

## BP. TALBOT CASE MUST BE SETTLED.

Members of the Board Think  
There Can be No Withdrawal  
Of the Grave Charges.

### SAVE CHURCH'S GOOD NAME.

Bp. Tuttle Has Refused to Acquiesce  
In Request of a Majority of the  
Presenters.

Reading, Pa., Jan. 10.—Despite the lack of a quorum, seven members of the board of inquiry appointed to probe the charges made against Bishop Ethelbert Talbot of the Central Pennsylvania diocese of the Central Presbyterian church by L. N. W. Irvine, the deposed priest, met in this city today and after a three-hours' conference adjourned to meet here on Friday.

The members of the committee informally considered the case in many of its phases, and after its adjournment it was the consensus of their opinion that the case must be settled to save the good name of the church, as well as in justice to the accused priest. The members of the board were of the opinion that there can be no withdrawal of the grave charges, and the case ought to be settled once and for all.

William B. Butler of Mauch Chunk, Pa., a layman of the board, who was elected secretary of the board, said that notwithstanding the Huntington signers had repudiated the charges and that the other signers had asked Bishop Talbot to permit them to withdraw the accusations, the charges stand as prominently as ever before the members of the board, and neither repudiations nor withdrawals could avail while the reputation of a bishop is assailed.

Mr. Butler also in authority for the statement that Bishop Tuttle has refused to acquiesce in the request of the majority of the presenters for the withdrawal of the charges.

"The charges, since having been made and signed," he said, "are no longer the property of the presenters, but are now the property of the church, and they have nothing to do but let the matter take its own course."

All the members of the board and the presenters agree in one paragraph of the withdrawal paper which reads as follows: "We earnestly desire that the long-existing scandal in the church shall be forever quieted."

There was some discussion today regarding the legality of the board. In this connection Mr. Butler said: "Bishop Tuttle has not questioned the power of the board to act and he has not in the slightest way intimated that this body has no authority to consider the charges. This body was appointed in due canonical form and will act."

Reverend the vestrymen of Christ cathedral objected to having the case ventilated in that office quarters were secured in the mansion house. When adjournment was taken at noon the following statement was issued:

"Seven members of the board of inquiry appointed by the presiding bishop in the matter of the charges preferred against the bishop of Central Pennsylvania, met in Reading today.

"Letters and telegrams from all the absent members were received, showing that, owing to sickness and special engagements, a quorum at this time would be impossible. Adjournment was made until Friday, Jan. 13, at 10:30 a. m., in Reading, with the understanding that all the absentees be notified of the importance of a full attendance."

Something of a surprise was occasioned by the presence of J. Frederick Jenkinson of Philadelphia, one of the signers of the original presentment and of counsel for the presenters.

"Personally," said Mr. Jenkinson, "I will be very much surprised if the board should order Bishop Talbot tried. In my opinion this is the last that would be heard of the Talbot-Irvine controversy."

**FRENCH PARLIAMENT.**  
Great Animation in House Over Election of President.

Paris, Jan. 10.—Both branches of parliament began their annual session today. There was great animation in the chamber of deputies, where the recent controversies relative to the spying system and the administration of the navy led to a heated discussion of Paul Doumer, former governor general of French Indo-China, as president of the house against former President Henri Brisson. The result was a surprise, as M. Doumer heretofore had actively opposed a number of Premier Combes' measures.

The president of the senate, in his opening address, eulogized the heroism of the Russian soldiers.

**MINER KILLED.**  
A Drill Literally Spits Him to The Earth.

Butte, Mont., Jan. 10.—Mike Coffey, single, aged 35, a miner, was killed in the Diamond mine this morning in a peculiar manner. A drill slipped from the cage at the top of the shaft, and falling 2,000 feet, literally spitted Coffey, who was pinned to the earth, dying in horrible agony.

**RAILROAD RATES.**  
Inquiry Into Them Resumed by House Committee.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The house committee on interstate and foreign commerce resumed its inquiry into the transportation question today. E. P. Bacon, chairman of the interstate commerce law convention, continued his testimony of last week.

Representative Mann again took up the repeated statement of Mr. Bacon that two-thirds of the members of Congress owed their election to the railroads and stood as a stone wall against any legislation inimical to the railroads. While Mr. Bacon would not deny that he had made the statement, he said he did not believe he had said such a thing. "Certainly, I never have had such an idea," he concluded.

To ascertain the exact extent of authority to fix rates granted the interstate commerce commission under the Cooper-Quarles bill, Mr. Mann asked if a complaint of a rate might involve any number of rates to different points. Mr. Bacon held that a complaint might and probably would, include all related rates.

Mr. Mann held that the president in his message confined his suggestion to the power to fix "a rate" and not "rates in general." This was, he said, the all-important effect of the bill. To give the commission authority to make a general reduction was quite different from authority to fix a particular rate complained of.

When your child is ill you dislike to make it take bad tasting medicine. Hence it is well to know that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is very pleasant. But it is a medicine, a strong medicine.

Time and time again we have published the formula of this cough medicine in the principal Medical Journals of this country and Europe, and have mailed it to nearly every physician in the United States.

So it follows that when your doctor orders it for coughs, colds, bronchitis, or consumption, he knows precisely what he is giving.

Physicians recommend their families to keep it on hand.

Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.  
AYER'S BARK VIGOR—For the hair.  
AYER'S PILLS—For constipation.  
AYER'S ACUTE CURE—For catarrhs and agues.

Mr. Bacon could see no distinction between "a rate" and "rates." The commission, he said, was supposed to be a body of discretion and judgment, and certainly would not bring into a case rates not related to the one complained of.

Mr. Shackelford asked if the bill gave authority to the commission to raise rates in the adjustment of a complaint. Mr. Bacon would give no direct opinion, but said the commission had heretofore met such a question by recommending the reduction of the higher one. Mr. Shackelford held that, nevertheless, the power might be contained in the bill to raise rates.

**POLYGAMY IN NEW STATES.**  
Dubois Would Give Congress Power Over the Subject.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Senator Dubois, who has been active against polygamy, today introduced an amendment to the statehood bill which reserves to Congress the right to legislate on the subject of polygamy and polygamous cohabitation. The amendment provides that Congress may take action if the two states to be admitted if the pending bill becomes a law, should fail to enact effective legislation. Senator Dubois desires that Congress shall insist that the two proposed states shall incorporate an anti-polygamy clause in their constitution and he believes if the amendment is adopted, national legislation of a similar character would be enacted applicable to every state. The amendment reads: "Congress reserves to itself the right to legislate on the subject of polygamy and polygamous cohabitation within said state, but the legislature of the state shall have the right to enact legislation in respect thereof which shall be effective unless and until Congress shall legislate in respect thereof."

**Bank of California President.**  
San Francisco, Jan. 10.—The directors of the Bank of California met today and unanimously elected Homer S. King president of the institution, to succeed the late William Alvord. Mr. King is at present president of Wells, Fargo & Co's bank.

**Waters of the Colorado.**  
Washington, Jan. 10.—Secy. Hitchcock transmitted to the house a recommendation from the director of the geological survey regarding the use for irrigation purposes of the waters of the lower Colorado river. The recommendation is made that legislation be enacted for the storage of the headwaters of this river, to improve both its navigation and for irrigation of the lands of California and Arizona.

Secy. Hitchcock calls attention to a protest to the state department from the Mexican government against the

construction of any reservoirs or works in the river that might interfere with the navigation of the stream. The secretary concurs in the recommendation for legislation.

**CAPT. MILLIKEN'S CASE.**  
On Stand Admitted that He Married a Filipino Girl.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—Capt. David R. Milliken took the stand in his own defense at the court-martial at Fort Sheridan today and detailed how he and a Filipino girl, after eight months of "courtship," were "legally married," and how, after a period of uncertainty as to whether he was married or not, he participated in another "illegal" marriage, only to find, according to his story, that his wife had been previously married to a native Filipino.

This complication of marital doubt induced him, he says, on one occasion to report to the war department he was unmarried and on another occasion to put an interrogation point after the printed form "married or single."

Despite doubt, Milliken asserted he made no attempt to conceal from the natives that he had "gone through a sort of ceremony" and that he considered himself married.

"Why then did you not bring your family with you when you returned to the United States?" asked Lieut. J. M. Kimbrough, judge advocate and prosecuting officer. "Did not your wife and boy want to come?"

"Every effort to induce them to come with me failed," he replied. "They did not want to go so far away from home, her mother was so old and feeble she needed her attention, so I left them there."

The captain said he met Regina Bantion, 20 years old, soon after his arrival in the islands in 1895, and that his interest in her began at once.

"Did you go to see her regularly?" he was asked.

"Yes, I went to see her frequently. Her parents were aware of my attentions," was his reply.

"Did you intend to marry her?"



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"Did you go to see her regularly?" he was asked.

"Yes, I went to see her frequently. Her parents were aware of my attentions," was his reply.

"Did you intend to marry her?"

"Yes, I did. I made no secret of that. I tried to get the consent of her parents, but could not because I was not of the same religious faith they were."

**A GOLDFIELD TRAGEDY.**  
L. C. Falkner Kills James Reeves In Self Defense.

Goldfield, Nev., Jan. 9.—L. C. Falkner shot James Reeves in the back of the head today. Reeves died two hours later. Falkner gave himself up. He said: "I shot in self-defense. Reeves had repeatedly threatened my life. He fired several shots at me last night. He threatened to kill me before this morning, and as he passed the office looking for me, I took no more chances."

Reeves was arrested this morning on the charge of disturbing the peace, and was disarmed. But Falkner says he did not know this. Reeves was a miner, formerly of Randsburg, Cal.

**Nan Patterson III.**  
New York, Jan. 9.—Nan Patterson, who is awaiting a second trial on a charge of killing Caesar Young, is ill with tonsillitis in the Tombs prison. Her condition is regarded as serious.

**Fifty Frozen to Death.**  
Berlin, Jan. 8.—More than 50 persons were frozen to death in the provinces of East Prussia, West Prussia and Posen during the recent cold period.

**TEA**  
We are doing our part in raising the grade of tea in this country.

Your pocket returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Tea.

**Men's Overcoats**  
**Men's Suits**  
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The Sale is On Full Blast

ONE PRICE. **J. P. GARDNER** 136-138 MAIN ST.

THE QUALITY STORE

## SOME PANAMA CANAL PROBLEMS

Commission Has Not Reached a  
Conclusion as to What Type of  
Canal Should be Constructed

### MR. CRUMSKY FAVORS LOOKS.

Commission's Data Not Sufficient to  
Determine Definitely Which Kind  
Is Better.

Washington, Jan. 11.—C. E. Crumsky, a member of the Panama canal commission, in a paper read before a meeting of the resident members of the Society of Civil Engineers, told about the conditions at Panama and the work in hand. He said it was hoped that within a few months data would be at hand to enable the commission to reach a conclusion as to the type of canal to be constructed. That the element of risk is not all in favor of the canal which is free from locks, he said, will be realized by every engineer who visits the points of maximum cut, noting the shattered and unstable formation, where landslides, if occurring, might seriously and for long periods of time impede traffic, and where the magnitude and seriousness of such an obstruction, and consequent interruption of traffic should it ever occur, must be assumed to grow with the depth of the cut.

The borings which the commission has made at Gamboa, he said, indicate there will be no difficulty in securing a good foundation for a dam across Chagres river at that point and it is quite probable that the commission will see its way clear to the erection of an earth dam of huge dimensions at this point. Erection of this dam would create above it a lake with a surface extent of 30 square miles, the rise and fall of which would prove a great equalizer of the flow of Chagres river and make the diversion of a portion of this river's flood flow to the Pacific slope feasible.

This, he said, would go far towards reducing the amount of water to be handled in the canal, so that its flow would not seriously impede the passage of vessels in a sea level canal.

During the period of organization and the study of the canal project the commission's work, Mr. Crumsky said, had been mainly at Washington. Its duties in a measure have been subdivided, questions of importance being referred to six standing committees. It is proposed, he said, as far as practicable, to have the commissions follow each other to the isthmus, thereby keeping three members of the commission in close touch with its executive offices in charge of construction, sanitation, and the government of the canal zone.

He said that laborers in large numbers have not been sent to the isthmus because the time for any considerable increase of force has not come.

**CIVIL SERVICE ON ISTHMUS.**  
Washington, Jan. 11.—Civil Service Commissioner Green says the civil service regulations recently adopted for the Isthmian canal employees have been approved by Chief Engineer Wallace: that skilled laborers getting less than \$4 a day in gold, being almost entirely natives, have been exempted from examination by the president's order; that a local examining board has been established at the isthmus, composed of the highest class of the officials, and that a register separate from that kept here will be kept on the isthmus for skilled laborers getting more than \$4.

Under these provisions Chief Engineer Wallace is empowered to select employees at Panama without waiting to secure them from the register kept here.

**Receiver for Kansas City Co.**  
Kansas City, Jan. 10.—A receiver was appointed today for the Mexican Gulf Commercial company, capitalized at \$3,000,000, half paid in, on petition of a bondholder. The action is said to be friendly. The company owns large rubber and coffee plantations in Mexico.

**'Frisco Banks Not Yet Merged.**  
San Francisco, Jan. 10.—The report that the London and San Francisco bank has been sold to the Bank of California was positively denied today by

both institutions. They admitted that negotiations were on foot between the London and San Francisco bank, but no conclusion has been reached, and it is possible that none may be effected.

## Colorado Boundary Lines.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The president today sent to the senate a communication from the secretary of the interior relative to the re-establishment of the boundary lines between Colorado and the territories of New Mexico and Oklahoma. A report is made of the survey, under an act of Congress of July 1, 1902, and legislation is asked to adjust the boundaries in accordance with this survey.

## Arrests for Election Frauds.

Pueblo, Colo., Jan. 10.—On indictments returned by the grand jury, several arrests were made today. Among them were three election judges of one precinct and three policemen, whose duties are in the town of Besenmer, where, it is charged, most of the alleged fraudulent voting was done. All of those arrested, except the policemen, had been previously indicted.

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Write for Beautifully Illustrated Souvenir.



We are showing Misses' Patent Tip, heavy sole, vici and box calf School Shoes in our Big sale at, per pair

**\$1.50**

Children's, 8¢ to 11¢ at ..... **\$1.25**

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**ALL KINDS OF LEATHER GOODS AT MEREDITH'S Trunk Factory.**  
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"I give him his Mellin's Food and he sleeps 'til morning." How many mothers can say this of their babies? If your baby does not sleep well it may be that he is not properly fed. A poorly nourished baby is a poor sleeper. Mellin's Food babies are good sleepers. Our book the "Care & Feeding of Infants," sent free of charge.

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life when endangered by sickness, the medicines used must be pure and reliable. Your duty to yourself and your doctor is to go to the very best drugist you can find, without letting the distance stand in your way. We have every reason to think that it would be well for you to come here with your prescription.

**WILLES-HORNE DRUG CO.**  
Deseret News Building.  
Both Phones, 374.



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Like the one suggested in this picture, will insure you a prosperous and happy new year. Write or call and we will be glad to tell you how it done.

**UTAH COMMERCIAL & SAVING BANK,**  
22-24 East First South St., Salt Lake City.

**QUINA-LAIROCHE**  
(A Wine Cordial)  
The best specific remedy for Malaria and Typhoid, Colds, Influenza, &c.

**Joseph E. Taylor**  
PIONEER UNDERTAKER  
Of Utah. Open day and night. Factory and Warehouses No. 232 E. First South one and one-half blocks east of Theater.

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The Mercantile Agency.  
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Office in Progress Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

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Established 1868. Salt Lake City, Utah. Incorporated 1902.  
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U. S. DEPOSITORY.  
FRANK KNOX, President  
J. A. MURRAY, Vice President  
W. F. ADAMS, Cashier  
CAPITAL PAID IN, \$200,000  
Banking in all its branches transacted. Exchange drawn on the principal cities of Europe.  
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

**WELLS FARGO & CO., BANK**  
Salt Lake City, Utah. (Established 1852)  
The oldest and strongest bank in Utah. Capital, Surplus, and Undivided Profits, \$13,336,112.48  
Transacts a general banking business. Domestic and foreign. Direct connections with banks in all principal cities of the world.  
INTEREST—Deposits, letters of credit, telegraphic transfers on all prominent cities. Deposits received—subject to check.  
H. P. CLARK, Asst. Cashier.

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Established 1873.

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DIRECTORS:  
W. W. Ritter, President; Moses Thatcher, Vice President; Elias A. Smith, Cashier; James Sharp, John R. Barnes, John C. Cutler, David Seiler, A. W. Carlson, Joe Romney, J. R. Whitler, E. R. Eldredge, Reed Smoot, W. F. James.  
Four Per Cent Interest Paid on Savings.

**J. E. COSGRIFF.** E. W. WILSON, President. Cashier.  
OPEN AN ACCOUNT WITH **Commercial National Bank.**  
An Exponent of Conservatism Combined with Enterprise.  
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**WHEN YOU'VE TRIED**  
A friend and found he is all right you generally stick to him, don't you?  
For the same reason "That Good Coal" grows more and more popular with each year.  
**BAMBERGER,**  
161 Meighn St.,  
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## THE STATE BANK OF UTAH.

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Wm. B. Preston, Vice President  
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Surplus ..... \$200,000.00  
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Moses Thatcher, Vice President  
H. S. Young, Cashier  
Edgar S. Mills, Assistant Cashier

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