complaint showing abandonment and failure to support. Judge Burris was the plaintiff's attorney.

According to the statement of Mrs. Billing (who is about 25 years of age) the parties intermarried at Quincy, Ills., on October 23, 1884. On the 17th of May, 1891—exactly two years ago—the defendant deserted her, and she has not seen him since. There is one child issue of the marriage—Blanche, aged four years, for whose custody she prayed.

The court granted the decree of divorce and awarded the wife the care of the child.

GENERAL.

In the case of S. J. Fridman et al. vs John A. Groesbeck, the motion for judgment was ordered and an exception taken.

M. Woolf vs L. Woolf. Demurrer to complaint submitted and sustained, and leave given to amend by intervention. Ten days allowed to answer.

T. Furgeson vs. Geo. Nicholson. Motion for a continuance, and continuance granted till the 20th inst.

Wm. Van Dyke vs W. F. O'Meara. Leave given to amend complaint by making Wm. E. Ryan a party defendant.

The suit of R. S. Price vs L. M. Sangiovo, on motion of Attorney Hurd, for the defendant, was dismissed without prosecution.

Hanson Furniture company vs the Freed Furniture company. Motion of defendant for a new trial was argued by Judge Hanson for the defendant and by Frank Stephens for the plaintiff and submitted.

S. Karpen vs the Earls Furniture company et al. By consent the receiver in this matter was allowed compensation in the sum of $250 for services rendered.

BARNEY MORGAN'S SHOT.

Judge Powers was counsel for the plaintiff and Bennett, Marshall and Bradley represented the defendant on the trial of the case of Barney Morgan vs the Ontario Silver Mining company.

The action was brought to secure $11,400 in consequence of personal injuries alleged to have been sustained by the plaintiff, a miner, while employed in the company's mine at Park City in January, 1891. Of this amount $1400 was said to have been expended for medical attendance and nursing.

At the time named, according to the plaintiff's statement, he was working on the 1300 foot level and while in the act of descending through the wing or mainway the ladder broke, causing him to fall a distance of about nine feet. His thigh was fractured and he was otherwise severely injured. He was confined to his bed for upwards of six months—having been a patient at St. Mary's hospital—and has ever since been unable to follow his occupation. It is insisted that the accident resulted from the negligence and carelessness of the defendants in providing a ladder which was insecure and insufficient to serve the purpose for which it was intended.

The case was in progress this afternoon and promises to consume the entire day.

SAID TO BE A HOT ONE.

The Mayor's New Water Pipe Purchase Veto Reported to Contain Caustic Language.

Mayor Baskin's last veto is said to be couched in language so caustic that it has been found necessary to provide a fireproof wallet to place it in, separate from other documents in the recorder's possession.

The veto is against the claim of Geo. M. Scott & Company for $4300 for lead pipe bought by the committee on waterworks, etc., who were given authority by the Council to make the purchase. The Mayor claims that purchases of that character belong, under the ordinances, to his office and that every attempt of the committee to buy pipe without the sanction is an offense that he will not condone.

There is talk of tabling the veto and sustaining the action of the committee.

He Has Taken Hold.

The new territorial secretary (Hon. C. C. Richards) entered upon his duties in earnest at the executive mansion this morning and has had quite a number of callers during the day, including many personal friends.

Filing of Suits.

The Carey-Lombard Lumber company this morning brought suit in the Third district court to recover from G. D. Doull the sum of $463.53, for materials furnished. Judge Bowman is the plaintiff's attorney.

The United States Glass company of Pennsylvania also brought suit today in the same court against Wm. H. Wilkinson. The claim amounts to $64.21, and is for merchandise said to have been supplied to defendant's order. F. H. Stephens is plaintiff's attorney.