

Monday, September 29, 1879.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

**The Woman Suffrage Association** intends to strike another blow for freedom and equal rights at the next session of Congress. We don't believe they will get anything from Congress this time, but there's nothing like trying. Justice will come at last.

**The Fair** to be held in this city during Conference will contain many novelties and uncommon features of interest. It will no doubt be visited by many thousands of people and will be productive of a vast amount of good to the Territory.

It is supposed by people outside this Territory that the "Mormons" are greatly excited over Ex-Parte's circular, the expected doings of the next grand jury and other matters that set the world agog. Not so. The "Mormons" are pursuing the even tenor of their way, serving the Lord, building up Zion, and sinning their own business. All is peace, and nobody is fretting that we know of.

**The Princeton Review** for September contains two excellent articles well worthy of thoughtful reading. One is on Religion and Morality, by Dr. Henry N. Day, of New Haven University; the other on the Problem of the Human Will, by Professor Henry Calderwood, of the University of Edinburgh. They are each written in a reverent spirit and discuss the important subjects connected with these matters in a highly intellectual and logical manner. The Princeton Review also has articles on the Progress of Christianity in the United States; The Philosophic Movement in Italy; Painting in Historic Relations; The Laws of War and their Bearing on Peace; Secularized Education; Virgil as a Preceptor of Christianity, etc. All well worthy of perusal. Published at 37 Park Row, New York.

**The Land of Shimehah** is the title of a poem by Bishop O. F. Whitney, which he has been induced to publish for circulation among his friends. The subject is the contrast between Kirtland, the city of the Saints, named Shimehah in the early revelations of the Church, as it appears to-day or rather as the writer viewed it in 1877, and as it stood forty years ago when the Prophet of God and the Temple of God stood in the midst as the signs of a restored gospel and priesthood and a reopened communication between God and man. The poem exhibits a refined taste with a poetic talent of no common order. The theme is very suggestive, and the author has grasped it with a strong and skillful hand. The lines flow in smooth and pleasant measure, and poetry and prophecy combine to incite interest and attract attention. We congratulate the author on his success in versification; we hope he will continue to cultivate the muse; and we believe that with practice and experience he will develop into a bard who will achieve distinction and make a name in Israel.

**The Audiphone** is an instrument by which deaf people are made to hear. Those whose ears are defective are by its means enabled to hear by their teeth. It is simply a sheet of vulcanized rubber, about 1-32 of an inch in thickness, set firmly in a handle of the same material. In the upper rim of this sheet are pierced some holes through which pass a silk cord. This goes down on the inner side of the sheet, to the handle, through a slot in which it passes. By pulling this cord the sheet is bent over at any angle the user may desire. Each person has to ascertain for himself what kind of a curve of the rubber sheet will enable him to hear best. Generally it is very slight—only about 10 or 12 degrees—though apparently it is the defer the person the greater the curve must be. When used, the person holding it simply touches the upper edge of the fan or audiphone against his teeth and the upper jaw. The voice of the speaker strikes upon this tense sheet of rubber, and communicates to its vibrations, which in turn are imparted to the teeth, and then pass to the auditory nerve. The inventor is a Yankee, and of course, and is himself deaf. The idea of the Audiphone was suggested by his hearing the ticking of a watch which he held for a few moments between his teeth.

## MERCHANT AND MANUFACTURER.

We publish in this issue a letter from a correspondent on the subject of co-operation. He holds up as an example to similar institutions the course of the co-operative store at Ephraim, San Pete County. We would like to see it followed by all the mercantile firms in Utah. If the store will patronize home manufactures, those industries will succeed; if not they will at best exist in but a struggling condition. For the distributor does come in between the producer and the consumer, and no matter what theories may be advanced about "middlemen" and "speculators," the business of distributing the products of the soil and the workshop is an established and legitimate branch of human labor, and will always exist, exercising much power on the producer and the consumer, between whom it stands, and from both of which it derives its sustenance and enrichment. It will be found in experience that the encouragement of home industry by the merchant will prove as profitable to the latter as to the former. The employment of home labor, by retaining within our own borders much capital which would otherwise leak out,

makes business brisk, and thus benefits the merchant as much as any member of the community. Of course the storekeeper cannot be expected to purchase that which either in kind or quality, he cannot sell. We only refer to such articles of such a quality as will supply the public demand. And in regard to these, sound business principles will suggest the patronage by our merchants of the home-produced in preference to the imported.

And this brings us to a point which we ask all our merchants to look at and consider seriously. When a home manufacturer supplies an article of merchandise which the customer will purchase, why should he not be paid by the storekeeper in the same way that the eastern or western jobber is paid? Why not pay for his goods in cash? Why insist upon putting him all the time at a disadvantage over the eastern dealer or manufacturer? What merchant ever thinks of asking a New York or Chicago drummer to take the amount of his bill in "store pay"? Whoever thinks of buying goods from a foreign market on "trade"? Yet if a home-worker or firm offers home-made goods to the merchant, is he not frequently, not to say generally, required to take his pay in something else besides cash? It will be found that the home manufacturer is compelled to pay out cash for many things used in his business, and his employees want a little money as well as other workmen.

The whole principle is cumbersome, antiquated and a relic of the rough and rude times of early settlement. The barter system is out of date. There should be enough cash in the Territory to abolish it altogether. It may seem advantageous to some traders to compel a certain amount of patronage. But it is unworthy of an advanced community and does not secure as much benefit as it appears to do. For the purchaser desires freedom to buy what and where his inclination or good sense may prompt, and he rebels against this covert attempt to force him in a given direction.

There may be reasons why the store order system cannot be entirely set aside at present, but we see no reason for its application to the manufacturer of goods which, if purchased from an outside market, must be paid for in cash. There should be no discrimination against the home producer, but if any difference is made it should be in his favor, that his industry, struggling to compete with capital and older establishments, may receive encouragement and be helped on to permanence and success.

**"TOO VIOLENT."**  
Ex-Parte's circular continues to receive unfavorable comment from various sources. Here is a paragraph from the Butte Miner of Sept. 23d:

"Even the steepest passengers among the Mormon immigrants point out the law in Ex-Parte's letter, in which he states that the right of asylum will be refused Mormons reaching U. S. ports. The assumption that a man, as yet innocent, will sometime in the future become a criminal is a little too violent to obtain recognition of the law."

## BY TELEGRAPH.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

## EASTERN.

**The Great Man Grant.**  
New York, 23.—The Herald says, editorially, that it is reported at the republican headquarters in this city, that if Grant shall visit New York before the next State election takes place, it is the intention of the sagacious gentlemen who are pushing Cornell's campaign, to organize a monster meeting in honor of the ex-president. The intention is also to show that he will be asked to lend his assistance to a republican cause, and any such idea is entertained by politicians around the republican committee room, it is to be hoped the gentlemen who are responsible for the management of Cornell's campaign will promptly suppress it. No greater indignity could be put upon the illustrious traveler than to lead him about in the political circus for the benefit of a lot of office seekers. If Gen. Grant comes here as we will be received, we have no doubt, in a manner worthy of a metropolis, but politicians who are endeavoring to climb into power on his shoulders will be invited to take back seats in whatever demonstration may be made. Grant is not the property of any political party. He is simply a citizen who is dear to the majority of his countrymen, because of his services in the war of the rebellion. While he was President, the republican party had, of course, political claims upon him, but in leaving the presidential chair, he took the precaution to dissolve the partnership. In California Grant has been received as a citizen of the republic, and men of all parties have united in doing him honor.

## Tramp Earnings.

The total receipts at Gilmore's Garden during the walk was \$80,000.

Bowell still persists that he was poisoned.

## General News.

**DOVER, N. H., 23.**—A fire broke out in the rear of the Lar Block this morning, and spread to several large wooden buildings in the vicinity, which were nearly all destroyed. Belknap Church was slightly damaged. Total loss \$23,000; insurance \$23,000.

**ELITE, Pa., 23.**—James Matthews, a brakeman on the P. and E. Railroad, fell from the rear of a train being made up this afternoon, and was run over by ten cars and terribly mangled.

## Yellow Fever.

MEMPHIS, 23.—Thirteen new cases reported to the board of health to-day. Six interments were reported by the undertakers.

## WESTERN.

## Memory Going Milder.

**SAN FRANCISCO, 23.**—Those who visited the sand lake to-day, in the peatation of hearing Kearney pronounce a diatribe against Grant, were disappointed. In the course of his customary speech, the agitator referred to his unsuccessful attempt to obtain an interview with the General, stating that his intention was to lay down his arms and let him. He proposed to make no comments on Grant's refusal to see him, leaving intelligent workmen to form their own conclusions.

## FOREIGN.

## GREAT BRITAIN.

## The Afghan War.

**LONDON, 23.**—The following, from the Viceroy of India, dated Simla, was received here to-day: "General Baker received a letter from the Afghan commander-in-chief, yesterday, at Kushi, asking whether he would receive him and his army, and if so, in what manner. The General replied in the affirmative. An hour later, a message came from the Amir, Yakob-Khan himself, asking General Baker to receive him. The General responded, saying, that he would meet the Amir one mile from the camp. The Amir, his son, and father-in-law, and General Damud Shah, (who was reported killed during the Kabul outbreak), with a suite of 45 persons, and an escort of 200 men, arrived at Kushi the same day. Kabul is in a state of anarchy. The gates of the city are closed. A number of Ghilzais are in the Amir's suite. General Baker reached Kushi to-day. There is a very general distrust of the conduct of the Amir during the Kabul outbreak, but as he has now come to our camp, he has given a material guarantee for his future good behavior. The Times points to the fact that Damud Shah being alive and at the British camp, confirms the suspicions of the Amir's duplicity. An All Khyi correspondent reports that General Baker has been recognized as far as Zangar Valley. The whole of his forces will shortly be concentrated in Logar Valley for a rapid advance on Kabul. The gates of Kabul are closed, apparently with a vague idea that the British are close at hand. A dispatch from Simla announces that the British forces under General Hughes have arrived at Shaki-i-Safi, half way to Kheh-i-Ghizai. The governor of the latter place has written, expressing his joy at the approach of the British, but it is reported that he is stirring up the tribes to go to Kabul and join in the war. It is reported from Herat that there has been a fight at Macassar, between the Amir's troops at Kabul, and the Herat regiments. The former were beaten.

## European Notes.

**Joan Bibesco**, brother of the ex-hopeard, George Bibesco, of Wallachia, died last week in Switzerland.

**Gambetta**, in conversation with Spanish ex-Minister Canavall, said he would not undertake the direction of affairs except in circumstances of which there was no prospect.

A committee of the Rouen cotton factory owners, in a letter to the president of the tariff committee, state that not one-quarter of their productions find the market, and their stock is increasing alarmingly. Prices are so low that wages have fallen 25 per cent. Unless there is some change soon the industry will come to a complete standstill.

**Liberté** denies that Prince Jerome Napoleon's visit to King Humbert has any political significance.

The mass meeting summoned for Saturday, in Hyde Park, to denounce the incapacity of government and demand an appeal to country proved a failure. The attendance meagre and no prominent leaders were present.

A Constantinople correspondent telegraphs: It is thought an understanding between Greece and Turkey is impossible. Warlike preparations are progressing on both sides. It is the opinion here that Austria is obstructing the efforts for an understanding, and that in the event of hostilities she would immediately occupy Macedonia.

**Prince Lobkowitz**, the hearer of a project for an alliance between Russia and Turkey. It is rumored that Russia is willing to renounce \$500,000 francs of the war indemnity and to give back some of the former provinces of Turkey in Asia.

The British ship *Langdale*, which sailed from San Francisco June 14th, has been wrecked near Carbone Point, Wexford. The captain, his wife, three children and four of the crew were drowned. The Liverpool *Post* says: In consequence of the prevalence of the foot and mouth disease among 1,300 head of sheep which had recently arrived from the Frivy Council is about to issue an order placing American sheep in the same category with cattle.

## PANGLOSS STAKE CONFERENCE.

Our Quarterly Conference was held at the 20th place, on the 21st inst. The President of the Stake and Counselors, with the Bishops and Counselors of the different wards were present. Also quite a number of visiting brethren and sisters. Had a good time, and all felt like they would be glad when conference came again. Addressed by Wm. H. Kingston, 20th and 21st of December.

The health of the people is generally good. Some few cases of diphtheria yet in this place.

Your brother,  
M. M. STEARNS, Stake Clerk.

## Home-Made Soap.

We were shown three specimens of soap this morning from the Utah Soap Factory, 19th Ward. One was the English Family variety, and the other the Pale Savon and a nicely perfumed toilet soap. These samples are great improvements on any others we have seen from this establishment. The truth is they now have an experienced and skillful soap maker, and are turning out a really excellent article.

**Not the Place.**—Mr. S. J. Lynn, of the Sierra Nevada lumber yard, requests us to correct the impression that the obscene cartoon, spoken of in another place, was found on that company's premises. We cheerfully accede to the request, as we have no desire that the blame should rest only where it belongs. We might here state what firm was meant in our article of Saturday, but as we do not wish to give the matter any further publicity, and a retraction authorized by the offender, published elsewhere explains matters to the exclusion of all but himself, we do not now deem it necessary.

**The Fine Arts.**—This morning we visited the studio of Miss C. A. Rutherford, on Main Street, just over Young & Mark's store. The lady has recently come from her home in San Francisco, to spend a few months in our city, and expects to return next Christmas. She is an adept at coloring photographs, retouching them with India ink, black crayon or colored, and is also very tasty and skillful with the brush and water colors. A visit to her studio well repays the expenditure of time to a lover of the beautiful and artistic. Samples of her work will be on exhibition at the work-Territorial Fair.

## HOTEL ARRIVALS.

## VALLEY HOUSE.

September 23d.  
R. E. Bolton, W. and J. V. R. G. Cole, S. A. Smith, C. A. H. Leaborn, N. Y. W. W. W. and W. S. Wheeler and wife, L. W. Smith and wife, Ogden; Andrew Hook, Alta; F. G. Harmon, Ft. Collins; J. K. Johnson, A. Sheppard, Ky. station; S. Sorenson; D. E. Smith, Mrs. A. Bywater, Silver Reef; A. Matthews, City.

## MARRIED.

On Saturday, the 27th of September, by the Reverend G. M. Pierce, Mr. Henry H. Myers, of Baltimore, to Miss Martha Sarah Rice, of the Ninth Ward of this city.

## DIED.

In this city, September 27th, 1879, of cholera infantum, after an illness of two weeks and one day, HARRIET T. NUTTALL, infant daughter of T. John and Sophia T. Nuttall, born April 12th, 1870. Mill Star, please copy.

In this city, Sept. 29th, 1879, of diphtheria, ALEXANDER A., son of John and Elizabeth Bain; aged 10 years.

At Juab, Utah, Sept. 28th, 1879, of membranous croup, FREDERICK W., son of Fred. G. and Lydia J. Willis, aged two and a half year.

California papers please copy.

## SALT LAKE THEATRE.

Announcement Extraordinary!

CONFERENCE WEEK—FOUR NIGHTS ONLY, Commencing on

Saturday Eve., Oct. 4, 1879

The Distinguished American Artists, MR. JAMES A. HERNE

—AND— Miss Katherine Corcoran,

In their great Creations in a repertoire of legitimate plays, written by Herne and Corcoran, including their last and Greatest success, entitled

CHUMS! CHUMS!

As this Engagement is for Four Nights Only, Mr. Herne and Miss Corcoran will appear in an entire change of programme each evening.

SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 4, Will be presented, Mr. Herne's great impersonation of

RIP VAN WINKLE.

MONDAY EVENING, OCT. 6, 1879, Herne and Miss Corcoran's great play

CHUMS! CHUMS!!

Box Office for the sale of Reserved Seats, open on Saturday next, October 4.

## FOUND.

LADY'S SHAWL, which the owner can have by calling and identifying the same.

## NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Deseret Tanning and Manufacturing Association will please call on the undersigned, at his office in Z. M. I. shoe factory, surrender their Stock Certificates, or receipts, and receive payment for the same.

D. M. McALLISTER, Secretary.

## N. BOUKOFSKY.

29 and 31 First South Street.

The attention of Families is called to N. BOUKOFSKY'S

FINE OLD KENTUCKY BOURBON WHISKY at \$2.50 a gallon, 35c. a pint.

Pure California Port and Sherry at same price. It is the FINEST KENTUCKY WHISKY and CALIFORNIA WINE sold at the price in Utah. We advise you to call and

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

N. BOUKOFSKY, 29 and 31 First South Street.

## ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession the following described animal:

One sorrel HORSE, 8 or 9 years old, branded O on left thigh, w. a. for mark in left ear.

One spotted 6-year-old COW, brand resembling a wreath on left hip, has a calf, not claimed within 10 days will be sold to the highest responsible bidder at 10 o'clock a. m. at the estray pound.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, p. m., October 3d, 1879.

W. NELSON, District Poundkeeper.

Trout, Sept. 27, 1879.

## ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession:

One red yearling HEIFER, branded O with bar through centre on left shoulder.

One sorrel, half faced HORSE, branded 2 on left thigh.

One gray MARE, 11 years old, S R combined on right thigh.

One bay MARE and colt, branded JHH combined on left side of neck.

Not claimed within 10 days will be sold to the highest responsible bidder at 10 o'clock a. m. at the estray pound.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, p. m., October 3d, 1879.

AMMON HAPPELEY, District Poundkeeper.

Kanosh, Millard Co., Utah, Sept. 28th, 1879.

## DON'T WASTE MONEY

In purchasing Cheap and Worthless Instruments, while you can obtain the BEST and most RELIABLE

PIANOS & ORGANS

At such extremely low figures at

Careless Popular Music Store, 2nd door east of Dinwoody's Furniture House.

## BEWARE OF CHOLERA!

Also Colics, Spasms, Gramps, and like disorders, at this season of the year.

## Dr. E. L. PLANT,

No. 7 Market Row,

Has a sovereign remedy that has been in use for 40 years. Price 50 cents and \$1 per bottle, according to size. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

## NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the estate of Thos. Goveyor, deceased.

Pursuant to an order of said Court in said matter, notice is hereby given that Tuesday, the 30th day of September, A. D. 1879, at 10 a. m. of said day, at the County Court House, in Salt Lake City, has been appointed by said Court the time and place for the hearing of a petition filed in said Court by Cornelius Green and George B. Halsey, praying that a certain decree, to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued to him, at which time and place all persons interested may appear and contest the probate of said will.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 19, 1879.

D. BOCKHEIM, Clerk of the Probate Court, Salt Lake County, U. T.

CONFERENCE visitors can find a Full Stock of

Fine Liquors, Cigars, Wines, Etc., Etc., at

WALKER BROS. & CO., Opposite Post Office.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

For sale at Bottom Figures. Call and See Them.

THE Largest and Best Stock of Whiskies ever held in Utah is there

## Z. C. M. I.

## CHILDREN'S SUITS! CHILDREN'S SUITS!

An IMMENSE VARIETY now in Stock for the Fall and Winter Trade.

30 THIRTY 30

DIFFERENT STYLES, FROM 3.50 UPWARDS.

We Have also a Perfect Line of

GENTS' CLOTHING & FURNISHING GOODS

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT

In Receiving Daily Shipments of

NEW and SPLENDID GOODS for the Coming SEASON

Everybody will find it to their Advantage to Examine our Stock which is without doubt the

LARGEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WEST.

H. S. ELDREDGE, Supt.

WATER! WATER!

Now is the time to get wells cleaned out or have them dug deeper. JOHN H. FREEMAN, of the TERRITORY, will do the work with promptness and dispatch.

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS