

CALENDAR,
1877.

MARCH.

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By Telegraph.

AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, 3.—The Executive Mansion is besieged, to-day, by an immense throng. The President gave a cordial reception, and hand-shaking was kept up for a long time. The President expressed to many his delight at the approach of the time when he shall relinquish his public office and its attendant cares. The trains arriving are crowded with travelers, and hotel accommodations are becoming difficult to secure. Flags are flying and decorations line the principal avenues. The capital has already put on its holiday attire.

President Grant, accompanied by Secretaries Fish and Robeson and his secretary, U. S. Grant, Jr., and C. C. Sniffen, went to the Capitol and immediately went to the President's room in the Senate wing. He sent for several Senators and Representatives, with whom he conversed on public matters. He again urged his views in favor of additional legislation to facilitate the resumption of specie payments, and expressed the hope that even in the few hours left of the session something would be offered. To the democrats with whom he conversed the President intimated that it was his wish to banish all feelings of political antagonism or resentment. The warm, personal manner of the President made a profound impression on them.

Representatives Ellis, Gibson, Levy and Buck, after an interview with the President, this morning, sent the following telegram to Governor Nicholls:

Washington, 3.

To George T. Nicholls, New Orleans.

The President says he sent a dispatch to Packard on Thursday, notifying him that the troops would no longer uphold either claimant, and does not believe Packard would attempt any offensive operations. The President sent a dispatch so that he might have time to retire from his pretensions to the post. The President says instructions have been issued which cancel all orders of preservation of status quo, that neither you nor Packard are longer bound to observe it, that he means the people of Louisiana are as free in their affairs from federal interference as the people of Connecticut, and that there will be no disposition to interfere with them any more than with the people of New York. The President concurs with us that you immediately issue a proclamation and urge protection, amnesty and peace. Being asked if a posse executing a process of the Nicholls court would be interfered with by the military, the President replied, No more than in any other State. Being asked if the Nicholls officers should take possession of the offices in the State without mob violence, would there be any military interference, he replied there would be none. That the military would only be used as it has been once in New York to overcome mobs too formidable for the State authorities.

We have submitted the foregoing dispatch of yesterday to the President, who has revised it with his own hand, and authorizes us to state that in its present form it is absolutely correct.

(Signed) E. A. BURKE,
R. L. GIBSON,
E. J. ELLIS.

BOSTON, 3.—Wool has been in good demand and prices have ruled in favor of buyers. Fine wools are

a shade easier. Sales of Ohio and Pennsylvania 92,000 pounds medium and X at 41 @ 43; XX 45 @ 47; XXX and pick lock 48 @ 50; Michigan active, sales of X, comprising 118,000 pounds, at 38 @ 40; New York, Wisconsin, and Michigan medium and choice, 37 @ 40; combing and delaine unchanged; Philadelphia buyers have taken all that is offering at current prices; pulled is in fair demand, sales 232,000 pounds of superfine and X in range of 40 @ 46; some choice California selling as high as 50; California is in fair demand, sales 37,800 pounds; spring 23 @ 26; fall 10 @ 27.

WASHINGTON, 3.—The Louisiana returning board has been discharged from custody.

The friends of Senator Sherman state positively that Sherman has been offered, and will accept the nomination as Secretary of the Treasury.

NEW ORLEANS, 3.

Governor Packard made the following statement to-day—

"I cannot say I anticipated any immediate attack upon the State House, though in the excited condition of the public mind such a thing is possible. I think it more likely that under cover of pretended process of law from the courts not recognized an effort will be made to arrest officers of the government or to serve process on them, and enforce that service by a posse of the Nicholls militia and police. I shall regard such posse as a mob and shall resist it accordingly. The State House is amply provisioned and guarded and cannot be successfully assaulted by any movement short of an armed insurrection against the government which has been legally inaugurated under the State laws. I believe the ultimate recognition of the republican state government is assured. I attach no importance to the reported efforts of Pinchback, West, and others to prevent it. The unloading of these men is in my judgment a positive benefit to the republican party. The people desire a good government. This can best be obtained by dividing the people other than on the color line."

WASHINGTON, 4.

Hon. Abram S. Hewitt resigned his position as chairman of the Democratic National committee, in a letter of considerable length, in which he asserts that the result of the electoral bill has disappointed the hopes of every lover of the country, and that a grievous wrong has been perpetrated of awarding the presidency to a candidate who has no just title to its honors. Hewitt defends his action upon that bill, and regarding his assent of the completion of the count, he says as an honorable man no other course was open to him, but if his honor had permitted otherwise his judgment was that it was the wisest course for the country as well as for the democratic party to proceed in accordance to law to an orderly completion of the count, although they knew that it would result in the installation of Hayes. He concludes as follows: "For myself I feel that I have now completed the duty that was assigned me at St. Louis. The result of the campaign was unquestionably the election of our candidates. That they and the people have been defrauded of their rights is true, but for this result I don't hold myself any more responsible than any other member of Congress upon whom rested the duty of counting and declaring in the votes."

It is confidently stated, late to-night, by gentlemen who hold close political and personal relation with President Hayes, that the cabinet slate will be very certain to contain the names of Evarts, of New York, for Secretary of State, Sherman, of Ohio, for Secretary of the Treasury, Schurz, of Missouri, for the Interior Department, McCreery, of Iowa, for Attorney General, and Key, of Tennessee, for Postmaster General. It is now probable that one of the other places will be given to Indiana. Who will represent New England has not yet been determined.

Concerning an extra session in consequence of the failure of the army appropriation bill, an official in the War Department, likely to be well posted, says that under some section of an old law the War and Navy Departments can be carried on two years without any special appropriation, that is, drafts of the Secretaries of War and Navy will be honored by the Treasury Department. If that be so, then calling an extra session is not altogether a matter of certainty.

DEADWOOD, 4.—Col. A. L. King, of Chicago, and party have returned from a prospecting tour. Considerable excitement is created by their report of new discoveries, which are said to be in a dry river bed, filled with cement and rich quartz. Many leading citizens have taken the matter in hand and will make a thorough test of the ground.

Capt. Vroom, with Companies B and L, Third Cavalry, arrived here this morning from Red Cloud, and will proceed immediately to join Lieut. Cummings and company at Spearfish.

NEW YORK, 5.—The arrests during last week were 1370, deaths 557, births 528, and marriages 122.

The Tribune's Washington special says Hayes has unquestionably decided upon a forward policy for the government of his administration. He regards the plea upon which he was nominated and his letter of acceptance as documents that mean what they say, and he has decided to carry out the principles therein, which were announced in good faith and to the full extent of his ability. He has shown since his arrival here that he has the firmness of purpose from which he cannot be moved to any extent. True reform he will sustain, first in the abstract, and second in execution. In regard to the South he will bury the bloody shirt, provided that section will in good faith attend the funeral, and assist in the interment. The South is to have full opportunity to participate in the Government upon fair and equal terms.

Hayes took the oath of office at half-past seven o'clock last evening in the Red Parlor of the White House. The only persons present were Grant and Fish and Waite, who administered the oath. The ceremony was performed by uplifted hand, no Bible being used.

Our Country Contemporaries.

Provo Enquirer, Feb. 24—

We are sorry to learn that the health of Mrs. Judge Emerson has got worse during the past few days, and that on Monday last her friends were led to believe that her spirit's departure was nigh at hand. Word was sent to the Judge in the court room of her weak condition, and that the physician looked for her early dissolution. Court was adjourned forthwith until Tuesday morning. In the evening she became easier, and rallied a little, to the joy of her friends. She has the fullest sympathy of the citizens.

The court in and for the First Judicial District of the Territory of Utah adjourned yesterday, until the 19th day of March. Take notice and govern yourselves accordingly.

We learn that Captain J. C. Stevenson resigned his position as leader of the Provo brass band, on Monday night last, held by that organization. Mr. Hyam, one of the band, also withdrew. We regret to learn this, as Captain Stevenson has led the band for years, and has displayed energy and perseverance in bringing it up to its present advancement, and he has worked for the enjoyment of the citizens of the place, in keeping the band in good drill, and at the call of the public on all occasions. We suppose that, like all public bands, it has been a greater loss to him and the boys than profit. The public are very unthankful of such pleasurable associations, and while they expect a band to answer the beck and call of officials and others on public and other occasions, they seldom remunerate them for their services. We know not whether this is so with our band or not, but we would much regret its disintegration. The public owes many thanks to Captain Stevenson and his band.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

—John H. Trittle, a youth of Fulton Co., Pa., recently was about to throw a ball, having his right arm drawn back, when it suddenly snapped off midway between the elbow and the shoulder, and dropped at his side. The snapping of the bone was heard for a considerable distance.

—The New York Mail mentions a new kind of marriage announcement, in which only the names of the bride and the clergyman appear, and the comment is made, "As civilization advances, the groom becomes of less and less importance on such occasions."

—At the request of the chaplain of the Massachusetts state prison, a vote was recently taken among the convicts to ascertain whether it was desired that he should visit and talk with them. A large majority of the prisoners voted "No."

—India prints sixty-nine periodicals, daily, weekly and monthly, in the Bengalee and Tamil languages.

The San Francisco Chronicle says, "Land monopoly is one of the great curses of California. We inherited it from the Mexican system, and have with Yankee ingenuity so improved upon it as to make it a serious injury to the State. If our government had paid Mexico a sufficient indemnity to have enabled that nation to settle with its landowners and claimants here, and thrown the whole domain open to public settlement under our pre-emption and homestead laws, it would have been of infinite advantage to California."

Sir Sidney Waterlow, one of the judges at the Philadelphia Exhibition, told the Maidstone paper manufacturers, on his return to England, that 812 paper mills were running 989 machines in the United States, manufacturing 350,000,000 pounds of paper annually. In the United Kingdom 274 mills were running 420 machines, turning out the same quantity as America. The export of paper to the States had almost entirely ceased, the latter being determined to introduce their paper into the British markets, even at unremunerative prices.

—The Norristown Herald has the following—"A Kentucky lady has asked for a divorce on the ground that her husband is not a Christian. If the poor man can't become a Christian except by a separation from his wife let her have a divorce by all means."

—The New York World thinks the idea of federal prosecution of the press is too Frenchy to suit the American people.

—Here is a hint on home manufacture—"Straws manufactured in, and now received from Switzerland, Germany, France, and Italy, are sold in this country at as high a rate as \$10,000 per ton." Who will venture to say, "Not worth a straw" again?

The Brooklyn Argus says, "In Massachusetts when an Adams marries, he marries a Quincy, and when a Quincy marries, he marries an Adams. If the Quincys should ever give out, the question of how to keep up the propagation of the Adamses would be one of those problems with which Providence is alone qualified to grapple."

Rev. Dr. Talmage says, "There are professing Christians in New York who have clerks employed in conducting the merchants of Cincinnati, Chicago, and St. Louis through the debaucheries of the great city in order to secure their custom for the store. There are stores in New York and Brooklyn with drawers in which are kept moneys which the clerks are to go and get, that they may conduct customers through the slums to secure their patronage, and the head men of the firm wink at it, and even demand it. Among all things infernal, I pronounce that the most damnable."

—The philosophy of the present and late hard times is evidently this—after fictitious prosperity comes real depression.

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office at Salt Lake City, March 1, 1877, which, if not called for within one month, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

LADIES LIST.

Appleby M. Gilman J. Mott M.
Austin S. Grundland J. Morgan M.
Bartholman S. Gensen M. Mann N.
Buckley B. Glenn M. Mealon M.
Blomquist Mrs. Greener M. Millett R.
Brown T. H. Gregory S. Miller S.
Burd M. Harvey A. Morris M.
Barnes E. G. Harrington N. Nelson F. L.
Bates N. M. Haggren S. Neils M. B. 2
Broughton J. H. Haggren S. Newton M.
Barney E. H. Haggren S. Olsen E.
Child L. H. Haggren S. Oshlund J.
Campbell D. Hyde K. Perry A. E.
Christopher H. Hughes M. C. Pierson M.
Hollander M. Parker O.

son Mrs. Holman M. L. Pedersen R.
Colton C. Howell R.
Conroy C. Hall M. Ransom C.
Cook E. Hall S. Robinson L.
Conde E. Hendersen M. Reed L.
Carlson J. A. Reamer J.
Coombs E. 2. Houglund N. M. Rogers J.
Case E. Hovey M. L. Rockwood M. A.
Child E. Hollingworth R. M.
Cottrell I. M. Rnsorson M.
Clayton L. Harris M. J. Roff M.
Christensen L. J. Read P.
Clifford K. Jones S. Smith A. A.
Coyle J. M. C. Spiers B.
Conway M. P. Jenkins M. K. Sherwood Mrs.
Clawson H. Jerney J. A. Starley A.
Crouch M. James H. A. Schwartz A. T.
Crown M. B. Jones E. Shorten E. 2.
Caboon M. C. Jacobsen A. Sharkey E.
Clayfield R. K. Sims E.
Chase R. L. Kreamer Mrs. Shurtiff E.
Chosen W. Key A. Spilors H.
Donelson Mrs. B. J. Symons J.
Denton E. Katz M. Sheriff J.
Davis E. T. Kindal M. P. A. Shafer M. T.
" J. 2. Kramer S. Stevens M.
Downard M. E. Kimball S. Slade J.
Decker L. Lewis A. T. Taylor E.
Dillard M. A. Langton E. Thomas H.
Disher M. Larson A. Tuckfield J. W.
Deakin M. Lewis Mrs. Thomas J.
Decker R. Lowe J. Taylor G.
Elmer E. 2. Lyon C. Trumbo M. M.
Evans C. Law E. Thompson R.
Eldredge R. Lunberg J. M. Wayman C.
Eagrt S. Lee J. 2. Whitaker Mrs.
Fisher A. Lundberg L. 2. Worthen A.
Fenton A. Lewis M. Williams C. 2.
Fletcher E. B. Lindrot M. Wadstrom E.
Firman D. R. Lion M. A. Wilson E.
Freeman E. Lambert M. A. Willis J.
France J. Marbenrok B. Winder J.
Ferguson J. E. Williams V.
Fraudsen M. Madison G. Yarsley A.
Garvey M. Morris G. Yarsen H.
Gill E. 2. Miller J. J. Young L. A.
Garrett E. A. Morris L. Young L.
Gunn H. Moon M.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Appleby & Carleton Oberyonber
Adams R. Godfrey & Owens J.
Ashton F. Rodgers Oldenberg J.
Ablon J. Gibbs F. Openshaw J.
Allen J. Grinkemyer H. G.
Alfred R. W. Garrison J. C. Oackey W.
Aveson R. Gillers J. Pratt A.
Ahlstrand T. Gilson S. Pring C.
Bullock A. 7. Galegher W. Player C. W.
Bess A. Huskins A. Phillips R.
Bainforth C. Hornshaw T. Perry G. H.
Burgess C. Hackett R. Pope J. 2.
Barber F. Hobson A. U. Peterson K.
Baker E. Hauck & Co. Papworth R.
Bennett G. Halander F. J. Phillips T. 2.
Banks C. H. Hutchinson E. Phippin J.
Brunston H. Hall H. L. Ryan F. 2.
Bannard H. C. Harman H. C. Ransfield H.
Bud G. Hithings J. Reese Q. G.
Burt H. Heath H. Reed I. A.
Bridge J. Hart J. W. Reddin J.
Bywater J. Heath J. 2. Roberts O.
Brown E. Hibbert J. Roberts T.
Benedict J. B. Hoyer J. Riser O.
Barr J. W. 2. Herridge J. Raddon T.
Bennett J. A. Harvey J. H. Raddon S.
Beall J. P. Hadley L. G. Russell S. C.
Beatie J. Hawke N. 4. Richards T.
Barton J. S. Hammer M. Riamer T.
Barnard L. J. Harkins S. S. Roberts T.
Burk N. Hillam R.
Burley Mr. Hodge W. Samson Bros.
Burrows W. Hooper W. J. Shuller Mr.
Ball W. Hurt W. Salsberry A.
Connell M. Jones J. T. Schoppy Mr.
Cole A. W. Jacobson A. Sadeborg A. P.
Chimes A. Jackson L. H. Shiner C.
Oambers A. Jurgensen M. Schiamm C.
Cameron A. H. Jackson S. Stringer D.
Carrs C. Jackson S. R. Sills E.
Caulam Jr. J. Johnson S. Scorse E. S.
Care E. Jackson T. E. 2. Schornfeld E. 2.
Clegg H. Jenney T. A. Snelgrove E. 2.
Clark H. F. Jackson T. Shorb E. H.
Coulam F. K. Sterling E.
Cunningham Kennard L. H. Squires F. D.
G. Kempand J. L. Sorenson F.
Clark J. A. 2. Kingdon J. 2. Snyder Geo.
Coun J. A. 2. King J. Snyder H. M. 2.
Chapman J. Kelly G. Stewart H.
Cunningham Kenzer G. M. Smith P. N.
J. A. 2. Keaton S. W. " A. W.
Camp J. Lewis R. " H. C.
Cooper J. Lewis L. " P. H.
Coombs J. Lamb & J. D. " S. 2.
Colbert J. T. Lamb J. " O.
Camp M. Lench J. " H. J.
Clays W. S. Larson J. Sorenson J.
Clark W. L. Leddmire J. Spears J.
Caulton W. Larson J. Saylor J.
Coombs W. Larson J. Sibley G. F.
Dickson M. Lavington W. Shafer J. O.
Devries A. D. Lawrence G. Spencer L. S.
Dudler A. Lusk H. Sullivan M.
Day A. Lintenson D. Schimms O.
Dutton C. E. Longston C. Semson R.
Dund D. Libbey A. Stephenson S.
Draut C. W. Miller E. Smitlen T.
Davis F. A. Meginity G. 2. Sudberg S. J.
Davis G. Marwick H. Therriott M.
Davis G. Masters J. 3. Taell Z.
Doney J. Mook J. A. Thurkel Mr.
Davis J. A. Mitchell J. G. Taylor H. C.
Dyer J. Mason R. Tremayne H.
Dyer J. R. Miller Mr. Thomas J. J.
Davis L. D. Mawson R. Timson G.
Diggs S. G. Murphey J. H. Taylor E.
Dodge T. Mesley J. E. Thompson J.
Davis W. C. Martin T. Talbert P.
Dickinson W. Monahan M. Tult S.
Davis H. Martin T. L. Trimmer W.
Engleman H. McMasters Mr. Thomas J. J.
Eike E. J. McMurray EP. " V.
Engleman H. McNally D. Y. Van Dam H.
Elliot G. W. McLearney J. W. " W.
Ebel G. McBal C. Williams A. M.
Engstrom J. P. McDonald D. Williamsam F.
J. 2. McCutchen J. " O. 2.
J. 2. H. Waring Geo.
Last J. McQueen A. Wooton J.
F. 2. McDonald Mr. Watson J. W.
F. 2. Thos. McGill A. Wright J.
Frame A. McBaile D. Wright R.
Fitzgerald A. J. Messerger W. Widerson R.
Fronquist C. Millard W. Williams S.
Fransen C. Morris W. Wallace S.
Fitzgerald H. Mallin S. Watson T.
Fisher J. McKendricks Wheeler T. W.
Forsgren J. E. Dr. Woolsey W. W.
Fry J. B. N. Williams R.
Fagan J. W. Nowlin B. W. Wilson R.
Fredrickson T. Needham J. " Y.
Fuller W. Norris F. Young E. T.
Glen A. Nelson R. Young P.

Persons inquiring for the above letters are requested to state when advertised.

J. M. JOORE, Postmaster.