TELEGRAPHIC.

WILLIAM IS MAD NOW

He Treated the Emperor of Russia in Royal Fashion,

AND THE CZAR SNUBBED HIM.

German Journals Insist That Ancient Russian Antagonism to Germany Remains.

BERLIN, Sept. 12.—[Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.]—The unusual manner in which Emperor William feted and toasted the czar when the latter was in Germany, and the frigid tone of the latter's response, has excited universal attention in this country and has aroused in many quarters strong disapproval.

The most startling instance was on Monday, when Emperor William's telegraph called the German fleet of fifty-four vessels from the North Sea maneuvers and directed the ships to proceed forthwith to Kiel and parade before the czar.

The newspapers take special exception to emperor William's speech in which he characterized the Russian army as the most powerful, and also complain of the fact that the czar replied to Emperor William in French, when it is well known that his Russian majesty speaks German fluently. The Cologne Volks Zeitung, one of the most widely circulated political organs, says: "On questions momentarily proceeding there is accord, but the ancient Russian antagonism to Germany remains, and the alliance with France remains. This is quite natural, for Russian aims and interests are inimical to the Dreibund. Unless Russia relinquishes the whole of her traditional and popular Oriental policy, it is desirable that Germany should not needlessly render Russia better service for which she would receive no thanks, and that she should not permit herself to be kept, out of regard for Russia, from joining Austria in forcing Turkey to treat Christians more justly."

So far the czar's tour seems to have been fertile of misunderstandings, jealousies and reticence and has caused great dissatisfaction.

The nervous twitching of the face of the czar was noted both at Breslau and Kiel, and it is said in court circles that it is due partly to a nervous affection which recently declared itself, and partly to a feeling of insecurity created by the noticeable and extraordinary precautions for his safety which were taken by the government.

Simultaneously with the fetes at Breslau comes the news of the beginning of the retaliatory tariff measures against Germany. But while they are decidedly hostile, Russia's measures are within the wording of the treaty stipulations, and are justified, as in the case of the German measures, by hygienic and similar reasons.

In addition, Polish Russian harvesters, 40,000 of whom are annually employed in Germany harvesting in the frontier districts, on account of the lower wages, will hereafter be prohibited from going across the frontier, and there are a number of other vexations and expensive tariff regulations now enforced by Russia against German imports everywhere on the frontier.

The fact that the gift by the empress of Japan of 1,000 yen to those who have suffered most through the loss of the German warship Iltis, nearly all hands being drowned, is larger than the combined gifts of the emperor and empress of Germany, has excited unpleasant comment.

Decline of Anarchy.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—A special to the Tribune from New York says: Anarchist Herr Most would leave New York if he could raise the funds to do so. He admits anarchy is on the decline in New York, and that it does not pay to be an anarchist leader.

In the last issue of his paper he says: If I had the money I would go west and live in retirement or found a colony. I know that this would not further the cause of social revolution, but that cannot be helped. The present state of affairs in New York does not suit me. I am discouraged and disgusted with the dullness and apathy which now rules here."

Mother and Daughter Drowned.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Sept. 13.—Mrs. William Vyesberg and daughter, 20 years old, were drowned at Thompson's Mill. A heavy rain during last night swelled the creek until the water ran over the approach to a temporary bridge. They attempted to drive through the water on to a plank, but the horse stepped off at the side and the vehicle was swept away and all went down. Mrs. Vyesberg's body was found a mile down stream, but her daughter's body has not yet been recovered. They were on their way to town to attend a church dedication.

Shot a Negro.

BLYTHE, Ga., Sept. 13.—On Saturday night at this place, twenty-two miles from Augusta, Ga., A. M. Clarke, a merchant, shot a negro named Steve Roland. The latter was using profane language in the presence of ladies. Clarke asked him to desist, but Roland continued his profanity and began to curse and abuse Clarke. The negro had an ax in his hand, and Mr. Clarke, thinking that he had better arm himself, went to his house for his shotgun, and when he returned the quarrel was renewed, Roland holding his axe in a threatening manner. They started toward each other and Clarke opened fire on the negro, firing three times and wounding him in the arm and body, but not dangerously. The population of the place is about 200, the majority of whom are negroes. They became greatly incensed at the shooting, and today threatened to burn the buildings of the whites. The negroes gathered in large numbers in the town with shotguns and pistols, and the whites, fearing they would carry out their threats, telegraphed to the judge and sheriff of the county, at Augusta, to send assistance at once. A special train was dispatched with twelve reliable men, accompanied by the sheriff and his deputies. When the train arrived at Blythe the colored people dispersed at once. The sheriff and his men are now hunting the ringleaders, but it is hardly probable that they will be successful, as they are hiding. Clarke has been put under arrest and will be carried to Augusta tonight.

WM. J. BRYAN.

His Triumphal Tour Through South and East.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 13.—When William J. Bryan came out of the Presbyterian church, which he attended today, he was greeted by a crowd of people, who cheered him and shouted as loud as did the throngs that heard him speak last night. By invitation he attended the church of which Rev. G. F. Cannon is pastor, and as he entered the house of worship fully 1,000 people were vainly seeking admission. The edifice was packed to its fullest capacity and hundreds were turned away. Nothing remarkable occurred during the service, but once the benediction was pronounced, there was a crush around the pew occupied by the candidate. All seemed determined to shake him by the hand. The jam became so violent in a short while that Mr. Bryan was almost crushed to the floor. A sergeant of police was called and he, aided by Col. J. I. Martin, whose pew he occupied, succeeded in conducting Mr. Bryan safely out of the church.

For blocks about the church was a great multitude of several thousand, who cheered him as lustily as he had been cheered the night before. The police pulled him through the crowd from the church door to his carriage at the curb, but men held the horses, and for several minutes he sat in the carriage shaking hands with men and women. Col. Martin finally reached the carriage and got into it, and the horses dashed away amid the cheers of the enthusiastic church-goers.

Mr. Bryan took dinner with relatives and spent the afternoon with them. At 9 o'clock this evening he went to the private car provided him by the National committee and went to bed. Tomorrow at 8 o'clock in the morning he will start on his tour through the South.

AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Mr. Bryan will make his Washington speech from the east front of the capitol, if the present program is adhered to. He is to be in the city next Saturday, the 19th instant, which is the 100th anniversary of Washington's farewell address. The local committee having charge of the reception conceived the idea of making the occasion a celebration of the anniversary, and concluded that in so doing no more appropriate place could be selected than the capitol grounds. They accordingly made application to Vice President Stevenson and Speaker Reed, to whom the law vests the control of the capitol grounds. Telegrams asking permission to hold the meeting there were sent out yesterday. The Vice President responded promptly giving his sanction, but Mr. Reed's reply was not received until some time later, though he was also willing. The use of the capitol grounds is very rarely granted for any public demonstration. The effort of Gen. J. S. Coxey to secure the privilege is the last case in point. It is now the intention of the committee to erect a platform on the east front of the capitol, where the inaugural addresses of the Presidents are made. The grounds in front of the stand afford standing room to 40,000 or 50,000 people. General Black, chairman of the National Association of Democratic clubs, has issued an address asking clubs throughout the country to celebrate the anniversary by meeting and reading the farewell address. He says in his letter that the request is made at the suggestion of Mr. Bryan.

GRAND BEACH, Me., Sept. 12.—Speaker Reed, in an interview this afternoon on his readiness to accede to Mr. Bryan's wish for the privilege of making his capital steps his rostrum, said that it was simply an act of courtesy. Senator Faulkner wired him for the desired permission, and he replied: "Permission granted with the consent of the Vice President." Mr. Reed said he took it for granted that Vice President Stevenson would consent.

A Civil Trial.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—A special from Washington to the Herald says: The Spanish government has yielded to the demands of the United States for a trial by a civil court of the Competitor prisoners. Authentic information to this effect has reached the state department unofficially, and the formal announcement is expected in the next mail from Minister Taylor in Madrid.

The Spanish government reached this conclusion some time ago, but has delayed the formal announcement of its decision until after the Cortes adjourns, in order to escape criticism from that body for making concessions to the United States.

Massacre of Cubans.

KEY WEST, Fla., Sept. 13.—Advices from Havana by the steamer Mascot give details of a massacre of Cubans in Matanzas province by Spaniards under Gen. Molinas. The butchery occurred on Las Canas sugar estate.

Molinas heard an insurgent band was camped on the estate and ordered a raid. The insurgents had gone when the Spaniards had arrived, and Molinas ordered the buildings on the estate destroyed.

The Spaniards surrounded the homes of the employees, applied the torch and shot the Cubans as they rushed out. Eighteen men and four women were killed outright, while thirteen others, including three children, were wounded. Molinas was a pleased spectator of the massacre and reported it to Weyler as a "glorious victory."

Thursday insurgents raided and burned the town of San Francisco de Paula, a suburb of Havana. The Spanish garrison of 300 men surrendered, but were released after being disarmed. The smoke and flames were visible in Havana, and caused great excitement.

Weyler seems to have completely lost his head. He is having leading citizens of Havana arrested by the wholesale. Weyler says the men arrested have been plotting to have him recalled to Spain. The arrests have profoundly stirred Havana.

Corbett and Fitzsimmons.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Corbett and Fitzsimmons met at the Bartholdi hotel this afternoon and agreed verbally to fight for $10,000 a side and the largest purse any club in any part of the country can offer. The fight is to take place as soon after the Sharkey-Corbett mill as possible. A written agreement will be signed today. Each man will deposit $5,000 with Al Smith of New York as stake-holder.

Excited Strikers.

LEADVILLE, Colo., Sept. 12.—The strike has assumed a most serious aspect. Threats of personal violence have been made against several mine managers, including those of the Colorado and the Small Hopes companies, the men who make them adding that they will burn the houses and destroy all the property of those managers. The wrath of the belligerent strikers has been directed toward the management of the Small Hopes company because that company yesterday began to build barricades about the property on the same plan as those of the Colorado, which is in steady operation. The purpose is to start up the Mahala and R. A. M., the property of the Small Hopes company, which mines employed about 300 men before the strike.

The citizens are greatly excited over recent outrages, and these threats have aggravated them to such an extent as to lead to serious talk of organizing a vigilance committee. An attack on the Coronado is expected tonight.

A Prodigy Dead.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Sept. 14.—The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Tilson is dead of cholera infantum. The child was a prodigy; though but 15 months old it was three feet high, weighed 57 pounds and was able to talk.

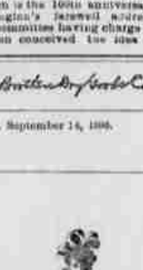
Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co. Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co.

SALT LAKE CITY, September 14, 1896.

Today's Temperature at 1 p. m.—81
Tomorrow fair, cooler.

Deposit Sale of

Cloaks.



Commencing Monday morning we will commence our deposit sale of Jackets, Capes, etc. This means that you can come here and

Pick Out Your Garment.

By making a small deposit we will hold the garment for you until you want it. This enables you to get your choice early. Our garments this year are very swell and are exclusive. You will find no others like them, and in most of our styles there are

NO TWO ALIKE.

Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co.

PURE FOOD AND DRINK.

Judge

between *Schilling's Best* and other teas when you know both. No one will then question your verdict.

It costs you nothing to try *Schilling's Best*—your grocer gives your money back if you don't like it; but if you do like it best, of course you don't want your money.

Fifty cents—at your grocer's.

Also pure and money-back: Schilling's Best coffee, baking powder, soda, spices, and flavoring extracts.
A Schilling & Company San Francisco

POLITICAL.

Republican Convention.

To the Republican Voters of Utah:

A Republican convention is hereby called to be held at Mt. Pleasant, Sanpete county, Utah, September 24th, 1896, at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating three Presidential Electors, who will, if elected, vote for William McKinley for President of the United States, and Garret A. Hobart for Vice-President of the United States, and also for the election of a Republican State Central Committee.

A Republican convention is also hereby called to be held on September 26th, 1896, at Ogden City, Utah, at eleven o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination a Republican candidate for Representative in Congress.

The basis of representation for each convention is fixed at the ratio of one delegate for every forty votes cast (or a major portion thereof) for the present chief justice of the State at the last election, apportioned among the several counties as follows:

Beaver County	10		Box Elder County	19	
Cache	"	32	Carbon	"	5
Davis	"	12	Emery	"	7
Garfield	"	6	Grand	"	1
Iron	"	8	Juab	"	11
Kane	"	4	Millard	"	11
Morgan	"	4	Piute	"	3
Rich	"	3	Salt Lake	"	145
San Juan	"	1	Sanpete	"	29
Sevier	"	17	Summit	"	20
Tooele	"	11	Uintah	"	5
Utah	"	53	Wasatch	"	8
Washington	"	8	Wayne	"	2
Weber	"	53			
			Total		500

The County Committee of each county is requested to call primaries and conventions, on or before September 15th, for the purpose of selecting delegates to each of the above named conventions.

The Chairman of each County Committee will please forward to the Chairman of the State Committee lists of all delegates chosen to attend each of said conventions as soon as selected.

By order of the Republican State Central Committee.

JOHN E. DOOLY, Chairman.
JULIA A. FARNSWORTH, Secretary.

Republican Senatorial Conventions.

In senatorial districts composed of only one county, conventions will be held pursuant to call of county committees. In senatorial districts embracing more than one county, conventions will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. Monday, September 28th, 1896, at the places hereinafter named:

First District, Box Elder and Tooele counties, at Grantsville.

Third District, Rich, Morgan and Davis counties, at Layton.

Fifth District, Summit and Wasatch counties, at Heber City.

Eighth District, Juab and Millard counties, at Deseret.

Tenth District, Sevier, Wayne, Piute and Garfield counties, at Monroe.

Eleventh District, Beaver, Iron, Kane and Washington counties, at Cedar City.

Twelfth District, Emery, Carbon, Uintah, Grand and San Juan counties, at Price.

The basis of representation in all said conventions shall be the same as that provided for the Republican state conventions, viz: One delegate for every forty votes cast (or a major portion thereof) for the present chief justice of the State at the last election.

The chairman of the respective counties named are requested to arrange for the election of delegates to the conventions above provided for.

By order of the executive committee of the Republican state committee.

JOHN E. DOOLY, Chairman.
JULIA A. FARNSWORTH, Secretary.

Arrangements have been made with railroads so that one fare for the round trip will be allowed to delegates.

Corrected Republican Call.

Pursuant to the call of the Republican State committee, a Republican County convention will be held at the Salt Lake Theater, in Salt Lake City, Saturday, September 19, 1896, at 10 a. m., for the purpose of electing 145 delegates to the Republican State convention to be held at Mount Pleasant, Thursday, September 24, 1896, and one at 4 p. m. of the same day at the same place, to elect 145 delegates to the Republican State convention to be held at Ogden, Saturday, September 26, 1896. Each County convention will consist of 446 delegates, apportioned to the election precincts as follows:

44 to 52—7 each.
1 to 26, 32 to 43, 53, 54, 66, 67, 68, 72—6 each.
27 to 28, 56, 57, 58, 59, 61, 62—5 each, 65, 66, 77, 78, 79, 80, 80, 81 and 82—4 each.
76, 87, 89—3 each.
55, 63, 64, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, 75, 83, 84, 80—2 each.

Primaries to elect delegates to the first named convention will be held in every precinct of Salt Lake county on Monday, September 14th, to open at 6 p. m. and close at 9 p. m.; for the second one on Wednesday, September 16, 1896, during the same hours. The Republican committee of each election precinct will take charge of these primaries. In the precincts outside of the city, primaries will be held in the usual places. Notice will be given in the DESERET EVENING NEWS, Monday, Sept. 14th, and The Daily Tribune, Sunday, September 13, 1896, of the places for holding primaries in the precincts of Salt Lake City.

By order of the County Republican Committee.

A. H. PARSONS, Chairman.
JNO. T. AXTON, Secretary.

FIRST MUNICIPAL WARD.

First—Polk's grocery, cor. 9th E. and 10th S.
Second—841 E. 9th S., residence T. K. Smitham.
Third—751 E. 9th S.
Fourth—Annex to Second ward meeting house.
Fifth—Eardley's lumber yard, at 643 State street.
Sixth—314 S. State street.
Seventh—East front entrance to City and County building.
Eighth—Annex to Ninth ward meeting house.
Ninth—823 E. 5th S., residence C. W. Symons.
Tenth—761 E. 4th S.
Eleventh—Residence Geo. Bonkle, 521 S. 11th E.

SECOND MUNICIPAL WARD.

Twelfth—Tent, corner 7th S. and W. Temple.
Thirteenth—Sell's store, Aberdeen street.
Fourteenth—African M. E. church.
Fifteenth—Burlington chapel.
Sixteenth—Vacant store 3rd S. and 7th W.
Seventeenth—Sixth ward school house.
Eighteenth—Smith's hall, corner 2nd W. and 4th S.
Nineteenth—133 W. 5th S.
Twentieth—165 W. 3rd S.
Twenty-first—Room 12 Eagle block.
Twenty-second—72 S. W. Temple, Herald building.
Twenty-third—271 W. 2nd S.
Twenty-fourth—214 S. 4th W.
Twenty-fifth—203 W. 1st S.
Twenty-sixth—304 W. 1st S.

THIRD MUNICIPAL WARD.

Twenty-seventh—Seventeenth ward school-house.
Twenty-eighth—Seventeenth Relief Society hall, 171 W. 1st N.
Twenty-ninth—229 Wall street, residence J. H. Jones.
Thirtieth—Winberg's, corner Center and 1st W.
Thirty-first—175 N. 3rd W.
Thirty-second—123 6th W.
Thirty-third—451 W. 5th N.
Thirty-fourth—465 W. 2nd N.
Thirty-fifth—601 N. 6th W.
Thirty-sixth—The Rock building, North Salt Lake.

FOURTH MUNICIPAL WARD.

Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth—Eighteenth ward meeting house.
Thirty-ninth, Fortieth and Forty-first—Burlington school house.
Forty-second—32 E street.
Forty-third—Taggart's hall.

FIFTH MUNICIPAL WARD.

Forty-fourth—Alvis carriage house, corner 11th E. and 1st S.
Forty-fifth—Corner 2nd S. and 9th E.
Forty-sixth—Butcher shop, 854 east 1st S.
Forty-seventh—
Forty-eighth—Industrial home.
Forty-ninth—Richelieu block.
Fiftieth—No. 4 Goddard court.
Fifty-first—
Fifty-second—

The Woman's McKinley Club most earnestly request all McKinley women to go to the primaries this evening and vote. Polls open from 6 to 9 o'clock.

The Woman's McKinley Club will hold a grand rally at the Salt Lake Theater, Tuesday, September 15, at 8 o'clock. Good speaking, good music. All invited.

EMMA L. SMITH, President.
KATHERINE PARSONS, Secretary.

Notice.

I hereby announce my candidacy for renomination as county surveyor of Salt Lake County, subject to the action of the Republican county convention.

HARRY S. JOSEPH.

Middle Weight

TOP COATS

Are a necessity for Fall weather. You don't need a heavy winter overcoat, but you do require a coat just heavy enough to protect you from the early coolness that precede winter weather. We've exactly what you want in our stock. You can take your choice from as fine a display of seasonable top coats as you can see anywhere in this state. Whether in middle or light weight, we knock out all competitors with such world leaders, and we never do things by halves except making prices which is the point that makes our clothing so popular. Consider what this might mean to you in a year by purchasing your needs from this one priced store.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

J. P. Gardner's

One Price Store Leads Them All.

136-138 Main Street.

SALT LAKE WIRE MATTRESS COM'Y,

Manufacturers of Woven Wire Mattresses, Spiral Springs, Iron Beds, Wire Cots. Old Wire Mattresses re-stretched.

F. EBERHARDT, Proprietor.
169-171 South 2nd East, Salt Lake City

GUN POWDER

Set him now shoot who never shot before,
And him who always shot now shoot the more.

HAZARD'S "Kentucky Rifle."
HAZARD'S "Trap Shooting."
HAZARD'S "Duck Shooting."
HAZARD'S "Mining and Blasting."
HAZARD'S brands the most reliable in the market.

Manufactured by
THE HAZARD POWDER COMPANY,
Hazardville, Conn.
Represented in Utah by—
SALT LAKE HARDWARE CO.

SAPONIFIER.

Pennsylvania Saponifier is the original and old reliable Concentrated Lye for family soap making and general household uses. Beware of counterfeits. The success of this article has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. None genuine unless Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co. Philadelphia, is stamped on the lid. Ask your grocer for it and take no other.

Deseret National Bank

U. S. DEPOSITORY

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

CAPITAL $500,000. - SURPLUS $500,000.

Directors: L. S. Hills, Prest. Moses Thatcher, Vice-Prest. Wm. W. Riter, George Romney, Jas. T. Little, John C. Cutler, James Sharp, Henry Dinwoodey, D. H. Peery, Frank W. Jennings, John R. Barnes, John R. Winder, E. R. Eldredge,

H. S. Young, Cashier.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT

Wilford Woodruff, President. Geo. M. Cannon, Cashier.

CASH CAPITAL, - - $200,000
CASH SURPLUS, - $200,000

Zion's Savings Bank & TRUST CO.

No. 1-3 East Temple Street,
Salt Lake City, Utah.

Established 1873. Incorporated 1882.

DIRECTORS:

Wilford Woodruff, President.
Geo. Q. Cannon, Vice-President.
Joseph F. Smith, George Reynolds,
Angus M. Cannon, Heber J. Grant,
James Jack, Lorenzo Snow,
T. G. Webber, Francis M. Lyman,
H. B. Clawson, L. John Nuttall,
George M. Cannon.

Safety deposit boxes in our burglar proof vault for rent at very low rate.

Open for deposits Saturday night until 8 o'clock.

THE
STATE BANK OF UTAH,

CORNER MAIN AND SO. TEMPLE Streets, Salt Lake City.

Capital, - - $500,000.

Heber J. Grant, President.
Wm. B. Preston, Vice-Prest.
Heber M. Wells, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Heber J. Grant, Abraham H. Cannon,
Joseph F. Smith, Heber M. Wells,
Chas. S. Burton, Spencer Clawson,
Wm. B. Preston, P. T. Farnsworth,
Isaac Barton.

COMMERCIAL BANKING

In all its Branches.

Accounts Solicited—Large and Small.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COUNTRY TRADE.

Commercial National Bank

Capital Paid in $300,000

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

DIRECTORS:

F. H. Auerbach, John J. Daly, O. J. Salisbury, Moylan C. Fox, Thos. Marshall, W. P. Noble, George M. Downey, John W. Donnellan, Newell Beeman.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S BANK,

SALT LAKE CITY, - UTAH.
Established, 1852.

Buys and sells Exchange, makes Telegraphic Transfers on the principal cities of the United States and Europe, and all points on the Pacific Coast. Issues letters of credit available in the principal cities of the World. Special attention given to the selling of Ores and Bullion. Advances made on consignments at lowest rates.

Particular attention given to collections throughout Utah, Nevada, and adjoining territories. Accounts solicited.

J. E. DOOLY, Cashier.

B. H. SCHETTLER,

WHO DOES A

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

At No. 22 Main Street, Opposite the Co-op

And Pays Interest on Deposits. Desires your accounts.

WALKER BROS. Bankers

SUCCESSORS TO THE

UNION NATIONAL BANK

Established 1859.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

T. R. JONES & CO., Bankers,

150 MAIN STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1841. 136 OFFICES.
The Oldest and Largest.

R. G. DUN & CO., The Mercantile Agency.

George Osmond, General Manager, Utah, Idaho and Wyoming. Offices in Progress Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

THE RIO GRANDE GREAT SALT LAKE ROUTE WESTERN RAILWAY

STANDARD GAUGE.

CURRENT TIME TABLE. Effective June 1, 1896.

Leave Salt Lake City.

No. 2—For Bingham, Provo, Grand Junction and all points East 7:35 a. m.
No. 4—For Provo, Grand Junction and all points East 7:40 p. m.
No. 6—For Ogden and intermediate points 4:20 p. m.
No. 8—For Bingham, Mt. Pleasant, Manti, Salina, Richfield and all intermediate points 1:30 p. m.
No. 10—For Eureka, Payson, Tintic and all intermediate points 5:00 p. m.
No. 1—For Ogden and the West 11:45 a. m.
No. 3—For Ogden and the West 11:30 p. m.

Arrive Salt Lake City.

No. 1—From Bingham, Provo, Grand Junction and the East 11:35 p. m.
No. 3—From Provo, Grand Junction and the East 11:40 p. m.
No. 7—From Provo, Bingham, Eureka, Richfield, Salina, Manti and all intermediate points 5:35 p. m.
No. 9—From Ogden and intermediate points 9:55 a. m.
No. 7—From Eureka and Payson 9:25 a. m.
No. 2—From Ogden and the West 7:25 a. m.
No. 4—From Ogden and the West 7:30 p. m.

Only line running through Pullman Palace sleeping cars Salt Lake City to San Francisco, Salt Lake City to Denver via Grand Junction and Salt Lake City to Kansas City and Chicago via Colorado points.

Through tourist or family sleepers without change to Kansas City, Chicago and Boston. Free reclining chair cars Salt Lake to Denver.

Ticket Office, 15 W. 2nd South.

L. G. DODGE, Gen. Manager.
J. H. BENNETT, Traffic Manager.
F. A. WADLEIGH, Gen. Passgr. Agt.

Great S. L. & Hot Springs Ry.

Time-table in effect August 3, 1896.

[illegible time table]

Sundays and legal holidays trains leave Salt Lake ...

Round trip to Beck's including bath 25c. Children 15c.

Round trip to Lagoon including admission 25c. Children 15c.

Special inducements to Societies and Sunday Schools.

Depot, Third West and South Temple st. General office, 161 South Main st.

S. BAMBERGER, Gen. Manager.

H. W. EARLY, Passenger Agent.

CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS and EAST.

ONLY TWO DAYS LOST via SANTA FE ROUTE TO CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS

You leave Ogden, or Salt Lake in the evening, and after breakfasting in the sumptuous dining cars of the SANTA FE ROUTE, on the third morning, you arrive in Chicago or St. Louis in season to attend to business or connect with all fast trains for the East. Some one has said recently that the track of the ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE railroad was in such perfect condition that the long distance run of the "Flyer" on the New York Central could be equaled if not exceeded, by its magnificent trains.

J. D. KENWORTHY, General Agent,
Room 41 Dooly Block.

UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM.

The only line running dining cars and through Pullman sleepers to Chicago and St. Louis without change.

NEW TIME CARD, IN EFFECT MAY 10, 1896

Trains depart and arrive at Salt Lake City, daily, as follows:

DEPART

7:00 a m overland limited for Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Ogden and Park City.
8:00 a m local express for San Francisco, Ogden, Cache Valley and intermediate points.
4:20 p m local express for Ogden and intermediate points.
7:00 p m Atlantic express for Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Butte, Portland, San Francisco.
7:00 a m local express for Mercur, Tintic, Provo, Nephi, Manti and intermediate points.
5:45 p m mail and express for Provo, Nephi, Milford, Frisco and intermediate points.
†7:45 a m mixed train for Garfield Beach, Tooele and Terminus.

ARRIVE

3:15 p m overland limited from Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Park City and Ogden.
9:30 a m mail and express from Helena, Butte, Portland, San Francisco, Ogden and intermediate points.
7:15 p m local express from San Francisco, Cache Valley, Ogden and intermediate points.
3:00 a m Atlantic express from Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver and Ogden.
11:15 a m mail and express from Frisco, Milford, Nephi, Provo and intermediate points.
6:00 p m local express from Mercur, Tintic, Provo, Nephi, Manti and intermediate points.
†4:05 p m mixed train from Terminus, Tooele and Garfield Beach.

†Trains south of Juab run daily except Sunday.
* Run daily except Sunday.

Telephone 665.

City Ticket Office, 201 Main Street

Weston Building.

D. E. BURLEY,
General Agent Passenger Department.

F. R. H. CLARK,
OLIVER W. MINK,
E. ELLERY ANDERSON,
JOHN W. DOANE,
FREDERICK R. COUDERT, } Receivers

E. L. LOMAX, G. P. & T. Agent.
E. DICKINSON, General Manager.