## DESERET EVENING NEWS: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1903.



### (From the Congressional Record.)

Mr. Tellez-Well, the criticism. The criticism of the senator from Wisconsin is not, then, that they keep up the spanish tongue, but that they do not | base your objections on something be sides the lack of population, when the territory has enough to have at least one vote in the house of representa-tives, and that is all it will be entitled

n curs. r. Spooner-Yes: that is in part **12**. r. Teller-Let me explain. Here was r. Teller-Let monopole entirely of Spanpulation composed entirely of Spanish-speaking people. I will venture to any that when we took New Mexico there were not 10 Americans in all New Mexico. When I went to Colorado there ion of 25,000 Mexicans, was a population of 25,000 Mexicans, and I do not think there were 10 Amer-lean-speaking people in that com-munity. They were poor people. They were on the very inside of the contin-ent. They were agriculturists. They ent. They were any considerable were not miners to any considerable They were cattle growers, sheep growers, and agriculturists in the ordinary sense of the term. They had not the means either of securing teachers in their midst or of sending their children away where they could be educated. The whole community

spoke the language. It is a written language. It is an old It is a written tanguage. It is a beautiful language. anguage, It is a beautiful language. well con express every sentiment and every thought of which he is capable as beautifully as in any other known language. It is copious; it is soft; and whether it be the forcible declarations their statesmen or the sweet tones the lover, it is equal to any other language in the world. And why should they abandon it :

Mr. Spooner-Nobody has asked them abandon it Teller-No: but the senator

they must learn the Eng-tongue. They are doing now. They have been doing it ever since we gave them an oppor-tunity, by changing our laws concerning the school lands, by which they might get some benefit from the school lands and get public schools. They are doing it as well as anybody can do But now they are to be made to

Mr. President, these people are fit for itizenship and are citizens. They are fit for self-government, if any people anywhere are fit for it, and if it is blican doctrine-1 do not speak of it in a political sense, but in the broad sense that we are a republic-if it is republican doctrine that the people are o govern themselves, then these people re entitled by their numbers and by ability and by every test that has ever been applied heretofore to govern

There are senators sitting upon this foor from communities with less popu-lation than these territories have, with less territory, and with no greater claim than these people can make; and yet you deprive these people of the right to vote, the right to become citizens of a state, and you hold out to them nokind of promise that at any time will they ever be anything more than deendents under a territorial organiza-

Mr. President, I lived fifteen years in a territory. I know some of the disad-vantages of territorial life. I know the debasing influences on a man living where he does not govern himself. If you want to make citizens and men of these people you should give them their rghts. Men who govern themselves grow in manhood and all the essentials and virtues of manhood, and

o under the law Mr. President, I,did not mean to say word about this matter. I have said all I have said perhaps in a very crude way, but whatever the senator may say for himself-and I am not going to im-pugn his motives nor his object-I can only say I, here, trying to do my duty as an American citizen, feel under an obligation, a moral obligation, to give this people the right of statehood and full American citizenship, for I know what it will do for a struggling community in the west. I know that when Colorado became a state, with a population not as large as that of New Mexico, every man in the state stood higher in his own estimation, and what was more important or equally important, higher in the es

timation of the rest of the country than he did under territorial existence He had become a full-fledger American He could participate in every act per-taining to the general government as well as any citizen or any other sec tion of the country, a privilege which has been denied to him and which you are denying now to a population equal! entitled to it, equally capable of dis charging the duties of citizenship with anybody in Wisconsin or New York o Massachusetts, or anywhere else. Mr. Spooner-Mr. President, I do not wish to prolong the discussion. I came

accidentally into the debate this after The senator from Colorado (Mr. Teller) has spoken with a great deal of feeling and undoubtedly with absolute

sincerity. I congratulate the country on his speech, not so much for what he has said, but for the fact that he has spoken. This bill has been pending here a long time, and I believe ator is the first of the solid phalanx which has been behind it, as is asserted, on the other side of the chamber, to break silence, and to advocate the pass-

age of this bill. Mr. Teller-May I ask the senator in he thinks the advocates of st. cahood are afraid to debate this question? Mr. Spooner-Oh. Mr. President, I do not say they are afriad to debate it. but I say they have not debated They have sat here for weeks in si

Mr. Teller-I will ask the indulgence that I gave the senator to let me say word in his speech. Mr. Spooner-Certainly.

Mr. Teller-We have not debated this subject because we wanted to get a President. Spooner-Yes I understand.

Mr. Teller-Because we believe we know enough about it, and we believe that nothing we could say would change the minority of this chamber, as I be-lieve it is, and induce it to give us a

I have on my table at home the resoof convention after envention, natinal Democratic and Republican. ave the speeches of senators in this body who are going to vote in the neg-ative here, advcating the admission of these very territries into the Union as states, and if I should come here and read them and take two hours. it would not, in my judgment, make any differ-ence in the vote, and I do not propose to be drawn into assisting in the delay

Mr.



dency to distressing, disfiguring hu-Germany thirty days from date, Germours of the skin, scalp and blood, becomes an object of the most tender somany today requested Mr. Bowen to give a draft for the amount, payable licitude, not only because of its sufferin Caracas on the latter day. ing, but because of the dreadful fear This latter request was made on be that the disfiguration is to be lifelong half of the German embassy by Herr and mar its future happiness and pros-Baltazzi, formerly charge d'affaires at perity. Hence it becomes the duty of Caracas, but who has since come to mothers of such afflicted children to ac-Washington and has been assisting the quaint themselves with the best, the embassy in the pending negotiations. purest and most effective treatment Mr. Bowen was again forced to deavailable, viz., The Cuticura Treatment. cline this request, which he did politely. Warm baths with Cuticura Soap to at the same time reminding Herr Balcleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and tazzi that he was bound by the terms of scales, gentle applications of Cutleura the protocol, which provided that the £5,500 should be paid at Caracas on the 15th day of March to the diplomatic representative of Germany. Ointment, to allay itching, irritation and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and mild doses of Cuticura Resolvent Pills, to cool the blood in the severer cases, are all that can be desired for the

alleviation of the suffering of skin tortured infants and children, and the comfort of worn-out parents. Millions of women use Cuticura Soap,

assisted by Cuticura Oistment, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings and chatings in the form of washes for annoying irritations and inflammations, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves.

The President pro tempore-The sentor from Massachusetis Mr. McComas-I have not yielded the

toor. I will yield for a question. Mr. Lodge-No; I wish to make a motion to ge into executive session. Mr. McComas-Only a moment Mr.

Then I understand the senator thinks it is unnecessary to put in even the mild provision already upon the bill. Mr. Teller-There need not be any mistake about that; I do.

Mr. McComas-And it seems to be of little weight that, having lived for more than a half century under our insti-tutions, nearly all the population hav-ing been born under the American flag, fect that none of the Venezuelan ves-sels captured by the blockading field had been returned as yet, and that there was considerable confusion in they have not learned our language in addition to their own language, which the public mind as to the reading the protocols on this point. In the abthe senator assures me is so facile and crourceful in talking serious matters Fresident Castro does not know whethe and love also. I have no doubt that is true. I never tried Spanish. where the ships are being held, or The "Mormon" creed was established by those who speak English. The popula-return to Venezuelan waters. those who speak English. The population of Arizona in a half century, born and raised under this English-speaking have not learned the government. language of that government. It is un-necessary to defend or to exclaim the endency of all men to love the mother a breach of trust. The allies' sentatives, however, take the position that the ships will be returned as soon tongue, because that is innate; it can not be helped. But the enterprise of citizenship has made the mass of those the have come to us from other fatherlands learn our tongue that they may know our institutions and laws. These people, who are nearly all speaking Spanish, may not be able to compete with the propaganda of bigamy and polygamy of those "Mormons" in Mexico, who are so steadily increasing and are not so small a proportion of the population as the senator now thinks. A larger and relatively becom-ing larger and larger portion of that population are the "Mormons" of Arizona. ington government, Mr. Bowen an-It does seem to me that if the mass of those people have not framed an Italian and British ambassadors English law to restrict that which un der the name of religion is a crime and a sin against public morals, we are short of our duty, we are recreant to our trust, when we take a territory of the United States and fashion it into statehood, if we fail to engraft upon the organic act that which in plain English prevents these people from being everrun on the north with the Utah settlement of "Mormonism," with than they have in the past lew weeks. Regarding the request of Germany that Venezuela pay to her the £5,500 before March 15, which was the limit of time agreed upon, it was said that the questions were taken up in the friendlinest spirit with Minister Bowen by the German minister here and that additions in Idaho and Wyoming, and even in Colorado, and on the south the increasing settlements of "Mormons" in Mexico, and, between the two, Arlby the German minister here, and that it was not made in the nature of a de-I say, Mr. President, in this matter we can not spend time better, if we are to make states out of such terrimand. Mr. Bowen informed the German minister when the request was conveyed to him that, having signed the peace protocol, he was no longer concerned with the matter, and that if tories now, first of all to do that which in Spanish they can not enact, but which in English it is our duty to make plain in the organic act when it is passed.



#### High Death Rate From Grip.

Just what reason was given by the Jerman representative for making the New York, Feb. 24.-Despite the fact that the dry, cold weather following close on the heels of the last snowuest is not known. Such a draft, wever, it is presumed would be negostorm, was expected to keep grip cases lable and the result would be that the 4 rmans could immediately obtain the lown to the normal level of this time of the year, the compilation of the death records for last week shows an money it called for. The whole matter is presumed to hinge on the question of the return of the ships, national and increase in the number of fatal cases of grip. On the whole, however, there were rivate, which were taken by the Ger-0 less deaths than in the previous nan warships during the blockade and regarding which there appears to be a The physicians who compile statistics and give their advice at the health de-

and give their advice at the health de-partment are pondering over the grip situation as thus revealed. That the entire death rate for the week should be less was unexpected. What was ex-pected, however, was a falling off in the death list of grip sufferers. The death rate increased one-half. It is concoded that the dry strong The Italian ambassador made a call on Mr. Bowen today and explained that he had been informed by his govern-ment that orders had been issued by the admiralty of Feb. 14, giving direc-tions for the surrender of the ships taken by the Italian vessels.

Mr. Bowen to day prepared and hand-ed to the diplomatic representatives of the blockading powers the drafts of the It is conceded that the dry atmos-phere gave every opportunity of not only checking the grip, but thwarting its progress. The fact remains, howprotocols for the submission of the question of the determination of prefver, that the germs have lived through rential treatment to The Hague tribthe dry spell. unal. The unallied powers will be in-vited to join in this issue after the pro-

#### Eva Lorillard Kip Dead.

New York, Feb. 24 .-- Mrs. Eva Lorilard Kip is dead at her apartments in this city. She was the daughter of the late Peter Lorillard, and the sister of Washington, Feb. 23.—Advices were received at the state department to-day from Mr. Russell, the United states charge at Caracas, to the efthe late Pierre Lorillard. Her hus-band, Col. Lorillard Kip, died some time ago. After the death of her husband and her son Lorillard Kip, Jr., she sold er residence at Fifth avenue and Fortieth street. For three years Mrs. Kip had been in broken health. Her daughter, Mrs. Richard McCreery, who ives at Pau, came to this city in the of the texts of the agreements. autumn in order to be near her mother. Mr. McCreery arrived last Friday on the Cedric. Mrs. Henry Barber and he should send his crews to Trinidad, the Cedric. Mrs. Henry Barber and Mrs. James P. Kernochan are sisters

conquered.



New Orleans, Feb. 23 .- With thousands of visitors here from every section of the country and with every arriving train swelling the congestion of strangers on the streets, the New Orleans carnival is now in full swing. The five trunk lines for the past week have been pushed to the limit of their

its capacity and hundreds of boarding nouses are full to overflowing. weather today was perfect and The The weather today was perfect and the routes of the parades presented a mass of color. Canal and the inter-secting streets held great multitudes of people when Rex, the king of the carnival, made his entry into the city. arnival, made his entry into the city. thousands on the river front practe the royal flotilla. The merry monarch was escorted through the street by peers of his realm and a numero military and naval contingent. Miss Alice Roosevelt, Admiral Schley, Gen. Joe Wheeler, and other distin-guished guests viewed the parade from the balconies of the Canal street clubs

#### Benefit for Clara Morris.

pants being visiting Daughters of the American Revolution, who listened at-tentively to the reading by Mr. Du-New York, Feb. 23 .- Plans for the enefit of Miss Clara Morris, the acols (Ida.) of Washington's farewell ress, to be given shortly, have taken lefinite shape. The performance will be Mr. Tillman, who had been standing in the aisle endeavoring to get recog-nition to speak regarding the Indianogiven under the auspices of the theatrical profession. Rev. A. F. Underhill, ia, Miss., postoffice case, inquired what was up if the postoffice appropriation pastor of St. John's Episcopal church in dil, went over. Injecting some humor in Yonkers, of which Miss Morris is a nember, will act as treasurer of the to the proceedings, the president pro tem replied that he "understood the sena-tor from South Carolina was coming fund. Amelia Bingham has agreed to manage the benefit, but the exact date has not yet been fixed. Among the pa-trans, many of whom have contributed up on his feet," at which the senate was convulsed. Mr. Tillman then said he proposed to

noney, are Bishop Potter, W. C. Whit-ley, J. P. Morgan, George J. Gould surprise his friends and astonish his snemies, if he had any, by being very H. O. Havemeyer, John D. Crimmins and John G. Carilsle. mild and temperate in what he would say. "If we had known at the begin-

ning of the civil war," said he, "what we know now, there would have been Imparial Hair Regenerator s everywhere recognized as the He inquired why the large majority Standard Hair Coloring of law-abiding people of Indianola should be punished because there was for Gray or Bleached Hair. Its ap-plication is not affected by baths; permits carling; is absolutely harmless and invaluable for beard and mustache. OAE APPLICA-TION LASTS MONTHS, Sample of your hair colored free. Imparial Chem Mis Co. a small lawless and brutal element. It was contrary, he said, "to the fundamental principles of Anglo-Saxon jurisprudence." Replying to some re-marks made by Mr. Spooner in his speech, Mr. Tillman safd: Imperial Chem, Mfg. Co. 135 W. 23d St., N.Y.

de, Diamond Dyes make to look like Direction book and 45 dyed samples DIAMOND DYES, Burlington, Vt.

# OSTEOPATHY.

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Paine's Celery Compond As Their Rescuer From Disease And Death. Millions on this North American con-tinent know that Paine's Celery Com-" people well." Compound is today Paine's Cele

he popular medicine in the wealthy and humbler homes of our vast coun-The press has given this wonderorking preacription more note, promence, and praise than has ever iven to any other remedy, and physilans of all schools prescribe Paine's Celery Compound has become opular and trusted because its results ceed its promises. It is victorious er sickness and disease. It offers he and cheer to those pronounced inurable by physicians; it saves such rom the grave. It is the one medicine unfailing and all-powerful that prompt. ly brings true joy and gladness to hopeess victims and their anxious relatives

MILLIONS.

tion, nervouaness, and sleeplessness, which, if allowed to run unchecked, ve rise to serious ailments and disises. If you are run down,overworked ve defective digestions and poor ciration, you will obtain blessed re-lts from this grand system-building adjoine. Each dose carries new life all the weak and torpid organs of the body.

DIAMOND DYES

COLOR ANYTHING ANY COLOR Dresses, cloaks, suits, ribbons, coats,

eathers, stockings-everything wears





men whom you deprive of those rights those high qualities. Does anybody doubt that they will aintain a good government in New Mexico? Does anybody doubt that they vill maintain peace and order? Does anybody doubt for a moment that there will not be as much observance of law there as there is in Wisconsin or Coloor anywhere else?

Mr. President, let us be fair. These people belong to a section of the coun-try of which it is complained that it is likely to dominate and control. I am not speaking of the "Mormons." We are fold that the west is getting to have too much influence and to be too dominating, and that you can not admit a state like New Mexico, with 200,000 peo ple, with representation equal to that of New York. I will venture to say that a fair census would make it three hundred and fifty or four hundred thou-

I do not believe they have had a census which covers half the population. Take my own state, and I will venture to say that a correct census will put a hundred thousand more people on the list than we were credited with. But we are told that the 200,000 people in New Mexico are to offset in representa-tion the state of New York. There are six New England states with less popu-lation than the states of New York or sylvania, and they have 12 representatives on this floor.

Are you now, after a hundred years of America's existence, to apply to the people in the west rules that you did because in the west rules that you did not apply in the east? Because a man as gone west of the Mississippi river has he lost any of his American rights? Is he not just as much an American as if he were in New England? The state which I in part represent is filled with men from New Fordered and New with men from New England and New York, and they feel as I feel that we have hald down none of the rights, nor escaped any obligation, that you have, and that we are entitled to all of the

consideration that you are. After this long period of territorial existence, when the population has reached a point which has justified you in taking n taking in other states, you can not tatisfy the American people by saying that you keep these territories out betion. You are keeping them cut beton. You are keeping them out be-cause you are afraid of their influence. Ehall it be maintained that New York is estitled to representation on this foor in proportion to its population? That is not the theory of this govern-ment, and it is not the theory upon which it was established, and if it had been applied when the government was organized, the union of this government would never have existed. ild never have existed.

You were compelled to give to Dela-are, Rhode Island, Vermont, and New flampshire the same representation in his chamber that you gave to New York and Pennsylvania, and unless you are prepared to abandon the theory of quality of the states, which has made this country great, and the preserva-then of which is essential to its greatnear and its future glory, you must

# THISTLES AND DANDRUFF.

An Interesting Parallel and a Valuable Deduction Therefrom,

Cutting down thistles no more releves the land of thistles than does accuring the scalp cure dandruff. In such tase permanent relief can only time from eradicating permanentity the ause. A gorn that plows up the scalp in sarehing for the hair root where it is the sarehing for the hair root where it is the same in the same state of the scale is the same state of the scale is the base of the same state of the scale is the same state state of the same state of the same state state of the same state of the same state state of the same state of the same state state of the same state of the same state state of the same state of the same state state of the same state of the same state state of the same state of the same state state of the same state of the same state state of the same state of the state state of the same state of the same state of the state at Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. case permanent relief can only

that seems to me has been preconcerted and prearranged and studiously followed ever since I have been here for a week past.

Mr. McComas-Before asking a ques-tion of the senator from Colorado I wish to make a statement. I do not impute to the senator from Colorado any part in this debate except the good of the country and to express his sense of duty in respect to the position before the senate. I assume the same motive applies to every senator who discusses this proposition

The senator from Wisconsin was very much impressed that the senator from Colorado had spoken. Why was he silent as to the absence in the bill for Arizona and New Mexico, and especially as to Arizona, of any restrictions upon bigamy or polygamy? The sen-ator, I know, desires to guard against such crimes. The senator I know,

does not justify the violation of morals and the peace in the name even of religion; and while he well appreciates the sturdy qualities of "Mormons" as citizens, I know he wants to take no risk in that matter. I should like now to ask the senator whether he does not think that in re-spectof New Mexico and Arizona, or at least of Arizona, the time would be well spent in amending the bull by putting in a very strong provision on that subject, or is the senator satisfied

with the single empty line that now is found in the bill. Mr. Teller rose

Mr. McComas-I yield to the senator. Mr. Teller-I will answer the sena-or. If these people whom we propose tor. to admit into the Union are capaque o self-government, that is a question which they are capable of disposing of for themselves. You admit that there are in Arizona at least four men who dissent from the doctrine of polygamy to one who does not, if you insist that every "Mormon" is in favor of it, and that you will not pretend.

Now, I am one of those who believe that the states have something to do with maintaining government, and I that these people should come into the Union just as Wyoming came in. The senator from Wyoming (Mr. Warren) will bear me out in the state-ment that they did not have any such provision in the Wyoming constitution. You did not exact anything of that kind from us when we came into the Union. You did not exact it of the various other states that have come into the Union. And now you propose to apply it to these territories, and you can only excuse yourself upon the theory that when these states shall

be admitted the people are incapable of handling that question. I will trust the people of New Mexico, where there are not, in my judg-ment, "Mormons" enough to make any possible difference in the election one way or the other; and if they were all polygamists, they could make no considerable impression on that popula-tion. There are there a class of people who have observed the marriage relation with its purity and in its best sense, who have not yet got into the wild way of free and easy divorces, and

who believe that the marriage relation once established shall be maintainedone wife and only one wife. I will venture to say that if there is

any attempt to establish polygamy in New Mexico, the New Mexican people will handle it. You do not need to put any bonds on them. The people of Arizona will handle it. You need not put any bonds on them. The people of Arizona are largely American. There is a population there that is more American in proportion than in New Mexico, and they are as capable and as able to take care of themselves as as able to take care of themselves as any other population on the American continent. I do not think there is any necessity of putting any provision against polygamy in these constitu-tions or any constitutions. Mr. Lodge-Mr. President-

Mr. Teller-Why can they not enact it in Spanish?

Mr. McComas-Does not the senator think that the organic law of a state in the American Union will sound better in the tongue of our statutes?

Mr, Teller-Yes; and they will make their statutes in English, too. their statutes in Financial Mr. Lodge rose, Mr. McComas-I yield to the senator Mr. McComas-I yield to the senator

(Continued Tomorrow.) THE POSTMASTER

# Shook Off Coffee and Got Well,

It's so easy to shake off coffee and It's so easy to shake off coffee and coffee-diseases when well made Postum Cereal Food Coffee is served in its place that it doesn't take long to tell the tale. The Postmaster of a flourishing town in Dinwiddle County, Va., writes, "Up to a short time ago coffee had me a great sufferer from constipation, nerv-ousness and indigestion. About the wriddle of last third contected by of this port. ousness and indigestion. About the middle of last July I quit coffee and be-

gan using Postum and ever since I have been improving. My troubles have now

quite disappeared. "I attribute my recovery to Postum and have induced several of my friends to try it. You are at liberty to use this." Name given by Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

There is a reason. Coffee is a definite poison to many persons and disease sets in if the use of even one cup a day s continued.

When the poison is withdrawn and a pure food beverage like Postum Food Coffee used the return to health is nat-ural and prompt if the disease is not too advanced, and many, very many old chronic diseases disappear when the coffee is abandoned and Postum used in its stead. Many of these old diseases are hidden nervous disorders, that is cof-fee keeps the nerves poisoned and that condition creates and holds disease in some organ of the bodg. Take away the cause and give a true natural nerve rebuilder like Postum and the change is often miraculous. ure food beverage like Postum Food is often miraculous.

Minister Bowen has received several Coal Famine in Santa Fe.

ocols with the allies are siged.

the German minister arrives there.

fully of It.

VESSELS NOT RETURNED.

cablegrams from President Castro regarding the action of the allies in re Denver, Colo., Feb. 24 .- A special to taining the ships, and is evidently growing restive at what he considers the Republican from Santa Fe. N. M. repre-The coal famine is growing in this

city. The penitentlary has been out of coal for six weeks, and a special meeting of the city council has been as the "necessary formalities" have been enacted. The British ambassador has assured Secy. Hay that the Lon-don government was doing everything called to protest against the action of the coal companies, which have coal mines only 25 miles from Santa Fe. possible to expedite the return of the

Liveryman Kills a Carpenter.

Dispatches from Trinidad and Cara-Springer, N. M., Feb. 24 .- News has scas fail to note any steps toward this end on the part of the alled fleets, and reached here from Cimarron, 22 miles west of here, that E. Y. Shook, a carit is feared that possibly some misun-derstanding of the provisions of the penter, was shot and killed by B. S. Payne, a liveryman, as the result of a quarrel between the children of the two protocol may exist in the minds of the fleet commanders and that is causing men. The fathers took up the quarrel with fatal results. Both men had large the delay. After a long conference to-day with high officials of the Washfamilies and were highly respected.

#### Overland Trip to Nome.

and the German minister tomorrow and in-form them he was ready to proceed Seattle, Wash., Feb. 24 .- The first ersons to leave this or any other with the drafting of the protocols pro-viding for the procedure to be followed port for an overland trip to Nome for the winter of 1902-3 started yesterday. in referring the preferential questions to The Hague. They are Frank A. Shaw and Edwin Englestadt. From Seattle to Skagway If the creditor nations wish to ar-range for the settlement of their claims they proceed by steamer, thence by train to Whitehorse, down the Yukon they will have to show more anxiety than they have in the past few weeks. to Nulato, across the Portage to Norton bay and around the shore of the sea to No

Shaw is manager of the Wildgoose Mining company's Golovin bay properties.

BEEF TRUST FIRMS. Have Completed Plans for Merger Of Their Interest.

Chicago, Feb. 23 .- The Post today

Plans practically are complete for the merging of the interests of the firms that comprise the beef trust. Un-Germany wished the money the appeal must be made through her representaless something unforeseen arises, April 1 will see the official announcement of ves at Caracas. This will be done when the incorporation of a securities hold-ing company which eventually may THE RESTAURADOR RESTORED. Puerto Cabello, Feb. 23 .- The Vene-

control the meat trade of the world. Unlike the popular idea of the pack-ers' merger, however, for the time be-ing it is not to embrace everything in sight, nor is it to be capitalized zuelan gunboat Restaurador, which was captured by the Germans, was handed over by them to the Venezuelan authorities here today. At 11 o'clock this morning Commander Chalbund of at \$500,000,009, as announced. Further the plans contemplate no friction with the federal courts because of the rethis port, accompanied by an interand the German commodore, cent decision by Judge Grosscu against the packing house combina Scheder, went on board the Restaurador, which is now lying in this harbor, in order to effect the delivery of the ship to Venezuela. At 11:30 o'clock the German flag was lowered, the Gertion. The nucleus of the great com-bination of world-wide interest is the merging of the smaller independent plants bought last year by the big man cruiser Vineta, firing a salute as the colors were brought down. At 2 o'clock this afternoon the Restaurador packers preparatory to the general merger planned at that time.

The securities to be held by the new corporation are those of the G. H. Hammond Packing company, the Oma-ha Packing company, the Anglo-American-Fowler companies, the St. Louis Beef company and the United hoisted the Venezuelan flag and was then handed over to Commander Chal-bund by Commodore Scheder. The Vineta immediately afterward steamed out Louis Beef company and the United States Dressed Beef company, and pos-sibly several of the outside stockyards now controlled by Chlcago interests. Chicago will be the headquarters of the combination, but as far as the public is concerned there will be no immediate change in the operation of the Individual plants under the new IRISH LANDLORD CONFERENCE Earl of Dunraven Speaks Very Hope-

London, Feb. 24 .- The Earl of Dunraven in an interview regarding the re-port of the Irish landlord and tenant conference in Dublin of which he was the individual plants under the new regime. It is planned to lead the new the nev Securities company with present of ficials of the individual companies, inchairman, spoke hopefully regarding the prospects of legislation which he stead of the big packers themselves, or those immediately associated with them in the "big six" companies. The slate of officials for the securithought would end the difficulties in Ireland. Lord Dunraven said:

lieland. Lord Dunraven said: "The utterances of King Edward and of British public men, the temper of Ireland, the reception of the confer-ences report by the public and the ac-tion of the government since the publi-cation of the report are all favorable inducting pointing to the success of The state of omclais for the securi-ties company has been prepared and is said to contain the names of J. C. Melvin and J. P. Lyman, of the Ham-mond Packing company: Frederick Cowan of the Anglo-American, and E. F. Robbins of the Omaha Packing com-neur. Beckeling the last named will indications pointing to the successs of the government's Irish land bill, which, if it contains a just and generous of-fer, will make good the first impres-sion, on which all depends. The bill, if drawn on the lines of the terms of the remost will insure a final sattle. the report, will make good the first impres-sion, on which all depends. The bill, if drawn on the lines of the terms of the report, will ibsure a final settle-ment and remove the cause of frie-tion in Ireland which is reacting fav-orably not only in Great Britain but

"We are perpetually reminded," he said, accenting his words, "that we are in the Union, but not of it—except

"It is not in the dream of the wildest

ass that roams over the southern states with a wax skin on him that

but he said there were some cognate

propositions which have been ignored. He said that in the south the people

the federal government is not suprer

Spooner.

greatness which have been wrought in-

to our national character. The galler-

es were crowded, many of the occu

addri

o war.

pay taxes." The poison in the race condition in south, he declared, lay in the poitical system which had been adopted. The balance of power, he said, in national Republican conventions was held by the machine of the south and that machine was composed of negroes. When the people of the south, said he lose patience and do "cruel, bitter, fear-ful, fiendish and savage things, there is a howl from men who know nothing and who have never been south of th Potomac, but who have theorized.' Continuing, and addressing the Repubican side, he said that if this policy of negro equality is carried out and if some of them could be given places in the cabinet he would vote for them "I will vote to confirm Booker Washington as secretary of anything. Let us have a negro, a genuine negro, not a mulatto or hybrid. Then let us make them officers of the army and navy. Let us give them a pro rata share of all



Discussed at Length by the Canadian Cabinet.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 23.-The Alaska boundary commission was discussed at meeting of the cabinet today. In an interview with a representative of the



paints, etc. PENNSYLVANIA SALT M'FG. CO.