

It is well known that regular, salaried preachers are terribly overworked, so much so that bronchial troubles are an absolute necessity, and summer vacations indispensable to their health and life. Here is a conversation between two of the hardworked clergymen of the Church of England, "as by law established," related by the London World. "These old clerical gentlemen, as it seems, were chatting together at the corner of Norwich market place. 'Well, you see,' said one, 'shooting six days a week takes up a goodish bit of my time.' 'Just so,' answered the other, 'same with me—between parish duties and short daylight, I want a couple of hours to look for wounded birds it has to come out of a Sunday!'"

Another shocking case of juvenile depravity has occurred in Philadelphia. A boy twelve years old, named Robert McAdams, was playing with some of his companions and munching a piece of candy, when another boy of the same age, named Charles Parkman, demanded some of the candy. McAdams refused, when Parkman declared he would shoot him if he didn't hand it over. The boy laughed and still refused, when Parkman drew a small, cheap pistol from his pocket, placed the muzzle near McAdams' forehead and fired; he dropped to the ground with a bullet in his brain, and the young murderer fled. Both belonged to respectable families. More fruits of juvenile blood and thunder novelettes.

Local and Other Matters.

FROM TUESDAY'S DAILY, MARCH 26.

Grand Jury.—The grand jury of this District was in session yesterday and to-day.

Practical Tailor.—Mr. Michael Earl, one of Salt Lake's practical and efficient tailors, has opened a shop in the alley opposite the Salt Lake House.

Recovering.—We are pleased to learn that President D. H. Peery, of Ogden, who, as stated in yesterday's NEWS, has been suffering for nearly two weeks, from an attack of pneumonia, is recovering.

Railroad Mail Service.—We received a call to-day from H. J. McKusick, Esq., superintendent of Railroad Mail Service, Eighth Division. He is in the city attending to official business. He was accompanied by D. M. Torpey, Esq., Mail Agent on the Utah Southern Railroad.

Excommunication.

This is to certify that George Gale was cut off the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, for unchristian like conduct, on March 22d, 1878.

JOHN D. BURT, Bishop, 3d wd.
A. T. JENSEN,
PETER F. MADSEN,
Counselors.

Brigham City, March 25, 1878.

Diphtheria at Harrisville.—At Harrisville, Weber County, two children of John and Hannah Clugg died of diphtheria, one on the 20th and the second on the 22d inst., and, on the same day, a young girl, 16 years old, named Pritchett, died of consumption.

The funeral services of the two last deceased were held together and were numerously attended.

Silk Culture.—Brother Daniel Graves states that he receives many letters of inquiry from persons in various parts of the Territory, relative to the manipulation and proper management of silkworms. He wishes us to state that he will prefer to answer all such interrogatories through the NEWS, in brief articles, in the season when the information is needed.

Stolen Property Captured.—The following is from the Beaver Square Dealer:

Hay Springs, Beaver County, March 17th, 1878.

My sons have captured 60 head of cattle from a thief who was driving them out of the county. Also a pinto horse branded JS on the left hip and R on the thigh. The owner of the property can have the same by proving it and paying charges.

JOS. CLEMENT.

"There's Millions in It."—That appears to be the way most people

feel on the mint question. Ogden had a mass meeting on Saturday evening, with Mr. M. H. Beardsley in the chair and Mr. Jos. Hall as secretary. Judge L. P. Higbee, Mr. S. A. Kenner and Mr. Joseph A. West were spokesmen on the occasion. The speakers claimed Ogden to be the most eligible western spot, being a great railroad and mineral centre, for the establishment of a mint. A committee of ten were appointed to use their powers of logic and persuasion upon the committee on location appointed by the government. The Ogden citizens' committee are: J. M. Langsdorf, chairman; L. P. Higbee, E. H. Orth, R. S. Watson, Wm. Van Dyke, S. A. Kenner, B. White, R. H. Pratt, M. H. Beardsley and J. S. Lewis.

The Junction of yesterday has a full account of the proceedings.

More Wonderful.—At the rate that home-made telephones have been made in Salt Lake lately, there is a probability of their becoming as numerous as cook stoves. We have already stated that the anticipation may be reasonably indulged in that, by an extension and improvement of the principle upon which those instruments are operated, communication will be maintained by that medium between distant parts of the world. Prof. Edison has lately given interesting exhibitions of his discoveries in Philadelphia. By a new method of attaching the diaphragm upon the instrument and other improvements, uttered sentences are heard 135 miles distant, as clearly and distinctly as on the very spot where they are spoken.

Besides he has invented an instrument which he calls the airphone, somewhat similar to a fog horn, with diaphragm attachment. The effects of this instrument are said to be positively startling, multiplying the sound of the human voice to such an extent as to be heard distinctly four or five miles away. It will probably be of great use in times of fog, etc., in warning ships from running upon dangerous points. It is said that the airphone magnifies or increases the volume of the voice until it becomes a terrific roar.

Foolish and Criminal.—It is expected that 250 Indian ponies will be brought to this City next week and offered for sale at public auction. They are from the Fort Hall Indian Agency, and, to put it in proper light, have been stolen from their proper owners, by the agents of the government. If we had a milder term to use in this connection we would be willing to introduce it. However, one does not suggest itself that will meet the case, and it will have to go at that. If anything is told let it be the plain, unvarnished truth.

It will be remembered that, a considerable time back, an Indian killed a couple of men at Ross Fork, Idaho, and escaped. The other Indians deprecated the murder and expressed themselves to the effect that the perpetrator of the crime should be punished. The agent at Fort Hall, whose name, if we remember aright, is Daniels, made a demand for troops, which was complied with. The military which went from Camp Douglas, captured an Indian camp of squaws, aged and sick men, a few able-bodied men, nearly all unarmed, and the aforesaid 250 ponies. Of course the military are not to blame in the premises, in fact we have ample reason for believing that parties who were in the expedition are deeply disgusted with the whole affair. They were acting under instructions.

But why this ruthless seizure and confiscation of the property of these poor, helpless people? Because, we presume, that one of their number committed a crime. Such a policy is no better than that of the savages in their worst condition; holding all men responsible for the criminal acts of the white race. Seizing, imprisoning and depriving of their property Indians because of the crime of another of the same tribe and race, is an exact imitation of the Indian savage policy, and is discreditable to those who inaugurate it. Such inhuman measures towards the aborigines are fruitful of no good whatever. No wonder they become exasperated and turn upon those whom they think they have good reason for believing to be their enemies.

How the interests of justice or the common weal can be subserved by capturing and robbing a lot of poor people against whom there is

no actual criminal charge is very difficult to determine.

Salt Lake will probably soon be greeted with the spectacle of the triumphant entry within her boundaries of 250 captured Indian ponies, in various stages of debility. This is a great republic.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY, MARCH 27.

From West.—Patriarch John Smith returned last night from a trip to Tooele County. He was accompanied by H. C. Fowler, in the capacity of clerk and companion.

Interment Postponed.—A dispatch having been received from Mr. Gilmer that he was about to start for the city, the burial of his lately deceased child has been postponed until his arrival.

Sound.—The Deseret National Bank of this city is a sound financial institution. It makes a good showing in its report, to be found in another column, and has the confidence of all our commercial men as well as the National Banks throughout the country.

Snow Slide.—The following appeared in this morning's Herald:

Payson, 26.—James E. Betts and David Powell, were caught in a snow slide in Peteeetneet Cañon at noon to-day. The body of the former has just been recovered, severely bruised and lifeless. Over 100 men are searching for the missing man. There are no hopes of his being found alive.

A Lively Contest.—The contest for the silver cup to be awarded at the benefit concert of Prof. Monsen, at the Theatre, on Saturday night, to the best comic singer promises to be lively. Several young gentlemen of local fame have signified their intention of attempting to carry away the trophy. The lovers of fun will be likely to have their propensity gratified at the entertainment.

Musical.—The concert under the auspices of the 18th Ward Choir, last evening, at Social Hall, was in every way successful. All who took part in the performances are entitled to credit for the efficient manner in which they acquitted themselves. Several of them were encored, and the applause throughout was generous, showing the appreciation of the large and intelligent audience. Praise is especially due to Prof. Thomas, under whose immediate direction the concert was arranged and conducted.

We are requested by him and other parties interested to express for them thanks to all who contributed to render the entertainment successful.

The Sea of Fire.—The 20th Ward School-house was filled with a very intelligent audience last evening, on the occasion of Mr. Stayner's lecture on the "Sea of Fire." The lecturer commenced by referring to evidences which existed, of the violent commotions that have convulsed the earth at various times and in divers localities since the very commencement of its history, as seen in "the towering mountains, gigantic caverns, hideous precipices, huge gorges and fissures, and the immense beds of lava and burnt rock, as also the existence of boiling sulphur springs and brackish lakes." These commotions were called earthquakes, and in addition to their wonderful effects upon the appearance of the earth's surface, had in some instances engulfed whole cities in a few moments of time, while others had been burned beyond all human recollection by the eruption of volcanoes in their vicinity.

He then related the principal disasters that had transpired through these phenomena during the Christian Era, commencing with the earthquake that warned Herutaneum and Pompeii in A.D. 63; he then pictured the horrible destruction of those cities 18 years later by the eruption of Vesuvius. Related how these cities were discovered by the deepening of a well, 1,800 years after they had been hermetically sealed by the wet ashes, sand and cinders which had showered upon them for three days and nights. Described the beauties of the statuary exhumed from the ruins, and the grandeur of the theatre, temples and mansions which had been thus suddenly hidden from human view for many centuries. Referred to the partial destruction of the City of Antioch in 526, when 250,000 persons perished in a few moments; the sinking of

Port Royal into the sea in less than three minutes in 1692; the total destruction of Lisbon in six minutes with 80,000 inhabitants in 1755; and showed the frequency of the phenomena by the number of shocks experienced at Southern Italy in 1773, being 947. The speaker also referred to earthquakes in Calabria, the Eastern States, and California, interspersing the account of the latter with anecdotes of a laughable character. He then described the volcanoes, including Hecla, Vesuvius, Cotopaxi, and Kiluea, after which he showed the various theories as to the cause. A "Sea of Fire" was in the bowels of the earth; this communicated an intense heat to the inner part of the crust or shell, converting fluids into steam, melting rocks into lava, and causing upheavals, compressions, fissures and local destruction on the surface. The latest theories were very concisely given and the entire lecture was exceedingly well received. In fact its greatest fault was its brevity. When the lecturer closed, the audience was disappointed that he had not continued for 20 minutes longer.

A vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Stayner at the close. The ward choir, led by Brother John Daynes, was, as usual, in attendance, and with Mr. Jos. J. Daynes as organist, performed some nice pieces.

City Council.—The Council met last evening, Mayor Little presiding.

Oliver Durant and 61 others, by petition, asked that the west half of the Eighth Ward Square be leased to the Deseret Base Ball Club for use for base ball and other games. Referred to the committee on public grounds.

John Platts and 73 others, cricketers and base ball players, by communication, remonstrated against the leasing of the west half of the Eighth Ward Square to the Deseret Base Ball Club, setting forth that the east half is not fit for the purposes of base ball or cricket, and that the grounds should be held for the public good and not for private interests. Referred to the committee on public grounds.

Residents of the Eighteenth and Twentieth Wards petitioned for a foot bridge across City Creek, on Wall Street, near Dr. Park's residence, and for the grading of the hill sides on each side of said bridge. Referred to the committee on streets and alleys.

Oh petition, Gus M. Clark was granted an auctioneer's license for one year.

The assessor and collector, asked for an extension of time for him to make returns of assessment roll till the second Tuesday in June. Granted.

The Street Supervisor called the attention of the Council to the propriety of planting a row of shade trees on each side of the aqueduct on North Temple Street. Referred to the committee on improvements, with instruction to report on probable cost.

A petition of J. Waters, for a remission of his license, which had been presented to the old Council, but laid over, was taken up and referred to the committee on claims.

The committee on license made the following report, which was adopted, and the portions referring to a revision of the ordinances were referred to the committee on municipal laws:

To the Hon. the Mayor and City Council of Salt Lake City.

GENTLEMEN,—Your committee on licenses, to whom was referred the petition of Auer & Murphy and twelve other saloon keepers and liquor dealers of Salt Lake City, asking that the time for closing saloons be changed from 10 o'clock p. m. to 12 midnight, report that they have carefully investigated and duly considered the subject of said petition, and have come to the conclusion that it would not be expedient to change the time of closing saloons as now fixed, namely, 10 o'clock p. m.

One of the most potent reasons for this view of the subject, is that we have on file in the archives of the city, attached to petitions presented to your honorable body within the past eighteen months, the names of 9,291 citizens of Salt Lake City, praying the City Council to use every lawful means to restrain the sale of spirituous liquors.

Therefore, considering all things relating to the subject, your committee would most respectfully recommend that there be no change in regard to the time of closing

saloons, but that the ordinance relating to the sale of spirituous and malt liquors be so amended that in addition to the punishment now prescribed for violation of said ordinance, that for the second offense the license shall be forfeited, and should the offense be committed on the Sabbath day, the license shall be forfeited for the first offense.

Your committee further recommend that the ordinance relating to restaurant keepers be so amended as to prohibit any restaurant keeper from allowing liquor or beer to be drunk on his premises after 10 o'clock p. m., under penalty of fine and imprisonment for the first offense and a forfeiture of his license for the second offense, and that any person forfeiting his license as aforesaid, shall not be granted license to conduct either of the aforesaid businesses for the term of one year thereafter.

The committee on irrigation, to whom was referred the petition of F. Armstrong, for the privilege of laying water pipes on his premises, recommended that the prayer be granted. Adopted.

The committee to whom was referred the petition of J. R. Park for the privilege of using water for a rustic cascade, recommended that the prayer be granted, subject to the supervision of the watermaster. Adopted.

The committee to whom was referred the petition of B. T. Mitchell and others for relief on account of a canal being cut through their premises, reported favorably, and recommended that a gate be put in the canal and that \$25 be appropriated to reimburse petitioners for work they had done on said canal. Adopted and amount appropriated.

The report of the Street Supervisor for the quarter ending February 28, 1878, showed an expenditure by him of \$4,311.06; amount of appropriation, \$2,000; balance due \$2,311.06. Besides which he had used 918 days of prison labor, at \$1 a day. Referred to the committee on claims.

An appropriation of \$5,000 was made to take up a corporation note held by the Deseret National Bank, which fell due on the 23d instant.

Messrs. W. H. Hooper and Wm. Jennings, a sub-committee of the committee appointed by the citizens' meeting on the mint question, held last Thursday, laid before the Council, the nature of their business, in reference to which the following motion was passed:

That the City Council of Salt Lake City view with favor the effort being made by our citizens to induce the general government to establish a mint in our city, and, so far as we have the power and authority, shall consider with liberality the proposition to furnish a suitable piece of land upon which to erect the necessary buildings for such mint.

The sub-committee thanked the Council for its action and withdrew.

On motion, it was decided to have printed, in pamphlet form, 200 copies of the ordinances passed since the last compilation.

The Council adjourned till next Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock.

OBITUARY.

Died, at her residence with her mother, in the 14th Ward, Salt Lake City, on Monday the 11th inst., Sister LAURA S. RICHARDS, daughter of Samuel and Maria Snyder, and wife of Elder F. D. Richards, aged 42 years, 1 month and 26 days.

Deceased was born in Camden, East Upper Canada, and emigrated to the United States with her father's family in 1840, who pursuing their journey as health and means permitted, located with the gathering Saints in Hancock County, Illinois, in 1841.

In 1846, with the general exodus of the Saints, they journeyed to Winter Quarters, where Sister Laura suffered long and severely from that terrible complaint which consigned so many of its victims to the grave in that place, and from which she barely escaped, but never recovered from the terrible consequences of that illness to know a day's health since.

In all her afflictions she was dutiful, faithful and devoted, whether as a daughter, a wife or a mother to her only child.

The few last years of her life was a period of continual suffering which she bore with saintly patience and resignation without a murmur, and looking forward with pleasing anticipation to the happy release that awaited her after having come up through much tribulation, and in the blessed assurance that her garments were made white by the blood of the lamb.

SILK.

BEST ITALIAN SILKWORM EGGS for sale at \$4.00 per ounce.
PAUL A. SCHETTLER,
March, 1878, Salt Lake City.
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